THIRTY-FIRST
Republican National Convention
KANSAS CITY
1976

OFFICIAL REPORT OF THE

PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

Thirty-First Republican National Convention

held in

KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

August 16, 17, 18, 19, 1976

RESULTING IN THE NOMINATION OF

GERALD R. FORD, of Michigan, for President

AND THE NOMINATION OF

ROBERT DOLE, of Kansas, for Vice President

REPORTED BY RALEIGH E. MILTON, OFFICIAL REPORTER

Published by the Republican National Committee

PRINTED IN U.S.A. BY

DULANY-VERNAY, INC.

ILLUSTRATIONS

GERALD R. FORD
BOB DOLE

PAGE

BAKER, HOWARD H., JR. 82
CARRIER, ESTELLE STACY 8
CARTER, ROBERT S. 26
CRAMER, WILLIAM C. 102
CRISP, MARY 252
FISH, ODY J. 57
RHODES, JOHN J. 273
SMITH, MARY LOUISE 71

THE HONORABLE GERALD R. FORD of Michigan
Nominee for President of the United States

Officers of the Convention

CHAIRMAN OF THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE

MARY LOUISE SMITH

OF IOWA

SECRETARY OF THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE

ESTELLE STACY CARRIER

OF WYOMING

VICE CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE ON ARRANGEMENTS AND CONVENTION MANAGER

ODY J. FISH

OF WISCONSIN

TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN OF THE CONVENTION

ROBERT DOLE

OF KANSAS

PERMANENT CHAIRMAN OF THE CONVENTION

JOHN J. RHODES

OF ARIZONA

SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION

MARY CRISP

OF ARIZONA

CHIEF SERGEANT AT ARMS

JACK RANSON

OF KANSAS

PARLIAMENTARIAN

H. ALLEN SMITH

OF CALIFORNIA

THE HONORABLE ROBERT DOLE of Kansas
Nominee for Vice President of the United States
Temporary Chairman of the Convention

PROCEEDINGS

of the

Republican National Convention

held at

KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

August 16, 17, 18, 19, 1976

FIRST SESSION

KEMPER ARENA
KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

MONDAY, AUGUST 16, 1976

The Delegates, Alternates and guests were entertained prior to the start of the session by The Bicentennial Convention Orchestra directed by Manny Harmon. Lee Bowman served as Master of Ceremonies.

CALL TO ORDER

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE (The Honorable Mary Louise Smith of Iowa). — I now declare the thirty-first Republican National Convention in order on this sixteenth day of August in the Bicentennial Year of 1976, the hour of 10:30 o'clock a.m., Central Daylight Time, having arrived.

PRESENTATION OF THE COLORS

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Please stand. Will the Delegates please stand while the colors are presented by the Air Force Junior ROTC Squadron, of Ruskin High School, of Kansas City, Missouri.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — That great professional golfer, Tom Watson, was slated to lead us in the Pledge of Allegiance this morning, but uncooperative weather changed his schedule in a golf tournament and made his appearance impossible.

We have in his place, one of our outstanding young pages, Richard Horton from Atlanta, Georgia, a student of Mercer University.

(Richard Horton led the Delegates, Alternates and guests in the Pledge of Allegiance to the flag.)

THE NATIONAL ANTHEM

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — The Honorable John Ashcroft of Jefferson City, Missouri, candidate for State Attorney General, will now sing the National Anthem. Mr. Ashcroft.

(The National Anthem was sung by Mr. Ashcroft.)

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Will you please remain standing while the invocation is offered by the Right Reverend Arthur A. Vogel of the Episcopal Diocese of West Missouri.

INVOCATION

BY

THE RIGHT REVEREND ARTHUR A. VOGEL

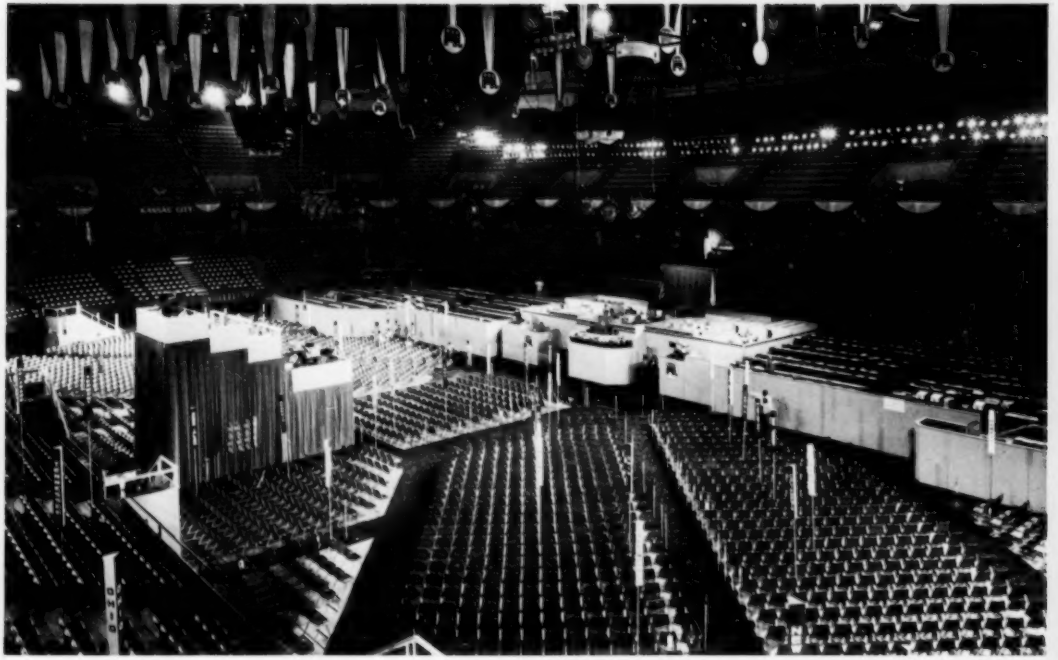
Let us pray.

O Heavenly Father, as we stand together at the opening of this convention, help us by Your spirit to know that we stand in Your presence.

As You are light, help us in Your light to know the needs of Your children. Help us recognize the need for justice, love, mercy, food, peace and hope in the world. And help us be Your agents for supplying those needs in the face of injustice, hate, revenge, starvation, war and despair in the world.

We pray especially for those seeking high office in our land and for those presently occupying such office. Help them realize in Your presence that such office is for service, not glory; for service in Your name to Your people, service to others in Your faith and fear.

We beseech You to guide the Delegates in this convention and the choices they must make, that those choices will not be made for pride of party but for the good of all Your people. Help us see in Your light that politics can stand the light of Your presence and that in Your light the call to political service is a noble calling, a calling of honor, honor given to You, the source of all power and wisdom.



SITE OF THE 1976 REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION
Kansas City, Missouri

Finally, we pray for Your blessing upon this land and upon all its people. Take us for Your own, keeping us from selfish presumption and hypocrisy when we call upon You. Use us for Your purpose and keep us from ever trying to use You for ours. Amen.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Thank you very much.

The words of the song of Johnny Cash, "The Ragged Old Flag," reflect the deep emotion we feel for this nation of ours. Several Members of Congress who heard Congressman Robin L. Beard read this on Flag Day before the United States House of Representatives urged this inspiring recitation be a part of the opening ceremonies of our Bicentennial Convention.

Ladies and gentlemen, the Honorable Robin L. Beard, Member of Congress from the Sixth District of Tennessee.

Congressman Beard.

READING OF "THE RAGGED OLD FLAG" BY THE HONORABLE ROBIN L. BEARD, MEMBER OF CONGRESS, 6TH DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE.

Thank you. I feel we owe a great debt to Johnny Cash for his talent in expressing the symbolism of our flag so beautifully. "The Ragged Old Flag" holds a great deal of meaning for me and I hope it will set the tone not only for this convention, but also for the spirit of our national elections in November.

RAGGED OLD FLAG

(By Johnny Cash)

I walked through a county courthouse square
On a park bench an old man was sitting there
I said, "Your old courthouse is kinda run down."
He said, "Naw, it'll do for our little town."
I said, "Your old flag pole is leaned a little bit,
And that's a ragged old flag you got hanging on it."
He said, "Have a seat." And I sat down.
"Is this the first time you've been to our little town?"
I said, "I think it is." He said, "I don't like to brag,
But we're kind of proud of that ragged old flag.
You see, we got a little hole in that flag there
When Washington took it across the Delaware
And it got powder burned the night Francis Scott Key
Sat up watching it, writing 'Say can you see'
It got a bad rip in New Orleans
With Packingham and Jackson pulling at it's seams
And it almost fell at the Alamo,
Beside the Texas flag, but, she waved on though
She got cut with a sword at Chancellorsville

And she got cut again at Shiloh Hill
There was Robert E. Lee, Beauregard and Bragg
The South wind blew hard on that Ragged Old Flag
On Flanders Field in World War One
She got a big hole from a Bertha gun
She turned blood red in World War Two,
She hung limp and low by the time it was through
She was in Korea and Vietnam
She went where she was sent by her Uncle Sam
She waved from our ships upon the briny foam
And now they've about quit waving her back here at home
In her own good land she's been abused
She's been burned, dishonored, denied, refused
And now the government for which she stands
Is scandalized throughout the land
And she's getting threadbare and she's wearing thin
But she's in good shape for the shape she's in
Cause she's been through the fire before
And I believe she can take a whole lot more
So we raise her up every morning
Bring her down slow every night
We don't let her touch the ground
And we fold her up right.
On second thought . . . I do like to brag,
Cause I'm mighty proud of that Ragged Old Flag."

INTRODUCTION OF R. CROSBY KEMPER, JR.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — If I may have your attention, please. It is indeed fitting to introduce a member of the distinguished family whose name this arena bears. The Kemper family helped make this meeting hall possible, and it is dedicated to the memory of R. Crosby Kemper, Sr., the father of the man I now present to you, a distinguished citizen of Kansas City and Missouri, a native son, a concerned community leader, a loyal and dedicated Republican, R. Crosby Kemper, Jr.

MR. KEMPER. — Madam Chairman, Delegates to this quadrennial convention, special guests and friends: We in Kansas City are extremely pleased to have you here in our city with the Republican Convention convened in the Crosby Kemper Memorial Arena.

This arena was built as a celebration of agriculture, to be the new home of the American Royal Livestock and Horse Show, the world's largest horse and stock show. You know, you are in the heartland of America. Kansas City is one of the two most important centers in the world today. Jetta in Arabia is the other.

The world's industry goes on black gold of the OPEC countries. And the world's belly goes on the grain gold sent from Kansas City. On this grain and the

ever-increasing productivity of the great people who grow it rests the future of our country.

Productivity is a great word. The Republican Party is the party that encourages production. It still believes that initiative and creativity are necessary to this country.

Ladies and gentlemen, I wish you a most successful convention, and I earnestly hope that here in Kansas City our Republican Party will unite and pull together in our efforts as we leave this convention. In spite of our diversity, we have a great common bond.

I am deeply honored to present today a gavel of Missouri walnut made from 200 year old walnut trees to Mrs. Mary Louise Smith on behalf of the Republican Host Committee. Mary Louise, who is Chairman of the Republican National Committee, is the first woman to ever convene a national convention.

Mary Louise, use this with your extraordinary judgment and capability.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Thank you very much.

Again I want to say thank you, Crosby, for this presentation. I will treasure this gavel, and I will use it wisely.

INTRODUCTION OF THE HONORABLE CHARLES B. WHEELER, JR., M.D., J.D., MAYOR OF KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Kansas City was selected as the site of the 1976 Republican National Convention almost a year ago. In a year's time, the Mayor and I have become old friends. Producing the convention is an aging process all its own.

The Mayor of this city is not of our party, but we have high regard for him and a great admiration for his leadership of this city. He has honored his commitments. He has helped us with every problem that has arisen. I am pleased that the Honorable Charles B. Wheeler, Jr., Mayor of Kansas City, is here to welcome us now. Mayor Wheeler.

ADDRESS OF WELCOME TO KANSAS CITY BY THE HONORABLE CHARLES B. WHEELER, JR., MAYOR

MAYOR WHEELER. — Welcome to Kansas City. On behalf of her citizens, I welcome the 1976 Republican National Convention to Kansas City, Missouri. We are honored that you have chosen our city.

Two years ago it was my privilege as Mayor to welcome the Democratic Party's mid-term convention. I find it a reassuring sign of the wisdom of

American political leadership that both parties can agree that Kansas City is a great place to hold a convention.

This convention is an important event for Kansas City. It is an affirmation of our renaissance, of our maturing role as a great American city, and most of all an affirmation of our future.

People should be thanked for this convention. Far too often accolades are withheld until attention is shifted from the present to the future.

The first people to be thanked are you, the Delegates. Standing as I am, therefore, before both the Missouri and the Kansas Delegations, I ask them to stand now and join me in raising a cheer for their fellow Delegates.

Thank you.

Missouri and Kansas join me as Mayor of this city in welcoming this convention. While we are thanking people, it would be rude of me to forget the efforts of several special individuals.

As a Democratic Mayor, I have been able to unbiasedly observe the totally professional efforts of Mary Louise Smith, Ody Fish, and Bob Knowles. Again, please join me in thanking them now as this great convention begins.

The opportunity to host this convention has been a challenging one. The success that is evident today was possible only with committed bipartisan support.

Two years ago many Republicans came forward to make the Democrats and the press welcome and comfortable. This year my fellow-Democrats have done the same for you. Twenty-four hundred volunteers of both parties are the backbone of this convention. Nothing could be more illustrative of our friendliness and our commitment to your needs.

We Mayors are a competitive group about the honor of hosting national conventions. For example, I respect Abe Beame's recent efforts but would like to point out that our aisles here in Kemper Arena are at least six inches wider than those in the Madison Square Garden. I take pride in that.

I would take even greater pride in this convention if Kansas City could recoup its financial commitment of $500,000 taken out of our treasury to support this convention. For this reason, I would like to point out that each of you have the opportunity to take home a piece of this 900 pound block of walnut you see on my right. It shall be cut into fitting mementos right after the convention ends, unless the force of the gavel striking it does the job for us.

One closing thought now. Enjoy our city. We are a city of spirit, both inside and outside this convention hall. We have boulevards to rival Paris, fountains which rival Rome's, and an exciting urban atmosphere. This is a great American city.

Between your deliberative sessions, meet and talk to our people. You will find them warm and friendly. Enjoy your convention, and come back again in 1980. Thank you very much.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Thank you, Mayor Wheeler.

Traditionally we recognize the Governor of the host State to welcome our convention. We have convened in Kansas City, Missouri, and Governor Kit Bond of Missouri will be here tonight to give us our official welcome for that State.

But just across the river from where we are meeting today lies the great State of Kansas whose people have also extended to us a very warm and friendly welcome.

The Governor of Kansas is a Republican who entered public life 20 years ago as a councilman in Prairie Village, Kansas. He served for 10 years in the Kansas State Senate before being elected Governor in 1974. He is widely respected throughout Kansas for his contributions to public education, his dedication to fiscal integrity, and his continuing efforts to improve the quality of State government.

It is a source of personal pride that I was able to participate in Governor Bennett's campaign in 1974, which returned a Republican to the Kansas Statehouse. With great pride I present to you Governor Robert F. Bennett of the great State of Kansas.

ADDRESS OF WELCOME ON BEHALF OF THE STATE OF KANSAS
THE HONORABLE ROBERT F. BENNETT
GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF KANSAS

GOVERNOR BENNETT. — Madam Chairperson and members of the 1976 Republican National Convention: It is my pleasant task here this morning to join with my colleague, Governor Bond, in welcoming you to this bi-state, bicentennial location for the thirty-first National Convention of our party.

Situated as we are near the confluence of the Kansas and Missouri Rivers, with a part of this site located in each State for which these rivers were named, and with Delegates assigned temporary residence in each of these jurisdictions, Kansas has been pleased to join with its sister State, Missouri, in assisting in the hosting of this convention, and in providing for your care and keeping during your visit to Middle America.

We acknowledge the limitations which confront us as to accommodations and facilities, but we can assure you that what we lack in lavish luxury we make up in midwestern hospitality.

Mid-America U.S.A. is known for many things but none more important than the friendliness of its people who historically have conquered more than a century of challenges with a philosophy of rugged individualism which holds to the thought that you should support yourself and help your neighbor and that government should not impede your capability of achieving either goal.

The sovereign State of Kansas is particularly proud to be a part of the work of this Republican Assembly because Kansas claims the distinction of being the brightest Republican star in the diadem of our union. Its governor and lieutenant governor are Republican; its two United States Senators are Republican; four of its five members of Congress are Republican; and both houses of its State Legislature are Republican. No other State can make that statement, though, hopefully, more can and will in the future. Our State adheres to the Republican banner, not because we are wealthy, for few Kansans would fall in this category; not because we are aligned with big business, for the backbone of our economy is agriculture and the family farm; and not because we are controlled in thought, because our most precious commodity is our individual restraint of conscience.

Kansas is Republican because its people firmly believe in the basic principle of our party, which is that the government which governs least governs best and the government which acknowledges, protects and preserves the individual's rights to rise to a maximum level of achievement is infinitely preferable to the government which attempts to mandate that level of achievement without individual effort and on some occasions even without individual desire.

The Republican Party, though far from perfect in the implementation of these goals, comes infinitely closer to their realization than its counterpart, thus attracting the support of Kansas citizens who seek a partisan vehicle with which to achieve the goals which they know by history and by tradition work and must survive.

Though our interests may be diverse and our candidate preferences divided, our zeal for victory must not be a zealous, suicidal commitment for a personality, but rather a patriot's philosophical commitment to a party which has moved and will move towards the goals to which we can all aspire.

Division in our choices, but unity in our decision must be the battle cry of this convention for the future of a great nation and the people who make it so lies hanging in the balance. This nation can ill-afford a Democrat demagogue for its President.

It is our devout hope that by the location of this convention in Midway U.S.A., the Republicanism of America's most Republican State and its zeal for a Republican victory, can contagiously spread throughout our land.

In unity and with commitment we can apply the ripple theory of Republicanism from August to November and from this convention center in Midway U.S.A. to the White House in Washington, D.C.

I welcome you to this convention. I wish you well in your deliberations. I wish you good judgment in your decisions, I wish you unity in your campaign, and, above all, I wish you victory in November. Thank you.

CALL FOR THE CONVENTION

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — The Chair now recognizes the Secretary of the Republican National Committee,

ESTELLE STACY CARRIER of Wyoming
Secretary of the Republican National Committee

Mrs. Estelle Stacy Carrier, the National Committeewoman for Wyoming. The Secretary will read the official call for the convention. Mrs. Carrier.

THE SECRETARY OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. (Mrs. Estelle Stacy Carrier of Wyoming). — Madam Chairman, the Call for the Convention reads as follows:

To the Republican Voters of the United States:

> In compliance with the rules adopted by the 1972 Republican National Convention, the Republican National Committee hereby directs that a National Convention of delegated representatives of the Republican Party be held in Kansas City, Missouri, at 10:30 o'clock a.m., Central Daylight Time, on Monday, August 16, 1976, for the purpose of nominating candidates for President and Vice President, to be voted for at the Presidential Election on Tuesday, November 2, 1976, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — The Chair recognizes Virginia Morris from the District of Columbia for the purpose of making a motion.

MRS. VIRGINIA MORRIS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. — Madam Chairman, I move that further reading of the Call be dispensed with and that the Secretary be instructed to incorporate the Call at this point in the proceedings of this convention with the same force and effect as though read in full at this time.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Thank you. You have heard the motion. Is there a second? (The motion was duly seconded.)

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — It has been moved and seconded that the remainder of the Call be dispensed with. All those in favor signify by saying aye.

(Chorus of ayes.)

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Opposed, no. (No response.)

The motion is carried.

THE COMPLETE CALL FOR THE CONVENTION IS AS FOLLOWS:

To the Republican Voters of the United States:

In compliance with the rules adopted by the 1972 Republican National Convention, the Republican National Committee hereby directs that a National Convention of delegated representatives of the Republican Party be held in Kansas City, Missouri, at 10:30 o'clock a.m., Central Daylight Time, on Monday, August 16, 1976, for the purpose of nominating candidates for President and Vice President, to be voted for at the Presidential Election on

Tuesday, November 2, 1976, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it.

The voters of the several States, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, who are in accord with the principles of the Republican Party, believe in its declaration of policies, and are in sympathy with its aims and purposes, are invited to unite under this Call in the selection of Delegates to said Convention. Whenever used in the Call "State" or "States" shall be taken to include the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands, unless the context in which the word "State" or "States" is used, clearly makes such inclusion inappropriate:

Said National Convention shall consist of:

(a) DELEGATES

1. Six (6) Delegates at Large from each of the fifty (50) States.

2. Three (3) District Delegates for each Representative in the United States House of Representatives from each State.

3. Fourteen (14) Delegates at Large for the District of Columbia, four (4) Delegates at Large for Guam, eight (8) Delegates at Large for Puerto Rico, and four (4) Delegates at Large for the Virgin Islands.

4. From each State casting its electoral vote, or a majority thereof, for the Republican Nominee for President in the last preceding election: Four and one-half (4½) Delegates at Large plus the number of the Delegates at Large equal to 60% of the electoral vote from each such State. In addition, one Delegate at Large shall be awarded to a State for any and each of the following public officials elected by such State in the year of the last preceding Presidential election or at any subsequent election held prior to January 1, 1976:

(a) A Republican United States Senator: Provided, That no such additional Delegate at Large award to any State shall exceed two;

(b) A Republican Governor: Provided, That no such additional Delegate at Large award to any State shall exceed one; or

(c) A Republican membership of at least half of the State's delegation to the United States House of Representatives: Provided, That no such additional Delegate at Large award to any State shall exceed one.

In the event a State shall be entitled to one additional Delegate at Large by the election of any of the above-named officials, the apportionment shown in the Call may be adjusted accordingly without further action on the part of the Republican National Committee.

In the computation of the number of Delegates at Large, any sum of the four and one-half (4½) plus the 60% representing a fraction shall be increased to the next whole number.

This membership formula is presently the subject of litigation and in the event the formula for membership of the convention is finally adjudicated in the

courts to be invalid, the Republican National Committee is authorized to adopt the formula which will determine the membership of the Republican National Convention. The Committee members representing any State, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands shall be entitled to cast the same number of votes as said State, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands were entitled to cast in the 1972 Republican National Convention.

The Republican National Committee may not draw a new formula after October 31, 1975.

In the event the membership formula for the 1976 Republican National Convention is finally adjudicated in the courts to be invalid after October 31, 1975, the Republican National Committee may take appropriate action relating to the formula not prohibited by the final adjudication.

(b) ALTERNATE DELEGATES

One (1) Alternate Delegate to each Delegate to the National Convention.

DELEGATES AT LARGE TO THE NATIONAL CONVENTION AND THEIR ALTERNATES AND DELEGATES FROM CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS TO THE NATIONAL CONVENTION AND THEIR ALTERNATES SHALL BE ELECTED IN THE FOLLOWING MANNER:

(a) By primary election in accordance with the applicable laws of such States as required by law, the election of Delegates to the National Conventions of political parties by direct primary and in the District of Columbia in accordance with its law; provided, that in any of these in which Republican representation upon the Board of Judges or Inspectors of Elections for such primary election is denied by law, Delegates and Alternates shall be elected as hereinafter provided.

(b) By Congressional District or State Conventions, as the case may be, to be called by the Congressional District or State Committees, respectively. Notice of the Call for any such Convention shall be published in a newspaper or newspapers of general circulation in the Congressional District or State, as the case may be, not less than fifteen (15) days prior to date of said Convention.

(c) In selecting Delegates and Alternates to the National Convention, no State law shall be observed which hinders, abridges or denies to any citizen of the United States, eligible under the Constitution of the United States, to the office of President or Vice President, the right or privilege of being a candidate under such State law for the nomination for the President or Vice President; or which authorizes the election of a number of Delegates or Alternates from any State to the National Convention different from that fixed in this Call.

(d) By the Republican State Committee or Governing Committee in any State in which the law of such State specifically authorizes the election of Delegates or Alternates in such manner.

(e) In a Congressional District where there is no Republican Congressional Committee, the Republican State Committee shall issue the Call and make said publication.

(f) All Delegates from any State may be chosen from the State at Large, in the event that the laws of the State in which the election occurs, so provide.

(g) Alternate Delegates shall be elected to said National Convention for each unit of representation equal in number to the number of Delegates elected therein and shall be chosen in the same manner, at the same time, and under the same rules the Delegates are chosen; provided, however, that if the law of any State shall prescribe the method of choosing Alternates they shall be chosen in accordance with the provisions of the law of the State in which the election occurs.

(h) The election of Delegates and Alternates from the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands shall be held under the direction of the respective recognized Republican Governing Committee therein in conformity with the Rules of the Republican National Committee or the laws of the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

(i) Election of Delegates and Alternates shall be certified in every case where they are elected by Conventions, by the Chairman and Secretary of such Conventions, respectively, and forwarded to the Secretary of the Republican National Committee, and in the case of election by Primary, they shall be certified by the proper official and all certificates shall be forwarded by said duly elected Delegates and Alternates in the manner herein provided.

(j) All Delegates and Alternates shall be elected not later than thirty-five (35) days before the date of the meeting of said National Convention, unless otherwise provided by the laws of the State in which the election occurs.

(k) Delegates and Alternates at Large to the National Convention when serving as Delegates and Alternates shall be duly qualified voters of their respective States. All Delegates and Alternates allocated as Delegates and Alternates at Large shall be elected at Large in the several States unless otherwise provided by State law.

(l) Delegates and Alternates to the National Convention, representing Congressional Districts, shall be residents and qualified voters in said districts respectively when serving as Delegates and Alternates. All Delegates and Alternates allocated to represent Congressional Districts shall be elected by the Congressional Districts of the several States unless the laws of the State shall otherwise provide.

(m) No Delegate or Alternate Delegate shall be required to pay an assessment or fee in excess of that provided by the law of the State in which the election occurs as a condition of serving as a Delegate or Alternate Delegate to the Republican National Convention.

DELEGATES TO CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT AND STATE CONVENTIONS SHALL BE ELECTED UNDER THE FOLLOWING RULES:

(n) Only legal and qualified voters shall participate in a Republican primary, caucus, mass meeting, or mass convention held for the purpose of selecting Delegates to a County, District, or State Convention, and only such legal and qualified voters shall be elected as Delegates to County, District and State Conventions; provided, however, that in addition to the qualifications provided herein the governing Republican Committee of each State, shall have the authority to prescribe additional qualifications not inconsistent with law. Such additional qualifications shall be adopted and published in at least one daily newspaper having a general circulation throughout the State, such publication to be at least ninety (90) days before such qualifications shall become effective.

(o) No Delegates shall be deemed eligible to participate in any convention to elect Delegates to the said National Convention, who were elected prior to the date of issuance of the Call of such National Convention.

(p) District Conventions shall be composed of Delegates who are legal and qualified voters therein, and Delegates to State Conventions shall be qualified voters of the respective districts which they represent in said State Conventions. Such Delegates shall be apportioned among the counties, parishes, and cities of the State or District having regard to the Republican vote therein.

(q) There shall be no proxies at a convention held for the purpose of selecting Delegates to the Republican National Convention. If Alternate Delegates to such selection Convention are selected, the Alternate Delegate, and no other shall vote in the absence of the Delegate.

(r) There shall be no automatic Delegates at any level of the Delegate selection procedures who serve by virtue of Party position or elective office.

Participation in a Republican primary, caucus, any meeting or convention held for the purpose of selecting Delegates and Alternates to a County, District, State or National Convention shall in no way be abridged for reasons of sex, race, religion, color, age or national origin. The Republican National Committee and the Republican State Committee or governing committee of each State shall take positive action to achieve the broadest possible participation by everyone in party affairs, including such participation by women, young people, minority and heritage groups and senior citizens in the delegate selection process.

Unless otherwise provided by the Laws of the State in which the election occurs, in those states where Delegates and Alternates are elected through the convention system or a combination of convention and primary systems, the precinct, ward, township or county meeting shall be open meetings, and all citizens who are qualified shall be urged to participate.

Each State shall endeavor to have equal representation of men and women in its delegation to the Republican National Convention.

No State shall elect a greater number of persons to act as Delegates and Alternates than the actual number of Delegates and Alternates respectively to which they are entitled under the Call for the National Convention, and no unit of representation may elect any Delegate or Delegates, or their Alternates, with permission to cast a fractional vote.

FILING OF CREDENTIALS AND CONTESTS

(a) Thirty (30) days before August 16, 1976, the credentials of each Delegate and Alternate shall be filed with the Secretary of the Republican National Committee for use in making up the temporary roll of the Convention, except in the case of Delegates or Alternates elected at a time or times in accordance with the laws of the State in which the election occurs, rendering impossible filing of credentials within the time above specified.

(b) Where more than the authorized number of Delegates from any State are reported to the Secretary of the Republican National Committee, a contest shall be deemed to exist and the Secretary shall notify the several claimants so reported and shall submit all such credentials and claims to the whole Republican National Committee for decision as to which claimants reported shall be placed upon the temporary roll of the Convention; provided, however, that the names of the Delegates and Alternates, presenting certificates of election from the canvassing board or officer created or designated by the law of the State in which the election occurs, to canvass the returns and issue Certificates of Election to Delegates or Alternates to National Conventions of political parties in a primary election, shall be placed upon the temporary roll of the Convention by the Republican National Committee.

(c) The Chairman of the Republican National Committee has duly appointed a Contest Committee, consisting of at least seven (7) members.

(d) All contests arising in any State electing District Delegates by District Conventions, shall be decided by its State Convention, or if the State Convention shall not meet prior to the National Convention, then by its State Committee; and only contests affecting Delegates elected at Large shall be presented to the Republican National Committee; provided, however, if the contest regarding a District Delegate arises out of the irregular or unlawful action of the State Committee or State Convention, the Republican National Committee may take jurisdiction thereof and hear and determine the same. If there are filed with the Secretary of the Republican National Committee more than the authorized number of Delegates or Alternates for a Congressional District, the Secretary shall notify the Chairman of the Republican State Committee for the State concerned and send to him the names of those claiming the nomination for District Delegates or District Alternates and copies of such briefs as may be submitted in their behalf. The Secretary shall notify each of the contestants that this action has been taken.

(e) Notices of contests shall be filed thirty (30) days before August 16, 1976, with the Secretary of the Republican National Committee, except in the

case of Delegates or Alternates elected at a time or times in accordance with the laws of the State in which the election occurs rendering impossible the filing of the notice of contest within the time above specified, stating the grounds of the contest.

(f) Not less than twenty-two (22) days before August 16, 1976, each of the contesting persons or groups shall file with the Secretary of the Republican National Committee at least three (3) printed or typewritten copies of the brief in support of their claim to sit as Delegates or Alternates in the National Convention. The Secretary of the Republican National Committee upon receiving the brief of a contesting person or group shall furnish the opposing contesting person or group a copy of said brief.

Each brief shall begin with a summary of not more than one thousand (1,000) words setting forth succinctly a synopsis of the brief and a definite statement of the points relied upon.

(g) The Contest Committee shall make up a report of each contest filed, showing the grounds of contest, the statute and rule, if any, under which the contest is waged, and the contentions of each party thereto. The report shall conclude with a statement of the points of issue in the contest, both of fact and law, and shall be signed by the Chairman. When the Contest Committee has prepared such report stating the issues of law and fact, a copy of the statement of such issues shall be forthwith submitted to a person in the convention city, whom the contestants must appoint at the time of filing the contest, to receive such statement; and a copy shall forthwith be served by the Chairman of the Contest Committee upon the contestants by registered mail.

(h) The contestants shall have eight (8) days to file written objections to the Contest Committee's statement of the issues of fact or law or both unless the Republican National Committee acting as a committee of the whole is called to act upon the contest sooner, in which case such objections shall be made before the meeting of the whole committee. In case the contestants reside in the States of Alaska or Hawaii, or in Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands or Guam, they shall be entitled to ten (10) days to file written objections

The objections shall contain any additional statement of issue of either law or fact or both, claimed by the contestant submitting the same, to be involved in and necessary to be decided in the contest.

(i) The Contest Committee shall hear and decide the statement of law and fact at once and make its decision as to what issues are involved and submit these issues, either in law or fact, or both, to the Republican National Committee sitting as a committee of the whole, and such issues shall be the sole and only issues passed upon and determined by the committee of the whole, unless the National Committee shall by a majority vote extend or change the same.

If the Contest Committee for any reason shall fail to state the issues either of law or fact, the Republican National Committee shall decide upon what issues the contest shall be tried, and the hearing shall be limited to such issues,

unless the Republican National Committee by a majority vote shall decide otherwise.

(j) When the Republican National Committee is called to pass upon any contest that may arise, the members of the Credentials Committee of each State shall also be notified of the time and place of such meeting and shall have the right to attend all hearings of all contests but without the right to participate in the discussion or to vote.

(k) If an appeal is taken from any ruling of the Republican National Committee on any contest, notice of such appeal must be filed with the Secretary of the Republican National Committee within twenty-four (24) hours after the decision and shall specify the grounds upon which the appeal is taken, and only the grounds so specified shall be heard by the Credentials Committee upon such appeal. No evidence other than that taken before the National Committee shall be taken up by the Credentials Committee, unless it shall, by a majority vote of all its members so direct.

The Secretary of the Republican National Committee is hereby directed to promulgate this Call by sending a copy thereof to the Republican National Committeeman, Republican National Committeewoman, Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee or Governing Committee of the Republican Party in each State and by sending to the Republican National Committee member senior in point of service for each State an additional copy of this Call, which copy shall be forwarded by said member to the Secretary of the Republican State Central Committee or Governing Committee of the Republican Party in said member's State.

THE APPORTIONMENT OF DELEGATES TO SAID REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES ADOPTED BY THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION AT MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA, ON AUGUST 22, 1972, AND THE RESOLUTION ADOPTED BY THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE AT WASHINGTON, D.C., ON SEPTEMBER 9, 1975, IS AS FOLLOWS:

ALABAMA	16 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (7) —Total	37
ALASKA	16 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (1) —Total	19
ARIZONA	17 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (4) —Total	29
ARKANSAS	15 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (4) —Total	27
CALIFORNIA	38 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (43)—Total	167
COLORADO	16 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (5) —Total	31

CONNECTICUT	17 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (6) —Total	35
DELAWARE	14 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (1) —Total	17
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	14 Delegates at Large —Total	14
FLORIDA	21 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (15)—Total	66
GEORGIA	18 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (10)—Total	48
GUAM	4 Delegates at Large —Total	4
HAWAII	13 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (2) —Total	19
IDAHO	15 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (2) —Total	21
ILLINOIS	29 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (24)—Total	101
INDIANA	21 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (11)—Total	54
IOWA	18 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (6) —Total	36
KANSAS	19 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (5) —Total	34
KENTUCKY	16 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (7) —Total	37
LOUISIANA	17 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (8) —Total	41
MAINE	14 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (2) —Total	20
MARYLAND	19 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (8) —Total	43
MASSACHUSETTS	7 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (12)—Total	43
MICHIGAN	27 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (19)—Total	84
MINNESOTA	18 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (8) —Total	42
MISSISSIPPI	15 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (5) —Total	30
MISSOURI	19 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (10)—Total	49
MONTANA	14 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (2) —Total	20
NEBRASKA	16 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (3) —Total	25

NEVADA	15 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (1) —Total	18
NEW HAMPSHIRE	15 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (2) —Total	21
NEW JERSEY	22 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (15)—Total	67
NEW MEXICO	15 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (2) —Total	21
NEW YORK	37 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (39)—Total	154
NORTH CAROLINA	21 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (11)—Total	54
NORTH DAKOTA	15 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (1) —Total	18
OHIO	28 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (23)—Total	97
OKLAHOMA	18 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (6) —Total	36
OREGON	18 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (4) —Total	30
PENNSYLVANIA	28 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (25)—Total	103
PUERTO RICO	8 Delegates at Large —Total	8
RHODE ISLAND	13 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (2) —Total	19
SOUTH CAROLINA	18 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (6) —Total	36
SOUTH DAKOTA	14 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (2) —Total	20
TENNESSEE	19 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (8) —Total	43
TEXAS	28 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (24)—Total	100
UTAH	14 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (2) —Total	20
VERMONT	15 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (1) —Total	18
VIRGINIA	21 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (10)—Total	51
VIRGIN ISLANDS	4 Delegates at Large —Total	4
WASHINGTON	17 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (7) —Total	38
WEST VIRGINIA	16 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (4) —Total	28
WISCONSIN	18 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (9) —Total	45

WYOMING	14 Delegates at Large; 3 Delegates for each Congressional District (1) —Total	17
	Total Number of Delegates	2,259

Estelle Stacy Carrier, *Secretary* Mary Louise Smith, *Chairman*

PROCEDURE FOR PRESENTING AMENDMENTS

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — The Chair wishes to announce the method of handling any amendments which Delegates may offer. With the agreement of the Delegates, we shall proceed as follows: Any Delegate desiring to move to amend any matter which is before the convention and which is subject to amendment must submit the proposed amendment to the Chair, in writing, prior to offering the amendment from the floor.

Number two: Written amendments signed by the Delegate offering the same are to be sent to the Chair by delivering them to a page stationed at a door at the base of the podium.

Number three: No Delegate will be recognized to submit an amendment to a pending matter until the proposed amendment has been submitted to the Chairman in writing. This procedure should assist the Chair in its responsibilities and insure that anyone with an amendment will have full opportunity to present it.

Finally, the Chair wishes to remind Delegates that proposed changes in the rules of the convention could alter the procedures just agreed to. If this does occur, the Chair will insure that all Delegates are informed concerning the effect, if any, upon the manner of presenting amendments to the Convention.

Without objection, we shall proceed as indicated above. (No comment from floor.)

It is so ordered.

The Chair would also like to suggest to the Delegates that if any of them wish to be recognized during any session of the convention, they could assist the Chair by communicating this fact to the podium in advance, as well as indicating the purpose for which that Delegate seeks recognition. This will help the Chair to protect the rights of individual Delegates and to insure an orderly session.

TEMPORARY ROLL OF CONVENTION

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — The Secretary of the Convention will now present the Temporary Roll of this convention. Estelle Stacy Carrier.

THE SECRETARY OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Madam Chairman, the Republican National Committee has instructed me to present to you this Temporary Roll of the Delegates and Alternate Delegates elected in the fifty States, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — The Secretary of the Republican National Committee has presented the Temporary Roll of Delegates and Alternates certified to this convention by the Republican National Committee. Under our rules of procedure, this roll will be referred to the Committee on Credentials when it is elected.

ELECTION OF TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — I have been instructed by the Republican National Committee to nominate as your Temporary Chairman a man distinguished in the United States Senate who has a close tie to the National Committee, our former Chairman, the Honorable Bob Dole, the Senator from Kansas. Does the Chair hear other nominations?

The Chair hears none.

All in favor of the election of Senator Bob Dole as Temporary Chairman will say aye.

(Chorus of ayes.)

Opposed? (No response.)

The ayes have it, and United States Senator Bob Dole is Temporary Chairman of this convention.

COMMITTEE TO ESCORT TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN TO PLATFORM

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — I am pleased now to appoint the following committee to escort the Temporary Chairman at the appropriate time:

McDill "Huck" Boyd of Kansas; Thomas B. Evans, Jr., Delaware; Mrs. Paula F. Hawkins, Florida; and Mrs. Carla Coray of Hawaii.

TEMPORARY OFFICERS OF CONVENTION

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — The National Committee has instructed me to propose a list of temporary officers, in addition to the Temporary Chairman. The Secretary will read a list of these officers. Mrs. Carrier.

THE SECRETARY OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Madam Chairman, in additional to the Honorable Bob Dole as Temporary Chairman, the National Committee recommmends the following:

Secretary	Mary Crisp, Arizona
Parliamentarian	H. Allen Smith, California
Assistant Parliamentarian	Robert D. Hynes, Jr., Virginia
Assistant Parliamentarian	Hyde H. Murray, Maryland
Chief Sergeant at Arms	Jack Ranson, Kansas
Assistant Sergeants at Arms	John S. Andrews, Ohio
	S. Kenric Lessey, New Hampshire
	Patricia Storey, Kansas
	Harold Robinson, Wisconsin
	Donald Barry, Kansas
Chief Page	Daniel L. Towler, California
Assistant Chief Pages	Robert E. Farrell II, Ohio
	Lew Ellen Erickson, Kansas
	Frank Paul Trotta, Jr., New York
Chief Reading Clerk	Joe Bartlett, Ohio
Assistant Reading Clerk	Robert Berry, South Dakota
Tally Clerks	Paul R. S. Yates, Florida
	R. Michael Gunn, Missouri
Official Reporter	Raleigh E. Milton, Maryland
Chaplains	The Right Reverend Arthur A. Vogel, Episcopal Diocese of West Missouri
	Dr. Daniel L. Towler, United Methodist Minister to the campus and director of the Wesley Foundation at California State University
	Reverend Ted Nissen, Pastor, Colonial Presbyterian Church of Kansas City, Missouri
	Rabbi Israel Miller of New York City
	The Honorable Albert H. Quie, Member of Congress, 1st District of Minnesota and Member of Congressional Prayer Breakfast
	Reverend Jack Paul, Minister, Church of Christ of Overland Park, Kansas
	Reverend James O. Leffingwell, Executive Secretary, Intercity Church of Kansas City, Missouri
	John E. Erickson, President, Fellowship of Christian Athletes

Pastor Cloy Miene, First Lutheran
Church of Mission Hills, Kansas
His Excellency George K.
Fitzsimmons, Auxiliary Bishop
of the Diocese of Kansas City
and St. Joseph, Missouri

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Thank you, Mrs. Carrier.

May I have your attention now, please. The Chair now recognizes A. Lynn Lowe, a Delegate from Arkansas.

MR. A. LYNN LOWE OF ARKANSAS. — Madam Chairman, I offer the following resolution and move its adoption:

RESOLVED, That the officers recommended by the Republican National Committee be approved and elected as the temporary officers of this convention.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — You have heard the resolution. Is there a second?

(The motion was duly seconded.)

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — It has been moved and seconded that these officers be approved as the elected temporary officers of this convention. All those in favor signify by saying aye.

(Chorus of ayes.)

Opposed, no. (No response.)

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — The ayes have it. The motion is carried. It is so ordered.

The Young Republican National Federation, which is made up of 1,700 clubs chartered across the country, is of vital importance to the growth and development of the Republican Party.

The Chair now recognizes its very hard-working Chairman, Jack Mueller, of Cheyenne, Wyoming. (Applause.)

REMARKS BY JACK MUELLER, CHAIRMAN OF THE YOUNG REPUBLICAN NATIONAL FEDERATION

MR. MUELLER. — Thank you, Madam Chairman. My good Wyoming friends down there. Thank you very much, ladies and gentlemen.

The Democrats have already had their convention and they have adopted a platform. That Democrat platform is full of horror stories. They have continued to try to be all things to all people.

The Young Republican National Federation has printed a summary of the things that the Democrats proposed, and it reads like dollar signs. It would take an already unwieldy national government and expand it beyond your wildest imagination. The opposition party would also increase all Federal Government spending except defense.

I bring the greetings of the Young Republican National Federation to the Delegates, Alternates, and guests of this convention. The YRNF is the largest political organization for young people in our country. We are composed of State affiliates in all of the States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. There are some 1,700 clubs around the country.

The purpose of the Young Republicans is to get young citizens involved in our party. We train them on how to conduct campaigns, manage campaigns, raise money, and even run for political office themselves.

While the State and local organizations have their own projects, the National Federation conducts others. The largest undertaking is an annual leadership conference in Washington, D.C. Over 1,000 young Americans attended last January's conference. Various experts on political planning and organizing gave presentations, and many Senators, Representatives and Governors participated. Delegates heard from both President Ford and Governor Reagan. Another conference is planned next March.

The National Federation develops manuals on the art of politics. Useful and workable ideas from campaigns around the country are compiled to assist candidates. Some of these manuals include such topics as legislative campaign techniques, apartment house canvassing guides, finance, press relations, and so on. All are designed to explain in a simple way how to do the various tasks necessary in a victorious campaign.

A newsletter is published monthly containing articles of interest to young Republicans. Pros and cons on issues are discussed by prominent Republicans. News of what is happening around the country is also included. Handouts and pamphlets are also developed by the YRNF and made available to clubs.

As time and money permit, the YRNF sends trained fieldmen to assist in States. Many times a YR from that State can be used to help build the organization.

In the last year, the YRNF has had some ten fieldmen in various States. Several more requests for them are being handled right now. This is one of the fastest growing areas of national activity.

The YRNF has also undertaken an extensive candidate services program. That project is designed to assist many of the Republican challengers who are engaged in unseating members of that reckless Congress. This special project involves detailed research of many of the issues confronting our candidates and, additionally, offers immediate response to problems and questions arising in the various Congressional races. The potential is very real that this type of project

may soon develop into a massive legislative watch program, originated and spearheaded by Young Republicans.

Local YR clubs, when used correctly, can be very effective in our party organization. Let me detail just what one club did when it organized from scratch. It canvassed a large precinct, a swing precinct, a very important one, looking for unregistered voters. It canvassed that same precinct for one State and one local candidate later. It handled all primary and general election day activities in the precinct. It hosted a pre-primary reception for Republican candidates. It sent invitations to all independents in that county inviting them to a coffee for all Republican candidates shortly before the general election. It had three members who ran for office and two of those people won. It had three members serve as campaign managers. It elected one-third of the county's delegates to the State GOP Convention.

YR clubs can be and are effective. The party chairman of that county certainly can attest to the work of these young people. He knows how valuable their contribution was.

The national office stands ready to help our party march to victory this November. Together we can, and together we will. Thank you very much. (Applause.)

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Thank you, Jack Mueller.

The College Republican National Committee is a separate and very important youth auxiliary through which our party reaches out to the young people on college campuses across this nation. The dynamic Chairman of that organization is Karl Rove who is now completing his senior year at Virginia Commonwealth University. The Chairman of the College Republican National Committee, I present to you Karl Rove. (Applause.)

REMARKS BY KARL ROVE, CHAIRMAN COLLEGE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE

MR. ROVE. — Many people would think this is an unusual situation. Here I am, a college student speaking to a national political convention. There is only one party in America today which has an active national student political group. There is only one party which is having a college student address its convention. Contrary to what most people would think, that's the Republican Party and not the Democrat Party.

Yet, too often, Republican campaigns don't run active efforts on campus. This fall with the outcome of the presidential campaign likely to be decided by a very small percentage of the vote, our party must mount its most effective and articulate drive to win the academic community.

We must actively seek votes from the eight-and-a-half million student voters in this country. Students will vote Republican. In 1972, we came close to

taking a majority. We took 49 percent of the student votes cast in the presidential election. To do better this year, we will need a campaign based on the issues.

Our fellow students, my classmates, reject both party labels Republican and Democrat alike and stand instead solidly independent. Their allegiance will be won only by the intelligence and the soundness of our issues and the quality of our candidates.

This convention has already begun to fashion such a campaign. The platform draft which you will vote on and review later this week includes a call for tax credits for college tuition and post-secondary technical training. This plank's passage would give us an important issue to go back to school with.

Students are also thinking very differently than they were, even four years ago. The Republican efforts to end the war and to end the draft have fostered a new concern by students with their education and future careers.

At the Democrat Convention last month, Senator Humphrey said the Democrat Congress was only, "guilty of errors of the heart." We students know far too well the cruel irony of Senator Humphrey's little joke.

The Democrat Congress has given us double-digit inflation, and students are reminded of this little error the Democrats made every time we pay tuition.

In the last four years, the cost of attending a private university has increased sixty percent, the cost of attending a public college nearly forty-five percent and of the vocational and technical institutes, some thirty percent.

The errors of the heart committed by the Democrats don't end there. Upon graduation, college graduates can't find jobs. My classmates are ending up pushing brooms and collecting unemployment. Our classmates have skills which can be best used in the private sector.

So unemployment, underemployment, and a slow down in economic growth strike hard at college students and the college educated.

The Democrats last month proposed only to make the problem worse. Their solution, the Humphrey-Hawkins bill would do absolutely nothing to put young people back to work, nothing to free up job-creating capital, nothing to encourage the growth of small enterprise, nothing to guarantee young people the rewarding jobs in private enterprise they so richly deserve.

All the Democrats offer are temporary make-work jobs that further sap our economy's ability to provide long-term employment and whose price tag would rekindle inflation. We instead have the positive proposals of such outstanding spokesmen as Congressman Jack Kemp, Congressman Marv Esch, and Senator James McClure.

These two issues — the issues of inflation and jobs for young people — are our issues and can help us win the support of students this fall.

As the nation's oldest student political group founded in 1892, and the largest student political group, the College Republicans will speak forcefully on

behalf of the party because we together can shape a platform that speaks to student needs.

The climate of opinion on campus has changed and the issues are new. The party's approach to the issues, as embodied in this platform, is new. This convention to this point has remembered the words of Lincoln, "That as the occasion is new, so should we think and act anew." Give us the platform, give us the tools and we will get the job done.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — It is a very special pleasure for me now to present to this convention a man who is serving our party so ably and so well as Co-Chairman of the Republican National Committee.

Certainly no stranger to national conventions, he has participated in every one since 1952, and is now Treasurer of our 1976 Convention. I introduce to you a dedicated Republican, Robert S. Carter, National Committeeman for the District of Columbia.

REMARKS BY ROBERT S. CARTER CO-CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE NATIONAL COMMITTEEMAN FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

MR. CARTER. — Thank you, Madam Chairman. Delegates and Alternates to this convention, I am proud to be a Republican and to have the privilege of serving as Co-Chairman of our Republican National Committee, with our gracious Chairman, Mary Louise Smith. I thank you all for making that possible, and for permitting me a few words with you here this morning.

At the outset, let me emphasize that I am neither the famous Carter who created the little liver pill, nor am I that other Carter who smiles so broadly because he thinks he has already gotten away with one of the slipperiest shell games in history, with peanut shells, yet.

Well, we've got news for that fellow, bad news for him, perhaps, but good news for the people of America. His shell game is over because we here in this convention are about to nominate a candidate who will, with our help, unite the forces to take care of the genial Mr. Carter, to either say what he really believes or admit, as he already has done on several occasions, that he actually believes in nothing.

So, ladies and gentlemen, please listen carefully because this may be the only Carter that you will hear this year who sings on the same key at the end of the song, as he does at the beginning.

During the campaign months ahead, the electorate will be besieged by endless political arguments and by tons of just plain hot air. In the midst of the confusion, I would plead with you to please keep your eye on the ball, figure out for yourselves what really are the solutions to these problems and don't be led

ROBERT S. CARTER of Washington, D. C.
Co-Chairman of the Republican National Committee
Treasurer of the Committee on Arrangements

astray into endless considerations and deliberations of phony or make-believe issues.

We have plenty of real problems to face and please don't fall for the fake and simplistic solutions to these problems which usually can be recognized because they are colored green with your tax dollars. Some politicians think that these are in an endless supply.

The goals which we as Americans share are still well summarized by the words from the Declaration of Independence, whose 200th anniversary we just celebrated recently. Life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness: I doubt that any phrase could be created which would better express the basic philosophy of our Republican Party. In down-to-earth terms, this translates into a belief that every American should be able to earn his own way and having done so, to enjoy the fruits of his labor as he so wishes.

This, we Republicans, believe and this the vast majority of Americans believe, which explains why I am so confident that we are on the road to victory in November because the undeniable truth is that the leadership of the Democratic Party has completely deserted this philosophy and in so doing, has deserted most of its party's members and the mainstream of our American life. They have deserted it in favor of an ever-increasing dependence on government, government programs financed by the tax dollar, at the expense, both spiritual and financial, of the individual citizen.

The issues which we are concerned with in this election year are clear and we as Republicans should be proud for the chance to be judged on our approach to these issues, just as we welcome the opportunity to expose and analyze the approach of the Democratic leaders. So, we call on the good advice of a great political leader, Al Smith. "Let's look at the record."

In doing so, we must keep in mind that the laws of this nation are made by Congress, not by the President, and that the Congress has been under the free-spending control of the Democrats for forty of the past forty-four years.

Let me assure you that the Republican Party is alive. We are vigorous, and we are prepared to elect the next President of the United States.

Now I know that the pollsters and the media are rapidly preparing the American public for the coronation of a Democratic candidate whom I must admit, has a good name. I don't have to remind you of how often these same sources have been wrong and misleading. Most of you, I am sure, remember that these same sources in 1948 elected Tom Dewey to the American presidency long before the votes were cast. Many of the ingredients which brought about Harry Truman's victory in that election are present today with the exception that the issues which carried him to the presidency seem to be on the side of the Republicans.

You may remember that Mr. Truman crisscrossed our entire country, campaigning against a do-nothing Congress. Our candidate this year can campaign against a do-anything Congress: Do anything that lines their pockets,

do anything that takes care of their needs, but do nothing for the American public.

Believe me, ladies and gentlemen, this is a real issue in the United States in this coming election. Because the Democrats have controlled Congress for forty out of the last forty-four years, they have become so powerful that they have lost touch with the hopes and the aspirations of the American people.

In the last two years, more self-serving measures that benefit members of Congress have been approved than any time comparable during our history. First they have raised their salaries from $42,500 to $44,625, or an increase of five percent — cost to the American taxpayer, $924,375.

Next, they have created an automatic future pay raise for themselves, tying their salaries to the cost-of-living index and the way they pass legislation, that assures them a raise every year.

Thirdly, they have increased their staff salary allowances by $32,000 per office, at a cost to the American public of $13,940,000. Then they went ahead and created a new budget for approximately $5,000 for each member of Congress for additional printing costs and two newsletters and trips back to their constituencies. This costs the American public $2,175,000.

Now investigations are beginning to show that they are even putting their special friends and political allies on their own congressional payroll. The arrogance which comes with complete control has finally come to light and the Democrats in Congress, as well as their presidential candidate, will have to answer to the American people this November.

In the last twenty years while the population of this country has increased by 30.5 percent and inflation has eroded the value of the American dollar by 83.4 percent, the cost of running Congress has increased by 560 percent.

I ask you who is to blame? The answer is simple: It's the Democrat majority who has been in charge of Congress.

They're aware that more trips back home to their district, and higher allowances for communicating with it can go a long way toward benefiting their campaign. Some of the new benefits that they have passed required votes on the floor. Some did not and were put into effect administratively with the country not knowing what was going on.

What this country faces in the year of 1976 is a Democratic candidate for President so arrogant he refuses to let the American public know where he stands on the major issues and a Democratic controlled Congress, a Democratic Congress which is so arrogant that they have lost complete touch with their constituencies and have no way of getting back in touch with them.

This country has suffered from the arrogance of this Congress too long. In the short time that Mr. Carter has been the Democratic Presidential candidate, we have already suffered from his arrogance too long.

Mr. Carter is without question the greatest romancer in history. He can embrace Ralph Nader and Henry Ford III at the same time. He also puts us in

mind of the headless horseman of Sleepy Hollow who, according to James Fenimore Cooper, jumped onto his horse and rode off in all different directions. We, the Republicans, have the obligation this year to put to the American public that the direction he is taking this country is in the direction of higher spending, higher taxes, more government, and we must and we will alert the American public to defeat this kind of expediency.

Thank you very much.

RULES FOR THE CONVENTION

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — The Chair recognizes the Delegate from Massachusetts, Margaret Heckler. The Honorable Margaret M. Heckler, Member of Congress.

MRS. HECKLER. — Madam Chairman, I offer the following resolution and move its adoption.

> RESOLVED, That this convention be governed by the rules adopted by the 1972 Republican National Convention until such time as the permanent organization is effected and permanent rules are adopted.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — You have heard the resolution and motion to adopt. Is there a second? (A second was heard.)

The resolution has been duly seconded. All those in favor signify by saying aye.

(Chorus of ayes.)

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Opposed, no. (No response.)

The ayes have it, the resolution is carried.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Four years ago as the National Republican Heritage Groups Council was officially designated as an auxiliary of the Republican National Committee. Since the Council's beginning, Congressman Ed Derwinski has been a driving force in its growth. Today, under his chairmanship, more than thirty different nationalities and twenty-seven State organizations are represented on our council.

I present to you now the great Congressman from the Fourth District of Illinois, the Honorable Edward J. Derwinski. (Applause.)

REMARKS BY
THE HONORABLE EDWARD J. DERWINSKI, CHAIRMAN
NATIONAL REPUBLICAN HERITAGE GROUPS COUNCIL

MR. DERWINSKI. — My fellow Delegates, I report to you today on the truly growing support which the Republican Party is receiving from Americans of various ethnic origins across our great country.

It is not my purpose in addressing you at this time to stampede the convention in order to obtain your nomination as Vice President.

The inspirational inscription on the Statue of Liberty is pertinent to my subject. "Give me your tired, your poor, your huddled masses yearning to breathe free, the wretched refuse of your teaming shore. Send these, the homeless, tempest-tossed to me. I lift my lamp beside the golden door."

The millions who responded to the task of helping build a new nation were inspired by the freedoms and the economic challenge of America. They helped build our cities, our churches and schools, our industries and our magnificent agricultural sector. They helped prove the American dream was really a reality. But political history shows that in the past, ethnics voted heavily Democratic, but because of that party's socialistic philosophies during the past forty years, they have grown disenchanted and looked for other alternatives. Perceiving this, the Republican Party not only welcomed ethnics into the GOP but invited them to participate in all levels of Republican Party activity.

Thus the Republican Party became the logical political vehicle through which Americans who identify with lands of their forebearers have a major voice in government.

Our party is not the captive of the antiquated, disavowed, socialistic philosophy of the New Deal. The Democratic Party is, and it is controlled by ideological cliques. The Republican Party reflects the viewpoints of its partisans. Our spirited platform proves this point.

I reemphasize to you that the Republican Party is now the true political home for Americans of various ethnic origins who so prominently and effectively played a great role in our nation's history.

Since 1964, a permanent ethnic operations at the Republican National Committee, has been functioning to deal especially with ethnic politics and to coordinate national Republican heritage groups activities.

One of the great strengths of our country is the fact that someone can be a totally dedicated American citizen but still maintain justifiable pride and an interest in the land of his forefathers. This plurality of our society is one of our most impressive national assets. We Republicans especially appreciate this fact. America's source of strength; namely, the diversity of its citizens, is a source of strength for the Republican Party.

The so-called ethnic Americans should be singled out as the guardians and preservers of the cultural treasures of the world, as the ever-bountiful source of new ideas and vitality for America. Perhaps because of their greater understanding of what exists elsewhere in today's world, these keepers of the traditions feel most strongly the spirit that is America, the preciousness of our American freedom, and the urgency with which we all must dedicate ourselves to its protection and its preservation. They know better than most what the alternatives are.

I predict to you that, just as in 1972, the majority of ethnic Americans will vote for the Republican Presidential nominee. (Applause.)

Our party principles are their principles. Our party philosophy is their philosophy. Our party success will be achieved with their positive support. Thank you. (Applause.)

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — In 1972, the Republican National Convention authorized a position on the Executive Committee of the Republican National Committee for a representative of Black Republican organizations. The result of that action was the birth of the National Black Republican Council. Dr. Henry Lucas, its Chairman, has proven himself to be an outstanding leader. His efforts culminated last week in the first National Black Republican Council Convention with delegates attending that from twenty-seven states.

Please welcome Dr. Henry Lucas, Jr., of San Francisco, California. Dr. Lucas. (Applause.)

REMARKS BY DR. HENRY LUCAS, JR.
CHAIRMAN, NATIONAL BLACK REPUBLICAN COUNCIL

DR. LUCAS. — Thank you very much. Good morning, America; and good morning, my fellow Republicans. As the outgoing Chairman of the National Black Republican Council, I bring you greetings. I am honored to be here.

According to the 1970 Census, approximately 27 million persons living in this country are descendants of Black Africa. Historically these Americans, proud of their ethnic heritage, have been Democratic voters. But in the past few years, however, with the shift to the left in the philosophy of the national Democratic leadership and the turn of events in our domestic and our foreign policies, more Black voters no longer consider themselves in the Democratic pocket.

Having sensed this dissatisfaction, the Republican Party has made it public knowledge that Black Americans are now no longer not welcome in the GOP, but that they are invited to actively participate in Republican Party activities.

To reinforce this commitment to Blacks, in 1973, I was appointed as a member of the Executive Committee of the Republican National Committee, and the National Black Republican Council soon became official. It is now established in twenty-seven States of these United States of America.

We understand the need to be involved, and we have accepted the responsibility to organize ourselves, and we intend to become a very important voice in this Republican Party.

In 1960, the Republicans lost a very close election. In 1968 we almost lost another close election. And in that year, the Black vote went to the Democratic opponents by an overwhelming majority. Now, I don't think we can allow that

to happen again in 1976. We definitely need a significant share of those eight million Black votes. And I think perhaps we can somewhat blame ourselves, the Republican Party, for as a party we have been less than aggressive in seeking the vote of the largest ethnic minority in America.

If we want to remain an effective part of a two-party system, we have an obligation to get with it. I know that you share this goal with me. The effects of nonparticipation by Blacks in the Republican Party has brought us the disastrous Democratic Congress that knows no limits to the waste and the ineffective government it has brought us. (Applause.)

We cannot allow the party to permit the continued erosion of support from the Black community. The nation cannot afford such, and perhaps cannot survive it.

In these United States, we live in a democracy, a two-party system, a system of self-government. America was built not by government but by people, all the people; not by welfare but by work; not by shirking responsibility but by seeking responsibility.

The Republican Party must provide the leadership in seeing that every individual has an equal and fair opportunity to achieve independence, respect, and thereby retain the personal dignity through the ability to get a job, irrespective of race. (Applause.)

The often-quoted proper phrase of broadening the base and open-door rhetoric must be more than mere paper proclamations and good speech themes. They must become solid goals and objectives.

The recent achievements of the disadvantaged in this century are encouraging, and particularly so over the past decade. You know, sometimes it's hard for us to see just how far we have come. There is so much to do and the dream is so great that sometimes we despair because we seem to have accomplished so little. But realism is understanding that much has been achieved that was thought impossible; that this society is making progress in spite of setbacks and frustrations. In spite of these frustrations, we have over 3,000 Black elected officials, and the number of Republican elected officials at every level of government is increasing gradually. More and more Blacks are becoming Republican candidates.

It is up to this great party of ours to give them all the support necessary to win. We know, however, change will not seek us out, that we must seek change.

Our greatest resource and our greatest hope lies locked within our communities across this land. We, and we alone, hold the primary key. Let us seize our destiny and make it what we will. The times and the real needs of our people mandate no less. We must raise again the banner that all men are created equal, and let us reject the counsels of despair because this country can be made the hope of the world. And together black and white can bring that day forward. Thank you. (Applause.)

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Benjamin Fernandez is a man who has harnessed his endless enthusiasm, his boundless energy, to launch the newest party auxiliary, the Republican Hispanic Assembly. Our hopes and best wishes go with him.

I am pleased to introduce to you now the Chairman of the Republican National Hispanic Assembly from Chatsworth, California, Ben Fernandez. (Applause.)

REMARKS BY BENJAMIN FERNANDEZ, CHAIRMAN THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL HISPANIC ASSEMBLY

MR. FERNANDEZ. — Damos y caballeros. Ladies and gentlemen, there is change in the wind, and it has a Spanish accent. The change actually began four years ago when for the first time every American Republican of Hispanic origin organized nationally to participate in a Presidential campaign. And what a glorious campaign we ran.

The final outcome was that approximately 1.2 million of the President's vote was directly attributable to Hispanic Americans.

The enthusiasm, excitement and dynamism of the 1972 Hispanic effort has not diminished. In fact, it has intensified. For the past two years, a group of totally committed Americans have organized the Republican National Hispanic Assembly of the United States, together with twenty-four States, each with a constitution, elected officers, and local grass roots chapters.

Now, one of the most delightful aspects of our efforts is the excitement emanating from our volunteers; an enthusiasm due to the belief that Hispanic Americans are finally moving out of the political wilderness.

The Republican National Convention must direct its attention to the 16 million Americans of Hispanic origin, for we constitute a vast bloc of votes which is virtually untapped by either party. From every indication, only twenty percent of those eligible to vote are actually registered.

What a marvelous opportunity to attract our Spanish-speaking citizens into our party. The Hispanic Assembly can do it. But in order to implement this fundamental goal, you must demonstrate by bold, direct moves that you care, that you really want to expand the political base of our party.

It is absolutely essential that you invite us to participate in campaigns and to all party activities, for we have not been accustomed to the aggressiveness of the free enterprise system — but we are learning, and we are learning fast.

Our present thrust, our orientation, our propensity, is toward the Republican Party. In fact, Hispanic Americans really should be Republicans. A careful examination of the Hispanic culture is so close to three basic principles of the Republican Party that it merits comparison at this time. For example, the American of Hispanic origin is conservative in fiscal matters, conditioned from childhood to live within his means. He believes in small, uncomplicated

government, always wary of the power of the "federales"; always concerned about the development of monstrous government agencies which would infringe on his individual rights.

And finally, the Hispanic American truly believes that individual personal integrity must be maintained, that all he wants from government and politics is the opportunity, indeed the right, to participate.

Is this not the philosophy of the Republican Party?

Fellow Americans, fellow Republicans, we are on the threshold of one of the most important campaigns in the history of our party. We intend to win. We must win. (Applause.)

And in our drive to victory, you will find us absolutely involved in every ramification of the campaign.

Comes now 1976. We need your assistance and direction to develop a Republican base among our people. But take note that you also need us to improve on 1972's accomplishments.

Potentially the Hispanic American vote is enormous. It barely has been tapped. However, with the adoption of the recommended Hispanic plank, the plank against the Cuban government of Fidel Castro, and the designation of the Republican National Hispanic Assembly as an official auxiliary, you will confirm the Assembly slogan that "The Republican Party is the party of the Spanish-speaking people."

As the Hispanic Americans move to organize into an aggressive, smooth-functioning force this fall, we will be stressing unity among our sixteen million citizens. We challenge this convention to do the same.

Upon the selection of our party's Presidential candidate, we urge you to close ranks behind his candidacy, to consolidate our positive efforts toward one end — total victory in November.

The Republican National Hispanic Assembly pledges to you that in our drive to make a Republican victory a reality, our necessary participation will be with dignity, with integrity, and with honor.

Vayan con Dios. Mil gracias. Adios. Thank you. (Applause.)

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — May I have your attention, please? Richard Rosenbaum is Chairman of the Republican State Chairmen's Advisory Committee. His effective political leadership, as well as his ability as an articulate party spokesman, combined with his vigor and his tremendous sense of humor, make him one of our party's outstanding leaders.

From Rochester, New York, the able Chairman of the Empire State, the Honorable Richard Rosenbaum. (Applause.)

REMARKS BY RICHARD ROSENBAUM, CHAIRMAN REPUBLICAN STATE CHAIRMEN'S ADVISORY COMMITTEE

MR. ROSENBAUM. — Thank you very much.

Chairman Mary Louise Smith, fellow Delegates, ladies and gentlemen, fellow Delegates of the 1976 Republican National Convention, it is a great honor and a pleasure for me to address you this morning as Chairman of the State Republican Chairmen's Advisory Committee, the organization of the Republican State leaders of the fifty States and territories of the United States.

In that position, I have had close and continuing contact with the Republican leaders throughout the country. Last week, on the eve of this great convention of our party, we held a special meeting to exchange views on the state of the party and the campaign ahead.

I can report to you, based on those discussions, that the spirit of our meeting was a spirit of determination to win the coming election and to give full, active and enthusiastic support to the Republican nominee of this convention.

Your State Chairmen are your party's front-line leaders along with our great Republican National Committee members. Under the leadership and guidance of that wonderful lady, National Chairman, Mary Louise Smith, we enjoy a tremendous spirit of cooperation.

Do not be deluded by reports of divisions within the Republican Party. If there are differences among us as Delegates to this convention, I can assure you there is no question of the loyalty and dedication of the party leadership in every section of the country.

From the enthusiasm that I witnessed as the Delegates arrived in Kansas City, I am confident that our party is ready, ready for the coming campaign. It is going to be tough, but I feel we can move into the campaign with a sense of confidence because we have candidates who have not been afraid to face the issues or to take clear and understandable positions.

Our candidates have not double-talked the American people, and they won't double-talk in this campaign.

When we leave Kansas City, we must all realize that victory lies ahead if we close ranks in the Republican tradition.

Unlike the shallow and artificial unity of our opponents, ours will not be a fragile unity. It is not going to shatter when we get down to the serious business of discussing the Republican record and our goals for the American people.

The people know that the Republican Party is a party of intellectual honesty, and basic conviction, just as we have been for a century and a quarter.

In the lively contest which our party has experienced during the recent months, we have demonstrated vividly that the Republican Party is made up of individuals with a wide range of views.

These are people in every State and every community whose interest is what is best for America. The strength of our party rests in the fact that we do represent diverse points of view as we resolve the matters before this convention and move forward to select our candidate for President, we will increase our strength and give the people a positive alternative in November.

As Republicans involved in a hard-fought political primary campaign, there are bound to be points of difference. But remember that we have a great heritage as members of the party of Lincoln, and there is much more to unite us than to divide us.

Our basic mission is to provide sound Republican leadership, not only in the White House, but America needs sound, fiscally responsible Republican leadership in Congress.

Unlike our opposition, we will not tailor our party positions to make narrow regional appeals. Our platform will be a program for all America.

The people who will choose the next President of the United States are going to pick the candidate who is honest with them. They are going to pick a candidate who does not duck the issues. They are going to see through the candidate who hides behind platitudes, who won't level with the people.

When we finish the work of this convention, we will be ready to go to the people and rally them behind a candidate who will level with them, a candidate they can believe. The people are going to reward that honesty when they level with themselves on Election Day. They are going to vote for the candidate they can trust and we have every reason to be confident that the choice will be our candidate and that those of us in this hall this week will nominate and elect the next President of the United States. Thank you.

COMMITTEE ON CREDENTIALS

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — The Delegate and National Committeeman for Louisiana, John Cade, is recognized.

JOHN H. CADE, JR. OF LOUISIANA. — Madam Chairman, the following resolution is offered, and I move the adoption thereof:

> RESOLVED, That a Committee on Credentials, consisting of one man Delegate and one woman Delegate from each State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and Guam, be appointed and that the persons selected by the various delegations whose names are filed with the Secretary of the Convention shall constitute said committee.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Thank you. The resolution has been heard. Is there a second?

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Second.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — It has been moved and seconded. All in favor signify by saying aye.

(Chorus of ayes.)

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Opposed, no. (No response.)

The Ayes have it. The resolution is adopted.

COMMITTEE ON PERMANENT ORGANIZATION

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — The chair now recognizes the Delegate and National Committeewoman for Pennsylvania, Elsie H. Hillman.

MRS. ELSIE H. HILLMAN OF PENNSYLVANIA. — Madam Chairman, I offer this resolution and move its adoption.

> RESOLVED, That a Committee on Permanent Organization, consisting of one man Delegate and one woman Delegate from each State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and Guam, be appointed, and that the persons selected by the various delegations whose names are filed with the Secretary of this Convention shall constitute said committee.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — You have heard the motion. Is there a second?

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Second.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — The resolution has been duly seconded. Those who favor this motion signify by saying aye.

(Chorus of ayes.)

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Opposed, no. (No reponse.)

The ayes have it. The resolution has been adopted.

COMMITTEE ON RULES AND ORDER OF BUSINESS

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — The Delegate from Indiana, James C. Cummings, is now recognized.

MR. JAMES C. CUMMINGS OF INDIANA. — Madam Chairman, may I present the following resolution and move its adoption.

> RESOLVED, That a Committee on Rules and Order of Business consisting of one man Delegate and one woman Delegate from each State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and Guam, be appointed, and that persons selected by the various delegations shall constitute this committee.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Is there a second to that resolution?

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Second.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — It has been moved and seconded. All those in favor signify by saying aye.

(Chorus of ayes.)

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Opposed, no. (No response.)

The ayes have it. The resolution is adopted.

COMMITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — The Chair recognizes the Delegate and National Committeewoman from Hawaii, Carla Coray.

MRS. CARLA CORAY OF HAWAII. — I offer the following resolution and move its adoption.

> RESOLVED, That a Committee on Resolutions consisting of one man Delegate and one woman Delegate from each State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and Guam, be appointed, and that the persons selected by the various delegations whose names are on file with the Secretary of the Convention shall constitute this committee.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Thank you. Is there a second?

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Second.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — The resolution has been duly seconded. All those in favor of this motion signify by saying aye.

(Chorus of ayes.)

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Opposed, no. (No response.)

The resolution is adopted.

RESOLUTION DISPENSING WITH THE READING OF THE NAMES SELECTED FOR COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — The Delegate from Puerto Rico, the Honorable Luis A. Ferré, former Governor, is recognized by the Chair.

GOVERNOR LUIS A. FERRÉ OF PUERTO RICO. — Madam Chairman, I am not going to ask to poll the delegation of Puerto Rico. I am simply going to offer the following resolution and move its adoption.

RESOLVED, That the convention dispense with the reading of the names of those selected for the committees by the various delegations and that each delegation file with the Secretary of the Convention the names of the Delegates who will represent them on each of the four committees and that they be printed in the proceedings.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — These duly constituted committees of the convention will meet following the adoption of this resolution. Is there a second to that?

CONVENTION DELEGATE. —Second.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — It has been duly moved and seconded. All those in favor signify by saying aye.

(Chorus of ayes.)

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Opposed, no. (No response.)

The resolution is adopted.

(The following names were furnished to the Secretary of the Convention to represent the several delegations on the committees of the Convention.)

MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE ON CREDENTIALS

Alabama	William M. Acker, Jr.
	Sue Mathisen Steele
Alaska	Robert H. Bettisworth
	Patricia K. Morris
Arizona	Bob Corbin
	Nonavie Dyer
Arkansas	Lynn A. Davis
	Judy C. Petty
California	Bruce Nestande
	Lucile Hosmer
Colorado	Ray Friedlob
	Natalie Meyer
Connecticut	John Alsop
	Jeanne Nelson
Delaware	Cornelius (Neil) B. Tyson
	Carol Smith
District of Columbia	Michael Doud Gill
	Maxine W. Snowden
Florida	Louis Frey, Jr.
	Patricia H. Malone
Georgia	Bill Brashear
	Jan Whaley

Guam	(No Man Delegate)
	Ramona T. Perez
Hawaii	John Leopold
	Patricia B. Davis
Idaho	Pete T. Cenarrusa
	Ruth Johnson
Illinois	Cordell J. Overgaard
	Betty L. Meents
Indiana	Donald B. Cox
	Margaret C. Hill
Iowa	John C. McDonald
	Jane Eastin
Kansas	Calvin James
	Dona Frank
Kentucky	Richard Evans
	Gerri Simmons
Louisiana	Jack N. Rogers
	Sarrah Y. Loggins
Maine	Walter Birt
	Jane Riley
Maryland	Edward P. Thomas
	Sylvia B. Hermann
Massachusetts	Raymond J. Fontana
	Jeanne Kangas
Michigan	Denzil Hammond
	Mildred Dunnell
Minnesota	Harold (Hap) LeVander
	Dorothy Liljegren
Mississippi	Victor Mavar
	Gail Healy
Missouri	Larry Meisel
	Lydia Miller
Montana	Jack Galt
	Verna Kruse
Nebraska	Gerald Stromer
	Tyrone Grothe
Nevada	Leo Puccinelli
	Patty Cafferata
New Hampshire	David L. Nixon
	Kathleen W. Ward
New Jersey	Matthew J. Rinaldo
	Ann D. Flynn
New Mexico	Earle R. Chapman
	April Westbrook
New York	Joseph Margiotta
	Marian S. Granowitz

North Carolina	Jackson F. Lee
	Mary Jane Hollyday
North Dakota	Allen I. Olson
	Dagny Olson
Ohio	Clarence J. Brown
	Frances L. Rex
Oklahoma	P. Thomas Thornbrugh
	Nancy Apgar
Oregon	Stephen A. Young
	Wineva Johnson
Pennsylvania	Charles J. Morell
	Ethel D. Allen
Puerto Rico	Jaime Pieras, Jr.
	Mary Usera
Rhode Island	Christopher T. Del Sesto, Jr.
	Lila M. Sapinsley
South Carolina	Roger Milliken
	Constance D. Armitage
South Dakota	Walter D. Miller
	Carol Srstka
Tennessee	William Carter
	Jane Atkins
Texas	James E. Brandon
	Jacquelyn Till
Utah	Robert Sykes
	Dorothy Smith
Vermont	Frank G. Mahady
	Norma L. Bottaro
Virginia	Harold Williams
	Jade West
Virgin Islands	Raymond J. Smith
	(No Woman Delegate)
Washington	Dale Duvall
	Linda Morrisey
West Virginia	George H. Seibert, Jr.
	Priscilla Haden
Wisconsin	James Haney
	Darlene Weis
Wyoming	Dick Jones
	Peggy Mallick

MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE ON PERMANENT ORGANIZATION

Alabama	James M. Sizemore, Jr.
	Peggy Noel

Alaska	Alfred Widmark
	Jackie B. Oberg
Arizona	Ingo Radicke
	Agnes Murphy
Arkansas	Jere B. Lowe
	Nancy Wilcox
California	Richard E. Gulbranson
	Kay Valory
Colorado	Scott Tipton
	Ruth Prendergast
Connecticut	Silvio Preli
	Miriam Vannais
Delaware	C. E. (Pete) Hughes
	Dimitria D. Ford
District of Columbia	John W. Gill
	Andreas Ronhovde
Florida	Joel Gustafson
	Susan H. Stewart
Georgia	Virlyn Smith
	Annette McEachin
Guam	Peter F. Perez, Jr.
	(No Woman Delegate)
Hawaii	Hannibal Tavares
	Gay Hawley
Idaho	Wayne L. Kidwell
	Dorothy Balch
Illinois	W. Clement Stone
	Eileen Stamm
Indiana	Dennis Nicholas
	Jean Merritt
Iowa	Marvin Pomerantz
	Mary Louise Smith
Kansas	Dwight Sutherland
	Karyn Criss
Kentucky	Edwin A. Schroering
	Joan C. Grosso
Louisiana	Thomas F. Jordan
	Jane R. Steele
Maine	Richard Morrell
	Hattie M. Bickmore
Maryland	Aris Allen
	Jeanette Wessell
Massachusetts	Philip A. Rollins
	Barbara Sinnott
Michigan	George Bennett
	Dovie Pickett

Minnesota	Mark Piepho
	Marlene Luna
Mississippi	Gil Carmichael
	Dene Pace
Missouri	Curtis Hopkins
	Judith A. Pap
Montana	Tom Selstad
	Betty Babcock
Nebraska	Patrick Haller
	Marjorie Lamp
Nevada	Virgil Slade
	Barbara Vucanovich
New Hampshire	George B. Roberts, Jr.
	Virginia M. Wyman
New Jersey	Howard F. Haneman
	Ruth Stevenson
New Mexico	Eugene McElvaney, Jr.
	Cobby McKinney
New York	Joseph A. Bruno
	Florence M. Sennikoff
North Carolina	John Hutchins
	June Jones
North Dakota	John Sellie
	Norene Bunker
Ohio	Donald E. May
	Ruth M. Lindesmith
Oklahoma	Paul Washecheck
	Helen Salmon
Oregon	Davis Stanger
	Berna Plummer
Pennsylvania	Charles D. Snelling
	Helen Bauer
Puerto Rico	Luis A. Ferré
	(No Woman Delegate)
Rhode Island	Donald R. Bonner
	Ida H. Cayouette
South Carolina	Jack J. Janzen
	Doris H. Jones
South Dakota	Terry Sherman
	Sylvia Conrad
Tennessee	Peter Oldham
	Sarah Moore Green
Texas	Richard Reynolds
	Jane Burgland
Utah	Rob Hemingway
	Cynthia Farr

Vermont	Craig S. Hilliard
	(No Woman Delegate)
Virginia	Nathan Miller
	Marie Quinn
Virgin Islands	Luther Benjamin
	(No Woman Delegate)
Washington	Russ Austin, Jr.
	Betty Henneman
West Virginia	Howard V. Corcoran
	Jody G. Smirl
Wisconsin	Reed Coleman
	Sharon Otto
Wyoming	Tom Parnell
	Ann Wiser

MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE ON RULES AND ORDER OF BUSINESS

Alabama	William H. Graham
	Wrenshall McKemy
Alaska	Eldon R. Ulmer
	Edith Holm
Arizona	Howard Baldwin
	Donna Carlson
Arkansas	Wayne Thorburn
	Sonia Ingram
California	John Stull
	Eleanor Ring
Colorado	Jack Wilson
	Freda Poundstone
Connecticut	Frederick K. Biebel
	Mary H. Boatwright
Delaware	Herbert H. Konowitz
	Priscilla Rakestraw
District of Columbia	Fred L. Dixon
	Virginia Morris
Florida	Bill Taylor
	Paula Hawkins
Georgia	Bob Beckham
	Margaret Holliman
Guam	Paul M. Calvo
	(No Woman Delegate)
Hawaii	George L. Dyer, Jr.
	Carla W. Coray
Idaho	Dennis Olsen
	Marjorie Miner

Illinois	William C. Ives
	Margaret S. Hart
Indiana	Thomas S. Milligan
	Faye I. Mowery
Iowa	Wiley Mayne
	Jen Madsen
Kansas	William Falstad
	Marynell Reece
Kentucky	Mike Duncan
	Elaine Parsley
Louisiana	Roy L. Brun
	Carol D. Fisher
Maine	Merton G. Henry
	Doris Russell
Maryland	David R. Forward
	Joan Beck
Massachusetts	Frank H. Conway
	Margaret M. Heckler
Michigan	Paul Henry
	Maxine Swanson
Minnesota	Bill Frenzel
	Jan Nelson
Mississippi	Clarke Reed
	Lillian Todd
Missouri	Glen Brogden
	Edna Eads
Montana	Allen Kolstad
	Helen Johnson
Nebraska	Lowell Hummel
	Eva Jean Beltner
Nevada	Dan Poggione
	Jane Idso
New Hampshire	Stephen W. Smith
	Susan N. McLane
New Jersey	Peter H. B. Frelinghuysen
	Eleanore S. Nissley
New Mexico	Jack M. Morgan
	Carol Stahl
New York	Jacob K. Javits
	Geraldine Jones
North Carolina	H. Joseph Beard
	Fran Rowe
North Dakota	Ben J. Clayburgh
	Connie Nicholas
Ohio	Kent B. McGough
	Wanda J. Snyder

Oklahoma	Fox Wood, III
	Grace Boulton
Oregon	Victor Atiyeh
	Diana Evans
Pennsylvania	Richard S. Schweiker
	Elsie H. Hillman
Puerto Rico	Patrick Wilson
	Lilliana San Juan de Gonzalez
Rhode Island	Frederick Lippitt
	Jennifer M. O'Donnell
South Carolina	J. Clyde Shirley
	Sherry Shealy Martschink
South Dakota	Bill Church
	Lorraine Collins
Tennessee	Winfield Dunn
	Alice Algood
Texas	Robert L. Monaghan
	Ruth J. McGuckin
Utah	Alex P. Hurtado
	Doris Wilson
Vermont	Gordon Knox, Jr.
	(No Woman Delegate)
Virginia	William Stanhagen
	Virginia Lampe
Virgin Islands	Melvin H. Evans
	(No Woman Delegate)
Washington	Richard Derham
	Beverly Vozenilek
West Virginia	Thomas E. Potter
	Ellie Flowers
Wisconsin	William A. Steiger
	Dorann Gunderson
Wyoming	John Ostlund
	Charlotte McMillan

MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS

Alabama	Albert Lee Smith, Jr.
	Frances Wideman
Alaska	Clifford J. Groh
	Yvonne Alford
Arizona	Bart Fleming
	Beatrice Strong
Arkansas	William H. Dunklin
	Marguerite Turner
California	Mike D. Antonovich
	Lorelei Kinder

Colorado	Joseph Coors
	Mona Hinman
Connecticut	Lawrence DeNardis
	Joan Rader
Delaware	James H. Baxter, Jr.
	Lavinia Hodgden
District of Columbia	William Cooper
	Marjorie Parker
Florida	Fred W. Streetman, Jr.
	Ginny Dinkins
Georgia	Joseph Tribble
	Leona Norton
Guam	T. Frank Flores
	(No Woman Delegate)
Hawaii	V. Thomas Rice
	Mary George
Idaho	Wilson Steen
	Leora Day
Illinois	John B. Anderson
	Ruth R. Hooper
Indiana	John C. Hart
	Betty J. Rendel
Iowa	Robert D. Ray
	Joan Lipsky
Kansas	Bob Dole
	Neta Pollom
Kentucky	Charles R. Coy
	Liz Thomas
Louisiana	David C. Treen
	Beverly McLean
Maine	George Wood, III
	Henrietta Page Crane
Maryland	George Price
	Marjorie S. Holt
Massachusetts	Silvio O. Conte
	Margaret Hunter
Michigan	L. William Seidman
	Elizabeth Durbin
Minnesota	Douglas M. Head
	Mary Forsythe
Mississippi	Charles Pickering
	Bobbie Thomas
Missouri	Thomas B. Curtis
	Rosemary Wilcox
Montana	M. C. (Myrt) Bowman
	Ada Nash

Nebraska	Roman L. Hruska
	Kay Orr
Nevada	Reese Taylor
	Peggy Wutke
New Hampshire	Alf E. Jacobson
	Ruth L. Griffin
New Jersey	Edwin B. Forsythe
	Millicent Fenwick
New Mexico	Keith R. Baltz
	Gayle Irick
New York	Barber B. Conable, Jr.
	Leslie A. Maeby
North Carolina	John East
	Betty Lou Johnson
North Dakota	Allan C. Young
	Gerridee Wheeler
Ohio	Ralph J. Perk
	Jo Ann Davidson
Oklahoma	Lew Ward
	Dorothy Zumwalt
Oregon	Joe Usry
	Mary Alice Ford
Pennsylvania	Hugh Scott
	Martha Bell Schoeninger
Puerto Rico	Mario F. Gaztambide, Jr.
	Sara Gallardo de Gonzalez
Rhode Island	Richard Israel
	Louise S. Mauran
South Carolina	Carroll A. Campbell, Jr.
	Ruth Glover
South Dakota	Gary Enright
	Barbara Gunderson
Tennessee	Harold Sterling
	Faye Chiles
Texas	James E. Lyon
	Barbara G. Culver
Utah	William A. Stevenson
	Georgia B. Peterson
Vermont	John K. Wu
	Carolyn Miller
Virginia	Richard D. Obenshain
	Bonnie L. Paul
Virgin Islands	Philip Clark
	(No Woman Delegate)
Washington	Dennis Dunn
	Shirley Miller

West Virginia ..... J. D. Hinkle, Jr.
Louise Leonard
Wisconsin ..... Larry Durning
Ann Peckham
Wyoming ..... Jim Thompson
Ruth Adams

ANNOUNCEMENTS

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — I would now like to announce the meeting of these committees. These duly constituted committees of the convention will meet in formal session this afternoon as follows:

From 3:00 to 5:00 o'clock, Committee on Rules and Order of Business, Grand Ballroom, Continental Hotel.

Committee on Credentials, 3:00 to 5:00 o'clock, Terrace Grill of the Radisson Muehlebach.

From 3:00 to 5:00 o'clock, Committee on Permanent Organization, Imperial Ballroom, Radisson Muehlebach.

Committee on Resolutions, Music Hall of the Municipal Auditorium, 3:00 to 5:00 o'clock.

Thank you.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Gerridee Wheeler is a woman committed to people. She is immediate past president of the National Association for Mental Health, vice president of the National Committee for the Prevention of Child Abuse, and a member of the National Commission on the Observance of International Women's Year.

All of this combined with her very outstanding service on the Republican National Committee once again proves the adage that busy people get things done.

I present my good friend and colleague from Bismarck, North Dakota, Gerridee Wheeler. (Applause.)

REMARKS BY GERRIDEE WHEELER
NATIONAL COMMITTEEWOMAN FOR NORTH DAKOTA

MRS. GERRIDEE WHEELER OF NORTH DAKOTA. — Thank you, Mary Louise. Ladies and gentlemen of the convention, it is my great honor and privilege here this morning to speak with you for a few moments. My remarks will be directed to one of the most loved and needed and most influential segments of our society — the older American, our greatest resource.

The theme of this convention is our National Bicentennial year. For two years we have paid tribute to our nation's precious history. We have looked critically at both our failures and successes.

You older Americans wrote and lived our history and, because of you and your laboring, we are able to move into the future.

We as Republicans believe that the older American deserves greater opportunity for direct participation in our society. We believe your judgment, your experience, your talents, are immensely valuable as we plan and build for a better and more just America.

But people, any people, cannot participate fully, positively and equally in our political system unless they are free from the fear of poverty, hunger and ill health.

Because we believe so strongly, the Republican Party has been seeking and will continue to concern itself with ways to improve the lives of older Americans. The importance of the Social Security System to the well-being and financial peace of mind of older Americans demands that we in our platform make these promises to you.

We will not let the Social Security System fail.

We will never play politics with the Social Security System.

We will not allow Social Security to be turned into a welfare system based on need rather than the contributions that you have made.

In refinancing Social Security, the cost to the employer must not be raised to the point where the employer will be unable to afford to contribute to employees' private pension programs.

We will work for an increase in the earned income ceiling so there will not be the present penalty on working.

We also promise and have made it a part of our national platform that we will work to increase home and outpatient care, adequate transportation, nutrition, day care and homemaker services, as well as improving institutions.

The Republican Party makes these promises, and we will keep this covenant with you. There is magic in building together. The Republican Party needs you, and you need the Republican Party.

Let us form a partnership so strong, so firm, so lasting, that together we can build a future worthy of the contribution you have made to the America of today.

Thank you. (Applause.)

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — May I have your attention, please? I am aware that a great deal of this first session of the 1976 Convention consists of many parliamentary details that are necessary.

You have, of course, been privileged to hear also from several fine, outstanding Republican leaders who have helped us get this convention off to a splendid start.

For your help, for your cooperation, I thank you.

The benediction will be offered by Dr. Daniel L. Towler, United Methodist Minister to the Campus and Director of the Wesley Foundation at California State University, in Los Angeles. Dr. Towler.

BENEDICTION

BY

DR. DANIEL L. TOWLER

DR. TOWLER. — Let us pray.

Let all the people praise Thee, O God, let all the people praise Thee.

The Lord bless you and keep you. The Lord make his face to shine upon you and be gracious unto you. The Lord lift up the light of His countenance upon you and give you peace. Amen.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Thank you, Dr. Dan Towler.

I recognize the delegate from North Carolina, Betty Lou Johnson.

MRS. BETTY LOU JOHNSON OF NORTH CAROLINA. — Madam Chairman, I move that this convention recess until 7:00 p.m. this evening.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — You have heard the motion. Is there a second?

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Second.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — All those in favor signify by saying aye.

(Chorus of ayes.)

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Opposed, no. (No response.)

The ayes have it. This convention stands in recess until 7:00 p.m. this evening.

(Thereupon at 12:25 p.m., the Republican National Convention recessed, to reconvene at 7:00 p.m., the same day, Monday, August 16, 1976.)

SECOND SESSION

MONDAY, AUGUST 16, 1976

The second session of the convention convened at 7:00 p.m. While the Delegates, Alternates and guests were assembling, they were entertained by the Bicentennial Convention Orchestra under the leadership of Manny Harmon, with Lee Bowman acting as Master of Ceremonies.

CALL TO ORDER

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Good evening, fellow Republicans. May we please come to order. Will you assist us, please, in coming to order now to begin the Second Session of the 1976 Republican National Convention.

PRESENTATION OF THE COLORS

Please stand as the Colors are presented by the University of Kansas ROTC Color Guard, under the command of Captain Richard Braddock.

(The Colors were thereupon presented by the ROTC Color Guard of the University of Kansas, commanded by Captain Richard Braddock.)

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — The Pledge of Allegiance is always a beautiful statement of our love of our country. It is fitting tonight that a beautiful person shall lead us in the Pledge, Miss USA, Barbara Peterson of Minneapolis, Minnesota. Barbara Peterson.

MISS PETERSON. — I am honored to share these opening ceremonies of our National Convention, honoring with you our flag and this Republic for which it stands. It is like the invocation of Divine blessing upon your proceedings.

It is neither a partisan act, nor is it an empty ceremony. It is faithful to those whose spirit has fashioned this political freedom and founded our nation almost two hundred years ago.

This Pledge of Allegiance to our flag has profound significance, for it recalls in clear and simple words, the historic achievement of those remarkable architects of this nation and its free political institutions.

More than that, it is your challenge and pledge, as it is for Americans of other political persuasions, to so participate in the political process of 1976 that our country will, in truth, be a strongly united and indivisible nation, promoting and proclaiming liberty and justice for all people. Let us join then in this great Pledge.

(Miss Peterson then led the Delegates, Alternates and guests in the Pledge of Allegiance.)

THE NATIONAL ANTHEM

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — The National Anthem will be sung by a native American, a member of the Cherokee Nation, a very talented and very special young American, Princess Pale Moon. She will be accompanied by the Bicentennial Convention Orchestra, under the direction of Manny Harmon. Princess Pale Moon.

(The National Anthem was sung by Princess Pale Moon.)

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Thank you very much, Princess Pale Moon.

The invocation will be given by Reverend Ted Nissen, Pastor of the Colonial Presbyterian Church of Kansas City, Missouri. Reverend Nissen.

INVOCATION

BY

REVEREND TED NISSEN, PASTOR
Colonial Presbyterian Church of Kansas City

Let us begin by just bowing quietly before God for a moment together. Shall we?

God, our Father, we thank You this evening just for the privilege of being alive. And we thank You for the privilege of having significant things to do and this is one of our significant things.

We are grateful, God, that You are not so busy in the universe being its creator and sustainer that You don't have time for the affairs of men because we know You are interested in us. And we are grateful, as well, that You do not reside just in the sanctuaries of churches. And so we are bold enough to ask You to be God of this arena, and to be the Lord of this Convention, tonight, and through the week.

Lord, we want to bear in mind that You really want to live in men's hearts by invitation so that our bodies literally become Your temple. Help us, God, to have the right kind of humility towards You with these thoughts and I'm

reminded of what You have spoken through Jeremiah, "Let not the wise man glory in his wisdom, let not the mighty man glory in his might, let not the rich man glory in his riches; but let him who glories, glory in this — that he understands and knows Me, that I am the Lord who practiced steadfast love and justice and righteousness in the land; for in these things I delight, saith the Lord."

God, we ask that these things would characterize the convention this week: Submission before You and humility; that we would have a great sense of love and justice and righteousness for this land. And, God, that You would help us do our part and that we would not expect that kind of integrity among those who are in important places more than the integrity that we stand for ourselves.

Guide us and bless us throughout this week.

I offer this prayer in the name of our Lord, Jesus Christ, who loved us and gave himself for us. Amen.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — May I have your attention, please.

Missouri is known as the "Show Me" State, and Kit Bond did. When he assumed office at the age of thirty-three, then the youngest governor in the country, he said he would reform State government, and he did. He showed Missourians that government can be operated as effectively as business. He has shown them that they made the right choice when they elected him the first Republican governor of Missouri since 1940. He has earned another term.

I would like to say to Governor Bond, the people of Kansas City and the entire State of Missouri, we are glad to be here.

Please welcome with me Governor Kit Bond of the great State of Missouri.

ADDRESS OF WELCOME TO THE STATE OF MISSOURI BY THE HONORABLE CHRISTOPHER S. BOND GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

GOVERNOR BOND. — Madam Chairman, fellow Delegates, ladies and gentlemen:

As Host Governor, I am honored to welcome each of you to Kansas City and to Missouri, including those of you who are staying in some of the finest hotels in the State of Kansas.

As a Missouri Republican, I am excited to see so many Republicans in one place at one time. Frankly, we want to make your visit so enjoyable you will decide to stay on permanently. In fact, I may be the only politician here recruiting Republicans after the convention.

We in Missouri think of our State as the heart of America's heartland, and I know you will find that our State and this city are among the most livable and

attractive in our nation. But for this week, the important thing is not what you see outside the Convention Hall but what you do inside it.

I also welcome you to that challenge. It is a challenge issued by history to both of America's political parties in this summer of '76. And how we meet history's summons may determine whether our country will prosper or stagnate, and whether our party will thrive or wither away.

American government and American politics must end more than just our second century. If government is to be effective, the arrogant assumption that Washington knows best must end. And if the Congress is to be helpful, the reflex spending of the Congress must end. And if public servants are to be trusted, public deceit must end. (Applause.)

But history's challenge is not only how we end our second century; it is how we begin our third. Will America's political parties cling to the past, or will they chart a clear and responsible course for the future?

We do not take this test alone. The Democratic Convention in New York City faced the same challenge. They faced that challenge, and they failed. (Applause.)

The people hoped for a clear rejection of wasteful Federal spending. What they got was Walter Mondale.

The people hoped for specific programs for those in need. What they got was Jimmy Carter.

The people hoped for a denunciation of immorality in the Congress. What they got was smiles.

People hoped for towering leadership. What they got was peanuts. (Applause.)

Now it is our turn to take the test. And if we don't do any better than the Democrats, the arithmetic of American politics says that smiles and peanuts are going to win an election.

Yet if we meet the challenge boldly, the Republican Party and America can win. (Applause.)

Let me put that challenge to you in the way the people of the "Show Me" State might put it: Show us a Republican Party not only with a passionate distrust of big government, but also with a compassionate concern for those in need.

Show us a Republican Party not only distressed by the immorality of some Democrats in the Congress, but also outraged by the stain of Watergate on the honor of our party. (Applause.)

Show us a Republican Party not only committed to ending welfare fraud, but also committed to finding jobs for the unemployed.

Show us a Republican Party that not only respects the dignity of the aging, but also welcomes the idealism of youth. (Applause.)

Show us a Republican Party not only strong in its historic devotion to human rights for Blacks, but also unyielding in its support for equal rights for women.

Tens of millions of Americans are watching now as this convention begins its work. And if you show us that everything — including the Republican Party — is up-to-date in Kansas City, the people of Missouri and of America will show you something.

Show us a Republican Party determined to chart an American future as proud as her past, and we will show you a national Republican majority in November. Thank you. (Applause.)

As Host Governor, it is now my great honor and privilege to introduce to you for the purpose of making a presentation, my right-hand man, the essential part of the Bond-Phelps team in the State of Missouri, our great Lieutenant Governor William C. Phelps.

PRESENTATION OF GOLD CONVENTION BADGE TO ODY J. FISH BY THE HONORABLE WILLIAM C. PHELPS LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

MR. PHELPS. — Thank you very much, Governor Bond.

In recognition and appreciation for his outstanding service as Manager of this great 1976 Republican National Convention and for his service as vice chairman of the Arrangements Committee, it is my privilege and honor to present to Mr. Ody Fish of Wisconsin this remembrance (a gold Convention Badge was presented to Ody Fish).

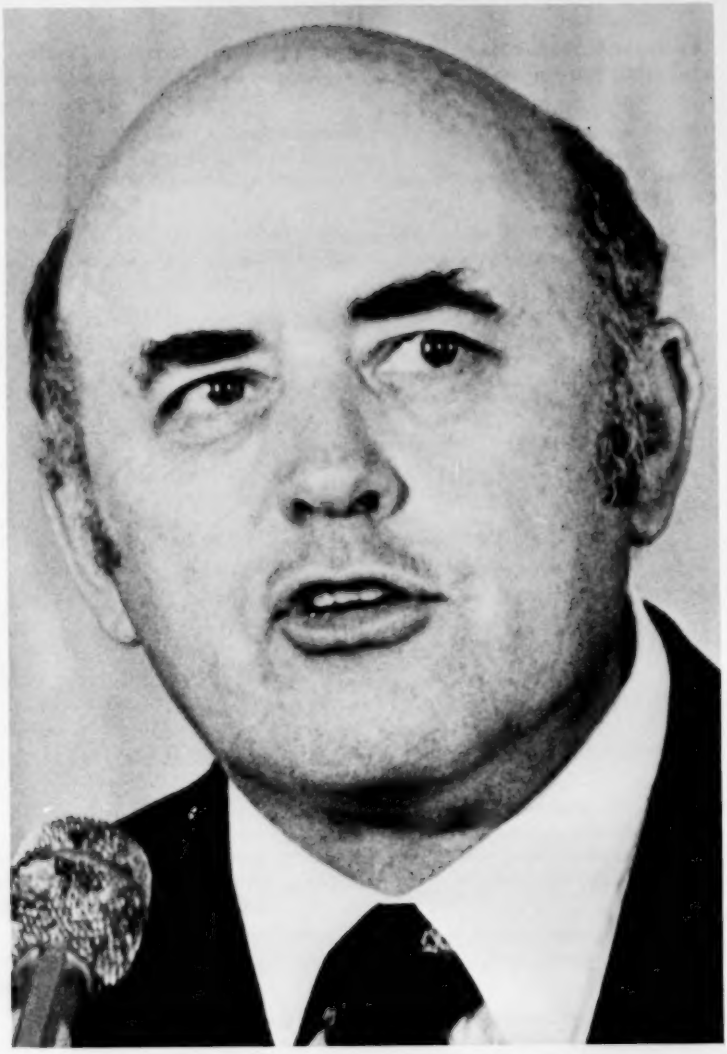
MR. ODY J. FISH. — Thank you, Governor Phelps. This convention was put together by some magnificent people. They worked hard and long and with great competence. They deserve your gratitude, and I want to thank them before this convention.

The Arrangements Committee and its staff have performed with dedication and responsibility, and the people of Kansas and Missouri and the City of Kansas City itself have done so much for this convention and for those who are attending it — the media, the guests, the staff, the Delegates and the Alternates. We are deeply grateful.

I am confident that no convention has ever been held anywhere that has had more cooperation, more friendliness, and more willingness to help us solve any problem, large or small.

So many persons have been special. All of them should be called to your attention, but I would like to mention two — Miss Josephine Good and Senator Bob Knowles. (Applause.)

Each of these key individuals has given so much to make this convention work, and I am appreciative beyond words to each.



ODY J. FISH of Wisconsin
Vice Chairman of the Committee on Arrangements
Convention Manager

We sincerely hope that you will find the arrangements for this convention which we have put together over the past several months satisfactory for your stay in Kansas City and in your carrying out of the important business at hand. May your pleasures be bountiful and your inconveniences minimal.

One other note — this is one of the two most tightly contested Republican Presidential conventions in my lifetime. I don't know who you will select as our nominee, but I do know this — we of the Arrangements Committee have done our utmost in our preparations to make this convention equitable to all. Our determination has been to cooperate with the candidates, their staffs and with their supporters.

I thank you. (Applause.)

MUSIC

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — I know you will all share my enthusiasm and pleasure over this next announcement. Princess Pale Moon, the beautiful Cherokee Indian, who sang the National Anthem, will entertain us once again. She will sing the brand new patriotic selection, which was written by Will Rose. This is the first time that this selection has ever been heard in public. If you will watch carefully, you will find that Princess Pale Moon will interpret the lyrics with beautiful Indian dance motions. Princess Pale Moon.

PRINCESS PALE MOON. — I dedicate this to the people of America. (Princess Pale Moon sang.)

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — In 1974 the State of South Carolina took a great step forward and elected its first Republican governor in 100 years. After two years in the State Senate, James B. Edwards won the first statewide primary in South Carolina. As governor, he has established a reputation for preserving fiscal integrity and bringing sound management practices to State government.

His wide public support and his administrative ability have helped him govern effectively, despite a State legislature solidly controlled by the opposition.

I present to this convention the National Committeeman from South Carolina and a distinguished Republican governor, the Honorable James B. Edwards. (Applause.) (At this moment the convention broke out in great applause and cheers as Mrs. Betty Ford and Mrs. Nancy Reagan entered the Arena from opposite sides.)

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Ladies and gentlemen, may we have your help, please, so that we can go on with our agenda. We love the enthusiasm. We appreciate your spirit. Will you please come to order. May I have your help please. Will you help us bring quiet so that we can go on with our program. Thank you very much. Thank you for your help.

ADDRESS BY THE HONORABLE JAMES B. EDWARDS GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA AND NATIONAL COMMITTEEMAN FOR SOUTH CAROLINA

GOVERNOR EDWARDS. — Madam Chairlady, Mary Louise Smith; fellow Delegates, distinguished guests, ladies and gentlemen, and my fellow Americans.

I am indeed honored to share this exciting experience of our Republican National Convention with all of you. I must confess I have never been welcomed so warmly in my life. (Applause and laughter.)

I must confess also that any time those two lovely ladies, the former First Lady of California and our present First Lady, want to take my time, I will be glad to give it over to them, because they are an awful lot more prettier than I am. (Applause.)

I am indeed happy to stand here tonight and express my pride in being a member of the Republican Party, that party that has been the guardian of fiscal integrity, the protector of the free enterprise system, a stalwart defender of our nation's Constitution, and an advocate of a strong military defense. Yes, a military posture that will keep the peace and insure that we will never have to crawl on our knees to ask favors of our enemies, wherever they may be in the world.

Our battle ahead is a tough one. We must fight to prevent the Democrat-dominated Congress from further weakening the rights of the individual and continuing its tragic course of wasteful spending and hollow promises.

I think we are most fortunate to have two decent, honorable, capable men offering themselves to this convention to become the nominee of our party. These men have records of proven accomplishments — one in Washington, the other in the great State of California, which, by the way, represents a ten percent microcosm of this great nation.

They are men who have a strong belief in God. They are men the nation can be proud of and place their faith in.

Now, I know that each delegate here tonight has a favorite candidate. I have mine and you have yours. And as we carry out our deliberations this week, let's do it with fervor and dedication to the candidate of our choice. And after the final vote is cast on Wednesday, let's all join together behind the nominee of this convention and make absolutely sure he is elected come November. (Applause.)

This country cannot afford an irresponsible Democrat President to go along with that same kind of Congress. (Applause.)

There is one thing that I have learned in politics, that is that political memories are often very short. Many people have forgotten the terrible problems that existed in this country during the years of the previous Democrat Administration. Yes, too many people have forgotten the years of campus unrest, the

anarchy in the streets, the protest marches, the riots, the burning, the entry into that unfortunate war in Southeast Asia and the escalation of that war.

Many have forgotten the terrible sacrifices so many brave men made, sacrifices made without goal or objectives of victory.

Might I remind you all that in the last century no Republican President has led our nation into a war, and in the two most recent conflicts there were two Republicans who got us out of them. (Applause.)

It was a Republican Administration that quieted down the campus unrest and restored peace and harmony to the streets of America. It was a Republican Administration that for the first time in years brought balance of power diplomacy between the Communist superpowers, making our peace more secure and much less expensive.

Yes, it was our Republican Administrations that reconstituted the Supreme Court by appointments of strict constructionists who have a respect for our Constitution. We now have a Court with a keen sense of responsibility, thanks to our Republican Party.

Many may have forgotten that it was our Republican Administration that brought our prisoners home from the bamboo cages in Southeast Asia and how proud we were when those first brave men stood once again on American soil and saluted the flag while all the world watched.

And I hope to tell you that we are going to get an accounting of the MIA's that are still over there from the former enemy.

It was a Republican Administration that recently used the veto power on fifty-four occasions, successfully saving the taxpayers of America over $13 billion. Despite the Democrat Congress, the current administration has worked to solve the problems of inflation and revitalize our nation's economy.

Inflation still remains our big problem, and it is caused by the wild, irresponsible spending of a Democrat Congress. Ever since the days of their Great Society, large groups of people have been given all the necessities of life without requiring them to produce goods and services in return. This has created an abundance of money and a shortage of goods and services.

Under the law of supply and demand, inflation will continue to eat away at the buying power of the working man's paycheck in America. And when I say the working man, I mean that forgotten middle-American, male or female, who labors all week, producing goods and services — those of us who struggle to clothe, educate, feed and house our families, people who go to church on the weekend and return to work on Monday, knowing that 43 percent of their labors go to a government that is insensitive to their problems.

While our country cries out for less government, look what the Democrat record really is. In the last fifteen years they have increased the number of Federal agencies by 236, and they have increased our Federal deficit by more than $100 billion in the last two years.

I think it would be proper for us to review the history of our budget in this country. It took us 180 years to reach an annual budget of $100 billion. This happened in 1962. It took us only nine more years to double that budget to $200 billion. This happened in 1971. It took only four years more to reach $300 billion. This took place in 1975. And this year it will exceed $350 billion.

I need not remind those present that Democrats controlled the Congress during this entire period of irresponsible budget growth. (Applause.)

I can't help but be reminded of the words of Professor Tytler, spoken over 210 years ago. I think they bear repeating at this time, and I quote,

> "A Democracy cannot exist as a permanent form of government. It can only exist until the voters discover that they can vote themselves gifts from the public treasury. From that moment on, the majority always votes for the candidates promising the most benefits from the public treasury with the result that a democracy always collapses over loose fiscal policy, always followed by a dictatorship. The average of the world's greatest civilizations has been 200 years."

I think that is a most sobering thought at this time in our nation's history.

In this bicentennial year we should reflect on what Americans want, and I think they want less government, more control of their own affairs, more say so as to how they spend their hard-earned money, not how government says they should spend it. (Applause.)

In Washington today the American people are paying for 63,000 bureaucrats in regulatory agencies alone, telling the American people what they cannot do. I have looked in vain to find bureaucrats whose work it is to say that we can do that, "Yes, Mr. and Mrs. America, you can do that," but they are nowhere in sight.

America cannot long endure if this oppressive overregulation continues. America was built on a "can do" philosophy, and our party must continue to fight to restore this philosophy to the forefront of American thinking. The only way to do this is to wrest the control of Congress from the Democrats, and, above all, elect a Republican President who will carry on our philosophy of less government spending and less regulation over our lives.

Our philosophy of free enterprise or private sector growth rather than artificial government spending growth will continue to reduce our nation's unemployment, will increase productivity and bring inflation under control.

This bicentennial year, our 200th birthday, is indeed a year of national destiny. The things we do here, the actions we take will affect the world and its future generations. Let's ask God's guidance over these deliberations as we rededicate ourselves to the preservation of those great principles that brought our nation out of the wilderness to what it is today.

Together, united in purpose and with the help of the Almighty and the American people, the might and majesty of America shall long endure. Thank you. (Applause.)

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Ladies and gentlemen, the Chair now recognizes for the purpose of a very important introduction a woman who has been a source of inspiration in the struggle for equality for women and minorities. She serves as Director of Women's Activities for the Corporation for Public Broadcasting, Chairwoman of the National Women's Political Caucus, a member of the Board of the Republican Women's Task Force and Alternate Delegate from the District of Columbia. I present to you Audrey Rowe Colom.

INTRODUCTION OF THE VICE PRESIDENT THE HONORABLE NELSON A. ROCKEFELLER BY AUDREY ROWE COLOM CHAIRWOMAN OF THE NATIONAL WOMEN'S POLITICAL CAUCUS

MS. ROWE. — Thank you. Delegates, Alternates, guests and friends of the Republican Party, it is indeed an honor for me to introduce our next speaker, for on December 19, 1974, Nelson Aldrich Rockefeller, was confirmed by the Congress and sworn in as the 41st Vice President of the United States.

Mr. Rockefeller was chosen by President Ford at a time when strong leadership was needed to help restore confidence in our political system.

Previously, Vice President Rockefeller was the first governor in the nation's history to be elected for four four-year terms. Under his leadership from 1959, while I was still in junior high school, to 1973, after I graduated from college, Governor Rockefeller led the State of New York to achieve national prominence in such areas as environmental protection, education, crime control, housing and consumer protection.

The Rockefeller Administration achieved prohibition of discrimination in housing, employment and places of public accommodation. He increased by nearly fifty percent the number of Blacks and Puerto Ricans holding State jobs. Mr. Rockefeller appointed women to head the largest number of State agencies in the history of New York, including the Departments of Civil Service, the Departments of State, Office of the Aging and the Consumer Protection Board.

Under his leadership women were admitted for the first time to the State police. He provided access to his office by creating a women's unit in the administration. And most importantly to the women in America and for women in the State of New York, he actively supported the ratification of the Equal Rights Amendment to the Federal Constitution. (Applause.)

I present to this convention the Vice President of the United States, Nelson A. Rockefeller. (Applause.)

ADDRESS BY
THE HONORABLE NELSON A. ROCKEFELLER
VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

THE VICE PRESIDENT. — Thank you very much, indeed, Ms. Colom, for those generous words and to Madam Chairman, Delegates, and fellow Americans.

Unaccustomed as I am to being a non-candidate, I greet you tonight as the only non-candidate I know on this program. This is a strange role for me. I have tried to get your nomination for sixteen years. I have waged primary fights, platform battles, and convention contests; and I have enjoyed it. Thank you. I hope it has helped this party and, more particularly, helped this America.

But I claim no record for my long-time effort; the Olympic honors for the Republican Presidential marathon remain with our good friend, Harold Stassen.

Harold, come out, come out. Where are you?

Now, one of our pundits commented on my futile quest for the nomination, referring to me as always the Republican bridesmaid but never the bride.

Now that's just not me, ladies and gentlemen. I have always wanted to be the groom, but somehow I never could get to the church on time.

Being a non-candidate, however, does not mean that I am not concerned. I am concerned. I am concerned about this Republican Party. I am concerned about America. I am concerned about equal opportunity for all Americans. I am concerned with a world in which human dignity is recognized and fostered.

And I am also concerned that Americans do not understand or appreciate the contributions of President Ford and his Administration to this Nation and the world. (Applause.)

Jerry Ford took the Presidency in the worst constitutional crisis this country had since the Civil War. By calm, deliberate and open actions and by sheer guts, he kept this Nation from being torn apart at the seams. And if it took a football player who played center without a helmet to pull us through, I say, thank God we've had him to lead the team.

My friends, the easiest thing — my friends, thank you. I just want to be sure we are all friends — the easiest thing a President can do with an appropriation bill is to sign it. Some group is always after more Federal money; worthy causes for Federal dollars are endless. But you can't keep pumping money out, more Federal dollars than are coming in, without a disaster.

Jerry Ford had the intelligence and the courage to say "no" to use — ladies and gentlemen — to use the veto as the constitutional fathers intended it; to protect the interests of the majority, all of the people against the special interests of the pressure groups.

And, contrary to what you've heard out of Madison Square Garden, the Ford Administration not only held down inflation, but raised the number of jobs in this country to its all-time high.

Ladies and gentlemen, these are real jobs, not made work. Jerry Ford took office when we were involved in the war the Democrats produced. This had not only cost us dearly in lives, in the fighting in Southeast Asia, but divided our people at home. It was a Republican Administration that got us out of the Vietnam debacle, and it was President Ford who took the firm action, thereafter, that restored the respect of friends and allies and potential foes as well, throughout the world.

And as we Baptists would say: brothers and sisters, that took some doing.

Friends, it is time to stop downgrading America. It is time to stop disparaging our special governmental structure, and it is time to stop running down our enterprise system that has made America great.

This Nation has given more people more opportunity than any nation in history. It is a unique amalgam of individuals, from virtually every race, every color, every creed, every culture in this world. The spirit of this great country has been based, but not alone, on mutual tolerance of differences, but also on dynamic partnership of these diverse elements.

This has produced a sum total of human benefit greater than the individually contributed parts could ever have achieved.

Now, in this Bicentennial Year, let us remember that the Declaration of Independence was just as much a clarion call for individual economic freedom as it was a manifesto for political liberty. The Founding Fathers knew from bitter experience that economic freedom is essential for political liberty and that political liberty is essential for economic freedom; that we can't have one without the other. Both are essential for individual human dignity.

The proper role for the government in our society is to help people help themselves; not to legislate, regulate and dominate virtually every aspect of their lives. Yet, we are constantly being pushed into more and more legislated bureaucratic red tape. Your Republican Administration is fighting it, moving towards simplified regulations in the public's interest.

Now, on the other hand, if you add up the Democratic platform pledges and the programs of the Democratic candidate, not only could they increase the Federal deficit from anywhere from $100 billion to $200 billion, but — talk about red tape — they could denude the forests to produce the supplies for their paper work and they would have to put the whole State of Virginia into the District of Columbia to house all of the bureaucrats.

This shows how desperately this Nation needs a strong and vigorous two-party system. Frankly, this Republican Party of ours has been shrinking, not growing, and it is time to face up to this reality. We know we can have a broad-based appeal. We have won four out of the last seven Presidential

elections, but we did it with candidates and with campaigns that appealed to the broad spectrum of American populous, not a narrow few.

This Republican Party can grow. The Nation requires it to do so. It must expand, gain adherents, and not repel them. We must reach out to all groups in our society, all regions of this land.

Every problem America faces today is an opportunity, and at no period in history have the opportunities been greater than they are today. If we but have the vision and the courage to grasp them, we can build an America of opportunity for all people to achieve what their capacities, their talents, and ambitions, can produce. If the Republican Party is to be a viable potential political force, we must seize these opportunities. I hope for a new spirit of unity and a vigorous program from this Republican Convention. The Republican Party needs this, and more importantly, the Nation needs it.

If you don't believe me, read the Democratic platform with its pussyfooting prose or try to figure out where the Democratic candidate stands on the issues. You know, he really belongs on that TV program called "What's My Line?"

Here's a fellow that one time calls himself a Georgia redneck and just last week in Washington, at Ralph Nader's shindig, believe it or not, he tried to pass himself off as one of the Nader-Day Saints.

My message to all Republicans is, let's expose the Democrats' double-talk, let's tell the people like it is, let's give them straight talk, the facts, let's tell them what we have done, what we will do, and what it will mean to every American now and in the future.

Let's carry to the people an imaginative, a compassionate, a realistic and a sound program for these difficult but exciting years ahead. Let's do it here and now and we are going to win a great victory in November.

Thank you very much.

PRESENTATION OF GOLD CONVENTION BADGE TO THE VICE PRESIDENT

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Ladies and gentlemen, and Mr. Vice President, I have always admired your leadership and your courage. You have shown compassion and, most of all, you have shown concern for people throughout your entire life. Such service as you have given deserves some very special recognition.

This gold badge that I give to you now is an identification of this convention, but to me it is only a small award that I can offer you, and I do so now with very great pleasure. (Applause.)

INTRODUCTION OF THE HONORABLE BARRY M. GOLDWATER BY THE HONORABLE BARRY M. GOLDWATER, JR.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — The Chair now recognizes an outstanding young man who is serving his third full term in the House of Representatives. This man is the son of a distinguished national leader, but while he followed in his father's footsteps, his footprints are his own.

I present to you for the purpose of an introduction, the Congressman from the 20th District of California, the Honorable Barry M. Goldwater, Jr.

MR. GOLDWATER. — Madam Chairman, Chairman of the Convention, Delegates and friends: What greater reward could come to a son than to stand before the nation and introduce his father? (Applause.)

This is an overwhelming moment, one which I shall cherish the rest of my life. It is great to team up with the Senator from Arizona again on a national convention. The last time I spoke for him was back in 1964 when we overwhelmed the American electorate by carrying six States in the Presidential campaign.

Now, when Mary Louise Smith asked my father if he wanted me to introduce him to the convention, I understand that he replied, "Why not? I'm not running for election this year." (Laughter.)

But, ladies and gentlemen, we lost in 1964, we lost badly. But history has passed judgment. Remember the campaign slogan, "In your heart you know that he is right?" (Applause.)

My friends, I submit to you that Barry Goldwater was right — right on target about the future of America. And one of the great tragedies of our times is that this man, this man of truth, honor and courage was denied the Presidency of the United States. (Applause.)

But as William Cullen Bryant once penned, "Truth crushed to earth shall rise again." And that is the very essence of the man from Arizona. He is a fighter, he perseveres, he tells it like it is — his driving force, his motivation, his love of God, love of family, love of country — often a voice in the wilderness, a lone warrior, like Roland of the great epic, blowing a trumpet of warning. He never relents, he never loses faith in the greatness of America or her people.

I suppose if anything sums up the life of Senator Goldwater, it would be an inscription found beneath the bust of Robert E. Lee in the Hall of Fame, beginning with that magnificent word "duty." "Duty is the most sublime word in the language. Do your duty in all things. You cannot do more. You should never wish to do less."

Grandson of Polish immigrants fleeing tyranny some 130 years ago, steeped in the rugged individualism of the West, taught values, ethics at the knees of his mother, one of the most remarkable women who ever lived, growing

up with American free enterprise and developing a spirit of charity to the less fortunate that is legend, defending his country in an hour of need, fighting for political reform in Arizona, and applying the same high standards and good ethics to a political career in Washington.

And yet finding throughout all of this time for his family, teaching his kids right from wrong, and partner with our mother in one of the greatest love stories ever. Pilot, author, photographer, ham operator, historian, navigator, like the title of the popular play, he is a man for all seasons.

Yes, I'll praise my father — praise him for devoting a lifetime to decency and truth.

I, in the House of Representatives, and he, in the United States Senate, obviously do not always agree. And you may not always agree with him either. But one point — I challenge anyone to question his integrity. He has it. (Applause.)

And if this convention carries that message of political honesty and integrity to the American people, we will be successful in November.

Ladies and gentlemen, with grateful devotion and humble pride, I give you Senator Barry Goldwater, American. (Standing ovation as father and son embraced and stood together at the podium.)

ADDRESS BY
THE HONORABLE BARRY M. GOLDWATER
UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM ARIZONA

SENATOR GOLDWATER. — Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Ford, and Mrs. Reagan, my fellow Republicans:

Well, if you can't hear me, we haven't paid our two bits. Put some more juice in. Louder? O.K.

How many men have been introduced by a son serving in Congress? His mother and I are deeply proud of him. In fact, he and my family — his mother and our other three children and ten grandchildren — have brought happiness to our past and will bring joy to those years ahead.

I want to thank you, Barry, for those kind words. I almost thought I wrote them, but I didn't. (Laughter.)

In fact, we like to call him a block off the old chip. (Laughter.)

Now, as we meet here tonight, one matter should be considered paramount to all our deliberations. And that matter is our party position as the national defender of individual liberty. What is it that we believe in? We believe in and adhere to the Constitution of the United States. We believe in and engage in free enterrprise. We believe in and practice the proven truth that only through spiritual, economic and military strength can we preserve the peace that we now have. (Applause.)

Our enemies are deaf to the whining of weakness, but they hear loud and clear the voice of strength. So I wish to speak to you tonight not so much as a Republican concerned about the direction of his party, but as an American concerned about the destiny of his country. For we are all Americans and we are all Republicans, and what we do here in convention assembled will stretch far beyond ourselves, far beyond this year and our party.

Our victory — and victory will be ours if we earn it — our victory must either be one that transcends party, or it will be no victory at all. Now, for forty years our country has been living in a slow but sure drift away from our constitutional plan of government. In the same time we have been moving, slowly at first, but now at a gallop, toward nationalized economy — which we must call by its real name — and quit pussyfooting about it, we must call it — socialism. (Applause.)

Ladies and gentlemen, add these two together, and you and I and all Americans will, within a few short years, lose our freedoms.

Now, let me say that this is no time to dream up promises which we can't keep — to pit people against people, to fight each other. It is time that we speak truths and decide what we can do to save the last stronghold of freedom on earth. This is our challenge, and let me remind you, it may be the last time it will be ours to accept.

Because of what we do here and in the weeks of the campaign to follow, the United States of America will either continue its resurgence in a rebirth of freedom which was so well begun, or we will resume our suicidal slide towards socialism under the demagoguery that passes for leadership in the other party. (Applause.)

Now we are told, depend on one man — depend on Mr. Carter — and I say "Why?" Why should you or I or any of us depend on any one man to protect and preserve what is so much larger than any one man — namely freedom and all that goes with it and all that we have fought for and all that we believe in? (Applause.)

Why must all this depend on Mr. Carter? I ask the question, and I will admit to being a little afraid. I know the answer. It doesn't depend on him. It depends on us, on all of us Americans.

Ours is a country of all the people, not of one person. But I say I am afraid, and let me tell you why. For a moment or two I would like to discuss with you what the alternative to our approach means. Allow me then to move Mr. Carter across the screen, slowly.

Mr. Carter is the man who won a string of primary victories by ranting against Washington, promising to cut the cost of government and balance the national budget. But Mr. Carter is also the man who endorsed wholeheartedly a Democrat platform which would, if enacted, add $125 billion to the annual cost of government. (Applause.)

I might add, now he finds that his campaign is short $150,000. I will just remind him, them ain't peanuts! (Applause.)

Mr. Carter is the man who told the Democrat Convention that our tax system was a disgrace to the human race. But Mr. Carter was also the man who told a group of New York money men that this disgrace could continue for at least another year while he studied the system and adopted a go-slow policy on matters of tax reform. And at the same time he was saying these things, a Democrat Congress refused to reform the tax muddle. In fact, they made it worse, and opened more loopholes.

Mr. Carter is the man who time and time again pledged to reduce the number of Federal agencies if he were elected, but he is also the man who, after spending several hours with Ralph Nader, decided there was room for one more super-billion dollar agency designed to attract votes from consumers.

What Mr. Carter never seems to get around to is the fact that his own party members in Congress are the architects and perpetrators of the things he has denounced to win votes. If the cost of government is too high — and we all know it is — then the Democrats who built the welfare state with all its expensive programs must accept the blame. If our tax system is a disgrace to the human race, then it is a Democrat disgrace, for the Democrats in Congress have built this hodge-podge system with all its loopholes and its inequities. (Applause.)

What Mr. Carter offers us is the same old thing that Democrats have always offered us — more government which will lead to one man with more power and a national citizenry with less power.

Now he claims to offer the country something new and something different, but let me tell you I have seen it all before. I have seen Mr. Carter's future, and it doesn't work. I have seen Mr. Carter's future and it is Lyndon Johnson's past. (Applause.)

It is the same old radical left-wing politics which exploits the differences among people, instead of building on the things they hold in common — the things they hold in common on which the foundation of our government rests — the things that they hold in common, like freedom and faith and lives of quiet honor.

Oh, I have seen Mr. Carter's future and found it wanting. I have seen his kind of government issue regulations that say, "No," when the people say "Yes." I have seen Mr. Carter's future, and I don't believe in it. It is weakness in a world where power is respected.

I have lived through four of his governments, and let me remind you, there was a war in every single one of them. And it took the Republican Party to stop these wars. (Applause.)

In fact, I might say that in my life, this country, the United States, has never lived in an era of so much promise in the field of peace. And I don't want to see it destroyed by a man and men who knows absolutely nothing about foreign policy. (Applause.)

Oh, I have seen Mr. Carter's kind of government before. It was Mr. Carter's kind of government that told us in Boston that we couldn't send our children to the school next door. It was his kind of government that told us in Missouri that it could give our young daughters abortions without our even knowing about it. It was Mr. Carter's kind of government that told us in St. Louis that it could tear down our neighborhoods.

It told our military in Southeast Asia not to win and forbade them to win. I want no more of weak-kneed leaders. (Applause.)

It was Mr. Carter's kind of government that tried to tell the people in Scottsdale, Arizona, my home, they couldn't hold a father-and-son banquet.

Yes, I have seen Mr. Carter's kind of government before. I have seen it because the Democrats who controlled Congress for most of the last half century have given us the laws that embraced exactly the kind of government he promises.

Yes, we have seen Mr. Carter's government, and we don't want it. Ladies and gentlemen, it would be total disaster for our republic.

Now, what the American people want is not so much to be told what is wrong, as to be left free to discover what is right. What they want, in addition to someone they can trust, is to be trusted themselves. What the American people really want is not a government that promises to free them from all their problems; they want a government that just promises to keep them free so they can solve their own problems — united, not divided; together, not alone. And also we want a government which will keep us strong.

Again, as we meet in Kansas City to go through the accepted work of a convention, we must first approach the task as Americans, not as partisans. Our partisanships must transcend our party, for we are partisans not merely of the Republican banner. We are partisans of America's values and America's traditions and America's legacy of liberty and freedom.

We are people who believe in limited government, unlimited individual opportunity and maximum personal freedom. We know that what we are is less important than what we believe in. In that one perception especially we are different from our opponents.

Now, I attended the National Democrat Convention a few weeks ago, sat through every moment of it, and freedom was never mentioned even once at that convention. (Applause.)

I suggest we must take ourselves less seriously, and we must take more seriously the things in which we all believe. In effect, my fellow Republicans, we shall shortly be engaged in a political crusade to retain the last vestiges of individual freedom. We shall be fighting an enemy whose party platform would saddle the American taxpapers with additional billions in taxes and more inflation every year. We fight to keep this nation of free men and women from smothering in the government excesses of the welfare state.

We fight to keep our free institutions and free enterprise from strangling in the additional miles of red tape. In short, this is where we battle for the freedom of the individual. And let me remind you again, our party stands for freedom and strength. It is what we believe in, and it is what America wants. Make no mistake about it. We are the last, best hope on earth for sound, free government, and we must fight to realize that hope before it is too late.

These are the things of top importance to me. We are not here to fight and argue with each other. We have two of the best candidates ever to come before a convention. (Applause.)

Our job is to pick one, and then all of us have to work, work, work to elect him. We don't need or want Mr. Carter and his warped idea of what this country is all about. We want freedom and continued peace.

I thank you. (Applause.)

ADDRESS BY
THE HONORABLE MARY LOUISE SMITH
CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Ladies and gentlemen, the next item on the agenda is an address by the Chairman of the Republican National Committee.

My name is Mary Louise Smith. And I am here to tell you Jimmy Carter is not going to be President of the United States. Ladies and gentlemen, I am also here as Chairman of the Republican National Committee, and I feel a deep personal pride in being the first woman to serve in this position and the first woman to convene the National Nominating Convention of a major political party.

I hope this says something to the women of America about the significant role that women can and do play in the Republican Party.

I am here because I have a personal stake in America and because I want my children and your children to share in the same freedoms and opportunities that I enjoy, because I live in the greatest nation in the world, and just like all of you, I want to help keep it that way.

As Americans, we don't believe the price of greatness must be the loss of our individual freedoms. As Republicans, we know that that price would be too high. America cannot afford Jimmy Carter. A Carter-Mondale ticket would be a different kind of America and it would be different in some very frightening ways.

We are beginning to find out about this man, Jimmy Carter, and what we are finding makes me shiver.

Facts tell us more about Carter than his words do. Look at his running mate. After a wide search, Carter chose a man with one of the most liberal voting

MARY LOUISE SMITH of Iowa
Chairman of the Republican National Committee

records in the United States Senate and Carter says this man's beliefs are compatible with his own.

Look at his record. Jimmy Carter told us he was an efficient, an economical Governor of Georgia and, yet, the facts are that Carter increased State spending by fifty-eight percent. He increased the number of State employees by twenty-four percent. And he increased his own political power. Dramatically, he called it reform.

Look at his positions. The clearest picture of Jimmy Carter emerges from the platform that he spoon-fed to the Democrats. His position sketches the broad outlines of a Carter-Mondale kind of America; a place where government would make more decisions, collect more money, set more directions, because Jimmy Carter thinks government is better able to decide for the people than the people are able to decide for themselves.

There are very few details in that platform because Carter says he will tell us how he will do things after he gets elected.

That is what I call a pig in a poke, and America won't buy it.

There is no price tag on the Democrat Platform because Carter chose not to tell America what all of his big promises would cost, and no wonder. Estimates set the cost of putting that platform into effect at more than $200 billion in a single year. If those costs were shared equally, every man, woman and child in America would have to pay an extra $1,000 in taxes just to keep the promises that Jimmy Carter made.

Four years ago, George McGovern was going to give $1,000 away for every American. Now Carter-Mondale come along with a $1,000 assessment, a $1,000 take away.

Revealed through this Democrat Platform in all his glory, Jimmy Carter knows exactly what he is going to do and the direction he wants to go. His directions aren't fuzzy. His intentions aren't fuzzy. Only his words are. He pretends to be all things to all people and that wins the respect of nobody.

Respect is what this election is all about, my friends, because America must have the kind of open, honest, candid, common sense leadership that people trust. It is the Republicans who, in 1976, can offer America this kind of leadership. We are entering this election against the backdrop of a country at peace with a healthy, expanding economy that has put money in our pockets, and more than three million Americans back to work.

Both here and abroad, we have seen the creation of a growing surge of confidence in America and her promise for the future.

In all of this, Republicans led the way. The nation responded to Republican policies and to Republican initiatives carried out in spite of a Democrat Congress.

The Democrats, who control every committee and every subcommittee of Congress, have mortgaged our future for things we didn't really want. They

have papered over our problems with money. They have confused help with handout. They have extracted a frightening toll in loss of individual freedom. And they have either forgotten or ignored the fact that government cannot begin to match the basic resourcefulness and ingenuity of the people.

Republicans believe there is a better way. By looking to private enterprise, by trusting the people, a courageous Republican partnership has helped America bring inflation down and production up. By building toward lasting prosperity, we have given our nation new hope for tomorrow. And when there is hope in America, there is hope throughout the world. Republicans are working to nurture that hope by providing government that is rooted in a basic respect for people. The things Republicans want are the things most Americans want. We come from the ranks of the people who do the work, bring up the children and dream the great dreams.

To us, part of the promise of America is a good education for all of our children; the opportunity to earn a good living; enough fuel to heat our homes and drive our cars and run our factories; a nation strong enough to live in lasting peace. We want to see rivers and streams so clean that in twenty years, we can still catch a trout; helping hands outstretched to those who need help; a respect for the quality of life. We want to be able to save enough money to do the things we dream about, and we can't if government keeps taking more and more and more away from us.

We want to be able to walk down the streets at night without being afraid. We want to know that in our days of retirement, our money will be worth enough to keep us independent. And we want to know that we have an equal chance. We want our children and their children to still enjoy that precious freedom to pursue excellence; we want them to share the freedom to aim higher, reach farther, and accomplish more than anyone has ever dreamed possible.

These are great goals, my friends, not overnight promises. We can't put them all together and call them Republican, because they are not ours alone. They are the dreams of America.

Men and women of both political parties want to eliminate human suffering. We all want enough jobs so the people can find work. We all want good housing so people can live in dignity. We all want security for older Americans. We all want truly equal opportunity for men and women of all races and all beliefs.

The difference is crucial for America. Men and women who seek public office have a fundamental obligation to tell us both what they would do and, equally as important, how they will do it. Voters should beware of any candidates who shirk this responsibility, because the nice-sounding phrases of politics can mean many things.

Government reorganization, for example, can mean streamlining and improving, or simply reshuffling. Tax reform can mean revising our tax code so that all taxpapers pay their fair share, or it can simply mean exchanging one

loophole for another. Full employment can mean lasting, permanent jobs that grow from a healthy economy, or it can mean short-term, deadend government jobs that over-promise and under-deliver. Could it be that Jimmy Carter refuses to spell out how he would get things done either because he doesn't know how or is afraid to tell?

This nation of ours is a beautiful expression of the dedication and the concern of generations that have gone before us. In spite of our faults, our way of life stands as a great example before the world. For 200 years, the American eagle has soared higher and higher. Ordinary Americans have shown that men and women can accomplish when we take our freedom and use it as an individual tool to work and shape and polish our lives.

Part of our American heritage is a fierce national pride. That pride sometimes doesn't show, but that doesn't mean it isn't there. And when it does show, it is magnificent.

On the Fourth of July, Americans danced in the streets of Boston, waved flags in Des Moines, Iowa, paraded in Atlanta, and cheered fireworks against the silhouette of the Golden Gate Bridge. Millions of people streamed into the nation's capital, old, young, rich, poor — men and women of every political persuasion and from every State and every region. They bring together a rich ethnic, racial and religious heritage. Their roots stretch around the world. But they are uniquely American.

As they came together in that grand celebration, we felt the strength and the spirit of a people of a great nation. That strength and that spirit are the reasons Republicans believe that there is no limit to what America can do. There is nothing wrong with our country, there is nothing wrong with our government that concerned, involved citizens cannot correct if government is left in the hands of the people.

It is by these beliefs that Republicans will lead the nation. We must begin by closing ranks, by joining hands, by taking the Republican message to America. Just as it is the responsibility of government to preserve and protect its citizens, it is the responsibility of the people, through our spirit, through our faith, through our dreams, and through our politics, to preserve this great nation that we love so well.

Thank you.

INTRODUCTION OF THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN BY THE HONORABLE ALF LANDON

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — This convention is privileged to have with us tonight a man who holds a special place in Republican hearts. His political career dates back to the 1920's. An active party worker, he rose rapidly to become Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee of Kansas. In 1932, he was elected governor, and through

his leadership, Kansas became the first State in the nation to pass a law prohibiting state government from going into debt.

In 1936, this man was the standard bearer of our party in the presidential campaign.

He is a venerable leader whose advice, whose counsel reflect both the wisdom of his years and his youthful spirit. Still active, he maintains a busy schedule which often includes a horseback ride before going to his office in downtown Topeka, Kansas.

Ladies and gentlemen, a man of great stature, a special friend to all of us, the elder statesman of the Republican Party, and an outstanding American, the Honorable Alf M. Landon. (Standing ovation.)

GOVERNOR LANDON. — Madam Chairman, I appreciate your kind and complimentary remarks and, ladies and gentlemen, I am deeply gratified with the warmth of your reception. It warms the cockles of my heart, whatever that means.

As I have said on other occasions, the hour of winning, of being elected precedes the hour of governing. We have a Temporary Chairman who has had that experience in both arts, essential in our American process of government. He is the ranking Republican member on the Agricultural Committee of the Senate and knows the desperate need of the world for food, and the dominant position of American agriculture in rural affairs today. He has a grass roots knowledge of the problems of the farmer and the cattleman.

As a former National Chairman of the Republican Party, he knows the need of a strong party organization if you are going to win elections at the local level, the precinct level and the county level. His record, long record of public service in war and peace, is highly commendable.

So if we are going to fill our responsibilities to the American people in presenting clearly and squarely the momentous issues confronting us, we have got to get busy.

I will now present to you our Temporary Chairman, Senator Bob Dole.

ADDRESS BY THE HONORABLE BOB DOLE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN OF THE CONVENTION AND UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM KANSAS

SENATOR DOLE. — Thank you, ladies and gentlemen. Thank you very much, Governor Landon.

As he left the podium, he said he wanted to announce he was running for precinct committeeman. (Applause.)

Before I begin my formal remarks, I want to explain the presence of the woman standing on my right. She is Eula Williams, a certified interpreter of the spoken word by hand signs. Many people with hearing impairment have urged

that the entire convention be interpreted by sign language, thereby allowing thirteen million Americans who have this handicap to share in the proceedings of this convention.

It was not possible for all of the convention to be interpreted in this manner. To Eula Williams, and all the others who may be signing across America, we are pleased to have you with us. (Applause.)

It is an honor to welcome you here tonight. It is an honorable task which brings us here. We come divided for the moment as to who shall be the next President of the United States, but we come firmly united in the conviction that he shall be and, for the good of our nation, must be a Republican President.

As we look back on the convention held in New York last month, with its smothered voices and missed opportunities and quiet capitulation to a force it hardly understood, we cannot fail to be sympathetic as we consider that we have two candidates supremely qualified and they have none at all. (Applause.)

There are those, we know, who fervently hope that the preferences which divide us will prove stronger than the principles which have bound us together. Let those who entertain false hopes recall that the Republican Party was born in strife. And if Abraham Lincoln could give to history a united America, this convention can certainly give to America a united Republican Party. (Applause.)

Throughout the Democrat primaries, the candidates had much to say about each other's inadequacies, and we could agree with everything they had to say. In the days and weeks ahead, however, they should not be judged merely by what they say but what they neglect to say. They should be judged not only by what they take credit for but what they fail to take credit for.

Let me ask you a few questions. Was it a Republican administration that embroiled this wonderful country of ours in a devastating war in 1961?

THE DELEGATES. — No.

SENATOR DOLE. — Was it a Republican administration that forced this nation into cruel and crippling inflation?

THE DELEGATES. — No.

SENATOR DOLE. — Was it a Republican Congress that entangled our people in a regulatory web that puts government into every aspect of our lives?

THE DELEGATES. — No.

SENATOR DOLE. — Was it a Republican Congress that mushroomed Federal spending programs from less than 200 in 1960 to well over 1,000 today?

THE DELEGATES. — No.

SENATOR DOLE. — Was it a Republican Congress that rejected every Administration effort to pass a comprehensive energy bill?

THE DELEGATES. — No.

SENATOR DOLE. — Was it a Republican Congress that rejected every Administration effort to enact legislation to reorganize the government?

THE DELEGATES. — No.

SENATOR DOLE. — Is that a record to be proud of?

THE DELEGATES. — No.

SENATOR DOLE. — It is a disgrace. You know it; I know it; the American people know it. (Applause.)

And their platform advocates nothing but more of the same. I would be afraid to stand on that platform, much less try to run on it. I am surprised that OSHA or some other regulatory agency hasn't looked into it. It isn't safe. (Applause.)

It is weak. It tilts so far to the left that any of us would slide off. But worse than that, it is a collection of deceptions. It has much to say about Federal deficits, but nothing to say about the irresponsible Democrat spending programs that caused those deficits.

It criticizes deficits and at the same time it criticizes the President for vetoing Democrat spending programs which would increase the deficits.

It criticizes deficits but it neglects to mention that it was their own Vice Presidential candidate who sponsored legislation to increase the deficit by $9 billion for even bigger government spending programs.

But the worst of all, my fellow Republicans, is that the same platform which criticizes deficits calls for spending programs that would cost at a very conservative estimate more than $100 billion a year out of your pockets and the pockets of the American taxpayer.

Ladies and gentlemen, I challenge the Democrat ticket to give the American people a full accounting of how their spending programs would be paid for. Either the platform is a fraud or their spending program is a disaster.

Read their platform, and you will see there a short history of the philosophical bankruptcy of a once great party.

The Democrat platform points with pride to an unemployment rate of 3.6 percent in 1968 when they were voted out of office. They neglect to mention the fact that they kept well over a half million of our young men and women out of the labor market by sending them off to a war in Vietnam. (Applause.)

The Democrat platform calls for comprehensive national economic planning. We already have an economic plan for this nation. It is called free enterprise. (Applause.)

The Democrat platform insists that we must prevent irresponsible inflationary sales from the American granary to foreign purchasers. In other words, they would embargo grain shipments abroad. But their Vice Presidential candidate is telling the farmers they would not embargo grain shipments abroad — deceptions, contradictions.

Even the production of their platform gave them away. They went to New York for the coronation of a candidate. The outcome was a foregone conclusion. Yet even with a locked-up convention, they didn't have the guts to conduct their hearings in public. With all their platitude about sunshine laws and open debate, their platform was patched together in secrecy.

We have come here with the nomination sharply contested, with every opportunity for harsh disagreement, and we did all our work in front of television cameras, the press, and the people. We produced a platform we can be proud of. And we produced it in a way we can be proud of. (Applause.)

All the deception and contradiction in the Democrat platform, however, are nothing compared to the candidate himself.

As the proceedings began in New York, millions of Americans hoped the Democrat candidate would finally answer some of the questions he managed to avoid answering throughout the primary campaign. Their hopes were in vain.

The Democratic Party gave its nomination to a political quick-change artist. He claims to stand in the tradition of Harry Truman. But Harry Truman did not hide behind a fog of generalities. He did not feel compelled to tell the people he was honest — his record showed that he was honest. He didn't go around asking people to trust him — he didn't give them any reason not to trust him.

When he went to the people, he spoke with one tongue and what he said in New Hampshire he said in New Mexico. He didn't have one view of civil rights for Blacks and another view for whites. He didn't have one policy for the poor and another one for the rich.

Now we know that our friends in the other party, no less than we in our party, love this country, seek its best interests, care for the prosperity of our people and the peace of our land. As Republicans and Democrats, we differ on the policies required to achieve the common goals we share as Americans. But in the past each has always known what the other stood for and where they stood. That is not the case now.

The Democrat party doesn't know what its candidate stands for. The American people don't know. And the Democrat candidate doesn't think we have a right to know. He thinks it is wrong to question him. He says it's a sign of desperation on the part of those who would question him. He says we are avoiding the issues when we question him. He says it is a personal attack when we question him.

Well, I have news for Mr. Carter. It isn't wrong, it isn't desperate, and it isn't personal. But it is democracy at work, and we are going to make it work. (Applause.)

It is the way our American political system operates.

He may have gotten his party's nomination by default, but he is not going to get the Presidency that way. (Applause.)

We haven't convened in the "Show Me" State for nothing. The buck stops here and so does the baloney.

I am amazed at the candidate's defensiveness about the purity of his intentions and the impropriety of anyone questioning those intentions. When a man is as reluctant to be questioned as this one, there is usually a reason. In this case there are lots of reasons. The record shows the man is a mass of contradictions.

Listen to his own words. "I have unique experience. One of the strongest and best of these is my relationship with poor people. That is where I come from."

Is that true? Listen to what a report from the United Steelworkers Union says about the candidate's so-called unique experience with poverty. "Carter's family has long been among the wealthiest in Sumter County, Georgia. Carter's father was a wealthy landowner and politician who made his money sharecropping out his land to impoverished Blacks — the most exploitive labor system in American agricultural history since slavery."

It goes on to say, "When his father died, Jimmy Carter inherited a fortune," and that he was the wealthiest of the Democrat candidates for President.

This is the man who goes about saying, "Trust me."

Listen to his words. "I am the first child in my daddy's family who ever had a chance . . . My house had no running water or electricity." And yet his autobiography says, "Adjacent to our house, between the house and store, we had a tennis court."

No running water — and a tennis court? I don't believe it; I don't believe it.

When he went into the Presidential primaries, Carter said, "I do not favor a Constitutional amendment to prohibit busing. It would be divisive. It is an emotional issue." And yet when he was governor of Georgia, he asked the State legislature to propose a constitutional amendment to prohibit busing.

When he spoke to the Democrat Governors in Washington last December, he said he would cancel the B-1 bomber. But when he spoke in Omaha, Nebraska, headquarters of SAC, the Strategic Air Command, a few months later, he said he would continue development of the plane.

When he was asking for money to finance his battle against big labor in Pennsylvania, he told his money raisers that he did not advocate repeal of Section 14(b), the right-to-work law. Two weeks later in Wisconsin, in looking for labor support, he said, "I think 14(b) should be repealed, which would permit the abolition of right-to-work laws."

And I would guess if he is asked about 14(b) next week, he may say it is his hat size or his shoe size. But that is the way it has been — contradiction, deception, contradiction.

This is the man who asks Americans to trust him. Can labor trust him? No. Can business trust him? No.

In December the *New York Times* was quoting him in favor of recognizing Cuba. But in January, speaking in Florida, where most of the Cuban expatriates are located, he was against recognizing Cuba.

You look at the record and you will find the same contradictions on abortion, on his concern for minorities, on government reorganization. The list goes on and on and on. Look at his record on tax reform. When he ran for governor in 1970, he said, "My platform is based on no overall tax increase." But when he became governor, he proposed the State's first tax increase since 1955. During his term, per capita State tax collections increased by fifty-one percent.

Again and again and again he indicts himself with his own words. No wonder the man is complaining in advance that we are going to take a look at him.

But if you look hard enough, you will find a few statements you can rely on. In his acceptance speech, for example, he said the primaries were "a kind of humbling experience." You bet they were. Every place he had any serious opposition, he got beat, which suggests that the Democrats aren't any happier with their candidate than we are.

Therefore, my friends, let us give Americans a candidate they can be happy with — a candidate who will speak in public as he does in private, a candidate whose record matches his rhetoric, a candidate who will carry one story, one set of principles and one vision to all our people. This is the task that brings us here. It is an obligation we have always met before. It is a responsibility to which we are more than equal.

So, my fellow Republicans, we gather here at the end of a turbulent eight years. It has been a time of trauma, yes, but it has also been a time of triumph.

We have seen a long and vicious war ended, and the difficult work of peace well begun.

We have seen a nation stumbling in uncertainty about its basic institutions, but we have also seen a nation's faith in itself restored by wise and honest and patient leadership.

We cannot ignore the abuses of power of a number of recent administrations, including our own. But we know that the heart of this nation, just as the heart of our party, is strong and it's good.

Let me conclude by saying that one of the greatest honors of my life was to have been able to serve for nearly two years as the Chairman of this Grand Old Party.

I believe I know the soul and the sinew of our party. I know that those who believe we have already seen our finest hour have much to learn about the party

of Lincoln, the party of Teddy Roosevelt, the party of Dwight David Eisenhower. We are a party of great men. We are a party of great women. But more importantly, we are a party of great principles.

We were born in the terrible struggle for freedom in America. In those days the issue of human freedom was one which many did not understand — or at least said they didn't. Today the struggle for human liberty goes on. Where once the issue was whether some could control the lives of others, today the issue is whether government should control the lives of all. And that issue remains to be resolved.

When Secretary Seward took the Emancipation Proclamation to President Lincoln for his signature, Lincoln took his pen, he dipped it in the ink, he moved his hand to the document and then withdrew his hand and dropped the pen. He did this twice and still had not signed the Proclamation.

Finally, Lincoln said to Seward, "I have been shaking hands since nine o'clock this morning, and my right arm is almost paralyzed. If my name ever goes into history, it will be for this Act, and my whole soul is in it. If my hand trembles when I sign the Proclamation, all who examine the document hereafter will say, 'He hesitated.' "

My fellow Republicans, there is our heritage. In the largest sense, it is the American heritage, but I do believe that we, as Republicans, have a special obligation to be true to that heritage.

In the days and weeks ahead, we will question, we will examine and debate the great issues of our time — of social justice, of fiscal integrity, of national defense. But the overwhelming issue today, as it was 200 years ago when America was born, is human liberty. On that issue America is still the hope of the world. History will judge us by our response to this issue.

My fellow Republicans, my fellow Americans, let us so conduct ourselves in this time, that if past generations should rise up to determine what we have done with the heritage they gave us, we would be found worthy.

And let us so conduct ourselves in the defense of our heritage that when future generations look back at what we have done in this time, none will have cause to say, "They hesitated."

Thank you very much.

PRESENTATION OF GAVEL TO THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and gentlemen, I have been asked to recognize my Governor, who wishes to make a presentation. He was introduced to you this morning by Chairperson Smith, and I concur in everything that she said this morning about the governor of the most Republican State in the nation, Governor Robert Bennett.

GOVERNOR BENNETT. — Mr. Chairman, ladies and gentlemen of the convention, it is a very pleasant task for me today to return to this podium to recognize one of our favorite Senators in the Midwest, the junior Senator from Kansas, whom you have elevated to the high rank and distinction of Temporary Chairman of this convention.

A temporary chairman, however, is relatively powerless to act unless he has a gavel. And we do have a gavel for him that is prepared from 200-year-old walnut here in the Midwest by Representative Earl Ward of the Kansas Legislature, donated by Mr. and Mrs. James Bollen, and donated more particularly by the Missouri Host Committee.

We are proud of Bob Dole, and we want to give him just a little advice.

Wield this gavel with impartiality. Wield it with decisiveness. For who knows, it may be a good proving ground for the President of the Senate.

INTRODUCTION OF THE KEYNOTE SPEAKER BY THE HONORABLE JAMES L. BUCKLEY UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM NEW YORK

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and gentlemen, my colleagues in the Senate are a brilliant and distinguished group of men. I am anticipating the day when I could amend that statement to say a group of men and women.

One of these outstanding men is Senator Jim Buckley from the great State of New York. He is identified in the Senate as a conservative Republican. He comes from an illustrious family, all superior in their own field.

I am honored at this time to present the junior Senator from the great State of New York, the Honorable James L. Buckley.

SENATOR BUCKLEY. — My name is Jimmy Buckley. I am running for Senator.

Madam Chairman, ladies and gentlemen, tonight the Republican Party begins a process that transcends the usual bounds of politics. We are passing through a critical period in our history and we are enlisted in the continuing struggle to preserve and perfect the great dream of the founders.

The decisions that will be made in the next few days by the Delegates to this convention and the decision to be made next November by the American people may prove decisive for the future of our country.

What is at stake in this election is not so much who will occupy an office of unparalleled power and influence, but how and to what ends that power and influence will be exercised. What is at stake in this election is quite simply the future of the people, the families, the communities that together comprise the American nation.

To those who wish to know where the Republican Party stands, we should reply in the cadences of one of this century's greatest heroes, Winston Churchill.

You ask, "What is our policy?" We say, "It is to fight for the principles that have made America free, prosperous, strong and humane, to fight for them with all our might and all the strength that God can give us." That is our policy.

You ask, "What is our aim?" We answer in one word, "Victory." And how shall we achieve this victory? Tonight's keynote speaker understands better than most the wisdom of the advice given 117 years ago in Chicago to a meeting of the then very young Republican Party.

This is what Abraham Lincoln had to say: "If we do not allow ourselves to be allured from the strict path of our duty by such device as shifting our ground, then the future of the Republican cause is safe. Remember how long you have been in getting your neighbors to understand and believe as you do now. Stand by your principles and victory, complete and permanent, is sure at last."

The principles that we share with Lincoln are as sound today as they were in 1859. They remain essential to a free and productive life and they continue to appeal to the common sense of a people that has not lost its taste for freedom.

Principles and common sense — I can think of few men in this country who better combine the qualities of principled judgment and the common-sense ability to strike to the root of any problem than our keynote speaker.

In my six years in the Senate, I have come to know Howard Baker as a colleague, friend, leader, and man. He has mastered the mysteries and intricacies of congressional life without sacrificing the common-sense wisdom of his Tennessee forebears.

The entire nation has seen him engaged in the task of the utmost solemnity and has confirmed the judgment of his colleagues. Howard Baker is a man of uncommon fairness, judgment and intelligence.

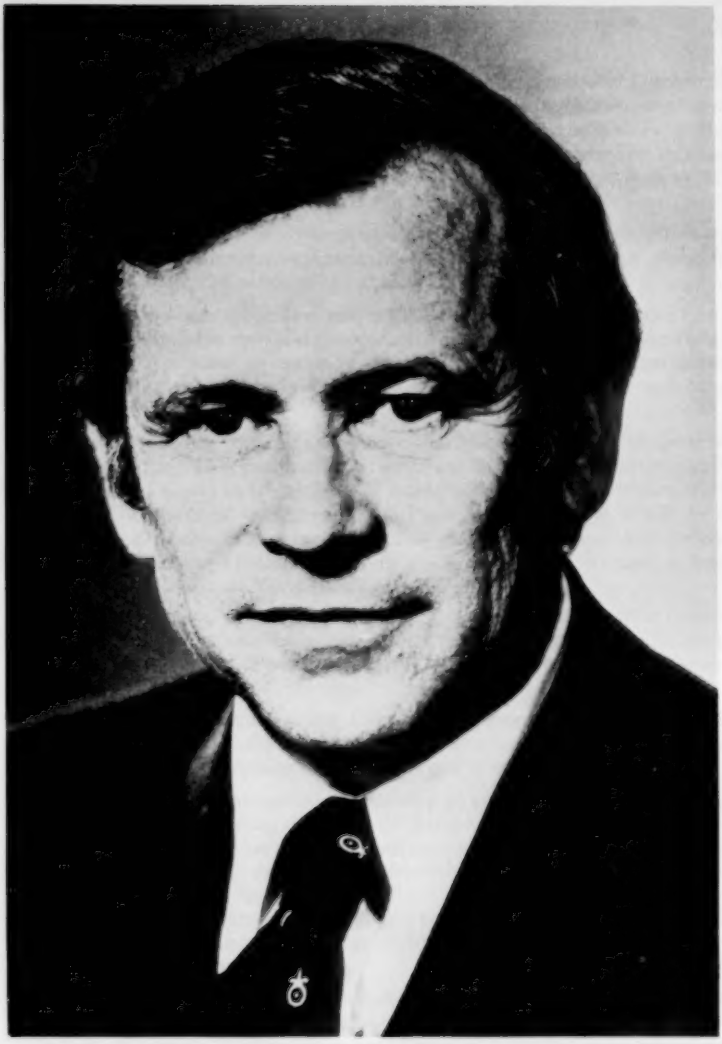
Ladies and gentlemen, tonight I have the great honor to present to you a man who stands in the tradition of a Lincoln, a man who has made a fusion of principle with common sense, the central fact of his personal and political life.

My fellow Republicans, Howard Baker. (Applause.)

KEYNOTE ADDRESS BY THE HONORABLE HOWARD H. BAKER, JR. UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM TENNESSEE

Thank you very much. Ladies and gentlemen, it is a great pleasure to have some part to play in this great convention and to be welcomed with that great show of warmth and friendship. I thank you from the depths of my heart.

Mr. Chairman, Madam Chairman, ladies and gentlemen, this is a great honor for me. I have looked forward to it for a long time, to play this part in an historic occasion as we begin this task of selecting our Republican nominee for President of the United States.



THE HONORABLE HOWARD H. BAKER of Tennessee
Keynote Speaker of the Convention

Tonight we are gathered here at the 31st Republican National Convention as a party that wear the scars of combat, as a party completing a contest for its Presidential nomination — among the most intense in the history of this country — and yet, my friends, as a party in fighting trim, sobered by its losses and toughened by its battles and determined to work together and to win together in November of 1976.

My friends, this is a time that is well for straight talk, for straight talk and common sense — for common sense talk about the condition of our party, for straight talk about the needs of our nation.

These have been difficult times, difficult years for the Republican Party. The Watergate era was a painful time for all of us. You know that, and certainly I know that. And some in our party have gone through a crisis of faith, even wondering if the Republican Party had the strength to survive and to go forward.

But we do. My friends, we do have that strength because we faced our problems. We faced our problems with honor and dignity. We performed as the country would expect us to perform. We didn't shy away from our duty in the face of difficult times, even though we knew that Watergate would be an embarrassing, a humiliating, even a potentially devastating time. And, indeed, Republicans took a real drubbing in the elections of 1974, in part, at least, because of that unhappy time in our national experience.

But, you know, since then America has learned a lot about other political abuses and prior Democratic administrations, and even in the present Democratic Congress — abuses of personal liberty, invasions of privacy, and political mischiefs of the most shocking type.

But, friends, there is one big difference. We faced ours, and in doing so, we raised the country's expectations for honorable government in the United States. But we are still waiting for the Democrats to face theirs this year in 1976.

You know, it is interesting in that view to watch the Democrats running around the country, rattling the dusty old skeletons of Watergate all over again. But they could rattle those skeletons until the bones fall out and it is not going to work. And let me tell you why — because the issues of 1976 are Republican issues, and because the Republican record in 1976 is one that we can be proud to run on and one we deserve to win on this year. Because, my friends, because Republicans are looking to the future of this country while the Democrats are still chasing the ghosts of the past.

So to those in the opposition who day after day try to exploit the tragedy of Watergate for partisan purposes and who pretend that one party or one person has had a monopoly on mistakes or bad judgment, I say you know better, they know better and the people of the United States know better, and let's set the record straight now, tonight.

My friends, let us put away past history. Let's put aside hypocrisy, and in this election let's talk about what does divide the parties of 1976. And let's make

Jimmy Carter level at the American people before the election exactly what he proposes to do with the government after the election.

Friends, you know, the issue this year isn't virtue. It isn't love or patriotism or compassion. These are common concerns of all of us, regardless of party. The issue this year quite simply is this: How much government is too much government? How many laws are too many laws? How much taxation is too much taxation? How much coercion is too much coercion? Those are the issues in 1976.

And, friends, that is what the election this year is all about, and we are not going to let Jimmy Carter forget about it.

You know, as we look at America today, as we look at this great country of ours, in this era we find challenges to match our strengths, but we also find strengths in America to match those challenges. And today we have greater economic strength, greater scientific and technological strength than any nation, any time, anywhere. And let's not forget the source of that strength. It is not the government. It has never been the government. It is the people of the country who provide that strength, the people of America. It is through the free will of a free people that we will continue to build that strength.

After the worst recession of the post-war period, our economy is in a healthy, solid recovery, with jobs up, with incomes up, with inflation down. And it is recovering because a Republican Administration had the courage when it counted to stand up against a free-spending Democratic Congress. And it is happening because the Republican Administration had the courage to veto reckless spending and to resist the clamorous cause for rationing in peacetime.

Abroad we face new challenges. We face the challenge of growing military might in the Soviet Union, from heightened economic competition throughout the world and from international terrorism abroad throughout the land, from the advance of the Communist Party in the countries of our friends in Western Europe.

We confront the danger of nuclear proliferation of a continuing conflict in the Middle East and ferment in Africa and Asia and Latin America. What this means is that the world continues to be a dangerous place, as it has been a dangerous place for generations. And it means that the United States must go forward with a sure trend and a clear instinct for where the dangers lie.

The questions confronting America this year, the questions are serious, and, my friends, they require serious choices. They demand that each of us think carefully about the direction America must take, about the careful decisions we must make in these critical years ahead. This presents a challenge to the two-party system itself.

My friends, throughout history America has been remarkably right on the major decisions that have confronted her, not only because we have always had great leaders, because certainly we have had our share, but primarily because the people's judgment and wisdom, the common sense of America has often

supplied those answers to the great dilemmas that confront America. The two-party system in the United States has served us well as the sensing mechanism by which the common sense of America has been determined.

If we are to meet the challenges of the future, if we are to avert the perils and fully realize on our promise, we must continue to harken to the common sense of this nation, to those shared perceptions, those basic ideas that reflect the popular wisdom and embody the national will.

Two centuries ago the founding fathers spoke the common sense of America when they declared that all men are created equal and that governments derived their just powers from the consent of the governed.

In the days that saw the birth of the Republican Party, it was the common sense of America to put an end to slavery and to bind up the wounds of a divided nation.

In our time the common sense of America was that we should join with our allies in defeating Nazi tyranny. It was the common sense of America to stand firm against Soviet expansion. It was the common sense of America to help those in need and right the wrongs against Blacks and other Americans who have been the victims of discrimination for too long.

It is the common sense of America to make government a creative instrument for doing together those things we cannot do separately.

At one critical turning point after another, it has been the popular wisdom, the good common sense of the people themselves that has been the nation's salvation. And that is why those who best keep faith with the common sense of America best keep faith with the people of America.

My friends, that is why the party that understands and responds to the common sense of America can best be expected to do what is right for our nation and for the world.

Fellow Republicans, the common sense of America today is that even a freely-elected government can become an oppressive government. The common sense of America today is that government taxes too much; it meddles too much; it interferes too much; it bullies too much, and it is up to us to do something about it at the polls in November of 1976.

And because this is the common sense of America, the Democratic Party has four big problems this year, my friends and the first of those problems is Jimmy Carter. The second one of those big problems that our friends, the Democrats, have is Walter Mondale. And the third big problem the Democrats have in 1976 is that Democratic Congress. And, my friends, the fourth big problem they've got is the American people who don't want the kind of government they would get from a cozy alliance between another big-spending Congress and a Carter-Mondale adminstration in 1976.

You know which party it is that speaks the common sense of America. It is the Republican Party, as it has been for more than 100 years in this country.

It is the Republican Party which fought uphill battles to limit the size of government, to limit the role of government, to protect the individual against the encroachments of government. And we say to you, America, we hear you and we understand what you want in 1976.

The idea of limited government is one that we didn't suddenly embrace when it became popular but one that we preached when it was unpopular. We preached it because we shared the concern of Thomas Jefferson, who warned his countrymen that the natural progress of things is for liberty to yield and for government to gain ground.

We preach it because our aim is not the sullen call of a regimented society but the mutual respect of a free society. And we preach it also, my friends, because we believe in it and we practice it.

Jimmy Carter says he will never lie to us, but, my friends, Jimmy Carter is the nominee of the party that gave us the original credibility gap. And the Jimmy Carter who talks about running against Washington is the nominee of the party which created more than 1,000 new Federal programs and planned them so poorly that they have made Washington sound like a dirty word.

At last month's Democratic Convention, Carter made it clear in his platform and his acceptance speech that the same old, tired approaches will be tried again this year. While he still bobs and weaves and straddles a lot of issues, it is now clear that the Carter-Mondale politics will be more of the same — more programs, more promises, more controls, more spending, more taxes, more government.

That is the Carter-Mondale program, and we have been down that road, my friends, and we have seen where it goes. We have been down that road, and don't you let them take us down it again in 1976.

My friends, it is no coincidence that for forty years of the last forty-four the Democratic Party has been in control of the Congress of the United States. You know, in those 44 years Federal spending has risen from less than $4 billion annually to upwards of $400 billion annually. And when it comes to big government, Franklin Roosevelt always was thought of as the founder of big government in the United States. But based on the record of that Democratic Congress, Jimmy Carter and his friends in Congress make Franklin Roosevelt look like a piker by comparison. Just think about this for just a second.

It was pointed out to me the other day that in this year alone the Democratic Congress is spending more of your money than it spent in the entire years of all of the Roosevelt New Deal, and that even includes the cost of World War II. And if the promises of the Carter-Mondale platform were enacted into law, as you have been told previously, it would add at least another $110 billion on top of that, and that is the equivalent of another $2,000 of taxes for every family of four in the United States of America.

Now, in some of their campaign speeches, some of our Democratic friends and candidates began to sound a little like Republicans, running against big

government, talking about the limitations of power. For a while it sounded awfully Republican to me, and I was tickled to death. But, you know, after they got to New York, when they got to their convention, we found out they still acted like Democrats.

And while they were trying to sing our song, as Ronald Reagan once said, "I guess they learned the words, but they never learned how to carry the tune."

My friends, it was the same old thing. The same old reflex actions were still there. Just look at the Democratic platform. Plank after plank says pass another law, spend another billion, build a new bureaucracy. You know, when you tote up the dollars and you think of the proposals that the Democrats are making for more and more of more government, it reminds me a little of what my late father-in-law used to say — the late, and I think great, Everett McKinley Dirksen—

By the way, Ev Dirksen's daughter is an only child. She is my wife, and I tell her she only acts like it sometimes. She is up on the platform with me.

When Dirksen would think about a free-spending Democratic Congress, he used to say, "Why, a billion here and a billion there, and, why, my friends, the first thing you know, it adds up to real money." (Laughter.)

But it is not just a question of money. It is not just money we are concerned about as Republicans in this election year. It is a question of what kind of country we are going to have. And somehow the Democratic words of compassion always seem to translate into programs of coercion, of control, of compulsion.

My friends, power in Washington is a seductive thing — the power to tax, the power to spend, the power to regulate, the power of a few hundred people in Congress to impose their own will on 200 million others. It often breeds a sort of insensitivity to the limits of power.

This year's campaign is not just a question of ins and outs, not just a question of who gets the power — but more importantly, how that power is going to be used, whether it is going to be used to restrain the growth of government or to accelerate the growth of government.

That is the big difference between the Republican and Democratic Parties in this election year — the difference of how much power the government should have and how that power should be exercised.

The Democrats start with government and we start with people.

My friends, for decades now leaders of the Democratic Party have peddled the patronizing notion that only in Washington are officials wise enough or farsighted enough to decide for the rest of us what our priorities should be, how we should spend our taxes, what our goals should be, how we should organize our communities, even how close to home our children should go to school. And they do this with the best of intentions, because they really believe that they do know better and that the rules and guidelines that they write are for our own

good, that some superior vision, some nobler motive entitles them to tell the rest of us how to run our personal lives.

But let me tell you something — the notion that they know better what is best for Nashville or New York or for Kansas City is so much nonsense. They don't know better; you know better what's better for this country.

That, my friends, is at the heart of the Republican idea, that the place to put our faith is in the people themselves, that government in Washington should legislate less and should listen more.

For a long time now it has been fashionable to praise as strong those administrations and those lawmakers who use their power to extend their power. But that fashion is wrong, and today more and more people can see that it is wrong and know that it takes even greater strength to stand against the temptations of power than it does to extend them. And to know that the government that really cares is the one that promises only what it can perform, that concerns itself with the next generation, not just the next election, and that moves forward one sure step at a time, not by blind leaps that drain our resources and risk our future.

And a government that truly cares is one that cares about all of the people, not merely as a coalition of interest groups, but cares about them individually, all of the people, one at a time. It is each American individually who knows the despair that comes when government fails, either because it does too little or because it attempts too much.

It is written on the facade of the National Archives that what is past is prologue, and for a nation to survive, it must learn from its past. As we look back on our past, on the decade of the sixties, many of our memories are so painful — of burning cities, of riots in the streets, the forces of law under siege, the sky chockfull of promises sent aloft like Roman candles that lit the heavens with hope, only to fizzle and disappear.

But, my friends, America has had its fling with Roman candles, with the exaggerated promise, the false expectation, the cruel deception that preyed most viciously on those most vulnerable — the young, the black, the jobless, the poor, those with little to cling to except hope itself.

In New York last month in the Democratic Convention, we saw the same old Roman candle set off again — more promises, more impossible dreams, more gift certificates in the sky. But it's not going to fool the American people, not this time, because we are not going to let it happen to America.

You know, we Republicans enter the election this year as a minority party. We know that. But, you know, while I was watching the Democratic Convention on television from my home in Tennessee, when I saw them speaking of unifying the party and going on to victory, it suddenly dawned on me that the Democrats have omitted to realize that they are a minority party, too. It will be the voters of the United States this year, all of them — Republicans and Democrats, but more particularly that great body of independent-spirited

citizens in the United States who will vote with equal ease for a Republican or a Democratic candidate — who will decide this election.

So let the Democrats talk about uniting their party. Let them celebrate their victory in July. We will celebrate ours in November.

They can go to New York and celebrate their victory in July; they can talk about uniting their party, and I've got news for them — they can unite their party until they are blue in the face, and they will get about forty percent of the vote and we will get about sixty, because, my friends, it will be the whole country that will decide the outcome of this election — Republicans, enlightened Democrats and those Independents who really care about their country and who want to know what political parties have to offer.

And therein lies the great opportunity for our party, for Republicans, because what we believe in this year, what the great majority of American people believe in this year are Republican policies, and because for us these are not policies of convenience. They are policies of conviction which we fought for through lean years as well as the good. And that is why we can look forward with confidence and with pride to a Republican year in 1976.

We know and the country must know that these are Republican principles that they are calling for, that they are crying out for effective government, that the people want effective government, that they want limited government.

People in 1976 want restraints on the arrogance of power, whether it is the arrogance of the Executive, arrogance of the Congress or arrogance of the court. The people want restraints on the arrogance of power in 1976. Because the people of this country want a nation with the strength to defend its vital interests and the wisdom to define them; because the people want leadership that has a heart but that uses its head; because what we Republicans say to the people is not "Trust me," but "Trust yourselves."

My friends, in all history, no dream has exercised so powerful a hold on the human spirit as the American dream. No political experiment has so caught the hopes of mankind as the American experiment. For two centuries ours has been a beacon of liberty that lit hope in the hearts of millions of people on every continent. For two centuries, from every corner of the globe people have flocked to our shores. Their dreams, their strivings, their sacrifices have made America.

And just as ours is the only nation whose people are drawn from every nation, we have a meaning that reaches the people of all nations.

My friends, around the world today, the idea of freedom itself is on the defensive. But here in America our American experiment is still unfolding. Our American adventure is still continuing, and our third century offers as much promise for the world as our first.

On our shoulders we carry the hopes of free men and women everywhere. As a nation, the responsibility we bear to the idea of freedom is a sacred trust. As a political party, the responsibility we bear to that same idea of freedom is an equally sacred trust.

We shall be true to that trust. And by placing our faith firmly and unshakably in the people, we shall prove ourselves worthy of the trust we ask of the people.

Thank you very much. (Applause and cheers followed Senator Baker's speech.)

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and gentlemen, Senator Baker's great speech, added to others we have heard tonight, has inspired this Great Old Party to new heights of achievement. I think with speeches like the one we have just heard from Howard Baker, we will beat their Southern-fried McGovern in November.

And I may say to my colleague in the Senate, as I sat there listening to that outstanding speech, I said to myself, "He may have a future in politics." (Applause.)

So, Howard, we thank you very much.

It is now my pleasure to call on Rabbi Israel Miller of New York, Vice President of Yeshiva University, for the benediction.

BENEDICTION

BY

RABBI ISRAEL MILLER

Almighty Father in Heaven, we bow our heads and we lift our hearts in prayer and in thanksgiving.

We are grateful for the opportunities granted us to exercise our responsibilities as citizens in freedom and democracy at this convention.

We are grateful for the blessings of our nation, which, in the words of George Washington to the Jewish Congregation of Newport, gives to bigotry no sanction, to persecution no assistance.

May all nations and all peoples recognize their obligations to themselves and to each other to uphold the dignity of the human personality and the rights of all to equality before the law, to opportunity, to religious fulfillment, to cultural freedom, to a worthwhile life.

The eyes of the world are upon us, and we are grateful that free men and women everywhere and those who yearn for freedom in lands of oppression are inspired by our country and this lesson in liberty and look to us for support, for aid, for realization of our common ideals and our dreams.

We pray that wisdom and understanding will guide the Delegates here gathered. We pray that Thy blessings will continue for our country, for its leadership and for its citizenry.

There is much unfinished business for us to accomplish. May the brightness of the precepts we cherish never be tarnished by selfishness, by evil and hatred.

We pray that our nation, States united 200 years ago by men of foresight and courage, will remain forever united in aspiration and in purpose.

We pray that we will remain united as a people, dedicated to the principles of liberty and justice, brotherhood and humanity, for it is good and pleasant when brethren dwell together in unity.

We pray for peace and tranquility for all mankind and that man's inhumanity to man may forever end.

In the words of the prophet, may the earth be full of knowledge of Thee as waters cover the sea. Amen.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — The Chair recognizes the Delegate from Arizona, William Howard O'Brien.

MR. WILLIAM HOWARD O'BRIEN OF ARIZONA. — Mr. Chairman, I move that this convention stand adjourned until Tuesday, August 17, at 7:00 p.m. Central Daylight Time.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — All those in favor say aye. (Chorus of ayes.)

Contrary? (No response.)

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — The convention is adjourned until 7:00 p.m., Tuesday, August 17, 1976.

Thank you.

(Whereupon, at 10:40 p.m., the Republican National Convention adjourned, to reconvene at 7:00 p.m. on Tuesday, August 17, 1976.)

THIRD SESSION

TUESDAY, AUGUST 17, 1976

(This session started at 7:00 p.m., The Honorable Bob Dole, United States Senator from Kansas, presided as The Temporary Chairman. The Delegates Alternates and guests were entertained by the Bicentennical Convention Orchestra, directed by Manny Harmon and the Music Ministry of the First Baptist Church of Midland, Texas, prior to the start of the session.)

CALL TO ORDER

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and gentlemen, will the Delegates and Alternates please come to order. I now declare the third session of the 1976 Republican National Convention convened.

PRESENTATION OF THE COLORS

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — The Colors will be presented by the University of Kansas ROTC Color Guard under the command of Captain Richard Braddock. Please stand, and remain standing until the invocation has been offered.

(The Colors were presented by the ROTC Color Guard of the University of Kansas.)

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — We will be led in the Pledge of Allegiance by a native of the Virgin Islands, its first elected Governor and past Chairman of the Southern Governors Conference; the Honorable Melvin H. Evans.

(Governor Evans led the Assembly in the Pledge of Allegiance to the flag.)

THE NATIONAL ANTHEM

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — The National Anthem will be sung by one of the best known vocalists and concert singers in America and a long-standing supporter of the Republican Party, Gordon McRae of California. He will be accompanied by the Bicentennial Convention Orchestra under the direction of Manny Harmon.

(The National Anthem was sung by Gordon McRae.)

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — The invocation will be given by one of my good friends in the Congress, one of the outstanding members in the Congress, from the First District of Minnesota, a Delegate-at-Large, the Honorable Al Quie.

INVOCATION

BY

THE HONORABLE ALBERT H. QUIE

Member of Congress, 1st District of Minnesota
Member of Congressional Prayer Breakfast

Ladies and gentlemen, let me ask you that also besides the invocation, if you would communicate with God in your own way.

Let us bow our heads and hearts.

O Lord God, we acknowledge that You created and planned all in the universe and created us in Your image. Our hearts are filled with thanksgiving this evening that You care for us; that we can safely worship You and share with others our belief in You; that we as a minority in this nation can assemble to state what we stand for and select our Republican choice for President and Vice President.

O, that Your presence may infect us. Fill us with Your wisdom through Your Holy Spirit. We have differences of opinion, as you know. And help us that we might love each other with the love of Christ as we push for what we believe in and who we believe in.

And while we need Your forgiveness, O Lord, help us above all to be forgiving of others.

Lastly, may I remind all of us who are gathered here of Your words to Your disciples when James and John asked to sit at Your right hand and left hand in Your kingdom, and You said, we are to be different. Whoever would be great must be a servant, just as the Son of Man came not to be served but to serve and give His life as a ransom for many. We pray in Jesus' name. Amen.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and gentlemen, I would ask you, if at all possible, if you would please take your seats. We have a most important guest.

It is my honor to introduce to you one of the greatest Americans of our generation. No one appreciates how long a single day is until he has spent days as a POW in a Communist prison.

Colonel Raymond Schrump, Delegate from North Carolina, spent five years as a POW during the Vietnam War. With him in that Communist prison camp was a friend of mine, John Dunn from Hutchinson, Kansas.

It would be emotional for me to tell you of the dynamic faith in God, country and liberty Ray Schrump had himself and engendered in his fellow prisoners. Decorated for his bravery with two Silver Stars, two Legions of Merit, three Purple Hearts and two awards of the Combat Infantry Badge.

It is the greatest of honors for me to introduce to the entire free world, Colonel Raymond Schrump and Mrs. Schrump. Colonel Schrump. (Applause.)

REMARKS OF COLONEL RAYMOND C. SCHRUMP

COLONEL SCHRUMP. — Senator Dole, distinguished guests, fellow Republicans: As I stand here before this convention and Our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ, I pray that he will bless the men and their families of whom I am about to speak.

As you all know now, my background is largely that of a career soldier and now, for at least the past two years, a small businessman. As you will immediately become aware, I am neither a politician nor a speaker. However, I do claim a cherished and priceless title, the most important in these United States. I am a private citizen of this republic.

With your permission tonight, I shall exercise not only some of the rights and privileges of that citizenship but, more importantly, some of the responsibilities that go along with the title; that is, quite simply, to come here and speak to you of the things that are on my mind and in my heart concerning the condition and the direction of our country.

Having spent five years of my life denied the freedoms I once took for granted, I came to realize just how precious those freedoms really are, and today I cherish them beyond words.

I attribute my homecoming to three basic faiths: faith in God, faith in my country, faith in my fellow man. It is altogether fitting and timely in this year of our 200th anniversary as the greatest republic of all time to reaffirm ourselves to the preservation not only of those basic faiths of which I spoke but of the basic principles on which this country was founded.

America is the only country in the world who knows the true cost of freedom, and that cost can only be measured in human life and personal sacrifices.

Regardless of your feelings and mine on the Vietnam War or how it was conducted, what is more important today is how to resolve the last chapter of the Vietnam War; how to obtain the release of the remaining men still being held and the return of those who died so that they may be properly buried.

As a typical average American, I do not understand the intricacies of the world of politics, but I am learning fast. We elect individuals to political office with a fervent hope they will protect our rights and liberties and love America as much as we do individually and collectively, and that personal gain and quest for

political power will not be the overriding consideration when hard decisions must be made on our behalf.

However, my efforts on behalf of our prisoners of war and missing in action, has given me pause to wonder. Where are the patriotic leaders in our country who will take a stand on behalf of the men they ask to serve?

Today in this great and free nation of ours there are many wives and children and parents who have only love to keep alive their hope for a loved one listed as a prisoner of war or missing in action. Only God knows how many men are trying to stay alive on memories of such a love.

We do not know the status of over 1,000 men listed as missing in action. These men left this country and endorsed our nation's commitment to its allies. That endorsement was not accomplished merely by a signature on a bill or a treaty, but by persoanl sacrifice of life and freedom. Nor do they enjoy any of the rights and privileges that we often take for granted and for which they were willing to pay the ultimate price.

Must their endorsement now be forfeited while amnesty is granted to those who refuse to support national interest? The idea is that this manner of recognition of patriotism and dedication to duty is becoming the in thing, and it is a fearsome thought indeed. As a matter of national integrity, we are morally bound to a complete accounting and recognition of these lost men.

Are we, the American people, going to allow the leadership of this country that committed these lost men to their fate now be forgotten?

Right now, more than ever before, we must return integrity and moral commitment to our government. The Democrats did not consider a platform for the prisoners of war or missing in action. However, I noted with great interest last month at the Democratic Convention that a draft evader from the Vietnam War was an elected delegate and spoke to that convention and asked for open door amnesty and then was nominated as Vice President of the United States of America.

Perhaps I am a prude; but, frankly, I don't want a draft evader or a deserter to have anything to say or to speak for me.

Resolve today, now, that you will rededicate yourself to the cause of the National League of Families and end this anguish of these brave men and their families. This is the humanitarian way; but, more importantly, it is the American way.

Some of these men died in my presence, and I can assure you not one — not one — ever lost his faith in his country, in his God, or in you, his fellow man.

Poor is the nation that has no heroes. Shameful is the one that having them, forgets. Thank you. God bless you and God bless America.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and gentlemen, when Millicent Fenwick joined the House of Representatives, she brought to it a wit and charm plus a great intellect to be enjoyed by all.

In addition to being an excellent member of Congress, she is a member of the Somerset County Bicentennial Commission. Congresswoman Fenwick of the Fifth District of New Jersey will make a presentation to this convention. The Honorable Millicent Fenwick.

PRESENTATION OF CERTIFICATE OF APPRECIATION FROM THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION BICENTENNIAL ADMINISTRATION BY THE HONORABLE MILLICENT FENWICK MEMBER OF CONGRESS, 5TH DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY

MRS. FENWICK. — Mr. Chairman, I have the honor to present to you this memorial. Mr. Jack W. Warner, who is the head of the National Revolution Bicentennial Commission, has asked me to present it to this convention. I give it to you with great pleasure and honor as a memory of our history.

And I would like to speak to you, ladies and gentlemen, my fellow citizens, for a moment or two about this Bicentennial and what I think it means.

We were founded, yes, 200 years ago by a remarkable group of men of vision. Where were they taught? What did they learn? What kind of education did they have?

It is well in our Bicentennial year to remember the struggles that they went through, the events of their lives and of the Revolution. But it is far more important for us here, American citizens in this day and age, to understand more about the men themselves, about their minds, about what moved them.

What moved a man like Jefferson to write as he did, or John Adams? What gave George Washington the courage and the tenacity that held him true all through those terrible years?

That is what we have got to remember and what is important about the Revolution. They had principles, high principles, and a vision of what this world could be; and we, too, now here must begin to think in the same terms.

The world is very different. It is not the world that it was — farmers facing the wilderness and hoping to get rid of foreign troops. America is at peace. But we have other things here at home that are going to require the same kind of vision and the same kind of courage and the same intellectual and moral strength that they had.

We know there is suffering in our cities. We know there is suffering in our prisons. We know that there are the handicapped and those mentally disturbed who must be helped. And we must have the courage to face their problems and to do it with compassion and with common sense, too.

That is one of the great virtues it seems to me that they had. They knew what was possible. They were not concerned with idle thoughts and idle visions. They knew what it was possible for a society of human beings to achieve.

And what did they think was important? They thought dissent was important. They thought it was imperative that in this nation we should cherish

dissent. In fact, in his great inaugural address Thomas Jefferson said, "Yes, even for those who would destroy the union we must have the protection of dissent."

It is one of the great honors and glories of our country. We must have a brake on power.

I think those men had read the Bible as well as the classics. I think they remembered the story of King Solomon who, when he asked for wisdom and understanding in order to rule his people, was given not only wisdom and understanding, but power and plenty, too.

Those who wish for power should not lightly be given power. Greed for power is one of the most dangerous things that we have to be aware of in this nation.

Our founding fathers divided it up so that at every stage there would be a brake and a stop in the flow of power, and this is something that we must watch.

I think that of all the elements of our past history, these two perhaps more than any other have great relevance for us today. We have got to summon up in ourselves a belief in ourselves and in this nation.

It was questioned at the time this nation was founded, could any society of human beings, where men ruled themselves, be trusted with government? And Jefferson said, "Who else? Are we to have princes? Would they be safer? We know what they are." He said, "It is said that this government is weak," and he said in resounding terms, "On the contrary, I believe this government is the strongest on earth," and so do I.

This government is the strongest government on earth. Why? Because we are all in it. Because we are not afraid of dissent. Because we are not afraid of differences of opinion. Because we know that in the long run, reason and educated men and women will be able to judge what is right and what is fair.

We know that the goal of government is justice. That is the object of establishing a government in society. And we know our country is not perfect. We know that perfect justice has not been achieved. But we do know that we must move forward along those lines. We must believe it and believe it deeply. We must be prepared to sacrifice for it.

It is not enough to say we love our country and stay home and do nothing. We must be prepared to go out — young people, men and women — vote, work for it. We must take this country and carry it forward as they did with self-sacrifice and with courage and with belief that this kind of government can work and will work. And we can make it work if we have that kind of passion for it.

But if we don't care, the great Constitution, the independent judiciary, the free press, which are the bulwarks of our freedom, all will be lost because in the final analysis they depend on each one of us for defense.

And this is what it seems to me we must move forward in our Bicentennial. We must not forget that every nation of any size and grandeur has to have a conception of justice — among men.

It is not enough just to mouth the words. It is going to take courage on our part and vision, and that great element in all people who are asked to govern — character and common sense. There is too little of it.

I think in our Bicentennial, my fellow citizens, that we must be moved to go forward again as they were and to carry this vision, which they did so well for us, into the future for our children. Thank you very much. (Applause.)

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and gentlemen, our next speaker, like all of those who preceded her, has a long record of service to our nation and party. In recent years she has been instrumental in increasing the involvement of Republican women in local, State and national politics.

A successful businesswoman and author, she is an outstanding representative for the American majority in politics and business and in government service.

Ladies and gentlemen, the President of the National Federation of Republican Women, Pat Hutar. (Applause.)

REMARKS BY PATRICIA HUTAR
PRESIDENT OF THE
NATIONAL FEDERATION OF REPUBLICAN WOMEN

MRS. HUTAR. — Mr. Chairman, Delegates and Alternates, and Republican friends: Let me first say how happy I am to be able to address the only political convention this year in which excitement and freedom and challenge are officially welcome. (Applause.)

Last month the Democrats bored each other, bored the media and bored the American people. And there is a reason why the Democratic Convention was such a sleep-inducer — the same old things being said in the same old way.

It hasn't had a new idea in a generation. It is the party of the past, lost in a dream of faded memories, pathetically eager to buttonhole passersby and talk about what they see as the good old days.

The Democratic platform is one part nostalgia, one part rhetoric and one part peanut butter. They have a forced conformity and they call it unity.

But the American people saw the faces on television, the faces of delegates who came to New York to be decision-makers and wound up being stationary props in a drama orchestrated by our opponent.

Those faces couldn't hide the truth of that convention: lack of spirit, lack of belief, lack of purpose, and lack of leadership. But since I have been in Kansas City, I have seen different faces. I have seen the faces of men and women who care and who care deeply. I have seen the look of commitment, of purpose. Yes, we

have disagreements, but we don't hide them. We are alive and the other party is marching in a locked step. (Applause.)

Our spirit and sense of purpose gives evidence that this party is the party of the future, not the past. This is the party of unity based on principle, not on conformity. And above all, this is the party of youth and energy, with a fresh vision of America.

Let's discuss why there is going to be a Republican President in the White House next January. Americans all across the country — Republicans, Democrats and Independents — are virtually agreed on one fact: the principles that are at the heart of our party are the principles that must lead our nation.

The only question in 1976 is whether the Democratic nominee is going to be able to continue his game. How long can the people of the United States be asked to believe a man who, with a straight face, told the Democratic Convention in his acceptance speech that the Democrats favored competition over regulation?

If that isn't the single biggest piece of political science fiction I have ever heard, I don't know what is! (Applause.)

And how can he say that the tax laws are a disgrace to the human race out of one side of his smile while out of the other he is telling the American people he will work in harmony with the Congressional Democrats who wrote and passed those same tax laws?

The Republicans have fought inflation which destroys jobs and hope and savings and dreams. If Mr. Carter is truly compassionate, if he truly cares, why doesn't he tell the Democrats in Congress to stop playing the cruel politics of inflation?

There are too many widows on fixed incomes, too many young fathers and mothers trying to raise families, too many of our nation's elderly seeing their savings eaten away to play politics with inflation.

Let's set the record straight. It is the Democratic Congress with its insistence on the cruel politics of inflation that has caused more misery in this country than anything else. (Applause.)

It isn't fair, it just isn't fair for these politicians to continue to wreck the lives of American wage earners. Justice, simple justice, demands that we Republicans double and redouble our efforts in the name of social and economic justice. And that means taking on the Democrats and showing the American people that our party cares; cares about people, about their dreams, about their families.

The Democratic Party has turned its back on millions of Democrats. The Republican Party must seek them out, not as a stranger but as a party that continues to honor values and principles that these Democrats hold dear. They have been abandoned by their leaders, and we must embrace them.

The Republican Party must go to political independents and say, "We don't care about party labels. We don't care about your registration. We do care about your vision of America." (Applause.)

"We do care that you share with us the principles that are at the heart of this party." And that is the key to this year's election. We have to go straight to the heart; no nonsense, no pretty rhetoric, no mechanical smiles, but the real joy of believing what you say and saying what you believe, a joy the delegates to the Democratic Convention never knew.

We are going to win, because the Republicans have guts enough to tell the American people that you don't get a strong national defense without paying for it. Some nations have to pay in the blood of their young men and women. Our nation under this Republican Administration, thank God, doesn't have a single American fighting anywhere in the world today. (Applause.)

Something like that just doesn't happen. It had to be made to happen, through leadership, through courage, through devotion to principle.

Yes, we have to pay for a strong national defense. But without it, who would be the effective deterrents to those who would challenge our freedom, the free world? But Jimmy Carter tells us that he wants to cut out billions of dollars from the defense budget.

We are going to win — we can hear it in this auditorium tonight — because Republicans have the honesty to deal fairly with American workers.

Once more I must be candid. The Democratic Congress has taken money out of the paychecks of American workers through inflation; jobs out of the economy through economic irresponsibility, and the very heart out of millions of Americans.

The American people realize that the Republican principle of a sane and humane economy, based on honest dealings between the government and the people, is the only road to economic stability and growth.

We are going to win because the Republican Party has always been the party of human and civil rights. We don't play games with the dreams of minorities. We don't crank out rhetoric of compassion on one hand and the politics of manipulation with the other, as do the Democrats.

We are going to win because we are committed to the concept of free choice for women, be they workers in the home, the farm, the factory, in the office, and the professions. When it comes to opportunities for women, advancement of women, and the full realization of the talents of women, the Republican Party has always been the party of progress.

As far back as 1876, 100 years ago, the Republican Party platform supported the advancement of women for positions of public trust and responsibility. We pioneered the right of women to vote and led the sustained battle to secure suffrage for women.

More women today, thanks to this Republican Administration, are decision makers in top level positions. And with the momentum thus gained, more Republican women are running for elective office this year than ever before. (Applause.)

We are going to win because the Republican Party is the party of individual rights and freedom. The Democratic Congress practically invented the Washington bureaucracy, and it is in their interest to see that it grows and grows.

We have fought bureaucratic tyranny and bureaucratic nonsense long before it became the political thing to do. The Democratic leadership cannot rewrite history no matter how hard they try. The American people have said no to bureaucratic mischief, and it is the Democratic leadership which has helped create it over forty years.

The American people have said no to inflation. It is the Democratic Congress that has caused inflation. The American people have said no to the blunders and the follies of over-regulation; and despite what Mr. Carter says, the American people know that the Democrats are the ones who have made a kind of sacred idol out of the regulatory principle.

But the American people have said yes to individual freedom, yes to free enterprise, yes to belief in family values, yes to community life. This is the living, breathing, human approach to politics that is the very soul of our party.

When history looks back to this year, it will speak of the Bicentennial. It will speak of the peace and the prosperity Americans enjoy. But I tell you tonight, it will also speak of a triumph of the party of principle, a triumph in November that will sweep in not only a Republican President but a Congress that responds to the needs of the people. (Applause.)

To all Americans who are not members of our party, but who share our vision of common sense in the economy, common decency in human and civil rights, and an uncommon courage in defending American freedom, we say welcome; welcome to the party of new ideas and new approaches.

Join with us as we continue to make our beloved country not only militarily strong and economically sound but also a bastion of human and civil rights that will serve as an example to the world and to history.

To all of you Delegates and to this great convention, I say we have a job to do. Let's go and get it done. Thank you. (Applause.)

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and gentlemen, we are about to conduct some important business in the convention, so I assume that many of you will want to take your seats and others may want to hear.

If you would make every effort to clear the aisle, there will be important business conducted in about ten seconds.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON CREDENTIALS

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and gentlemen, the Chair now recognizes the delegate from the State of Iowa, the National Committeeman for that State, Chairman of the Committee on Credentials. John C. McDonald.

MR. MCDONALD. — Mr. Chairman, the Committee on Credentials met pursuant to the rules of the convention on August 16, 1976. The officers elected to serve at that time were as follows: John C. McDonald, Chairman; Sylvia B. Hermann of Maryland, Vice Chairman; Maxine W. Snowden of the District of Columbia, Secretary.

At the Contest Committee hearings, which were held on August 9, 1976, in Kansas City, three contests were presented. In turn, the reports of these contests were presented to the Republican National Committee, sitting as a committee of the whole, pursuant to the rules for final action. No appeals were taken to the Credentials Committee in any of those cases.

In five States changes with reference to Delegates and Alternate Delegates were requested and were approved. A letter request for changes in the Oregon Delegation was denied. In addition, due to a printing omission, the note which states that — and I quote — "Opposite each Delegate is shown the Alternate for that particular Delegate," end of quote, was inadvertently left off of the permanent role of the State of Florida.

In all of the proceedings of the Credentials Committee, we were advised by Mr. Richard Haber, Assistant to the General Counsel, and further utilized the services of the Executive Director of the Contest Committee, Joy Price.

Your committee, Mr. Chairman, now moves that the Temporary Roll of Delegates and Alternates, as presented to this convention on August 16, 1976, as amended in five instances in relation to Delegates and Alternate Delegates, and corrected in the case of Florida, become the permanent roll of the convention. Thank you.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — You have heard the motion. Is there a second?

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Second.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — All those in favor say aye.
(Chorus of ayes.)

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — Contrary, no.

The ayes have it and the report of the Committee on Credentials stands approved.

(At this time there was considerable commotion in the Convention Hall for several minutes due to the arrival of Mrs. Betty Ford, the Ford children and their guests. Cries of "We want Ford" mingled with "We want Reagan.")

THE HONORABLE WILLIAM C. CRAMER of Florida
General Counsel of the Republican National Committee

PERMANENT ROLL

ALABAMA

(Thirty-seven Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Guy Hunt

AT LARGE

Delegates

Don Collins . . . . . .Gadsden
307 South 5th Street, 35901
Wallace G. Stanfield . . . . . .Florence
2705 Milford Street, 35630
Guy Hunt . . . . . .Holly Pond
Route 2, Box 78, 35083
William G. "Bill" Waldrop
Birmingham
122 Persimmon Street, 35214
Leonard Wilson . . . . . .Jasper
Post Office Box 947, 35501
G. R. (Robin) Swift, Jr. . . . . Atmore
801 S. Trammell Street, 36502
Thomas L. Hurt . . . . . .Birmingham
715 Washington Avenue, 35211
William M. Acker, Jr. . . . .Birmingham
2504 Watkins Circle, 35223
Sue Mathisen Steele . . . . . .Auburn
1101 West Thach #4, 36830
Beebe R. Frederick, Jr. . . .Montgomery
3144 Old Dobbin Road, 36111
Robert B. French . . . . . .Fort Payne
Post Office Box 596, 35967
Peggy Noel . . . . . .Birmingham
4355 Wilderness Court, 35213
Albert Lee Smith, Jr. . . . . .Birmingham
4200 Stone River Circle, 35213
George W. Nichols, Jr. . . . .Tuscaloosa
2708 University Boulevard, 35401
John T. Moss . . . . . .Huntsville
7908 Tea Garden Road, 35802
Frances Wideman . . . . . .Birmingham
2437 Vestavia Drive, 35216

Alternates

J. C. Fowler . . . . . .Oneonta
Box 491, 35121
W. F. Joseph, Jr. . . . . .Montgomery
3230 Thomas Avenue, 36106
Carl J. Woodard . . . . . .Cullman
305 – 1st Avenue, S.W., 35055
S. D. Zeanah . . . . . .Montevallo
Post Office Box 92, 35115

James Charles Hamrick . . . . . .Cullman
514 – 4th Avenue, S.E., 35055
James E. Brothers . . . . . .Gallant
Route 1, 35972
Travis Vickery . . . . . .Hackleburg
Box F, 35564
Brooks Barganier . . . . . .Birmingham
1610 – 10th Avenue, South, 35205
Frank L. Mason . . . . . .Birmingham
2825 Canoe Brook Lane, 35243
Forrest Lane Sutherland . . . . . .Florence
104 Butler, 35630
Ronald McCurdy . . . . . .Valley Head
Route 2, 35989
C. W. "Chuck" Martin . .Muscle Shoals
404 West Grand Avenue, 35660
Jim McKleroy . . . . . .Anniston
Route 1, Box 316 D 17, 36201
Raymond C. Barry . . . . . .Birmingham
Post Office Box 3573, 35211
Frank E. Merkel . . . . . .Tuscumbia
Route 2, Box 111, 35674
Donald H. Jersey . . . . . .Huntsville
8027 Lauderdale Road, S.W., 35802

DISTRICT

1—Arthur R. Outlaw . . . . . .Mobile
250 Levert Street, 36607
Paul Parham II . . . . . .Jackson
Post Office Box 193, 36545
John A. Robertson . . . . . .Daphne
Route 2, Box 54, 36526

1—J. D. Kuffskie . . . . . .Mobile
1124 Chalet Drive West, 36608
Cecil D. Crow . . . . . .Mobile
Box 8385, 36608
Danny L. Perry . . . . . .Mobile
201 Michigan, 36604

ALABAMA (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
2—A. Herbert Morton, Jr. Montgomery 1605 East Fairview Avenue, 36106	2—Thomas H. Moody . .Montgomery 3111 Hathaway Place, 36111
G. B. Phillips . . . . . .Headland Route 1, Box 145 A, 36345	Jule R. Herbert . . . . .Montgomery Post Office Box 11276, 36111
Rudolph E. Shelley . . . . . .Troy 208 Franklin Drive, 36081	Bruel Davis . . . . . .Brundidge RFD #2, 36010
3—Orval Q. Matteson . . .Jacksonville 306 Reynolds Street, 36265	3—Martha Ball Harlan . . . . . .Auburn 831 South Gay Street, 36830
James M. Sizemore, Jr. .Sylacauga 918 Cherokee Drive, 35150	Shable B. Benefield . . . . . .Heflin Route 4, Box 108, 36264
Steven J. "Steve" Allen . .Anniston Box 1130, 36201	Patrick F. "Pat" Owens .Prattville 103 Country Club Drive, 36067
4—Brice F. Marsh . . . . . .Trafford Route 1, Box 213-B, 35172	4—John T. Aldridge . . . . .Springville Route 1, Box 171, 35146
Fred W. Abt . . . . . .Cullman Post Office Box 209, 35055	Manuel Ferguson . . . . . .Jasper Post Office Box 132, 35501
Dorthen Wadsworth . . . . . .Arley Post Office Box 147, 35541	Joe R. Hilleke . . . . . .Gadsden 404 Carolyn Lane, 35901
5—Terry W. Tarkington . . . .Decatur Route 4, Box 271, 35601	5—Edward C. Moss . . . . . .Rogersville 35652
Wrenshall "Wren" McKemy Huntsville 3447 Darlene Circle N.W., 35810	Wendy Van Pelt . . . . . .Florence 714 Willingham Road, 35630
William H. Graham . . .Huntsville 3019 Barcody Road, 35802	Charles W. Thrasher . .Rogersville Post Office Box 126, 35652
6—John C. Adams . . . . .Birmingham 3307 Briarcliff Road, 35223	6—Eunice W. Smith . . . .Birmingham 4200 Stone River Circle, 35213
Robert Thomason . . . .Birmingham 1153C Green Springs Avenue, 35205	Katherine Ross Thoman Birmingham 3545 Victoria Road, 35223
Wayne W. Killion . . .Birmingham 2841 Montevallo Road, 35223	Olivia P. Burkey . . . .Birmingham Post Office Box 487, 35201
7—Richard Rhone . . . . . .Tuscaloosa Route 1, Box 406, 35401	7—Anne T. Odom . . . . . .Tuscaloosa 51 High Forest, 35401
J. A. "Jimmy" Holliman Bessemer 811 Skyline Circle, 35020	Jule R. Herbert, Jr. . . .Tuscaloosa 418 Downtown Plaza, 35401
R. E. "Ed" Robinson .Birmingham 5122 Split Rail Trail, 35244	Wallace W. Watson . . . . . .Calera Route 2, Box 18D, 35040

ALASKA

(Nineteen Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: John B. Coghill

At Large

Delegates

Walter J. Hickel ..... Anchorage
1905 Loussac Drive, 99503

Edith Holm ..... Fairbanks
Box 682, 99707

Clifford J. Groh ..... Anchorage
1576 Coffey Lane, 99501

Donald Harris ..... Juneau
Pouch Z, 99801

Robert H. Bettisworth ..... Fairbanks
Box 80288, 99701

Alfred Widmark ..... Juneau
Box 1492, 99802

Jay S. Hammond ..... Juneau
Pouch A, 99801

Patricia K. Morris ..... Kenai
Box 3152, 99611

Jackie B. Oberg ..... Kenai
Box 1084, 99611

Renee Blahuta ..... Fairbanks
1919 Jack Street, 99707

Diane Long ..... Juneau
Box 385, 99802

H. Leo Brown ..... Fairbanks
S.R. Box 61226
1½ Mile Persinger Drive, 99701

Tom Reardon ..... Nome
Box 1001, 99762

Lloyd Hames ..... Sitka
Box 397, 99835

Leon A. Windeler ..... Anchorage
SRA Box 213, 99502

LaDemma Zuback ..... Anchorage
Box 1420, 99510

Alternates

Gloria J. Tokar ..... Anchorage
2324 Hialeah, 99503

Andrew P. Souders ..... Clear
Box 43, 99704

Marilyn J. Gay ..... Anchorage
1710 South Salem Drive, 99504

Donald D. Oberg ..... Kenai
Box 1084, 99611

Marco Pignalberi ..... Fairbanks
Box 60029, 99701

E. W. (Wally) Christiansen .. Ketchikan
2525 Fourth Avenue, 99901

Del Allison ..... Anchorage
110 East Third Avenue, 99501

Boyd A. Skille ..... Anchorage
3742 Lake Otis, 99504

Lee McAnerney ..... Juneau
Pouch B, 99801

Doris McKinley ..... Palmer
Star Route B, Box 325, 99645

Wright G. (Jerry) Hanson ..... Kenai
Route 2, 99611

Gerald Wooldridge ..... Anchorage
4000 Arkansas Drive, 99503

Ed M. Buker ..... Juneau
Box 386, 99802

Brad Dickey ..... Eagle River
Star Route, Box 194, 99577

Bertha Midyett ..... Anchorage
1011 West 12th Avenue, 99501

Pauline Farr ..... Anchorage
9427 Jewell Lake Road, 99502

At Large District

Eldon R. Ulmer ..... Anchorage
Box 1420, 99510

Yvonne Alford ..... Anchorage
Box 992, 99510

John B. Coghill ..... Nenana
Box 268, 99760

Chip Wagoner ..... Fairbanks
Box 81249, College, 99708

Frank W. Harris ..... Anchorage
1805 Scenic Way, 99501

Paul Fischer ..... Soldotna
Box 784, 99669

ARIZONA

(Twenty-nine Delegates)

(Chairman of Delegation: James H. Colter)

AT LARGE

Delegates

John J. Rhodes .....Tempe
1801 Jen Tilly Lane C-20, 85281
James H. Colter.....Phoenix
7107 North 13th Place, 85020
Jacque Clark .....Tucson
5490 East River Road, 85718
Jack Williams .....Phoenix
77 East Missouri #8, 85014
Bob Corbin .....Phoenix
1545 West El Caminito, 85021
Jim Hartdegen .....Casa Grande
Post Office Box 54, 85222
Howard Baldwin .....Phoenix
1622 West Clarendon, 85015
Nonavie Dyer.....Phoenix
3444 West Belmont, 85021
Eva Albu Krone.....Phoenix
5115 North 12th Street, 85014
Beatrice Strong .....Yuma
1901 South Magnolia, 85364
D. David (Charlie) Schmidt....Phoenix
5732 North 38th Avenue, 85019
Eldon Shelly.....Joseph City
Post Office Box 218, 86032
Agnes Murphy .....Phoenix
4429 North 31st Place, 85016
Jack Smithbaker .....Scottsdale
8721 East Joshua Tree Lane,
85253
Joe Stephens .....Tucson
3445 East Benson Highway, 85706
David West .....Paradise Valley
8005 North Coconino, 85253
John Van Wyk .....Tucson
10401 East Plumeria, 85715

Alternates

James Meredith .....Phoenix
4525 East Campbell, 85018
Margaret Christy .....Sedona
Post Office Drawer 869, 86336
Richard Amlee .....Tucson
9001 East Millett Drive, 85710
Frances Geissler .....Carefree
Post Office Box 947, 85331
Doris Londen .....Phoenix
33 Biltmore Estates, 85016
Lenora Claridge .....Safford
Route 1, Box 300, 85546
Rosetta LaFont .....Chinle
86503
Richard Wohl .....Phoenix
5502 East Calle del Norte, 85018
Kit Haugen .....Phoenix
3234 North 38th Street, 85018
Sharon Farr .....Phoenix
5425 East Vernon, 85008
Barbara Foster .....Phoenix
8833 North 4th Avenue, 85021
Joanne L. Woske.....Tucson
7426 East 18th Street, 85710
Chester Lycans .....Sun City
11023 Arron Circle, 85351
Eugene D. Lopez.....Flagstaff
1623 Mountain View Avenue, 86001

Barbara Mace .....Phoenix
6083 West Earll Drive, 85033
Stephen D. Cooley.....Tempe
2516 East Riviera Drive, 85282
Marcelyn Mann .....Phoenix
5333 West Thomas Road, 85031

DISTRICT

1—Donna Carlson .....Mesa
447 West Hillview Circle, 85201
Frank Kelley.....Scottsdale
5819 East Thomas Road, 85257

1—Lester Smith .....Phoenix
221 East Southgate, 85040
Tim Vickery .....Tempe
3814 South Kenwood, 85282

ARIZONA (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Elaine Lust .....Tempe 1059 East Broadmor Drive, 85282	Bob Bogle .....Chandler 10462 East Ocotillo, 85224
2—Don Buchanan .....Benson Post Office Box 141, 85602	2—Laird Gutterson .....Tucson #1 West Orange Grove Road, 85704
Freddy Hershberger .....Tucson 926 Samalayuca Drive, 85704	Kerry McDonald .....Nogales 2026 Mountain View, 85621
Jacquelynn Egan .....Tucson 624 South Santa Ana Drive, 85710	Judy Gignac .....Sierra Vista 565 Raymond Drive, 85635
3—Lloyd Hanes ....Lake Havasu City Post Office Box 57703, 86403	3—Leona Miller .....Phoenix 3053 North 37th Drive, 85019
Betty Hindman .....Buckeye Route 2, Box 23, 85326	Brad Stewart .....Camp Verde Post Office Box 708, 86322
Homer Macy .....Sun City 10709 West Topaz Drive, 85351	Laura Bauer .....Sedona Post Office Box 883, 86336
4—Bart Fleming .....Phoenix 3723 East Cholla Street, 85028	4—Doris Towle .....Morenci Post Office Box 880, 85540
William Howard O'Brien Scottsdale 5637 East Nauni Valley Drive, 85253	Betty Benneson .....Scottsdale 5540 Quail Run, 85253
Ingo Radicke .....Globe Post Office Box 611, 85501	Emmet C. O'Beirne .....Phoenix 2901 West Glenn Drive, 85021

ARKANSAS

(Twenty-seven Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Judy C. Petty

Note: Opposite each Delegate is shown the Alternate for that particular Delegate.

At Large

Delegates	*Alternates*
Nancy Wilcox .....Little Rock 5318 Sherwood Road, 72207	June Milligan .....Pine Bluff Route 1, Box 343 B, 71601
Evelyn Thomas .....Prairie Grove Route 2, 72753	Cherie Hutchinson .....Little Rock 6623 Kavanaugh Place, 72207
Dick Isom .....Searcy Post Office Box 378, Station A, 72143	Donald George .....Hot Springs 1711 Central Avenue, 71901
Sally Boyd .....Hot Springs 5321 Central Avenue, 71901	Ralph Longbotham .....Cabot Route 2, Box 346, 72023
Lynn A. Davis .....Little Rock 38 Scenic Boulevard, 72207	Bonnie Ring .....Dardanelle Mount Nebo Road, 72834

ARKANSAS (Continued)

Delegates

O. D. Pendergrass ....Mountain Home
511 Main Street, 72653
Lena McClendon .....Crossett
702 Walnut, 71635
J. Boyd Smith .....Green Forest
Box 35, 72638
Monty Montgomery .....Mena
#11 Bonner Lane, 71953
A. Lynn Lowe .....Texarkana
25 Arnold Drive, 75501
Leona Troxell .....Rose Bud
Route 1, 72137
Marion Burton .....Little Rock
10 Robinwood, 72207
Dorothy Webb .....Little Rock
4924 East Crestwood, 72207
Carolyn Pollan .....Fort Smith
2201 South 40th, 72901
Preston Bynum .....Siloam Springs
Route 2, Box 380 B, 72761

Alternates

Frances Goode .....Hot Springs
212 Seventh Street, 71901
Daniel Dotson .....Van Buren
3 Bon Air, 72956
Charles Peacock Jr. .....McCrory
Route 1, 72101
Jack Allen .....Fort Smith
4300 Trakwood Drive, 72901
David Hurst .....Hot Springs
214 Alta Vista Drive, 71901
Elijah Coleman .....Pine Bluff
Route 4, Box 208 A, 71601
Jim Sheets .....Siloam Springs
Post Office Box 3, 72761
Mark Allen .....Fort Smith
2506 South 58th Street, 72901
Phyllis Kincannon ...North Little Rock
#3 Belair Court, 72116
Rex Spivey .....Rogers
#1 Rivercliff Road, 72756

DISTRICT

1—John Allen .....Walnut Ridge
421 Northwest 3rd, 72476
Wayne Thorburn .....Jonesboro
3315 Ashwood Circle, 72401
Jere Lowe .....Harrisburg
413 Cole Street, 72432
2—Judy C. Petty .....Little Rock
901 North McAdoo, 72207
Harold Braddy .....Conway
Route 4, Box 281 B, 72032
Robert M. Millwee, Jr. Little Rock
#5 Hampshire Circle, 72212
3—Ken Colley .....Fort Smith
8201 Adam Drive, 72901
Jonathan Barnett ..Siloam Springs
Route 2, Box 46D, 72761
Betty Walker .....Springdale
110 Rogers Circle Drive, 72764
4—Marguerite Turner .....El Dorado
800 Eastridge Drive, 71730
Sonia Ingram .....Pine Bluff
2600 West 42nd Avenue, 71601
Bill Dunklin .....Pine Bluff
4401 Elm Street, 71601

1—Joe Murrey, Jr. .....Jonesboro
1411 Madison, 72401
Bobby Morten .....Paragould
606 Highland, 72450
Susan Power .....Jonesboro
1705 Loberg, 72401
2—Lestene Duncan .North Little Rock
5505 Randolph Road, 72116
Carl Scheibner .....Little Rock
222 Rosetta, 72205
Pat McNeill ...North Little Rock
2000 Lone Pine Road, 72118
3—Natalie Kilmer .....Hot Springs
213 Hermlee Drive, 71901
Glen Hopkins, Jr. ....Van Buren
Post Office Drawer H, 72956
Jeffrey Daniels .....Fort Smith
2409 Queensbury Way, 72901
4—Phil McClendon .....Crossett
702 Walnut, 71635
Frances von Reyn .....El Dorado
503 Faulkner, 71730
Jerri Pruden .....Hope
320 North Washington Street,
71801

CALIFORNIA

(One hundred sixty-seven Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Robert D. Nesen

At Large

Delegates

Mike D. Antonovich .....Glendale
1111 East Lexington-211, 91206
Goldie L. Arthur .....Beverly Hills
9330 Cherokee Lane, 90210
Arnold Beckman .....Corona del Mar
107 Shorecliff Road, 92625
Alfred Bloomingdale .....Los Angeles
131 Delfern Drive, 90024
Pat Boone .....Beverly Hills
904 North Beverly Drive, 90210
Ann Bowler .....Long Beach
177 Rivo Alto Canal, 90803
Virginia Braun .....Pasadena
1585 Orlando Road, 91106
Charles Cook .....Pasadena
480 Madeline Drive, 91105
Jack Courtemanche .....Los Angeles
621 South Lorraine Blvd., 90005
Theodore B. Cummings ..Beverly Hills
806 North Camden Drive, 90210
Mike Curb .....Beverly Hills
1820 Carla Ridge, 90210
Justin Dart .....Los Angeles
444 North Faring Road, 90024
Tirso del Junco .....Pasadena
1570 San Pasqual, 91106
Robert Emmett .....Los Angeles
2170 Century Park East #1610, 90067
Carlota Busch Giersch .....Pasadena
880 LaLoma Road, 91105
Marcia Wilson Hobbs .....Los Angeles
435 Levering Avenue, 90024
Jaquelin H. Hume .....San Francisco
3355 Pacific Avenue, 94118
Gardiner Johnson .....Piedmont
329 Hampton Road, 94611
Earle M. Jorgensen .....Los Angeles
960 Bel Air Road, 90024
Henry Lucas, Jr. .....San Francisco
34 Ora Way, 94131
Michael B. Montgomery
South Pasadena
2028 Edgewood Drive, 91030

Alternates

James Flournoy .....Los Angeles
4155 Mt. Vernon Drive, 90008
Max Eddy Utt .....Newport Beach
2800 West Ocean Front, 92663
Earl Coke .....San Francisco
850 Powell Street, 94108
Reed Sprinkel .....Cucamonga
7706 Calle Casino, 91730
John Hawley .....Los Angeles
336 South Hudson, 90020
Don Heyl .....Rolling Hills Estates
6 Peacock Lane, 90274
James E. Stratten .....San Francisco
662 15th Avenue, 94118
Barbara Stidham .....San Rafael
8 Cabrello Court, 94903
Clark Bradley .....San Jose
156 Dana Avenue, 95126
Pam Naylor .....Calabasas
5481 Ruthwood Drive, 91302
Virginia Milner .....Beverly Hills
706 North Canon Drive, 90210
Victor Blanco .....Arcadia
1410 Holly Avenue, 91006
John L. Harmer .....Roseville
7135 J Bar B Drive, 95678
Frank Murphy .....Burbank
525 East Magnolia Blvd., 91501
Mark McCullough .....Woodside
300 Olive Hill Lane, 94062
H. L. "Bill" Richardson .....Arcadia
124 Bonita, 91006
Bob Cline .....Northridge
11817 Porte Valley Drive, 91324
Carmen Briggs .....Fullerton
2924 San Juan Drive, 92635
Douglas L. Hallett .....Santa Monica
808 4th Street, 90403
Lou Conde .....San Diego
3850 Riviera Drive, 92106
Jean Tomlinson .....Torrance
22700 Date Avenue, 90505

CALIFORNIA (Continued)

Delegates

Robert D. Nesen .....Westlake Village
2125 Portola Lane, 91361
J. William Orozco .....Alhambra
1425 South Marengo Avenue, 91803
Verne Orr .....Pasadena
1444 Hillcrest Avenue, 91106
Neil Reagan .....Rancho Sante Fe
3941 Via Valle Verde, 92067
Angela Reitz .....Los Angeles
1451 Miller Drive, 90069
Elsa Sandstrom .....Stoneyford
Jo Valley Ranch, 95979
Charles A. Foster, Jr. ....San Francisco
2999 Pacific Avenue, 94115
Albert A. Spiegel .....Beverly Hills
807 North Elm Drive, 90210
Tom Sullivan .....Palos Verdes
2201 Via Rosa, 90274

William French Smith .....San Marino
1256 Oak Grove Avenue, 91108
Holmes Tuttle .....Los Angeles
637 South Hudson Avenue, 90005
Sue Taurog .....Beverly Hills
529 North Hillcrest Road, 90210
Julian Virtue .....Rolling Hills
#2 Bowie Road, 90274
Cynthia L. Wick .....Los Angeles
120 South Mapleton Drive, 90024
William A. Wilson .....Los Angeles
10475 Bellagio Road, 90024
Jack Wrather .....Los Angeles
172 Delfern Drive, 90024
Efrem Zimbalist, Jr. .....Encino
4750 Encino Avenue, 91316

Alternates

Dave Wakeham .....Monrovia
615 West Palm, 91016
George Jagels .....San Marino
1285 Oak Grove Avenue, 91108
Bert Boeckmann .....Encino
4194 Regal Oak Drive, 91436
John Brock .....Sepulveda
2219 Pine Street, 91343
Don DeFore .....Los Angeles
2496 Mandeville Canyon Road, 90049
Robert Beverly .....Manhattan Beach
2700 Highland Avenue, 90266
Beatrice V. Hawkins .....Seal Beach
135 Cedar Crest Lane 109-1, 90740
Wally Thor .....Whittier
10203 South Valley View, 90604
William Stewart III .....Corte Madera
21 Tamel Vista Boulevard,
Suite 120, 94925
Margaret Brock .....Los Angeles
2220 Avenue of the Stars, 90067
Colleen Marie Hargrave .....Templeton
Route 1, Box 206A, 93465
George Christopher .....San Francisco
555 Fulton, 94102
Tracy Howard .....San Francisco
1016 Hiltz, 90024
Earl Brian .....Pasadena
600 Columbia Street, 91105
Dolores Soderstrom .....San Pedro
1500 South Pacific Avenue, 90731
F. A. Vollstedt .....Studio City
11007 Wrightwood Lane, 91604
Leslie Ohland .....Santa Monica
2004 La Mesa, 90402

DISTRICT

1—Shirley West .....Graeagle
Post Office Box 68, 96103

Fredric H. Nagle, Jr. ...Susanville
Happy Valley Ranch,
Post Office Box 243, 96131
Wanda E. Agostini .....Redding
3309 Wilshire Drive, 96001
2—C. Robert Barnum .....Eureka
4441 Fairway Drive, 95501

1—Doris E. Walker .....Auburn
395 Silver Bend Way,
Post Office Box 1535, 95603
William J. Ryan .....Oroville
222 Lemon Hill Drive,
Post Office Box 550, 95965
Loreto A. Panecaldo III ...Gridley
1800 Hazel Street, 95948
2—Bob Matthews .....Eureka
Post Office Box 3460, 95501

CALIFORNIA (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Marion Drapinski .....Napa 308 East Berna Avenue, 94558	Margie L. Handley .....Willits 24620 Sherwood Road, 95490
Jack M. Grout .....Santa Rosa 4916 Flemish Court, 94045	Wilma Fittipoldi .....Napa 81 Syar Drive, 94558
3—Frank Judy .....Sacramento 1723 – 11th Avenue, 95818	3—Eadie Saulque .....Fairoaks 8216 Shangrila, 95628
Mike Carrington .....Sacramento 930 – 43rd Avenue, Apt. 51, 95831	Steven A. Merksamer ..Sacramento 2245 Woodside Lane, 95825
Roy T. Brophy .....Fair Oaks 8748 Bluff Lane, 95628	Janet Egan .....Sacramento 5741 South Land Park Drive, 95818
4—Wayne A. Bartholomew ....Davis 1604 Redwood Lane, 95616	4—Pam Grigsby .....Woodland Route 4, Box 93A-38, 95695
Ed J. Clemente .....Vallejo 1510 Sears Point Road, 94590	Daniels Charles Logue ..Woodland 905 California Street, 95695
Jane Carter .....Colusa 909 Oaks Street, 95932	Rex Hime .....Sacramento 3590 Kings Way #4, 95821
5—Robert G. Nelson ...San Francisco 527 – 26th Avenue, 94121	5—Joan S. Irwin .....Novato 975 Bel Marin Keys Blvd., 94947
Vivienne Raven .....San Francisco 2643 Union Street, 94123	Judith Ann Verhey .....Tiburon 150 Haciendo Drive, 94920
Steve M. Jeong .....San Francisco 146 Wood Street, Apt. 8, 94118	Bobbe Vargas .....Belvedere 12 Eucalyptus Drive, 94920
6—Thomas R. Dolan ...San Francisco 2207 – 27th Avenue, 94116	6—Jay Wasserman .....San Francisco 1056 Chestnut, 94133
Richard J. Hazlewood San Francisco 405 Davis Court, Apt. 1005 94111	Anne Smith .....San Francisco 980 Sacramento, Apt. 803, 94108
Arpe Zadigian .....San Francisco 1230 Washington Street, 94108	David Bonelli .....San Francisco 425 Pacheco Street, 94116
7—Beverly J. Acker .....Concord 4735 Olive Drive, 94518	7—Patricia F. Metz ....Walnut Creek 111 Clyde Drive, 94598
Dennis A. Wilson ...Pleasant Hill 303 Sunset Road, 94523	Leo Silva .....Walnut Creek 1833 Skycrest Drive #2, 94595
Jean Meredith .....Concord 1170 Tilson Drive, 94520	Glenda Harding .....Danville 2222 Vista Grande, 94526
8—Eunice Evans .....Lafayette 15 White Oak Drive, 94549	8—Anne Woodell .....Oakland 1724 Indian Way, 94611
Yster Charles Soda .....Oakland 457 Merritt Avenue, 94610	Paul Clinton Cahill ...Kensington 21 Sunset Court, 94907
Frank P. Adams .....Piedmont 781 Highland Avenue, 94611	Wallace E. Smith .....Oakland 2299 Manzanita Drive, 94611
9—Harlan S. Geldermann San Ramon 19251 San Ramon Road, 94583	9—Joann Jamison .....San Leandro 588 Diehl Avenue, 94577
Wilma M. Holbrook ...Livermore 3863 Pestana Way, 94550	Evva B. Stivers .....Hayward 21753 Vallejo Street, 94541

CALIFORNIA (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Ed Gingrich .....Alameda 2979 Northwood Drive, 94501	Stephen M. Oldfield . . .Pleasanton 7254 Valley Trails Drive, 94566
10—Gertrude McDonald .....Fremont 310 Orchard Drive, 94536	10—Cynthia L. Mozzetti .....Fremont 397 Walnut Avenue, 94536
Vernon J. Cristina .....San Jose 454 Golfview Drive, 95127	Jack Pimental .....Fremont 4550 Darrow Court, 94536
John R. Bertetta .....Fremont 40995 Nunes Court, 94538	Patrick V. Colglazier . . . .Hayward 256 B Street, 94541
11—Robert O. Johns .South San Francisco 3954 Chatham Court, 94080	11—Elizabeth Cookson . . .Hillsborough 5 Denham Court, 94010
Lucile E. Hosmer .....Belmont 2210 Hastings Drive, 94002	Barbara J. Rathbun .....Belmont 2324 Buena Vista Avenue, 94002
Robert Sholaas .....San Mateo 26 De Sabla Road, 94402	Jean Mahan .....Daly City 19 Eastgate Drive, 91722
12—Betty Quick .....Santa Clara 482 Woodhams Road, 95051	12—Michael J. Brady .....Menlo Park 40 Campo Bello Court, 94025
Robert W. Naylor . . . .Menlo Park 2308 Olympic Avenue, 94025	Lou Mariani .....Cupertino 20235 Homestead Road, 95014
Isabella M. Dunn . . . .Menlo Park 1959 Camino De Los Robles, 94025	Larry Leroy Farghar . . .Santa Clara 3347 Villanova Court, 95051
13—Elizabeth V. Simms .....San Jose 5123 Elmwood Drive, 95130	13—Robert C. Lindsey .....San Jose 1344 Avalon Drive, 95125
Joseph Russell .....Saratoga 19509 Roble Court, 95070	Lawrence Turpen .....San Jose 1206 Rockhaven Drive, 95120
Arthur J. Hodgdon .....Saratoga 12930 Regan Lane, 95070	John R. Krugh .....Morgan Hill 632 Spring Avenue, 95037
14—Clare Berryhill . . . .Shingle Springs Post Office Box 446, 95682	14—John F. "Jack" Rucker . . . .Sonora 179 Fairview Lane, 95370
Linda Ann Phelps .Mokelumne Hill Route 1, Box 26, 95245	Howard J. Schmidt .....Stockton 1054 Elmwood Avenue, 95204
Martha A. Nielsen .....Stockton 845 North Orange Street, 95203	Raymond J. Van Buskirk .Stockton 1993 West Michigan Avenue, 95204
15—Kenneth L. Maddy .....Fresno 4969 North Holt, 93705	15—Will Gill .....Madera 25719 Avenue 13, 93637
John Garabedian .....Fresno 3104 Huntington Blvd., 93712	Vern Bacciarini .....Merced 3435 East South Bear Creek Drive, 95340
Edwina L. Ground .....Modesto 644 Geer Court, 95354	Betty Wetmer Swann . . . .Modesto 3408 West Point Drive, 95350
16—Kay Valory .....Mt. Hermon 21 Azalea Avenue, 95041	16—Willard T. Branson .....Monterey Post Office Box 1768, 93940
Kae B. Spencer .....Templeton Jack Creek Road, Route 1 176A, 93465	Mary Aileen Nimmo . . .Atascadero 7375 Bella Vista, 93422

CALIFORNIA (Continued)

Delegates

Anne G. Nixon.....Pebble Beach
1074 Wranglers Trail, 93953
17—Truman F. Campbell.....Fresno
1215 South Phillip Avenue, 93727
Virginia Rice.....Hanford
408 Porter Street, 93230
Donald A. Jackson.....Fresno
1355 West San Bruno Avenue, 93711
18—Myrtle Park.....Bakersfield
10508 Palm Avenue, 93308
Robert W. Karpe.....Bakersfield
221 South Garnsey Avenue, 93309
Frank A. Visco.....Palmdale
39085 Ocotillo Drive, 93550
19—Marian North Koonce
Santa Barbara
4730 Sierra Madre, 93110
Michael J. Hermreck....Nipomo
Box 217, 93444
Patricia Colon.....Santa Barbara
609 Por La Mar Circle #219 B, 93103
20—John L. Moriarity
Calabasas Park
4413 Park Mallorca, 91302
Betty H. Knowles.....Camarillo
929 Calle Acopada, 93010
Lynn Bryan.....Newhall
23153 West 8th Street, 91321
21—Henry Cespedes...Panorama City
8519 Costello, 91402

Lyn Davis.....Granada Hills
15701 Simonds Street, 91344
Susan J. deGolyer.....Northridge
17331 Gresham Street, 91324

22—Lorelei C. Kinder.....Pasadena
630 Prospect Blvd., 91103
Mary Jane Barnett.....Burbank
1731 North Niagara Street, 91505
James Perkins.....Glendale
1301 Rossmoyne Avenue, 91207

Alternates

Robert M. Pollock.....Aptos
722 Seacliff Drive, 95003
17—Clara B. Rutherford....Porterville
33195 Success Valley Drive, 93257
Linda C. Atkinson.....Lemoore
25 G Street, 93245
Richard L. Hover.....Visalia
3109 West Howard Avenue, 93277
18—Marie Porter.....Bakersfield
5701 Cypress Point Drive, 93309
Bette C. Cutbirth.....Bakersfield
1133 Panorama Drive, 93305

Frances Gulbranson.....Lancaster
44840 Kingtree, 93534
19—Dee MacGillivray...Santa Barbara
1450 La Vista Road, 93110

Mark Millis.....Arroyo Grande
330 Corona Del Terra, 93420
Emily Wulbrandt.....Carpinteria
5554 Calle Arena, 93013

20—Helen Lucksinger
Thousand Oaks
2895 Moonflower Circle, 91360
Joan Costigan....Woodland Hills
4310 Greer Road, 91364
Beverly Lane.....Granada Hills
13171 Whistler Avenue, 91344
21—Glenn H. Thornhill...Northridge
18420 Vincennes Street #107, 91324
Shirley Case.....Mission Hills
10225 Kester Avenue, 91345
Steven Paul Born.....Northridge
18420 Vincennes Street #107, 91324
22—Marcia Tookey.....La Canada
1249 Descano Drive, 91011
Lucille V. Pershing.....Burbank
9650 Via Rimini, 91504

Virginia Crawford.....La Canada
5153 La Canada Blvd., 91011

CALIFORNIA (Continued)

Delegates

23—Jackie N. Harker .....Encino
4500 Densmore Avenue, 91436
Robert Hatch .....Los Angeles
123 North Layton Drive, 90049
Nicholas C. Muskey .....Encino
15751 Morrison Street, 91436

24—Richard E. Gulbranson
Toluca Lake
10071 Valley Spring Lane, 91602
Marie Ann Schumacher
Los Angeles
5447 Russell Avenue #14, 90027
Marjorie Pope .....Los Angeles
123 South Orange Drive, 90036

25—John M. Feliz .....Los Angeles
3232 Laclede Avenue, 90039
Ruth D. Hare .....Los Angeles
1785 Campus Road, 90041
Yo Takagaki .....Los Angeles
3910 Somerset Drive, 90008

26—James Knapp .....South Pasadena
514 Orange Grove Avenue,
91030
Joseph M. Crosby ..South Pasadena
316 Alta Vista Avenue, 91030
Kathleen E. Crow ....San Marino
805 Canterbury Road, 91108

27—Leslie Carol Dutton
Santa Monica
215 – 21st Place, 90402
Margaret P. Scott
Pacific Palisades
16945 Avenida de Santa Ynez,
90272
Lowell Graham
Palos Verdes Estates
1209 Via Gabriel, 90274

28—Peter Dauterive .....Los Angeles
4351 Mount Vernon Drive,
90043
Stephanie E. Lee .....Los Angeles
3939 Roxanne #7, 90008
Timothy C. Riley ....Los Angeles
5000 Centinela Avenue, 90066

29—Helen F. Christenson ..South Gate
9932-A Virginia Avenue, 90280

Alternates

23—Joyce Van Schaack .....Tarzana
4616 Caritina Drive, 91356
Terry A. Keeshan .....Encino
526½ Newcastle Avenue, 91316
Arleigh Kerr .....Sherman Oaks
3747 Regal Vista Drive, 91403

24—Joan Joseff.....Toluca Lake
Toluca Lake Blvd., 91602

Gordon G. Bennett ...Hollywood
7204 Chelan Way, 90068

Louis Pulici .....Los Angeles
750 South Windsor Blvd., 90005

25—William E. Saraccino Los Angeles
5405 Hartwick Street, 90041
Richard E. Ferraro ...Los Angeles
4351 Eagle Rock Blvd., 90041
Evelyn Diederich .....Los Angeles
1308 South Lorena, 90023

26—Stanley C. Field .....Alhambra
1609 Geranio Drive, 91801

Marcella A. Whitmore....Arcadia
512 Santa Maria Road, 91106
Dixie McIntee .....Temple City
4840 Camellia Avenue, 91780

27—Mary Benz
Rancho Palos Verdes Peninsula
6638 Monero Drive, 90274
Mike Donaldson ..Redondo Beach
457 Calle Major, 90277

Theodore B. Olson
Palos Verdes Estates
849 Rivera Place, 90274

28—Dorothy S. Buck .....Los Angeles
4918 Angeles Vista, 90043

Charles C. Thomas ...Los Angeles
3807 Sixth Avenue, 90008
Mildred A. Lowry ....Culver City
4134 Jackson Avenue,
90230

29—Dorothea M. Lombardo
South Gate
3916 Ardmore Avenue, 90280

CALIFORNIA (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Alyce M. Coleman . . . .South Gate 10217 Otis Street, 90280	Winnifred Christianson South Gate 9707 Bryson Avenue, 90280
Randy J. Goodwin . . . .South Gate 2925 Illinois Avenue, 90280	Fern McCallister . . . . . .South Gate 10017 Annetta Avenue, 90280
30—Clara Gross . . . . . .El Monte 11685 East Killian Street, 91732	30—Mark A. Martinez Monterey Park 1630 South Crest Vista Drive, 91754
Agnes M. Arakawa Monterey Park 1688 Kempton Avenue, 91754	Gerald B. Hodges Monterey Park 420 West Riggin Street, 91754
Frank L. Burnett . .Monterey Park 539 Casuda Canyon Drive, 91754	Elsie Schaad . . . . . .Monterey Park 1693 Isabella Avenue, 91754
31—Wendell T. Handy . . . . .Compton 13714 South Wilmington Avenue, 90222	31—Jerry O. Saavedra . . . . .Hawthorne 13724 Ocean Gate Avenue, 90250
Armand M. Vaquer . . .Hawthorne 4923 West 129th Street, 90250	Gwendolyn Duffy . . . . . .Gardena 1147 West 162nd Street, 90247
James M. Woods . . . .Los Angeles 2509 West Rosecranes, 90059	Guy Hocker . . . . . .Hawthorne 5239 West 138th Street, 90250
32—John R. Lewis . . . . . .Long Beach 1140 East Ocean Boulevard #130, 90802	32—Fred Boettcher . . . . . .San Pedro 1305 South Meyler Street, 90731
Verna D. Mattox . . . . . .Torrance 22647 B Nadine Circle, 90505	Dorothy Siegfried . . . .Long Beach 3832 Weston Place, 90807
Donald W. Phillips . . .Hawthorne 4923 West 129th Street, 90250	Mildred Garrison . . . . .Long Beach 3846 Chestnut Avenue, 90807
33—Jacquelyn Garman . . . . . .Whittier 16000 West Road, 90603	33—Maxine Ormsby Hacienda Heights 5236 East Valdemar Drive, 91745
Maurice E. Varney . .Diamond Bar 1912 Morning Canyon Road, 91765	John Zimmerman, Jr. . . .Norwalk 11960 East Sproul Street, 90650
Tag Manning . . .Hacienda Heights 15373 Sonnet Place, 91745	Clarence C. Hobdy . . . . . .Norwalk 14513 Dumont Avenue, 90650
34—Dennis L. Brown . . . . . .Bellflower 9542 Maplewood Street, 90706	34—Elva W. de Lyre . . . . .Long Beach 1100 El Mirador Avenue, 90815
Thelma L. Morris . . . .Long Beach 4320 Graywood Avenue, 90808	Nada Davis . . . . . .Long Beach 1050 El Mirador Avenue, 90815
Naida N. Hanson . . . .Long Beach 420 Laurinda, 90803	Oliver Speraw . . . . . .Long Beach 5561 Las Lomas, 90815
35—June J. Wallin . . . . . .Ontario 1540 North Euclid Avenue, 91762	35—Georgia Groves . . . . . .Pomona 1785 Yorba Drive, 91768

CALIFORNIA (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Mary Buerger .....Covina 20769 Mesarica Road, 91724	Donna M. Odom .....Covina 3342 Rancho El Encino Drive, 91724
Rusty Feddersen ....West Covina 1512 East Portner Street, 91791	James L. Emerson ...West Covina 2045 East Rio Verde Drive, 91791
36—Helen E. Stanley .....Corona 1205 Palm Avenue, 91720	36—Woodrow Miller .....Colton 11900 Honey Hill Drive, 92324
Robert O. Hunter .....Riverside 7300 Pico Avenue, 92509	Betty Wilkinson .....Riverside 5670 Via Mensabe, 92506
Roy P. Denney .....Riverside 3736 San Rafael Way, 92504	Donata Luberski .....Riverside 6298 Alhambra Avenue, 92505
37—David H. Margolis ..Palm Springs 1196 Abrigo Road, 92262	37—Myra Goldwater ....Palm Springs 246 S. Palm Canyon Drive, 92262
Wendell R. Cutting...San Jacinto 472 West Second Street, 92383	Margaret Spinner ...Palm Springs 335 Camino Norte, 92262
Edmund T. Dombrowski Redlands 1321 Knoll Road, 92373	Dorothy S. Kranhold....Riverside 2034 Benbow Place, 92506
38—Glenna K. Billiet .....Cypress 5712 Shirl Street, 90630	38—Alleyne Reed .....Westminster 10451 Florence Avenue, 92683
Beverly B. McCarthy Garden Grove 12042 Spencer Drive, 92641	Peggy Magee .....Santa Ana 3721 South Timber, 92707
Joy Neugebauer .....Westminster 5682 Edita Avenue, 92683	Jeraldine Webb .....Cypress 11405 Culebra Street, 90630
39—Bruce Nestande .....Orange 2840 Maple Tree Drive, 92667	39—Lois A. Lundberg .....La Habra 3141 Carmela Lane, 90631
Carl Karcher .....Anaheim 700 North Clementine, 92806	Peggy Eileen Pearce .....Placentia 1207 Brian, 92670
James V. Lacy .....Anaheim 2307 East Ball Road #421, 92806	Edward Boseker .....Santa Ana 1552 Clearview Lane, 92705
40—Willard S. Voit .....Balboa 2103 Granada Avenue, 92661	40—Ann Badham .....Newport Beach 600 Michael Place, 92663
Edward Mills .....Laguna Beach 2526 Riviera Drive, 92651	Alex Robertson, Jr. Laguna Beach 2431 Riviera Drive, 92651
Robert H. Burke Huntington Beach 1035 – 12th, 92648	Alice Bartlett ..Huntington Beach 1718 Pine, 92646
41—Karon Luce .....San Diego 3558 Via Flores, 92106	41—Dorothy Jane Tyson ....San Diego 869 San Antonio Drive, 92106
Frank D. Nicol .....San Diego 3044 Sterne Street, 92106	Lee R. Hubbard, Jr. ...San Diego 4246 Ridgeway, 92116

CALIFORNIA (Continued)

Delegates

Norman Roberts .....La Jolla
2810 Hidden Valley Road, 92037
42—Michael Clark .....San Diego
8426 Kingsland Road, 92123

Velma Farmer .....Chula Vista
63 "L" Street, 92011
Eleanor Ring .....Coronado
801 Tolita Avenue, 92118

43—John Stull .....Escondido
806 East 4th Street #16, 95650

William D. Evans .....La Jolla
7819 La Jolla Vista Drive, 92037
Edwin J. Gray .....La Jolla
2020 Via Ladeta, 92037

Alternates

Gary George Kreep ....San Diego
2636 Grand #302, 92109
42—Lawrence L. Sweet ....Chula Vista
282-B Fredericka Parkway,
92010
Dorothy Bradley .....San Diego
3344 Brant Street, 92103
Armando H. Ramirez
Chula Vista
729 Nolan Avenue, 92010
43—Harry L. Summers .....La Jolla
6302 La Jolla Scenic Drive
South, 92037
Darwin D. Cohee .....Brawley
450 Sycamore Drive, 92227
Lillian C. Heiss .....San Diego
12266 Casero Court, 92128

COLORADO

(Thirty-one Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Michael South

AT LARGE

Delegates

Rose E. Evans .....Denver
3852 South Xanthia Street, 80237
John A. Love .....Denver
100 Lafayette, 80206
Fred T. Steffens .....Estes Park
Post Office Box 297, 80517
Eugene C. Vories .....Grand Junction
Post Office Box 2201, 81501
Jack Gilbert Wilson .....Lakewood
1763 South Kline Way, 80226
Joseph Coors .....Golden
100 Castle Rock Road, 80401
Dale E. Noffsinger .....Denver
2876 South Jay Street, 80227
Michael South .....Lakewood
259 South Teller Street, No. 233,
80226
Raymond L. Friedlob .....Denver
90 Corona, No. 1001, 80218

Alternates

Alta R. Orr .....Golden
2855 Indiana, 80401
Charles Paul Ramsey .....Littleton
6513 South Steele, 80121
Eddie Dunlap .....Eads
Star Route, 81036
Donald William Reisner .....Denver
934 South Utica, 80219
James F. Wilbur .....Longmont
1433 Tulip, 80501
Judy A. Brunelli .....Greeley
6170 – 24th Street, 80631
Elizabeth Rae Kettle .....Westcliffe
San Isabel Ranch, 81252
Thomas Daniel Leadabrand ...Lakewood
1442 South Ames, 80226

David Hardy .....Canon City
921 Greenwood, 81212

COLORADO (Continued)

Delegates

Freda J. Poundstone .....Englewood
5495 South Dayton Street, 80110
Natalie Meyer .....Littleton
369 West Caley Drive, 80120
Mona Hinman .....Kremmling
Box 495, 80459
Phillip Lowden Pankey .....Littleton
5763 Shasta, 80123
Harvey Robert Vieth . .Colorado Springs
2926 Highland Drive, 80909
Arthur H. Davis, Jr. .....Golden
14105 Crabapple Road, 80401
Edward J. Rozek .....Boulder
2250 Knollwood Drive, 80302

Alternates

Silas Ephrain Valdez .....Denver
3348 West 14th, 80204
John Edgar Elliff .....Sterling
Route 2, Box 951, 80751
Michael P. Grant .....Denver
6356 East Mississippi, 80224
Joan E. Robbe .....Pueblo
3 Meadowbrook, 81001
Lorraine Alvina Ross .....La Jara
Route 1, Box 712, 81140
Kathryn Munson .....Colorado Springs
1419 Bellaire Drive, 80909
Dennis Orel Durocher .....Durango
11 Delwood Place, 81301

DISTRICT

1—Ruth Prendergast .....Denver
1174 South Gaylord Street, 80210
Robert Swedberg .....Denver
6997 East Dartmouth Avenue, 80224
George Wilson .....Denver
3663 South Sheridan Boulevard, 80235

2—Austin P. Stonebraker . .Longmont
Box 120, Route 6, 80501
Benjamin R. Loye . . .Wheat Ridge
3810 Marshall Street, 80033
J. Rayford Lee .....Lakewood
11562 West 29th Place, 80215

3—Scott R. Tipton .....Cortez
702 Arbor Street, 81321
Helen M. Hughes .....Penrose
1940 – 11th Street, 81240
Wayne B. Fawks .....Bailey
Box 311, 80421

4—Fred Anderson .....Loveland
1931 East 1st Street, 80537
Tilman Bishop . . . .Grand Junction
2697 G Road, 81501
Hal Shroyer .....Westminster
9330 Julian Way, 80030

5—Steve Durham . . .Colorado Springs
1514 West Cheyenne Boulevard, 80906

1—Edward Duffie, Jr. .....Denver
2445 South Jackson Street, 80210
Jeff Hughart .....Denver
320 East Evans Avenue, 80210
Mary Eitemiller .....Denver
730 Marion Street, 80218

2—Kathryn S. Lewis .....Lakewood
11750 Carmel Drive, 80215
Peter Coors .....Golden
Box 763, Route 5, 80401
Lillie A. Johnson .....Longmont
7182 North 83rd, 80501

3—Bill Hoffman .....Montrose
Box 786, 81401
Bryce F. Payne .....Del Norte
25919 Highway 160 West, 81132
Amy Uhrich .....Monte Vista
3075 Sherman Avenue, 81144

4—Dick Boettcher .....Greeley
1922 – 26th Avenue, 80631
Sherman Blach .....Yuma
80751
Eve Homeyer .....Aspen
Box 1164, 81611

5—Jacque Ponder .....Denver
2573 South Lima Way, 80232

COLORADO (Continued)

Delegates

William L. Armstrong ....Denver
13609 East Cornell Avenue, No. 409, 80232
Steven Farnham .....Aurora
12192 East Arizona Avenue, 80012

Alternates

Bill Bounds .....Parker
8400 East Ponderosa Drive, 80134
Merle Stahl .....Denver
7076 Jennie Drive, 80221

CONNECTICUT

(Thirty-five Delegates)

Co-Chairmen of Delegation: Lowell P. Weicker, Jr., Frederick K. Biebel

At Large

Delegates

Lowell P. Weicker, Jr. .....Greenwich
Round Hill Rd., 06830
Frederick K. Biebel .....Stratford
485 Ocean Avenue, 06497
Jeanne R. Nelson .....Darien
5 Oak Park Avenue, 06820
John Alsop .....Avon
70 Talcott Notch Road, 06001
Mary Boatwright .....Stonington
16 Denison Avenue, 06378
Stewart B. McKinney .....Fairfield
4480 Congress Street, 06430
Ronald A. Sarasin .....Beacon Falls
155 Munson Road, 06403
Edwin H. May, Jr. .....Wethersfield
802 Prospect Street, 06101
Joseph Burns .....West Hartford
112 Cliffmore Road, 06107
Lewis B. Rome .....Bloomfield
443 Simsbury Road, 06002
Gerald F. Stevens .....Milford
31 Cherry Street, 06460
Lawrence DeNardis .....Hamden
790 Still Hill Road, 06518
Beatrice Kowalski .....Wallingford
363 North Elm Street, 06492
Malcolm Baldrige .....Woodbury
14 Tomlinson Road, RFD 2, 06798
Dan Lufkin .....Newtown
Poverty Hollow Road, 06470

Alternates

John Lodge .....Westport
129 Easton Road, 06880
Irene Sullivan .....Darien
75 Hollow Tree Ridge Road, 06820
George Montano .....New Haven
1169 Forest Road, 06519
Jo P. McKenzie .....Ivoryton
Copper Beech Inn, Main Street, 06442
Paul Tymniak .....Southport
50 Mill Hill Road, 06490
Barbara Burgdoerfer .....Brookfield
73 Lake Shore Drive, 06804
Alan Nevas .....Westport
4 Charcoal Lane, 06880
Anna-Mae Switaski .....Farmington
273 Main Street, 06032
Russell L. Post, Jr. .....Canton
Lawton Road, 06019
Grace Nome .....Bloomfield
125 Woodland Avenue, 06002
Gerald C. Lindsley .....Newington
19 Miles Avenue, 06111
Elizabeth Rhodes .....Old Saybrook
Schoolhouse Road, 06475
James Danby .....Naugatuck
272 East Waterbury Road, 06770
Jean Gezelman .....South Windsor
27 Pine Knob Circle, 06074
Peter Infanger .....Wilton
203 Linden Tree, 06897

CONNECTICUT (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Edna Gilman .....Gilman 06336	Alan Schlesinger .....Orange 123 Pardee Manor Road, 06477
Sylvio Preli .....Windsor Locks 156 Elm Street, 06096	Archie McCardell .....Westport 2322 Sturges Highway, 06880

DISTRICT

1—John Miller .....Wethersfield 375 Pine Lane, 06109	1—Elinor Hashim South Glastonbury Post Office Box 17, 06073
Selma L. Kaufman .....Hartford 132 North Main Street, 06107	David Pruyne .....West Hartford 66 Crestwood Road, 06107
Shirley Scott .....Hartford 766 Tower Avenue, 06112	Elizabeth Kaplan .....Bloomfield 1085-D Blue Hills Avenue, 06002
2—Emma Lincoln .....New London Box 869, 06320	2—Joseph G. Lombardo ..Middlefield Chestnut Hill, 06455
Marie Salemi .....Haddam Old Saybrook Road, 06438	Jeffrey P. Ossen Mansfield Center Post Office Box 278, 06250
Edward J. Seder .....Norwich 151 Gifford Street, 06360	Robert L. Keeney, Jr. .Somersville Maple Street, 06072
3—Ralph E. Capecelatro .....Orange 148 Englewood Drive, 06477	3—Clara Di Martino .....New Haven 667A Russell Street, 06513
Carl Cella .....North Haven 90 Highland Park Road, 06473	Richard Palmer .....Milford 115 Housatonic Drive, 06460
Lucien A. DiMeo .....Hamden 531 Wintergreen Avenue, 06514	Marjorie Talalay .....Woodbridge 1 Chestnut Lane, 06525
4—Joan Rader .....Greenwich 2 Walsh Lane, 06830	4—Eleanor Atwell .....Westport 14 Lees Lane, 06880
Louis Clapes .....Stamford 170 Dogwood Lane, 06905	Andrew McColpin .....Norwalk 26 Rowayton Avenue, 06853
Leonard Paoletta .....Bridgeport 64 Hickory Street, 06610	Henry Sanders .....Darien 57 Deepwood Road, 06820
5—Miriam Vannais .....Waterbury 25 Sunfield Circle, 06708	5—Margaret Fenske .....Wolcott 18 Pine Street, 06716
Romeo Petroni .....Ridgefield 95 Branchville Road, 06877	George Guidera .....Weston 227 Lyons Plains Road, 06880
William Menna .....Ansonia Dell's Road, 06401	Raymond Rossomando ..Trumbull Edison Road, 06611
6—Francis J. Collins .....Brookfield Beech Tree Road, 06804	6—Virginia Connolly .West Simsbury 91 Old Farms Road, 06092
Lillian Ludlam .....New Hartford Town Hill Road, 06057	James Aiken .....Kent RD #1, Box 179, 06757
J. Brian Gaffney .....New Britain 36 Westwood Drive, 06052	William Rogers .....Southbury Box 412, 06488

DELAWARE

(Seventeen Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Herman C. Brown

Note: Opposite each Delegate is shown the Alternate for that particular Delegate. In the absence of response from the designated Alternate, pursuant to the general rule, proceed from the top of the list of Alternates.

At Large

Delegates	*Alternates*
Basil Battaglia ..... Wilmington 2307 Willard Street, 19806	George C. Hering III ..... Wilmington 1905 Field Road, 19806
Dimitria M. Ford ..... Wilmington 404 East 5th Street, 19801	Mary Sims ..... Wilmington 201 East 14th Street, 19801
Lavinia Hodgden ..... Wilmington 1128 Parkside Drive, 19803	Leo Tew ..... Wilmington 201 Hitching Post Drive, 19803
C. E. (Pete) Hughes ..... Wilmington 1406 Lincoln Avenue, 19809	Peggy Frankenburg ..... Wilmington 2405 Shellpot Drive, 19803
Lowell W. (Bill) Parke .... Wilmington 2 Stone Barn Lane, 19807	Cicely Scott ..... Wilmington 2395 Limestone Road, 19808
Cornelius B. Tyson ..... Wilmington 613 Halstead Road, 19803	Judy Blankinship ..... Wilmington 15 Glenbarry Drive, 19808
Russell W. Carter ..... New Castle 8 Robinson Drive, 19720	Richard B. Weldon, Sr. ..... New Castle RD Box 120, Red Lion, 19720
David L. Money, Jr. .... Delaware City 700 Clinton Street, 19706	Blanche Phillips ..... New Castle 53 University Avenue, 19720
Carol Smith ..... Newark 22 Fairfield Drive, 19711	Barbara Morton ..... Newark 112 Cheltenham Road, 19711
James E. Crow ..... Newark 207 Mulberry Road, 19711	Carleton E. Smith, Jr. ..... Newark 4 Windflower Drive, 19711
Herbert H. Konowitz ..... Dover 55 Beloit Avenue, 19901	Nancy Olsen ..... Dover 61 Carnoustie Road, 19901
Robert George ..... Dover Post Office Box 426, 19901	Marge Jarrell ..... Dover 1561 Nathaniel-Mitchell Road, 19901
James H. Baxter, Jr. ..... Georgetown RD #5, Box 360, 19947	Alfred G. (Glenn) Brinsfield .... Seaford Post Office Box 52, 19973
William Swain Lee .... Rehoboth Beach 12 Park Avenue, 19971	Earle Isaacs ..... Ellendale RD 1, Post Office Box 417, 19941

At Large District

Herman C. Brown ..... Dover Post Office Drawer "F", 19901	R. Franklin Balotti ..... Wilmington 2312 West 17th Street, 19806
Priscilla Rakestraw ..... Newark 2 Woodshaw Drive, 19711	Maurice J. Kelly ..... Wilmington 1510 Woodsdale Road, 19809
Thomas B. Evans, Jr. ..... Wilmington 274 Delaware Trust Building, 19801	Susan Widenor ..... Wilmington 102 Banbury Drive, 19803

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

(Fourteen Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Henry A. Berliner, Jr.

AT LARGE

Delegates	*Alternates*
Ralph E. Becker .....Washington 2916 – 32nd Street, N.W., 20008	Jan King Evans .....Washington 3033 Woodland Drive, N.W., 20008
Henry A. Berliner, Jr. ....Washington 2870 Upton Street, N.W., 20008	Eugene A. Jewett .....Washington 4348 Garfield Street, N.W., 20007
Melvin M. Burton, Jr. ....Washington 700 – 7th Street, S.W., 20024	Robert R. Gleason, Jr. ....Washington 1100 – 22nd Street, N.W., 20037
William H. Cooper.....Washington 5024 Upton Street, N.W., 20016	Otis R. McCollum .....Washington 4825 Rodman Street, N.W., 20016
Fred L. Dixon .....Washington 2500 Que Street, N.W., 20007	Robert H. McDermott ....Washington 4323 Hawthorne Street, N.W., 20016
John W. Gill .....Washington 4907 Tilden Street, N.W., 20016	Rockwood H. Foster .....Washington 3047 West Lane Keys, N.W., 20007
Michael Doud Gill .....Washington 2139 R Street, N.W., 20008	Stella P. Nichols .....Washington 7219 Western Avenue, N.W., 20015
Philip A. Guarino.....Washington 6101 – 16th Street, N.W., 20011	Jeannine S. Clark .....Washington 1844 Randolph Street, N.W., 20011
Joseph C. McLaughlin ....Washington 5355 – 32nd Street, N.W., 20015	Berkeley G. Burrell.....Washington 1346 Jackson Street, N.E., 20017
Jerry A. Moore, Jr.....Washington 1612 Buchanan Street, N.W., 20011	Samuel C. Jackson .....Washington 1855 Upshur Street, N.W., 20011
Virginia Morris .....Washington 3107 W Street, S.E., 20020	Audrey Rowe Colom .....Washington 2300 Good Hope Road, S.E., 20020
Marjorie H. Parker .....Washington 3115 Fessenden Street, N.W., 20008	Christine Topping .....Washington 16 – 8th Street, N.E., 20002
Maxine W. Snowden.....Washington 1628 – 15th Street, N.W., 20009	Mary Alice Gattis .....Washington 5255 Chevy Chase Parkway, N.W., 20015
Virginia S. Ronhovde .....Washington 2710 Foxhall Road, N.W., 20007	Elizabeth B. Dalrymple ...Washington 3273 P Street, N.W., 20007

FLORIDA

(Sixty-six Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: William M. "Bill" Taylor

Note: Opposite each Delegate is shown the Alternate for that particular Delegate.

AT LARGE

Delegates	*Alternates*
William M. "Bill" Taylor ..Jacksonville 7660 Holiday Road, S., 32216	C. Dana Rollings .....Sarasota 1425 Westbrook Drive, 33579
William C. Cramer ....Tarpon Springs 1448 Lake Tarpon Avenue, E., 33589	Willard D. Dover .....Ft. Lauderdale 1940 S.E. 21st Avenue, 33316

FLORIDA (Continued)

Delegates

Paula F. Hawkins .....Maitland
241 Dommerich Drive, 32751
Louis Frey, Jr. .....Winter Park
139 Genius Drive, 32789
L. A. "Skip" Bafalis ...Ft. Myers Beach
7150 Estero Boulevard, 33931
C. W. "Bill" Young .....Largo
801 West Bay Drive, 33540
Richard Kelly .....New Port Richey
1401 "D" Wedgewood Way, 33552
J. Herbert Burke .....Hollywood
1218 Hollywood Boulevard, 33020
Nicholas H. Morley .....Coral Gables
700 Biltmore Way, PH. K & L, 33134
Bonnie Jacquelyn "Jackie" Wells
Cocoa Beach
473 Blakey Boulevard, 32931
Ellen K. Ogle .....Ft. Lauderdale
510 Lido Drive, 33301
Mary Grace Brooke .....Jacksonville
4979 Apache Avenue, 32210

Mary R. Grizzle ...Indian Rocks Beach
120 Gulf Boulevard, Belleair
Shore, 33535
David H. Hughes .....Orlando
745 Alba Drive, 32804
Tommay Turner Peacock ....Ft. Myers
3533 Stuart Court, 33901
Maria A. Uiterwyk .....Tampa
10000 Lindelaan, 33618
Joel K. Gustafson .....Ft. Lauderdale
1636 S.E. 12th Court, 33316
Dorie Hostettler .....Eustis
Post Office Box 775,
Sunset & Waycross, 32726
Nancy P. Juarez .....Orlando
2012 Merritt Park Drive, 32803
Jeanne E. Rodriguez .....Maitland
409 Melanie Way, 32751
Bryant B. Skinner .....Jacksonville
9000 Old Still Road, 32216

Alternates

Mary Jayne Carter .....Dunedin
640 Scotland Street, 33582
William G. Mateer .....Orlando
2077 Santa Antilles, 32806
James J. Marks .....Pensacola
4002 Marlane Drive, 32506
S. Curtis Kiser .....Palm Harbor
14 Peterson Lane, 33563
Tom Gallagher .....Miami
1794 Opechee Drive, 33133
Van B. Poole .....Ft. Lauderdale
2513 E. Las Olas Boulevard, 33301
Henry J. Ullmann .....Palm Beach
7 South Lake Trail, 33480
Anne A. Brevetti .....Delray Beach
221 Waterford Crescent, 33446

Mable W. Davis .....Bradenton
433 – 49th Street W., 33505
JoAnn Matthews .....Jacksonville
10095 Golf Club Drive Deerwood,
32216
Lenore Frances Miller .....Cantonment
1509 Pine Lane Drive, 32533

Elmo R. Hoffman .....Orlando
1304 Windsong Road, 32809
Caldwell C. Robinson .....Palm Beach
210 El Brillo Way, 33480
Nancy H. Caldwell .....Ft. Lauderdale
762 Middle River Drive, 33304
Lafayette N. Ingram, III .....Naples
631 Seventeenth Avenue S., 33940
Helen Chavez .....Tampa
2710 Jetton, 33609

H. Kessler Meyer, III .....Ocala
1743 S.E. 11th Street, 32670
Catherine C. Wylly .....Riviera Beach
5480 N. Ocean Drive, 33404
Audrey M. Holloway
Altamonte Springs
118 Spring Valley Loop, 32701

DISTRICT

1—L. E. "Tommy" Thomas
Panama City
2814 Canal Drive, 32401

1—Evelyn Dain .....Panama City
1207 W. 10th Street, 32401

FLORIDA (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Emmie Lou Tucker .....Milton Route 9, Box 328, 32570	James J. Alfred .....Pensacola 1720 E. Bobe Street, 32503
Lionel O. Leon .Ft. Walton Beach 32 Temple Avenue, 32548	Evelyn R. Rivers.....Eglin AFB 119 B Birch Circle, 32542
2—Ginny Dinkins .....Gainesville 3120 N.W. 37th Street, 32605	2—F. Michael Wahl .....Gainesville 3111 N.W. 18th Place, 32605
Jo-Ann G. Walker ....Tallahassee 3045 Corrib Drive, 32303	Mitchell N. Drew .....Quincy Post Office Box 485, 32351
L. James Cherry, Jr. ....Live Oak Post Office Box 8, 32060	Mary W. Pugh .....Tallahassee 939 Delores Drive, 32301
3—Kurt W. Becker Fernandina Beach 3652 South Fletcher, 32034	3—William K. Cleaveland Jacksonville 4639 Cedarwood Drive, 32210
Cranston E. Covell Atlantic Beach 1810 Sevilla Boulevard, 32233	Bruce A. Chappell....Jacksonville 4751 Algonquin Avenue, 32210
Leighton M. Holmes Jacksonville 6017 Roosevelt Boulevard, Apt. 204, 32210	George Lester Loggins, III Jacksonville 940 Phillips Street, Apt. 1, 32207
4—Patricia H. Malone .....Palatka 3221 Blair Drive, 32077	4—H. Randolph Klein .....Ocala 2223 N.E. 2nd Street, Apt. 7, 32670
Margaret Susan Johnson Ormond Beach 239 Ocean Shore Boulevard, 32074	Marina Bride .....DeLand 2350 Lake Talmadge Drive, 32720
Ronald N. Johnson Ormond Beach 120 Country Club Drive, 32074	Charles E. Curtis.....Ocala 613 S.E. 13th Avenue, 32670
5—Sandra Lee Werner New Port Richey 19 Marlin Drive, 33552	5—Maryanne Morse.....Winter Park 2251 Poinciana Road, 32789
Phil Drummond .....Wildwood 302 Steward Street, 32785	Jack R. Carpenter...Crystal River Post Office Box 1505, 32659
Fred W. Streetman, Jr. ..Orlando 227 North Magnolia Avenue, 32801	Ann N. Ferrentino ..Palm Harbor 1100 Tarponwood Blvd., 33563
6—Betty Easley .....Largo 801 Camellia Drive, 33540	6—William F. Kirchhaine St. Petersburg 2865 Boca Ciega Drive North, 33710
Carolyn F. Kiefer ..St. Petersburg 4525 Hyacinth Way S., 33705	Otis M. Whitney ..St. Petersburg 337 – 64th Avenue, 33706
John T. Ware .....St. Petersburg 211 Sunset Drive N., 33710	Martin J. Roess....St. Petersburg 424 Park Street North, 33710

FLORIDA (Continued)

Delegates

7—Ward Dougherty . . . . . .Lutz
Route 2, Box 1212, 33549
David H. McClain . . . . . .Tampa
605 South Boulevard, 33606
Charles W. Birdsong
Temple Terrace
207 Greencastle, 33617

8—Susan H. Stewart . .Winter Haven
320 Greenfield Road, 33880
Helene M. Morris . . . . . .Sarasota
37 Sunset Drive, Apt. 24, 33577

Charlotte Knox . . . . . .Sarasota
5400 Ocean Boulevard,
Apt. 6-1, 33581

9—Malcolm E. McLouth
Cocoa Beach
Unit 406-5300 Ocean Beach
Boulevard, 32931
Hugh M. Evans . . . . . .Melbourne
321 Lynn Avenue, 32935
Jeanie R. Austin . . . . . .Orlando
629 East Livingston Street, 32803

10—Harry Schooley . . . . . .Ft. Meyers
Post Office Box 2056, 33902
Chester Clem . . . . . .Vero Beach
Post Office Box 3579,
Beach Station, 32960
S. Craig Smith . . . . . .Punta Gorda
Post Office Box 476, 33950

11—Ann R. Cassady . . . . . .Boca Raton
10 Camino Real, E., Box 254,
33432
Robert L. Mitchell, Sr.
West Palm Beach
Post Office Box 2701, 33401
Edwin A. Kennedy . . .Boca Raton
1185 S.W. 8 Street, 33432

12—Emily N. Boylston
Ft. Lauderdale
663 Middle River Drive, 33304
Frederick W. Guardabassi
Ft. Lauderdale
915 Middle River Drive, 33304
Joseph M. Martinez, Jr.
Hollywood
1519 Yale Drive, 33021

Alternates

7—Darrell T. DiBona . . . . . .Tampa
8001 Tierra Verde Drive, 33617
William G. Taylor . . . . . .Tampa
4600 North Harbana, 33614
Sheila M. McDevitt . . . . . .Tampa
605 South Boulevard, 33606

8—Elizabeth T. Huff . .Winter Haven
330 Greenfield Road, 33880
Eugene M. Wiseman . . .Bradenton
7001 – 11th Avenue West,
33505
Homer D. Greer . . .Longboat Key
Box 166, 350 North Shore Road,
33548

9—Jean McNair . . . . . .Indialantic
1601 South Miramar, 32903

Jack Martin . . . . . .Orlando
5032 St. Denis Court, 32809
Terrell Griffin . . . . . .Maitland
1161 Willowbrook Trail, 32759

10—Margaret Crowder . . . . . .Sebring
1122 Fairmont Drive, 33870
Helen E. Thomas . . . . .Kissimmee
804 Neptune Road, 32741

Jeanette E. Becker . . . .Vero Beach
1730 – 45th Avenue, 32960

11—Harriett S. Wymbs . . .Boca Raton
391 S.E. Spanish Trail, 33432

J. Reeve Bright . . . . .Delray Beach
1014 Seagate Drive, 33444

Richard C. Ferris . . .Coral Springs
8426 N.W. 26th Drive, 33065

12—Thomas B. Kelley
Ft. Lauderdale
2747 N.E. 20th Street, 33305
Kathie Regan . . . . . .Sunrise
7100 N.W. 21st Court, 33313

Ernette R. Haring . . . . . .Miramar
6624 S.W. 33rd Street, 33023

FLORIDA (Continued)

Delegates

13—Mary Carol Bird .....Miami
7420 N.E. Sixth Court,
Apt. 7, 33138
Mary Collins..North Miami Beach
1020 N.E. 155th Street, 33162

Boots Guider .....Miami Shores
795 N.E. 94th Street, 33138
14—Mike Thompson.....Coral Gables
3205 Riviera Drive, 33134
Alberto R. Cardenas
Coral Gables
315 Cadima Avenue, 33134
Charles V. Bradley..North Miami
12855 Hickory Road, Keystone
Isle #5, 33181
15—Robert A. Rosasco.....Miami
11830 S.W. 92nd Avenue,
33176
Patricia M. Weber..Key Biscayne
1025 Mariner Drive, 33149
Mary K. Bishop.....Miami
7761 S.W. 134th Street, 33156

Alternates

13—James J. O'Callaghan
North Miami
1061 N.E. 140th Street, 33161
Robert T. Kelly, Jr. .....Miami
1070 N.W. 148th Street,
33168
Carol Ann Adams...Miami Shores
1340 N.E. 103rd Street, 33138
14—Frank M. Colunga .....Miami
2341 S.W. 7th Street, 33135
Jeanne H. McVey ...Coral Gables
528 Marmore Avenue, 33146

Carlos Salman .....Miami
1624 S.W. 100th Avenue, 33165
15—Winston K. Lippert .....Miami
5840 S.W. 91st Street, 33156

Rafael Maestri .....Miami
4654 S.W. 127th Place, 33165
Theresa N. Walsh .....Miami
3115 Brickell Avenue, 33129

GEORGIA

(Forty-eight Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Sam Tate

AT LARGE

Delegates

Sam Tate .....Dunwoody
1066 Winding Branch Circle, 30338
Carl Gillis .....Adrian
31002
Mack F. Mattingly...St. Simons Island
4315 – 10th Street, E.B., 31520
Lillian F. McAfee .....Albany
2103 Nottingham Way, 31707
Jane M. Zinn .....Decatur
3217 Cedar Creek Parkway, 30033
Margaret Holliman .....Atlanta
450 Forest Hills Drive, N.E., 30342
C. D. Williams .....College Park
5725 Buffington Road, 30349

Alternates

Roena Moseley .....Decatur
1500 Snapfinger Road, 30032
Lucy Taylor .....Columbus
2710 Auburn Avenue, 31906
Charles A. Thompson .....Atlanta
1953 Fisher Trail, N.E., 30345
Cecilia Warmath .....Atlanta
4528 Stella Drive, N.W., 30327
Lyn Gurganus .....Lilburn
393 James Street, 30247
Steve McCannon .....Lexington
Route One, 30648
Andrea Poynter .....Conyers
1414 Latta Drive, 30207

GEORGIA (Continued)

Delegates

Donald F. Layfield .....Macon
3510 Harold Road, 31201
Bob Beckham .....Augusta
Post Office Box 1533, 30903
Harvey Drake .....Rome
501 Billy Pyle Road, 30161
J. C. Woodward .....Valdosta
401 Gornto Road, 31601
John McNeill .....Columbus
445 Bowen Boulevard, 31907
Annette B. McEachin .....Decatur
2711 King's Park Circle, 30034
Jerry (Max) M. Davis .....Atlanta
1177 West Nancy Creek Drive,
N.E., 30319
T. E. Stivers .....Decatur
Post Office Box 608, 30031
Virlyn B. Smith .....Fairburn
330 Rivertown Road, 30213
J. Ray Davis .....Lula
Route 1, 30554
L. H. Simkins, Jr. .....Augusta
103 Macartan Street, 30902

Alternates

June Kidd .....Marietta
348 Johnson Ferry Road, 30067
Robert T. Tully .....Lawrenceville
341 Davis Mill Road, 30245
A. J. Morris .....Vidalia
Box 1323, 30474
Charles L. Wilkes .....Douglasville
5207 W. Chapel Hill Road, 30134
Bryan C. Craft, Sr. .....Athens
Post Office Box 5043, 30601
David M. Smith .....Decatur
1556 Oak Grove Road, 30033
Tom Lowe .....Atlanta
591 West Paces Ferry Road, 30305

Oscar N. Persons .....Atlanta
35 Wakefield Drive, N.E., 30309
Gloria Anne Dittus .....Augusta
1011 River Ridge Road, #27D, 30904
Peggy Crisp .....Columbus
2053 Cherokee Circle, 31906
Effie J. Davis .....Dawson
314 East 7th Avenue, 31742

DISTRICT

1—Marie Brazzeal .....Savannah
2258 Armstrong Drive, 31404
Lloyd H. Darby, III .....Vidalia
308 Jackson Street, 30474
Joseph Tribble .....Savannah
402 Arlington Road, 31406

2—Marguerite Williams..Thomasville
3333 Old Monticello Road,
31792
Billy Wade .....Moultrie
Post Office Box 67, 31768
George Clardy .....Leesburg
Route 3, Box 44, 31763
3—Marvin Morrow .....Bonaire
112 Cartwright Drive, 31005
Louise Dillon .....Columbus
1409 – 15th Street, 31907
Tyron Elliott .....Woodbury
Post Office Box 103, 30293

1—D. B. Middleton .....Guyton
Lake-in-the-Woods, 31312
James B. Franklin .....Statesboro
Route #1, Box 327, 30458
Robert M. Greene
St. Simons Island
520 Ocean Blvd., 31522
2—Eleanore R. Roseen .....Albany
2316 East Doublegate Drive,
31707
Cecilia Smith .....Tifton
Post Office Box 307, 31794
David Blackshear .....Albany
1804 Pineneedle Lane, 31707
3—Zula West .....Pinehurst
Post Office Box 100, 31070
Gail Jones .....Columbus
3942 Tifton Drive, 31907
Dudley Kelley .....Columbus
3208 Urban Avenue, 31907

GEORGIA (Continued)

Delegates

4—William N. Andrews
Stone Mountain
921 Allgood Road, 30083
William N. Brashear .....Atlanta
3986 Candler Lake Circle, N.E., 30319
Asta Moore .....Doraville
2819 Evans Dale Circle, 30340

5—Richard Bell .....Atlanta
2800 Northside Drive, N.W., 30305
Dorothy Brewer .....Atlanta
410 Kenbrook Drive, N.W., 30327
Matthew H. Patton .....Atlanta
3100 Equitable Building, 30303

6—Jan Whaley .....Newnan
27 Camellia Circle, 30263
Cary H. Hall .....Hampton
Post Office Box 225, 30228
W. H. Huddleston .....Jonesboro
2989 Emerald Drive, 30236

7—Douglas L. Howard .....Marietta
231 Evelyn Street, 30064
Ellis G. Grier .....Marietta
3094 Oak Drive, N.E., 30066
Joyce P. Lovelace .....Acworth
1400 Ridgeway Drive, N.W., 30101

8—Louise Sikes .....Macon
259 Idle Wild Road, 31204
Ralston Davidson .....Rentz
Post Office Box 8, 31075
Carl J. Kuipers .....Cochran
Peter Street, 31014

9—Kathie Miller ....Stone Mountain
2313 Lexington Avenue, 30087
Jimmy Jones .....Ellijay
Route #4, 30540
Forrest Sawyer .....Canton
171 Cartersville Street, 30114

10—Leona B. Norton .....Augusta
2704 Lumpkin Road, 30906
Leroy Lewis .....Louisville
304 West 9th Street, 30434

Alternates

4—Diane S. Plott ....Stone Mountain
4258 Colony East Drive, 30083

Bernice Jackson .....Decatur
1655 Deerfield Circle, 30033

Donald R. Nelson .....Atlanta
1283 Bramble Road, N.E., 30329

5—Enola Byrd .....Atlanta
2822 Handy Drive, N.W., 30318
Connie Russell .....Atlanta
1558 Northridge Road, 30038

Leo Portnell .....Atlanta
908 Canterbury Road, N.E., 30324

6—George C. Reid .....Douglasville
Post Office Box 488, 30133
Lawrence Epps .....Jonesboro
2747 Emerald Drive, 30236
Karen Preston .....College Park
3820 Pitman Road, 30349

7—Adele L. Stahl .....Marietta
2480 Powers Ferry Drive, 30067
Richard N. Jones .....Smyrna
Post Office Box 1524, 30081
William E. Bass, Jr. ....Mableton
1445 Pebble Brook Road, 30059

8—Foster Kimbrell .....Blackshear
31516
Charles N. Riley .....Dublin
2208 Stonewall Street, 31021
Carolyn Smalley .....Toomsboro
Route 1, 31090

9—Lillian Webb .....Norcross
300 Academy Street, 30071
Richard P. Bagley .....Oakwood
Route #1, Box 289, 30566
Leo Whaley .....Cohutta
Box 191, 30710

10—Jerry Brigham .....Martinez
3313 Cockatoo Road, 30907
W. B. Gibbons .....Madison
Box 241, 30650

GEORGIA (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Thomas L. Burton .....Elberton Post Office Box 213, 30635	Solomon M. Jenkins .....Augusta 2024 Milledgeville Road, 30901

GUAM

(Four Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Paul M. Calvo

AT LARGE

Delegates	*Alternates*
Paul M. Calvo .....Agana Post Office Box CI, 96910	Carlos M. Santos .....Agana Post Office Box 3388, 96910
Peter F. Perez .....Agana Post Office Box 3404, 96910	Tony Palomo, Jr. .....Agana Post Office Box 1242, 96910
T. Frank Flores .....Agana Post Office Box 1337, 96910	Dolores Mendiola Balbin .....Agana Post Office Box 1904, 96910
Ramona Teresita Perez .....Agana Post Office Box 431, 96910	Artilia B. Cruz .....Agana 96910

HAWAII

(Nineteen Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Hiram L. Fong

AT LARGE

Delegates	*Alternates*
Susan Lounsbury .....Kailua-Kona Box 1866, 96740	Baryn Futa .....Kaneohe 45-1163 Haleloke Place, 96744
Alvin T. Amaral .....Kahului, Maui Post Office Box 393, 96732	John J. Harding, Jr. .....Honolulu 34 Ala Kimo Drive, 96817
Masu K. Dyer .....Kailua 344 Ilihau Street, 96734	Herman S. Fong .....Honolulu 1701 Alewa Drive, 96817
Ralph Seewald, Jr. .....Kaneohe 44-160-6 Hako Street, 96744	Thomas J. Wells .....Honolulu 919 Punahele Place, 96821
Pii Kamakahi .....Mililani Town 95-102 Hiilei Place, 96789	Michael B. Clark .....Honolulu 7091 Kamilo Street, 96825
Violet H. Mageret .....Makakilo 412 North Walnut, 96706	Derrick S. Nakanishi .....Honolulu 1326-E Alewa Drive, 96817
Hiram L. Fong .....Honolulu 1102 Alewa Drive, 96817	Leilani Ayson .....Honolulu 2229 Kuhio Avenue, 96815
Patricia B. Davis .....Honolulu 1602-C Alewa Drive, 96817	Elwin Spray .....Honolulu 1557-A Kewalo Street, 96822

HAWAII (Continued)

Delegates

John Leopold .....Honolulu
700 Richards St., #2203, 96813
George Henrickson .....Honolulu
2549-B Tantalus Drive, 96813
Carla W. Coray .....Honolulu
83 Lunalilo Home Road, 96825
Edward Brennan .....Honolulu
966 Waiholo Street, 96821
Gay Hawley .....Koloa
Box 884, 96756

Alternates

Thomas E. Lawrence, III .....Kailua
11 Pueohala Place, 96734
Robert Conger .....Waipahu
94-289 Leonui Street, #52, 96797
Richard Penhallow .....Kamuela
Post Office Box 518, 96743
Ray T. Sarmiento .....Waialua
Post Office Box 287, 96791
Michael S. Downing ...Wailuku, Maui
2180 Main Street, 96793

DISTRICT

1—Carl K. Mirikitani .....Honolulu
225 Kaiulani Avenue,
Apt. 902, 96815
V. Thomas Rice .....Honolulu
2877 Kalakaua Avenue,
#707, 96815
William B. Paul .....Honolulu
402 Mamaki Street, 96821

2—George L. Dyer, Jr. .....Kailua
1001 Koohoo Place, 96734
Mary George .....Kailua
782-G No. Kalaheo Avenue,
96734
Hannibal Tavares .....Wailuku
Post Office Box 1176, 96793

1—Bette Berry .....Honolulu
2979 Kalakaua Avenue,
#703, 96815
Ellen O. Harding .....Honolulu
34 Ala Kimo Drive, 96817

Kinau Boyd Kamalii ....Honolulu
500 University Avenue,
#1601, 96814

2—Obie Olson .....Kaneohe
45-145 Kahanahou Circle, 96744
Douglas Shanaman ....Kula, Maui
280 Kahoea Place, 96790

Charles Isaak .....Hilo
Box 1417, 96720

IDAHO

(Twenty-one Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Wayne L. Kidwell

AT LARGE

Delegates

Wayne L. Kidwell .....Boise
408 Travertine Way, 83706
Pete T. Cenarrusa .....Carey
83809
Don Todd .....Boise
10505 Glen Ellyn Court, 83704
Harry Bettis .....Payette
Star Route, 83661

Alternates

Noy Brackett .....Twin Falls
Box 403, 83301
Sandra Rich .....Boise
1409 Oaklawn, 83705
George Detweiler, Sr. .....Twin Falls
1919 Alturas Drive North, 83301
Dick Buxton .....Boise
3209 Tucker Road, 83703

IDAHO (Continued)

Delegates

Leora Day . . . . . Boise
1225 Warm Springs Avenue, 83706
John Brooks . . . . . Gooding
Route 2, Box 233, 83330
Jo Ann Wood . . . . . Lewisville
Box 136, 83431
Vern Ravenscroft . . . . . Bliss
Tuttle Route, 83314
Connie Hansen . . . . . Pocatello
1752 Van Elm Drive, 83201
Walt Little . . . . . New Plymouth
Route 1, 83655
J. Wilson Steen . . . . . Glenns Ferry
Post Office Drawer B, 83623
Dorothy Balch . . . . . Lewiston
2615 Sunset Drive, 83501
David H. Leroy . . . . . Boise
910 North 17th, 83702
Roy Miller, Sr. . . . . Pocatello
Post Office Box 1090, 83201
C. Timothy Hopkins . . . . . Idaho Falls
Post Office Box 1196, 83401

Alternates

Carol Bettis . . . . . Payette
Star Route, 83661
George Crowe . . . . . Nampa
Route 7, Box 7014, 83651
Tom Williamson . . . . . Boise
1715 North 26th, 83702
Sheila Olsen . . . . . Idaho Falls
1367 Homer Avenue, 83401
Marilyn Stanger . . . . . Idaho Falls
Route 1, Box 474, 83401
Gordon Hollifield . . . . . Jerome
Route 3, Box 115, 83338
Dan Kelly, III . . . . . Mountain Home
930 North 10th East, 83647
Jim Redinger . . . . . Moscow
1029 Virginia Avenue South, 83843
Roy Eiguren . . . . . Boise
550 Whitecloud Drive, 83705
Orval Hansen . . . . . Idaho Falls
Route 5, Box 216, 83401
Kathleen Noh . . . . . Kimberly
Route 1, 83341

DISTRICT

1—Steven D. Symms . . . . . Sunnyslope
Route 6, 83605
Ruth Johnson . . . . . Hayden Lake
Route 2, Box 549, 83835
Marjorie Miner . . . . . Wallace
Box 538, 83873
2—Dennis Olsen . . . . . Idaho Falls
1367 Homer Avenue, 83401
Tom Stivers . . . . . Twin Falls
144 North Juniper, 83301
John Erickson . . . . . Rigby
Route 1, Box 60, 83442

1—Lois Hurless . . . . . Boise
2837 Redway, 83704
Sally Todd . . . . . Boise
10505 Glen Ellyn Court, 83704
Gordon Miner . . . . . Wallace
Box 538, 83873
2—Shari Kidwell . . . . . Boise
408 Travertine Way, 83706
Grant Kilbourne . . . . . Pocatello
Route 3, Box 347, 83201
Robert L. Davis . . . . . Pocatello
30 Debbie Drive, 83201

ILLINOIS

(One hundred one Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Richard B. Ogilvie

AT LARGE

Delegates

Charles H. Percy . . . . . Wilmette
308 Linden Avenue, 60091

Alternates

Lois M. Schell . . . . . Chicago
10802 South Hale, 60643

ILLINOIS (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Cliffard D. Carlson .....Geneva 2300 Gary Lane, 60134	Donald L. Totten .....Hoffman Estates 193 Woodlawn Street, 60172
Hope McCormick .....Chicago 1530 North State Parkway, 60610	Pete Remmert .....Secor Number 2 Meridian Trail, 61771
Don W. Adams .....Springfield 2329 Noble Avenue, 62704	Philip M. Crane .....Mt. Prospect 307 Man-Awa Trail, 60056
Teddi Inman .....Batchtown West Point Landing, 62006	Mary Wilkerson .....Chicago 6445 South Sangamon, 60621

DISTRICT

1—Hamilton B. Talbert, Jr. .Chicago 4906 South Drexel Blvd., 60615	1—Viola Montoya .....Chicago 8020 South Drexel, 60619
Lovelyn J. Evans .....Chicago 7342 South Martin Luther King Drive, 60619	Walter B. Laffer, II .....Chicago 5421 South Ridgewood Court, 60615
Eddie Mack Jones .....Chicago 7521 South Normal Avenue, 60620	Roger G. Pilon .....Chicago 5420 S. Cornell, 60615
Robert H. Holloway .....Chicago 6815 South Michigan, 60637	Juliana Geran .....Chicago 5420 South Cornell, 60615
2—John Tobias Dixon .....Chicago 9000 South Marshfield, 60620	2—John Gardner Huff .....Chicago 10447 South Oakley, 60643
Marie Goodlow .....Chicago 8507 South Ashland, 60620	George T. Offord .....Chicago 10157 South Seeley, 60643
Harry A. Carlson .....Chicago 1942 West 101st Place, 60643	Gerald F. Maher .....Chicago 10509 South Hamilton, 60643
Patricia R. Hans .....Chicago 2137 West 110th Street, 60643	Mary C. Schmitz .....Chicago 2101 West 110th Place, 60643
3—Diane Y. Carlson ...Calumet City 737 Greenbay, 60409	3—Eileen M. Kerkstra .....Alsip 5131 West 115th Street, 60658
William F. Scannell Calumet City 290 Yates Avenue, 60409	Gerald M. Pals ....South Holland 16432 Cottage Grove Avenue, 60473
Nick Ruggiero ....Evergreen Park 9258 South Springfield Avenue, 60642	Alice M. White .....Oak Lawn 10421 South Laramie, 60453
Michael J. Guglielmucci Blue Island 1850 West Vermont Street, 60406	Maurice W. Glens .....Oak Lawn 4625 West 97th Place, 60453
4—Edward J. Derwinski ...Flossmoor 2916 Polly Lane, 60422	4—Margaret (Peg) Leonard Oak Forest 5323 West 147th Street, 60452
Ruth R. Hooper .....LaGrange 650 South Edgewood Avenue, 60525	Harold C. Carlstead ....Flossmoor 2245 Evans Road, 60422

ILLINOIS (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
George C. Townsend . .Park Forest 248 Mantua Street, 60466	William J. Petrick . .Hickory Hills 8919 Maple Lane, 60457
Richard B. (Rich) Port LaGrange Park 801 North Spring Avenue, 60525	Marion I. Bland . . . . . .Burbank 8611 South Moody Avenue, 60459
5—Stanley J. Cywinski . . . . . .Chicago 4609 S. Karlov Avenue, 60632	5—Florence Kielbasa . . . . . .Chicago 5128 South Avers, 60632
Arthur G. Waner . . . . . .Chicago 5434 S. Archer Avenue, 60638	Donna J. Ciszewski . . . . . .Chicago 5158 South Tripp Avenue, 60632
Susan Catania . . . . . .Chicago 2801 S. Michigan Avenue, 60616	Daniel J. Partyka . . . . . .Chicago 5834 West 55th Street, 60638
Hazel Stilwell . . . . . .Chicago 5535 S. LaFayette Avenue, 60621	Richard I. Markwart . . . . .Chicago 2643A South Michigan Avenue, 60616
6—James C. Soper . . . . . .Cicero 1844 South Austin Boulevard, 60650	6—John J. Walsh, Jr. . . .River Forest 1425 Keystone Avenue, 60305
Joseph G. Sevcik . . . . . .Berwyn 2716 South Euclid Ave., 60402	Betty J. Petersen . . . . . .Maywood 710 North 2nd Avenue, 60153
Louis J. Sylvester . . . . . .Elmwood 1817 North 78th Court, 60635	Raymond R. Soden . . . . . .Addison 221 Cardinal Avenue, 60101
Francis J. Lambert . . . . . .Norridge 4830 North Prospect Avenue, 60656	Patricia P. Hoglund . . . .Riverside 322 Northwood Road, 60546
7—Paul J. Randolph . . . . . .Chicago 850 North DeWitt Place, 60611	7—Anne Templeton . . . . . .Chicago 905 North Lake Shore Drive, 60611
Linda S. Swearingen . . . . .Chicago 990 North Lake Shore Drive, 60611	Curtis Foster . . . . . .Chicago 200 North Keeler Avenue, 60224
Carlo De Franco . . . . . .Chicago 2109 West Race Avenue, 60612	Cora B. Williams . . . . . .Chicago 3013 West Warren Blvd., 60612
Robert M. Woodward . . . .Chicago 1000 North Lake Shore Drive, 60611	Thomas J. Downs . . . . . .Chicago 300 North State, 60610
8—Peter J. Miller . . . . . .Chicago 1840 North Rutherford Avenue, 60635	8—Lucille M. Geisler . . . . . .Chicago 3743 West Fullerton Avenue, 60647
Ronald C. Lewandowski . .Chicago 2203 North Lavergne, 60639	Adrienne Ann Smith . . . . .Chicago 2244 North Kimball Avenue, 60647
Herbert E. Smith . . . . . .Chicago 2244 North Kimball Avenue, 60647	Lillian J. Braun . . . . . .Chicago 2545 North Monticello Avenue, 60647

ILLINOIS (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Grace M. Foster .....Chicago 200 North Keeler Avenue, 60624	Andre Karol .....Chicago 2051 North Sedgwick Avenue, 60614
9—Richard B. Ogilvie .....Chicago 1500 North Lake Shore Drive, 60610	9—Hazel McLeod .....Chicago 1257 West Arthur Avenue, 60626
William G. Stratton .....Chicago 3240 North Lake Shore Drive, 60657	L. Elizabeth O'Connor ...Chicago 1257 West Arthur Avenue, 60626
Eileen Stamm .....Chicago 4170 North Marine Drive, 60613	Jerome Paul Sterling .....Chicago 6343 North Broadway, 60660
Clark W. Fetridge .....Chicago 65 East Scott Street, 60610	Philip Wayne Hummer...Chicago 1430 North Lake Shore Drive, 60610
10—James S. Kemper, Jr. ...Winnetka 530 Ash Street, 60093	10—Naomi Lee Burdick .....Evanston 2515 Asbury Avenue, 60201
Angela (Ann) M. Gilchrist Northfield 555 Somerset Lane, 60093	Mark W. Damisch ....Northfield 186 Coach Road, 60093
W. Clement Stone .....Winnetka 445 Sheridan Road, 60093	Bernard J. Degen, II ..Northbrook 2780 Grace Road, 60062
Cordell J. Overgaard ....Evanston 2771 Sheridan Road, 60201	Raymond D. Agran ....Wilmette 519 Karey Court, 60091
11—John J. Hoellen .....Chicago 1842 West Larchmont Avenue, 60613	11—Joseph S. Zukowski .....Chicago 5378 North Lynch, 60630
Timothy P. Sheehan .....Chicago 6800 West Thorndale, 60631	Stanley A. Richards .....Chicago 6941 West Farragut Avenue, 60656
Louis J. Kasper .....Chicago 3130 North Kolmar Avenue, 60641	Zeamore A. Ader .....Chicago 5645 North Central Park Avenue, 60659
Marcella M. Stewart .....Chicago 6245 North Niagara Avenue, 60631	James C. Alberti .....Chicago 3700 North Oketo Avenue, 60634
12—William J. Heffernan Arlington Heights 434 South Reuter Drive, 60005	12—Bernard F. Lee ...Mount Prospect 1440 Blackhawk Drive, 60056
Irl H. Marshall ....Highland Park 2693 Sheridan Road, 60035	David R. Ganfield ...Lincolnshire 35 Berkshire Lane, 60015
Glena-Ann Jicha .....Palatine 141 Patricia Lane, 60067	Nancy L. Lyerla ..Hoffman Estates 282 Westview Street, 60172
Harold B. Smith, Jr. Barrington Hills 284 Donlea Road, 60010	George S. Wiley .....Deerfield 935 Northwoods Drive, 60015

ILLINOIS (Continued)

Delegates

13—Margaret S. Hart .....Lake Forest
1200 North Green Bay Road, 60045
Roger L. Hess .....Elgin
1396 Wing Street, Apt. 2, 60120

Jeffrey R. Ladd .....Woodstock
8219 Crystal Spring Road, 60098
Stephanie Sulthin .....Lake Forest
1350 Western Avenue, 60045

14—John N. Erlenborn ....Glen Ellyn
448 Raintree Court, 60137

Elizabeth (Bette) C. Porter
Oak Brook
4 Oak Brook Club Drive, G 310, 60521
William C. Ives .....Hinsdale
5743 South Grant Street, Apt. H, 60521
William R. Bunge ....Naperville
1557 Wedgefield Circle, 60540

15—Leslie C. Arends .....Melvin
60952

Richard J. Larson .....Aurora
146 LeGrande Blvd., 60506
Conrad A. Hallgren .....DeKalb
305 South 8th Street, 60115
Thomas M. Anderson, Jr.
Earlville
308 West Elm Street, 60518

16—John B. Anderson .....Rockford
2711 Highcrest Road, 61108
Robert W. Hultgren ....Rochelle
143 Joanne Lane, 61068
Margaret (Marge) Perdue
Freeport
29 North Mernitz, 61032
Clint Maslen .....Rockford
1609 Ethel, 61107

17—Frederick R. Meyer .....Peotone
429 East Corning Avenue, 60468

Robert G. Whitley .....Joliet
2620 Essington Road, 60435

Alternates

13—Ronald E. Griesheimer Waukegan
2303 South Bonnie Brook Lane, 60085
Jerry Boose .....St. Charles
4N431 Pheasant Run Drive, 60174
John E. Juergensmeyer .....Elgin
401 Hazel Drive, 60120

Robert C. Wilton .....Antioch
478 First Street, 60002

14—Walter Bard Carroll
Downers Grove
740 – 40th Street, 60515
Gerald L. Porter .....Elmhurst
217 Grace Street, 60126

William R. Zukowski .Glen Ellyn
266 May Avenue, 60137

Rudolph S. Rasin .....Hinsdale
328 East 8th Street, 60521

15—Frederick J. Campbell ....Wenona
401 West First North Street, 61377
George E. Gruenwald .....LaSalle
826 – 6th Street, 61301
Dallas C. Ingemunson ...Yorkville
Box 642, 60560
Harvey S. Traub .....Fairbury
R.R. 1, 61739

16—George Lindquist .....Dixon
Post Office Box 345, 61021
JoAnn Hutchinson .....McHenry
3704 West Lee Street, 60050
Keith Larson .....Belvidere
626 South Main Street, 61008

Norman Wagner .....Warren
607 Water Street, 61087

17—Scott B. Lindberg .....Kankakee
1295 South Lincoln Avenue, 60901
James G. Schneider ....Kankakee
888 Cobb Boulevard, 60901

ILLINOIS (Continued)

Delegates

Charles L. Henderson, Jr. Kankakee
102 Julie Drive, 60901
Betty L. Meents .....Watseka
904 South Fourth, 60970

18—Robert H. Michel .....Peoria
1029 North Glenwood, 61606
Richard E. Carver .....Peoria
6203 Jamestown Road, 61614
John Altorfer .....Peoria
7406 North Edgewild Drive, 61614
Marjorie E. Albrecht....Princeton
R.R. 3, 61356

19—Tom Railsback .....Moline
2800 12th Street, 61265
Clifford Latherow .....Carthage
Route 3, 62321
Eloise Lowderman .....Macomb
701 Candy Lane, 61455
Mary W. Campbell....Lewistown
703 North Broadway, 61542

20—Paul Findley .....Pittsfield
115 West Jefferson Street, 62363
Harris Rowe .....Jacksonville
1152 West State, 62650
Don G. Adams .....Quincy
29 Country Club Drive, 62301
Francis J. (Bud) Budinger Springfield
1631 Leland, 62704

21—H. G. "Skinny" Taylor ...Decatur
1340 West Wood Street, 62522
Roger S. Joslin .....Bloomington
2001 East Cloud, 61701
Flora E. Armstrong ..Bloomington
106 North Bellemont, 61701
Paul E. Jurgens .....Decatur
50 Du Claire, 62521

22—George Washington Woodcock Mt. Carmel
Miskell Road, 62863
Gene L. Evinger .....Paris
R.R. 2, 61944

Alternates

Marvelle Fox .....Kankakee
441 South Nelson Avenue, 60901

Donald J. Klyczek Chicago Heights
473 West 8th Street, 60411

18—William (Sid) Campbell ..Ashland
R.R. 2, 62612
Michael Charles Maibach ...Peoria
4129 Hollyridge Circle, 61614
Louis James Perona Spring Valley
515 West Minnesota, 61362
Jack A. Coney .....Peoria
4810 Knoxville Avenue, 61614

19—Clarence E. Neff .....Stronghurst
104 East South, 61480
James E. Swanson .....Sterling
1903 Avenue "D," 61081
Jean Arndt .....Moline
1585 – 34th Avenue, 61265
Leroy A. Ufkes.....Carthage
409 South Madison, 62321

20—William (Bill) Cellini Springfield
1908 Jeanette Lane, 62702
Steve Hardin .....Jacksonville
823 Grove Street, 62650
James R. Heil .....Godfrey
5200 River Aire, 62035
Dorothy L. Hampton ..Waggoner
Box 54, 62572

21—Russell E. Brady .....Chenoa
Route 1, Box 114, 61726
Thomas N. Jacob ...Bloomington
1206 East Jefferson, 61701
John W. Ziese .....Decatur
2770 Forrest Green Drive, 62521
Harry H. Hall .....Bloomington
R.R. 2, Crestwicke Heights, 61701

22—R. Bruce Anderson ....Effingham
R.R. 2, West Fayette Road, 62401
R. D. Cunningham .Lawrenceville
904 State, Lawrence, 62439

ILLINOIS (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Quintin A. Siemer ....Teutopolis 213 North Garrott Street, 62467	Charles E. Petzing .....Effingham Post Office Box 113, 62401
Robert C. Douthit .....Newton 701 Hickory Drive, 62448	Ted W. Ahrens .....Casey 410 East Main Street, 62420
23—William D. Stiehl .....Belleville 25 Lake Inez Drive, 62221	23—Marvin Wright ....East St. Louis 733 North 40th Street, 62205
Willard Barthel .....Belleville 27 Irene Drive, 62223	Charlotte Longwisch ...East Alton Greenview, R.R. 1, 62024
Betty A. Seppi .....Belleville 4 Oak Shadows, 62223	Edward R. Anderson ....Belleville 7001 Gary Drive, 62223
Gerald B. Cohn .....Bethalto 516 Park, 62010	Russell H. Classen .....Freeburg 301 West Washington, 62243
24—Joseph R. Hale .....Harrisburg 107 North Webster, 62946	24—Carmen Draege .....Ashley Route 2, 62808
Howard H. Olson ....Carbondale 30 Hillcrest Drive, 62901	Earl E. Walker .....Harrisburg Route 3, 62946
John W. Oldham, Jr. ..Metropolis 116 East 4th Street, 62960	James "Jim" Cromeenes Metropolis 29 Marberry Drive, 62960
Rose S. Vieth .....Carbondale 50 Hillcrest Drive, 62901	Diane Lowe Duft .....Greenville 1403 Chestnut, 62246

INDIANA

(Fifty-four Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Thomas S. Milligan

Note: Opposite each Delegate at Large is shown the Alternate for that Particular Delegate.

At Large

Delegates	*Alternates*
Robert J. Billings .....Munster 1900 Magnolia, 46321	Gus Chapas .....Griffith 1121 – 35th Street, Apt. 1-H, 46319
Earl L. Butz .....Lafayette 320 Jefferson Drive, 47905	Edwin J. Simcox .....Indianapolis 7303 North Olney Street, 46240
Daniel A. Manion .....South Bend 51187 Laurel Road, 46637	Frank H. Coble .....Richmond 480 Beeler Road, 47374
Robert E. Gates .....Columbia City 701 West Park Drive, 46725	Mitchell V. Harper .....New Haven 939 Main Street, 46774
John C. Hart .....Noblesville Rural Route 1, 46060	James T. Neal .....Noblesville 7670 East 126th Street, 46060
Paul H. Green .....Zionsville Rural Route 2, Bloor Lane, 46077	Linda H. Watson .....Plainfield 885 Springhollow Road, Rural Route 4, 46168

INDIANA (Continued)

Delegates

Margaret C. Hill .....Bloomington
Rural Route 11, Box 36,
Kinser Pike, 47401
Earl E. Schmadel .....Evansville
111 North Red Bank Road, 47712
Richard B. Wathen .....Jeffersonville
2611 Utica Pike, 47130
Thomas S. Milligan .....Richmond
532 Farlow Road, 47374
William H. Hudnut, III...Indianapolis
722 Pine Drive, 46260
William E. Jenner .....Bedford
1307 "O" Street, 47421
Sarkes Tarzian .....Bloomington
East Hillside Drive, 47401
L. Keith Bulen .....Indianapolis
8323 Rahke Road, 46217
Floyd J. Bailey .....Peru
Post Office Box 63, 46970
Dennis J. Nicholas .....Indianapolis
5300 Far Hill Court, 46226
Orvas E. Beers.....Fort Wayne
4325 Highwood Drive, 46805
Donald B. Cox .....Evansville
550 Herndon Drive, 47711
Jean Merritt.....Indianapolis
2237 Rome Drive, 46208
James C. Cummings, Jr. ..Indianapolis
303 Blue Ridge Road, 46208
Russell G. Lloyd.....Evansville
3204 Washington Avenue, 47715

Alternates

Bernadene Burns .....Lebanon
333 North Grant Street, 46052

Alan Ahrens.....Boonville
Rural Route 1, 47601
Alice Stocker .....New Albany
1576 Meadow Lane, 47150
Steven L. Eggleston .....South Bend
1315 Riding Mall, 46614
Donald T. Nelson .....Indianapolis
569 King Drive, 46260
Harold E. Bean, Jr. .....Indianapolis
5894 Carvel Avenue, 46220
John L. Ryan.....Indianapolis
102 Forest Boulevard, 46240
H. Kent Howard.....Indianapolis
4310 North Meridian Street, 46208
Eugene M. White .....Fort Wayne
1624 Franklin Avenue, 46808
John G. Schmidt.....Terre Haute
1000 South Fruitridge Avenue, 47804
Janiece L. Crimmins .....Marion
1306 Woodland Drive, 46952
Lillian F. Carnaghi .....Evansville
10 Taylor Avenue, 47713
Jerry A. Lamb .....Evansville
11801 Darmstadt Road, 47711
Edward N. Smith .....Fort Wayne
4704 Barrington Drive, 46806
Bruce Melchert .....Indianapolis
3418 East 62nd Street, 46220

DISTRICT

1—James W. Dye .....Munster
1326 Mellbrook, 46321
Joseph J. Kotso.....Munster
1919 Miramar Road, 46321
Mary Warren .....Gary
3932 Louisiana Street, 46409
2—William G. Conover ...Valparaiso
114 Lincolnway, 46383
Donald Heckard .....Logansport
Rural Route 1, 46947
William L. Long .....Lafayette
720 South Ninth Street, 47905

1—Phyllis Barbee .....Hammond
3535 Greenbriar Lane, 46323
Edward DeReamer .....Griffith
404 West Pine Street, 46319
Rupert L. Duncan .....Griffith
345 North Woodlawn, 46319
2—Otis R. Bowen .....Indianapolis
Room 206, State House, 46204
Burr S. Swezey, Jr. .....Lafayette
2111 Burch Lane, 47905
Glenn H. Sullivan
West Lafayette
5119 North, 225 West, 47906

INDIANA (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
3—O. C. Carmichael, Jr. .South Bend 110 North Esther, 46617	3—E. Blair Warner.....South Bend 222 South Greenlawn Avenue, 46617
Myrl W. Deitch, Jr. .....Elkhart 23982 Greenleaf Boulevard, 46514	JoAnn R. Meehan ....South Bend 1603 Devon Circle, 46617
Judd Leighton .....South Bend 205 West Jefferson Boulevard, 46601	Mary Reilly Hunt ....South Bend 1102 North Lafayette, 46617
4—Richard B. Fishering..Fort Wayne 3609 Delray Drive, 46805	4—Leon L. Bazzoni North Manchester Rural Route 4, State Road 114, 46962
H. Alan McMahan ...Fort Wayne 4601 Tacoma Avenue, 46807	Lewis L. Moser .....Ligonier Rural Route 1, 46767
Robert D. White .....Auburn Rural Route 3, C.R. 36, 46706	Stephen G. Simon .....Roanoke Rural Route 2, Box 348, 46783
5—James R. Abraham .....Anderson 1045 Alhambra Drive, Apt. 8, 46012	5—Neal Johnson.....Sharpsville Rural Route 2, 46068
Gordon K. Durnil ...Indianapolis 3300 One Indiana Square, 46204	Joseph Richardson .....Rochester Route 2, Box 254, 46975
Betty J. Rendel.....Indianapolis 150 West Market, Suite 200, 46204	Fred C. Tucker .....Indianapolis One Indiana Square, 46204
6—Mike DeFabis .....Indianapolis 8834 Keever Drive, 46234	6—Anne Alexander .....Plainfield 341 Avon Avenue, 46168
Faye I. Mowery ....West Newton Post Office Box 147, 46183	Kenneth N. Giffin ...Indianapolis 451 Ashford Court, 46224
Buford C. Robbins ...Shelbyville Rural Route 1, Box 512, 46176	Marilyn M. Smith....Indianapolis 3207 Albright Court, 46268
7—John Edgerton .....Pine Village Rural Route 1, 47975	7—Peggy Bender .....Bloomington 4408 Thistle Drive, 47401
Robert L. Poor .....Greencastle 108 Northwood Boulevard, 46135	Charles E. Bush, Jr.....Kirklin Route 1, 46050
E. Charlene Clark .....Westfield Rural Route 1, Box 70, 46074	Virginia Mefford ...Crawfordsville 815 West Main Street, 47733
8—Thomas J. Lankford ....Sandborn Post Office Box 231, 47578	8—Seth Denbo .....English South Main Street, 47118
John K. Snyder.....Washington 107 Green Acres, 47501	Mary Ann Hayes .....Jasper Rural Route 5, Box J-40, 47546
Donald T. Stucki .....Evansville 1301 Laubscher Road, 47710	Robert D. Orr .....Indianapolis Room 333, State House, 46204
9—Harold M. Coons ....New Albany 1312 Riddle Road, 47150	9—Ann Cottingham ...Lawrenceburg 55 Dearborn Court, 47025

INDIANA (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Robert W. Galm .....Nashville Post Office Box 546, 47448	Robert S. Davis .....Ramsey Post Office Box 6, 47166
Virgil D. Scheidt .....Columbus Rural Route 2, 47201	D. Jack Mahuron .....Salem 108 Virginia Avenue, Box 50, 47167
10—David W. Dennis .....Richmond 707 South "A" Street, 47374	10—Gladys Hollon .....Anderson 632 Oxford Road, 46012
Martin K. Edwards ...New Castle Rural Route 6, 47362	Joseph E. Spaulding .....Decatur 633 Mercer Avenue, 46733
Van P. Smith .....Muncie Three Briar Road, 47304	Marilou Wertzler ....Indianapolis Room 416, State House, 46204
11—John M. Mutz .....Indianapolis 5490 East 79th Street, 46250	11—Mary J. Applegate ...Indianapolis 4029 Monaco Drive, #E, 46220
John W. Sweezy .....Indianapolis 47 East Washington Street, 46204	Danny L. Burton ....Indianapolis 12141 East 79th Street, 46236
Thomas E. Parker, Jr. Indianapolis 5234 North Illinois Street, 46208	Julius F. Shaw .....Indianapolis 120 West Market Street, Room 227, 46204

IOWA

(Thirty-six Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Robert D. Ray

Note: Opposite each Delegate is shown the Alternate for that particular Delegate.

At Large

Delegates	*Alternates*
Mary Louise Smith .....Des Moines 654 – 59th Street, 50312	Theodore Ellsworth .....Dubuque 1492 Locust, 52001
John C. McDonald .....Dallas Center 502 – 15th Street, 50063	Carolyn Hicklin .....Wapello 432 North 2nd, 52653
Robert D. Ray .....Des Moines State Capitol Building, 50319	Andrew Jones .....Jesup 534 Purdy, 50648
Robert H. Lounsberry ....Des Moines State Capitol Building, 50319	Terry Branstad .....Lake Mills Rural Route 2, 50450
Richard C. Turner .....Des Moines State Capitol Building, 50319	William D. Scott .....Cedar Rapids 3128 Sidney Street, S.E., 52403
Twyla Humpleby .....Iowa City Route 6, Woodland Heights, 52240	Janice Greig .....Estherville Post Office Box 157, 51334
John W. Axel .....Muscatine 2007 Circle Drive, 52761	Verne E. Folkmann .....Conroy Box 103, 52220

IOWA (Continued)

Delegates

Jane Eastin . . . . . .Bettendorf
300 River Drive, 52722
Thomas J. Tauke . . . . . .Dubuque
1715 Glen Oak Street, 52001
Theodore A. Johnson . . . .Cedar Rapids
2222 – 1st Avenue N.E.,
Apt. 803, 52402
Wendell Harms . . . . . .Cedar Falls
717 Lilac Lane, 50613
Mildred "Teeny" Schuler . . . .Clear Lake
408 North Shore Drive, 50428
John Tone . . . . . .Ottumwa
240 West Manning, 52501
Barbara Sagraves . . . . . .Pella
1430 Broadway, 50219
Marjorie Askew . . . . . .Thurman
51654
Douglas Alexander . . . . . .Ames
516 North Dakota, #16, 50010
W. H. Goodrich . . . . . .Gilmore City
Post Office Box 294, 50541
Harry Rasdal . . . . . .Spencer
1204 Craigs Court, 51301

Alternates

Fred Schwengel . . . . . .Davenport
3311 West Locust, 52804
Darrell Hanson . . . . . .Strawberry Point
52076
Frances B. Palmer . . . . . .Cedar Rapids
Lincoln Heights Drive, S.E., 52403

Evelin Nichols . . . . . .St. Anthony
50239
Kenneth Logemann . . . . . .Northwood
Route 2, 50459
James B. Morris . . . . . .Des Moines
1121 Americana Court, 50314
David Belin . . . . . .Des Moines
1705 Plaza Circle, 50322
Lillian McElroy . . . . . .Percival
51648
Arthur Mauk . . . . . .Norwalk
621 Snyder Avenue, 50211
Barbara Avery . . . . . .Spencer
209 East 4th Street, 51301
Warren Ewen . . . . . .Fort Dodge
1432 North 16th Street, 50501

DISTRICT

1—John H. Clark . . . . . .Keokuk
916 North 11th Street, 52632
Jen Madsen . . . . . .Iowa City
1315 Whiting Avenue, 52240
Peggy Pinder . . . . . .Grinnell
Box 360, 50112
2—Joan Lipsky . . . . . .Cedar Rapids
655 Cottage Grove, S.E., 52403
Roger J. Shaff . . . . . .Camanche
Rural Route 1, Box 118A, 52730
Elaine Smith . . . . . .Monticello
Box 268, 52310*
3—Robert Naden . . . . . .Webster City
600 Parkway Drive, 50595
Bruce Clampitt . . .New Providence
Route 1, 50206
Ray Hagie . . . . . .Clarion
Rural Route 3, 50525
4—Henrietta Macaulay . . .Des Moines
2563 Hull, 50317

1—Charlotte Mohr . . . . . .Eldridge
Route 1, 52748
William B. Trent, Jr. . .Muscatine
1614 Orange Street, 52761
Paul Dennison . . . . . .Mt. Pleasant
407 West Broadway, 52641
2—Willet Miller . . . . . .Clermont
52135
Lois Taylor . . . . . .New Vienna
52065
Stanley R. Zegel . . . .Cedar Rapids
269–32nd Street, N.W., 52405
3—Gertrude Stockdale . . . .Aplington
50604
Dorothy Kehe . . . . . .Waverly
303–3rd Avenue, N.E., 50677
Larry Miller . . . . . .Britt
584–4th Street, S.W., 50423
4—Jo Austad . . . . . .Newton
208 East 20th North, 50208

IOWA (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Marvin Pomerantz ....Des Moines 5 Southwest 51st Street, 50312	Corrine Hubbell .....Des Moines 2942 Sioux Court, 50321
John Merriman .....Des Moines 4290 N.W. 46th Street Place, 50323	Shirley Stout .....Oskaloosa 1006 South 11th, 52577
5—Betty Brown .....Creston 1207 North Birch Street, 50801	5—Jeanette Rechtenbach .....Walnut Route 1, 51577
Arlyn Danker .....Minden R.R. 1, 51553	Royal Holz .....Grand Junction Rural Route 1, 50107
Robert E. Tyler .....Shenandoah 1509 South Maple, 51601	Will Emley .....Ames 126A University Village, 50010
6—Hubert Schulz .....Sanborn 51248	6—Mary Lou Freeman ....Storm Lake 622 Iowa Street, 50588
Wiley Mayne .....Sioux City 2728 Jackson, 51104	Ernie Kersten .....Fort Dodge 730 Wraywood, 50501
Claudine Mansfield ....Humboldt 102 Hickory Lane, 50548	Jan Blackstone .....Sioux City 12–38th Street, 51104

KANSAS

(Thirty-four Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Robert F. Bennett

Note: Opposite each Delegate is shown the Alternate for that particular Delegate.

At Large

Delegates	*Alternates*
Robert F. Bennett .....Topeka State Capitol, 66612	Carlos F. Cortes .....Shawnee Mission 6717 Belinder, 66208
Bob Dole .....Russell 1035 Maple Street, 67665	Chester Hawkins .....Wichita 2001 East Elm, 67214
Shelby Smith .....Wichita 132 South Fountain, 67218	Jay Garcia .....Topeka 1504 Buchanan, 66604
Marynell Reece .....Scandia 66966	Diane Gaede .....Manhattan 1411 Normandy Place, 66502
Neta Pollom .....Topeka 4703 Cedar Crest, 66606	Carlos Cooper .....Bonner Springs Lake Forest, 66012
Don Bickle .....Hays 217 Castillian Gardens, 67601	Joan Rorabaugh .....Emporia 1707 Yucca Lane, 66801
Maxine Dawson .....Topeka 414 Emmett, 66616	C. Howard Wilkins, Jr. .....Wichita Post Office Box 2817, 67201
David C. Owen .....Fairway First National Bank of Shawnee Mission, 4210 Johnson Drive, 66205	Lillian Papay .....Great Bend 1416 Coolidge, 67530

KANSAS (Continued)

Delegates

John W. Brand .....Lawrence
2031 Quail Creek Road, 66044
Carol Wiebe .....Hillsboro
301 Willow Road, 67063
Bob Williams .....Wichita
9 Linden Drive, 67206
William Falstad .....Fredonia
Post Office Box 360, 66736
Karyn Criss .....Augusta
1611 Sunset Drive, 67010
Damon Weber .....Caldwell
9 South Market, 67022
Tony Mesa .....Garden City
1224 Jones Avenue, 67846
Charles Hostettler .....Manhattan
2311 Grandview Terrace, 66502
Dwight D. Sutherland .....Lawrence
815 Tennessee, 66044
Joseph C. Harder .....Moundridge
532 Becker Avenue, 67107
Donald A. Johnston .....Pittsburg
1509 Vine, 66762

Alternates

Alveda Adams .....WaKeeney
416–8th Street, 67672
Louise Wilfong .....Kansas City
1318 North 5th, 66101
Roberta Harkness .....Dodge City
114 Plaza, 67801
Jack Simone, Sr. .....Weir
Box 266, 66781
Richard Heeney .....Marysville
1110 May, 66508
Sue Ice .....Newton
220 East 1st, 67114
Susan Eastin .....Dodge City
2400 Reeves, 67801
Leroy Tombs .....Bonner Springs
411 Neconi, 66012
Joyce Wasmund .....Princeton
Route 1, 66078
Joe Hill .....Hutchinson
Rural Route 4, 67501
George Clasen .....Garnett
344 Monroe, 66032

DISTRICT

1—Calvin James .....Jewell
Box 56, 66949
Polly Parrish .....Great Bend
1911 McKinney, 67530
Selma Steele .....Salina
820 Manchester, 67401
2—Ralph Skoog .....Topeka
235 Greenwood, 66606
Arvis Meseke .....Junction City
111 South Garfield, 66441
Carolyn Tillotson ....Leavenworth
Route 4, Box 125, 66048
3—Marteena Newcomb
Shawnee Mission
12310 Pawnee Lane, 66209
Betty Hanicke .....Westwood
4811 Belinder Court, 66205
George Miles ....Shawnee Mission
9020 Mission Road, 66207
4—Dona Frank .....Wichita
6311 English, 67218

1—Harold Chase .....Salina
102 Overhill Road, 67401
Elizabeth Williams .....Russell
210 Ash, 67665
Bernice Holmes .....Ness City
Route 1, Box 48, 67560
2—John DuBois .....Topeka
3100 Southeast Pisces, 66605
Dorothy Bennett .....Holton
624 Iowa, 66436
Shirley Rausch .....Topeka
2030 Briarwood, 66611
3—Gerald Wood .....Bucyrus
Rural Route #1, Box 202-A,
66013
Anne Eddington ...Prairie Village
5000 West 87th, 66207
Leland Speer .....Kansas City
910 North Washington
Boulevard, 66102
4—Betty Leader .....Wichita
1968 North Ridge Drive, 67206

KANSAS (Continued)

Delegates

Marian Button .....Newton
401 East 2nd, 67114
Clinton Engstrand .....Wichita
138 Courtleigh, 67218
5—Mary Alice Lair .....Piqua
66761
William E. Frederick ....Chanute
302 South Denman, 66720
Verna Evans .....Wellington
Rural Route #4, 67152

Alternates

John C. Frank .....Wichita
6311 English, 67218
Henry H. Hiebert, Jr. ..Hillsboro
315 South Adams, 67063
5—Ervin Grant .....El Dorado
525 Harvard, 67042
Virginia Lyons .....Fulton
Box 84, 66738
Rita Relph .....Fredonia
632 North 8th, 66736

KENTUCKY

(Thirty-seven Delegates)

Co-Chairmen of Delegation: M.G. (Gene) Snyder and Louie B. Nunn

AT LARGE

Delegates

Tim Lee Carter .....Tompkinsville
701 North Main Street, 42167
Robert E. Gable .....Frankfort
303 McClure Building, 40601
Clyde Middleton .....Covington
Box 546, 41012
M. G. (Gene) Snyder .....Louisville
8405 Old Brownsboro Road, 40222
Louie B. Nunn .....Lexington
1300 First National Building, 40507
Charles R. Coy .....Richmond
212 North Second Street, 40475
Nelda Barton .....Corbin
1311 Seventh Street Road, 40701
Estill Banks .....Whitesburg
Route 2, Box 83, 41858
Olney Owen .....Lexington
337 Lakeshore Drive, 40502
Michael Duncan .....Inez
Box 331, 41224
Harold DeMarcus .....Stanford
Route 2, 40484
Earl R. Searcy .....Louisville
131 Breckinridge Lane, 40207
Liz Thomas .....Ft. Mitchell
3029 Dottie Lane, 41017

Alternates

Fred Wilder .....Danville
2021 Cardinal Drive, 40422
Fern D. Stone .....Paris
504 High Street, 40361
John Treitz .....Louisville
First National Tower, 40205
Jennie Lou Nunn .....Lexington
1867 Parkers Mill Road, 40504
Theodore H. Lavit .....Lebanon
1 Court Square, 40033
Leona A. Power .....Lexington
625 Buckingham Lane, 40503
Eugene Stuart .....Prospect
6403 Coventry Court, 40059
Harold D. Rogers .....Somerset
Box 763, 42501
Huda Jones .....Beattyville
Box 36, 41311
Charles Lamb .....Louisville
924 Exmoor Avenue, 40223
Reid Martin .....Louisville
9011 Hurstbourne Lane, 40299
Wanda Embry .....Beaver Dam
Box 202-Cromwell Dam, 42320
Emogene Holt .....Somerset
Box 664, 42501

KENTUCKY (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Elaine Parsley .....Brownsville Box 307, 42210	Henry Schildknecht .....Louisville Republic Building, 40406
Willard Allen .....Morgantown Route 2, Box 123, 42261	Susan Schremser .....Louisville 1211 Heritage Place, 40214
Dexter Wright .....Louisville 337 Kenwood Hill Road, 40214	Kent M. Brown .....Lexington 1300 First National Building, 40507

DISTRICT

1—Anita Gugenheim .....Marion
Box 111, 42064
Ed Thurmond .....Murray
Box 143, 42071
Richard Evans .....Livermore
Box 128, 42352

2—Gerri Simmons ....Bowling Green
1305 Broadview Drive, 42101
Joe Lane Travis .....Glasgow
204 Uncle Johns Lane, 42141
Jack Crump .....Owensboro
525 Griffith Avenue, 42301

3—Edwin Schroering .....Louisville
Citizens Plaza, 40202
Joan Grosso .....Louisville
826 Huntington Road, 40207
Reynolds Logan .....Louisville
2108 Douglas Boulevard, 40205

4—Bobby N. Lewis .....Louisville
1909 Woodfield Road, 40220
R. Andrew Dixon .....Louisville
6004 Wagram Way, 40222
Jack Crout .....Villa Hills
2708 Pineview Drive, 41017

5—Harold Richardson .....Richmond
#2 Wellington Court, 40475
Ruth Smith .....Monticello
42633
Harry M. Hoe .....Middlesboro
413 Dorchester Avenue, 40965

6—Don W. Robinson ...Harrodsburg
562 Aspen Hall Drive, 40330
Louis Stivers .....Frankfort
504 Roberts Street, 40601

1—William West, Jr. ...Madisonville
Route 4, Box 194K, 42464
Lawrence Morrill ....Cunningham
42035
Harold Streets .....Central City
414 West Fourth, 42330

2—Jim Grundy .....Lebanon
Star Route, 40033
Noah Finley .....Hardinsburg
Box 213, 40143
Erbie Garrett .....Hodgenville
S. Lincoln Boulevard, 42748

3—Gregg Masterson .....Louisville
325 Iroquois Garden Drive,
40214
Vincent Barclay .....Louisville
905 Camden Avenue, 40215
Pat Schafer .....Louisville
732 Greenridge, 40207

4—Lee C. Hess .....Florence
7555 Dogwood Lane, 41042
Robert E. Lee .....PeWee Valley
Post Office Box 497, 40056
Richard T. Combs ...Ft. Mitchell
315 Summit Lane, 41011

5—Elaine Asher .....Campbellsville
Sharon Drive, 42718
Phyllis Yarberry .....Columbia
209 Fairgrounds Street, 42728
Money "Ed" Cummins
Mt. Vernon
Box 728, 40456

6—Janet VanHoose .....Lexington
2044 Georgian Way,
#D-25, 40504
George Jones .....Cold Springs
21 Orchard Terrace, 41076

KENTUCKY (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Thomas Martin . . . . . .Lexington 1273 Colonial Drive, 40504	Frank Schwendeman . . . .Lexington 1995 Kingtree Drive, 40505
7—Charles Holbrook, Jr. . . . .Ashland 200 Home Federal Building, 41101	7—William H. Layne . . . . .Morehead 116 East Main Street, 40351
E. V. Holder, Jr. . . . . .Vanceburg Box 157, 41179	Ken O'Bryan . . . . . .Denver 41215
David McDavid . . . . . .Grayson Carter County Courthouse, 41143	Edward Ratcliff . . . . . .Ashland 2431 Henderson Street, 41101

LOUISIANA

(Forty-one Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: John H. Cade, Jr.

At Large

Delegates	*Alternates*
Erle Edwards Barham . . . . . .Oak Ridge Post Office Box 238, 71264	James M. Lipstate . . . . . .Lafayette 401 Shelly Drive, 70501
Charles P. Currier . . . . . .Baton Rouge 12489 Brookshire Avenue, 70895	G. Allen Penniman . . . . . .Shreveport #7 Dudley Square, 71106
John H. Cade, Jr. . . . . .Alexandria 3016 Elliott Street, 71301	Arthur C. Sargent . . . . . .New Orleans 7822 Burthe Street, 70118
Beverly McLean . . . . . .Lafayette 410 Ayreshire Drive, 70503	Marta P. Mortillaro . . . . . .Metairie 4709 Lake Louise, 70002
W. G. Haynes, Jr. . . . . .West Monroe 200 Slack Street, 71291	Joel Wayne Fousse . . . . . .Baton Rouge 4316 Harvard Avenue, 70808
Edward T. L. Borie . . . . . .Baton Rouge 9124 Delmar Drive, 70815	Max M. Merrick . . . . . .Cottonport Route 1, Box 809, 71327
Benjamin H. Harbor . . . . . .Baker 13936 Brantley Drive, 70714	Norman V. Kinsey . . . . . .Shreveport 6323 Querbes Drive, 71106
David C. Treen . . . . . .Metairie 430 Dorrington Drive, 70005	Clinton A. Patrick . . . . . .Pineville Post Office Box 1192, 71360
Carol de Jean Fisher . . . . . .Metairie 5105 Bissonet Drive, 70003	Mike Walsworth . . . . . .West Monroe 413 Ferndale, 71291
Donald T. Bollinger . . . . . .Lockport Box 250, 70374	Nelson A. Moak . . . . . .Denham Springs 1605 Starlite Drive, 70726
Donald V. Organ . . . . . .New Orleans 5438 Dayna Court, 70124	Charles H. Johnson . . . . . .Metairie 18 Canberra Court, 70003
Marilyn R. Thayer . . . . . .New Orleans 7925 Nelson Street, 70125	Robert W. Morgan . . . . . .Baton Rouge Route 4, Box 429, 70805
Barbara A. Lill . . . . . .New Orleans 1423 Cadiz Street, 70115	Margaret M. Simpson . . . . . .Slidell 108 Margon Court, 70458

LOUISIANA (Continued)

Delegates

Robert L. Livingston .....New Orleans
4650 General DeGaulle Drive, 70114
Trula W. Russek .....Lafayette
110 Hampton Road, 70503
Sarrah Y. Loggins .....Shreveport
25 Lake Forest Hills, 71109
Betty Heitman .....Baton Rouge
655 Waverly Drive, 70806

Alternates

Wiley H. Sharp, Jr. .....Hammond
600 W. Church Street, 70401
Michael Connelly .....Baton Rouge
10530 Florida Boulevard #464, 70815
H. Martin Hunley, Jr. ...New Orleans
2003 Jefferson Avenue, 70115
Herbert H. Eddington ....New Orleans
7411 Bullard Avenue, 70128

DISTRICT

1—Virginia C. Martinez New Orleans
5834 Chamberlain Drive, 70122
William C. McNeal .New Orleans
2519 Bristol Place, 70114
William A. Nungesser New Orleans
5740 Durham Drive, 70114
2—Charles E. Dunbar, III New Orleans
411 Fairway Drive, 70124
Thomas F. Jordan ...New Orleans
1414 Eleonore Street, 70115
(James) Bryan Wagner New Orleans
6122 Annunciation Street, 70118
3—Hunter O. Wagner .....Metairie
3816 Division Street, 70002
William D. Hunter ..Morgan City
Post Office Box 2526, 70380

Donald T. "Boysie" Bollinger Lockport
Post Office Box 250, 70374
4—Arthur W. Sour, Jr. ...Shreveport
755 Bester Street, 71105
Morley Hudson .....Shreveport
4609 Gilbert Drive, 71106
Roy L. Brun .....Shreveport
6031 Yarbrough Road, 71109
5—Frank M. Spooner .....Monroe
415 Ouachita Bank Building, 71201
William B. Moran .....Monroe
Post Office Box 4043, 71201

1—John K. Naland ....New Orleans
11350 Prentiss Avenue, 70128
Paul G. Mayoral ....New Orleans
8 Killdeer Street, 70124
Anna T. Hein .....Arabi
501 Perrin Drive, 70032

2—Marcel Livaudais ....New Orleans
420 Walnut Street, 70118

Frances Schaefer .....New Orleans
5818 Chestnut Street, 70115
James R. Sutterfield New Orleans
1629 Fourth Street, 70130

3—J. Dorville Broussard ..New Iberia
417 East Main Street, 70360
Roy Perilloux .....Luling
Route 1, 229 St. Nicholas, 70093
Ronald Menville .....Houma
201 Raywood Drive, 70360

4—Gerald Holland .....Springhill
Route 1, Box 239A2, 71075
Leroy Scott .....Shreveport
1039 Southfield, 71106
Ray Statham .....Bossier City
2402 Tillman Drive, 71010
5—Greta W. Jones .....Monroe
2306 Hawthorne, 71201

Melba Jo Baker .....Delhi
Route 1, Box 77, 71332

LOUISIANA (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
John C. Cooksey .....Monroe 3110 Maywood, 71201	George A. Mann.....Columbia Post Office Box 926, 71418
6—E. Clark Gaudin ....Baton Rouge 3165 Murphy Drive, 70809	6—Tammy Richardson .....Bogalusa Box 518, 70427
Jack N. Rogers .....Baton Rouge 1213 Knollwood Drive, 70808	Veda B. Norfolk ....Baton Rouge 3855 Churchill Avenue, 70808
Jane R. Steele .....Baton Rouge 737 Brinwood Avenue, 70815	Bruce William Hall .Baton Rouge L.S.U. Box 18059, 70893
7—E. Lee Mills .....Lafayette 211 Louie Drive, 70501	7—Philip Malone Ricketts ..Lafayette 607 Beverly Drive, 70501
Charles A. Barton, Sr. ...Lafayette 202 Broadmoor Boulevard, 70503	Grover Rees III .....Lafayette 2301 East Pine, 70501
William Dudley Lastrapes, Jr. Lafayette 1108 Mont Rose Boulevard, 70503	C. M. McLean .....Lafayette 410 Ayreshire, 70501
8—P. J. Gomer .....Eunice 121 North 9th Street, 70535	8—E. Lansing Kolb .....Alexandria 5402 Downing, 71301
Charlene M. Patrick .....Pineville Post Office Box 1192, 71360	William M. Castellini ..Opelousas 330 Highland Drive, 70570
Marion Gore Kurfiss ...Alexandria 1259 Dorchester, 71301	Stephen M. Young .....Bunkie 909 N.W. Marshall, 71322

MAINE

(Twenty Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: John R. Linnell

AT LARGE

Delegates	*Alternates*
William S. Cohen .....Bangor 7 East Summer Street, 04401	Olympia Snowe .....Auburn 114 Nottingham Road, 04210
John R. Linnell .....Auburn 83 Pleasant Street, 04210	Jane Linnell .....Auburn 80 Shepley Street, 04210
Henrietta Page Crane .....Rockland 30 Shaw Avenue, 04841	Joyce Lewis.....Auburn Maple Hill Road, 04210
John McKernan.....Bangor 123 Bowling Drive, 04401	John Steeves .....Skowhegan RFD 3, Box 214 A, 04976
Mary Payson .....Falmouth 187 Foreside Road, 04105	Theodore Lewin.....Augusta 129 Purinton Avenue, 04330
Harrison L. Richardson.....Portland 465 Congress Street, 04111	Linwood Higgins .....Scarborough 28 Pine Point Road, 04074
Cyril M. Joly, Jr. .....Waterville 222 Main Street, 04901	Charles Langmaid Cragin, III ..Portland 2 Canal Plaza, 04112

MAINE (Continued)

Delegates

Walter A. Birt .....E. Millinocket
33 Pine Street, 04430
Marjorie C. Hutchings.....Lincolnville
Youngstown Road, 04849
Jane Riley .....Hallowell
3 Chestnut Street, 04347
Richard Morrell .....Brunswick
2 Breckan Road, 04011
Harold Jones .....Augusta
99 Purinton Avenue, 04330
Howard H. Dana, Jr. .....Portland
2 Canal Plaza, 04112
Robin Lambert .....Gardiner
25 Northern Avenue, 04345

Alternates

Karen Brown .....Bethel
Box 32, 04217
Donald Perkins .....Portland
One Monument Square, 04111
Bernard K. Holdsworth .....Springvale
178 Main Street, 04083
Justine Marks .....West Gardiner
Robinhill R-3, 04345
Robert C. Ferris.....Waterville
Eaton Drive, 04901
Herman Frankland .....Bangor
137 Dartmouth Street, 04401
John Jordan, Jr.....Seal Harbor
04675

DISTRICT

1—Hattie M. Bickmore . .Cumberland
36 Pinewood Drive, 04021
Merton G. Henry .....Portland
477 Congress Street, 04111
H. Davison Osgood, Jr. . .Portland
95 Exchange Street, 04111
2—George W. Wood, III ....Bangor
840 Broadway, 04401
Doris Russell .....Castine
Post Office Box 63, 04421
Abbott O. Greene .....Columbia
04623

1—Meredith Strang .....Camden
15 High Street, 04843
Richard Pierce .....Waterville
42 Roosevelt Avenue, 04901
Francis Marsano .....Belfast
11 Congress Street, 04915
2—Barry J. Putnam . .Livermore Falls
110 Park Street, 04254
Edwin Randall .....East Machias
04630
Richard Engels .....Presque Isle
Box 311, 04769

MARYLAND

(Forty-three Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: J. Glenn Beall, Jr.

Note: Opposite each Delegate is shown the Alternate for that particular Delegate.

AT LARGE

Delegates

David R. Forward .....Potomac
12301 Overpond Way, 20854
Richard M. Allen .....Salisbury
Box 1577, Rolling Road, 21801

Alternates

Andrew J. Morris .....Baltimore
5204 Spring Lake Way, 21212
Donald J. Devine .....Wheaton
3311 Camden Street, 20902

MARYLAND (Continued)

Delegates

Louise Gore .....Rockville
11300 River Road, 20854
Charles Miller .....Ellicott City
9035 Baltimore National Pike,
21043
George A. Price .....Phoenix
Stockton Farm, 21131
Joan Beck .....Clinton
5720 Chris Mar Avenue, 20735
Charles McC. Mathias, Jr. ....Frederick
R.F.D. #2, 21701
J. Glenn Beall, Jr. .....Frostburg
Beall's Lane, 21532
Gilbert Gude .....Bethesda
5411 Duvall Drive, 20016
Marjorie S. Holt .....Severna Park
151 Boone Trail, 21146
Robert E. Bauman .....Easton
Glebe House, Route 5, 21601
Jane Hanks .....Oxford
Morris Street, 21654
Jeanette Wessel .....Baltimore
2517 Talbot Road, 21216
Clyde T. Marshall .....Baltimore
5313 St. Albans Way, 21212
Robert A. Pascal .....Severna Park
364 White Cedar Lane, 21146
Alan Virta .....Hyattsville
4708 – 67th Avenue, 20784
Edward J. Mason .....Cumberland
1904 Bedford Street, 21502
George D. Holley .....Baltimore
2104 Bryant Avenue, 21217
Forbes W. Blair .....Silver Spring
13826 Overton Lane, 20904

Alternates

Peter James Vaghi .....Kensington
4225 Dresden Street, 20795
Joan Athen .....Columbia
9489 Honeysalt Road, 21045

W. Dennis Thomas .....Westminster
2600 Nicodemus Road, 21157
Fleur Bresler .....Chevy Chase
3217 Farmington Drive, 20015
Sandra O'Connor .....Baltimore
1907 Tadcaster Road, 21228
John B. Genys .....Seabrook
8908 Orbit Lane, 20801
David R. Scotton .....Laytonsville
8329 Exodus Drive, 20760
Byron P. Pope .....Suitland
2607 Fort Drive, 20023
Calvin Compton .....Port Tobacco
20677
Paul S. Podolak .....Newark, Delaware
Route 2, 19711
Wade Kach .....Baltimore
1 Queentree Court, 21207
Hermann Intemann .....Annapolis
Route 2, Box 233, 21401
Erica Kenney .....Oxon Hill
733 Tantallon Drive, 20022
Ann Celia .....Camp Springs
5407 Auth Road, 20023
Karen Lancaster .....Mt. Savage
104 Church Hill Street, 21545
Marshall W. Jones .....Baltimore
1903 Barclay Street, 21218
Daniel G. Mintz .....Gaithersburg
430 Girard Street, T3, 20760

DISTRICT

1—C. Kenneth Beattie ....Whiteford
Chestnut Street, 21160
I. Rivers Hanson .....Salisbury
1013 Camden Avenue, 21801
Norman I. Shapira .....Dunkirk
86 Oakwood Drive, 20754

2—Thomas B. Brower ..White Marsh
5512 Ebenezer Road, 21162

1—Maureen Tobin .....Hollywood
Route 2, Box 305, 20636
Jon P. Sherwell .....Salisbury
511 Georgia Avenue, 21801
Ross Whealton .....Preston
Post Office Box 223,
Richardson Road 21655
2—Harold F. Savage, Jr. ...Baltimore
305 Retford Way #4, 21220

MARYLAND (Continued)

Delegates

Helen W. Holden .....Baltimore
8310 Edgedale Road, 21234
Robert E. Latshaw, Jr. ...Towson
1600 Ruxton Road, Apt. B6, 21204
3—Marlayne Ances .....Baltimore
627 East 34th Street, 21218
Samuel Hopkins .....Baltimore
4302 Wendover Road, 21218
Michael R. Baker .....Baltimore
6816 Pinehurst Road, 21212
4—Aris T. Allen .....Annapolis
62 Cathedral Street, 21401
Gerald F. Holcomb ....Oxon Hill
751 Gleneagles Drive, 20022
Susan A. Wagner....Severna Park
363 Dun Robbin Drive, 21146
5—Lawrence J. Hogan .....Landover
8400 Hillview Road, 20786
James Pope .....Beltsville
11341 Frances Drive, 20705

Freda D. Ulrich ...Landover Hills
7111 Buchanan Street, 20784
6—Brenda J. Butscher .....Oakland
Route 5, Box 29,
Harrington Manor Road, 21550
Donald F. Munson ...Hagerstown
117 West Magnolia Avenue, 21740
Edward P. Thomas .....Frederick
710 Wyngate Drive, 21701
7—George Beall .....Baltimore
112 Bellemore Road, 21210
Donald R. Farber .....Baltimore
3925 Beech Avenue, 21211
Archie M. Jones .....Baltimore
1607 North Dukeland Street, 21216
8—Sylvia B. Hermann .....Bethesda
6900 Barrett Lane, 20014

Frieda W. Raub
Washington, D.C.
5614 Jordan Road, 20016
Linda K. Wood .....Silver Spring
15016 Whitegate Road, 20904

Alternates

Nancy Keeny .....Baltimore
1535 Clearwood Road, 21234
Ellen Sauerbrey .....Baldwin
Sweet Air Farm, 21013

3—J. Frederick Motz .....Baltimore
215 Chancery Road, 21218
Saville J. Janey .....Baltimore
203 St. Dunstans Road, 21212
A. Lee Sellman .....Baltimore
354 Old Trail Road, 21212
4—Elizabeth S. Smith ..Davidsonville
Harbor Road, 21035
Jacqueline J. Griffin ...Oxon Hill
537 Round Table Drive, 20022
Lynda Love .....Annapolis
1177 Glenwood Dale, 21401
5—Raymond G. LaPlaca ....Cheverly
6413 Forest Road, 20785
George G. H. McDaniel, Jr.
West Hyattsville
6807 Calverton Drive, 20782
David H. Elliott .....Adelphi
8800 – 23rd Avenue 20783
6—James H. Montgomery...Hancock
Box 284, 21750

Varner L. Paddack ...Hagerstown
929 Oak Hill Avenue, 21740

Lorene Bowlus .....Frederick
610 Fairview Avenue, 21701
7—Ann Taylor .....Baltimore
1304 John Street, 21217
John R. Thomsen .....Baltimore
4710 Keswick Road, 21210
Thomas Mickle .....Baltimore
2114 Presstman Street, 21214

8—William B. Glew, Jr. Chevy Chase
7700 Connecticut Avenue, 20015
Polly Bloedorn .....Bethesda
5304 Wriley Road, 20014

Patricia O'Hanlon .....Dickerson
18200 Elmer School Road, 20753

MASSACHUSETTS

(Forty-three Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Edward W. Brooke

Note: Opposite each Delegate is shown the Alternate for that particular Delegate.

At Large

Delegates	*Alternates*
Edward W. Brooke .....Newton 535 Beacon Street, 02167	Joyce O'Connor .....Northbridge 270 Church Street, 01588
Paula Logan .....Hingham 562 Main Street, 02043	Geza Jako .....Melrose 169 East Emerson Street, 02176
Henry Cabot Lodge .....Beverly 275 Hale Street, 01915	Jacqueline Williams .....Marblehead 50 Turner Road, 01945
Andrew H. Card, Jr. .....Holbrook 221 North Franklin Street, 02343	Marie B. Jardine .....Framingham 683 Water Street, 01701
Otto A. Wahlrab .....Rehoboth Reservoir Avenue, 02769	Phyllis Molesworth .....Boston 88 Beacon Street, 02108
Roy Richardson .....Norwell 132 Norwell Avenue, 02061	Lavinia Barone Papalia .....Belmont 366 Lake Street, 02178
Diane Bronsdon .....Chatham 287 Training Field Road, 02633	Thomas J. Barry .....Doxbury 33 Plantation Drive, 02332

District

1—Gerald F. McCarthy .....Leyden Brattleboro Road, 01337	1—Frances King .....Leverett 157 Shutesbury Road, 01054
Silvio O. Conte .....Pittsfield Blythewood Drive, 01201	Phyllis Casey .....W. Springfield 41 Hardwick Road, 01089
Jean B. Cummings ....Greenfield Stone Ridge Lane, 01301	Burton S. Resnic .....Holyoke 20 Longfellow Drive, 01040
2—Raymond J. Fontana Longmeadow 47 Normandy Road, 01106	2—Maria Fontana .....Longmeadow 47 Normandy Road, 01106
Norma Cash Smith .....Dudley Post Office Box 547, Dudley Hill, 01570	Joseph J. Cooligan ....Springfield 171 South Branch Parkway, 01118
Alberta C. Settle ....Longmeadow 6 South Park Place, 01106	Roderick P. Murphy ....Brimfield Little Alum Pond Road, 01010
3—Florence Patterson .....Worcester 57 Elm Street, 01609	3—David Lionett .....Worcester 17 Nottingham Road, 01609
Barbara J. Sinnott .....Worcester 116 Mower Street, 01609	Aubrey Batstone .....Worcester 12 Ellis Drive, 01609
Gordon M. Nelson .North Grafton 3 Suzanne Terrace, 01536	Vivian Mainini .....West Upton 128 Main Street, 01587
4—Margaret Hunter .....Leominster Box 803, 01453	4—Laurence Curtis .....Brookline 243 Dudley Street, 02146

MASSACHUSETTS (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Elliot Richardson .....Brookline 617 Boylston Street, 02130	Gussie Swift .....W. Newton 255 Fuller Street, 02165
Judith H. Ide .....Wayland 135 Old Connecticut Path, Post Office Box 2, 01778	Avi Nelson .....Brookline 37 Alberta Road, 02146
5—Paul W. Cronin .....Andover 8 Punchard Avenue, 01810	5—Mary Claire Langille ....Methuen 30 Danbury Drive, 01844
Jeanne Kangas .....Boxborough 959 Hill Road, 01720	Lawrence Braverman .....Bedford 6 Anthony Road, 01730
Paula Lewellen .....Bedford 145 Davis Road, 01730	George Macheras .....Lowell 81 Shaw Street, 01851
6—Elise S. Wigglesworth ....Beverly Preston Place, 01915	6—William T. Glidden...Manchester 54 Forest Street, 01944
Jean M. Shellene .....Bradford 1 South Cogswell Street, 01830	Thomas D. O'Brine .....Salem 3 Locust Street, 01970
Frances T. Scoledge .....Danvers 13 Wayside Drive, 01923	John G. Markos .....Ipswich 254 High Street, 01938
7—Linda J. Towse .....Stoneham 7 Congress Street, 02180	7—Mark Gianno .....Medford 93 Park Street, 02155
Arnold T. Koch, Jr. .....Melrose 66 Cranmore Lane, 02176	Marguerite Moran .....Winthrop 87 Upland Road, 02152
Anthony Conte .....Revere 15 Mill Street Place, 02151	Barbara B. Clinton .....Revere 611 Boulevard, 02151
8—Edna Bogosian .....Watertown 21 Melendy Avenue, 02172	8—John J. Buckley .....Belmont 11 Leicester Road, 02178
John W. Sears .....Boston 7 Acorn Street, 02108	Anne B. R. Witherby.....Boston 68 Beacon Street, 02108
William A. Barnstead ..Arlington 311 Appleton Street, 02174	Augusta Hornblower ..Watertown 562 Main Street, 02172
9—Alice Morrison .....Needham 110 Country Way, 02192	9—William A. Arrigal, Jr..Dorchester 136 Savin Hill Avenue, 02125
Harold Rosen .....Dedham 47 Greenledge Street, 02026	Martha Brace .....Westwood 258 Grove Street, 02090
Robert J. Gilkie .....Needham 46 Marked Tree Road, 02192	Eugenia Demeter .....Dover Meadowbrook Road, 02030
10—Margaret M. Heckler ...Wellesley 30 Colburn Road, 02181	10—William R. Chandler ....Taunton 242 Winthrop Street, 02780
Frank H. Conway .....Wellesley 37 Longmeadow Road, 02181	Mary E. Hackett .....Taunton 5 Davis Street, 02780
Daniel Carmen .....Wellesley 68 Elmwood Road, 02181	Helen Lauzier .....Fall River 188 Archer Street, 02720
11—Marjorie L. Cripsin .....Braintree 26 Baker Avenue, 02184	11—Ronald C. Kaufman .....Quincy 7 Payson Street, 02169
Joyce Baker .....Quincy 162 Warren Avenue, 02170	Charles E. Caron .....Braintree 67 Old Coach Road, 02184
Anne R. Cruickshank ..Hyde Park 383 Huntington Avenue, 02136	David J. Vieira .....Hyde Park 1094 River Street, 02136

MASSACHUSETTS (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
12—Sherman C. Reed .....Orleans Keziahs Lane, Post Office Box 731, 02653	12—Margaret Perry .....Dartmouth 23 High Street, 02748
Philip A. Rollins .....Mashpee 52 Sand Dollar Lane, 02649	Anne P. Cahoon .....Harwich 33 Harbor Road, 02646
Betty W. Smith .....S. Chatham Deep Hole Road, 02659	J. Alan MacKay .....Hingham 75 Thaxter Street, 02043

MICHIGAN

(Eighty-four Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: William G. Milliken

At Large

Delegates	*Alternates*
William G. Milliken.....Traverse City 6103 Peninsula Drive, 49684	Elford A. Cederberg .....Midland 2504 Abbott Road, 48640
Robert P. Griffin .....Traverse City Route 2, Box 249, 49684	Dennis O. Cawthorne.....Manistee 510 Browning Avenue, 49660
William F. McLaughlin .....Northville 592 Reed, 48167	Robert Davis .....Gaylord Route 3, Wah Wah Soo Drive, 49735
Margaret A. Riecker .....Midland 3211 Valley Drive, 48640	Elly M. Peterson .....Charlotte Route 1, Terrill Road, 48813
Peter B. Fletcher .....Ypsilanti Post Office Box 407, 48197	Sylvia Skrel .....Livonia 35997 Leon, 48154
Nancy Chase .....Ann Arbor One Regent Drive, 48104	Charles Trout .....Roscommon Box 204 A, Route #1, 48653
Juliette Abraham .....East Lansing 1125 Hitching Post Road, 48823	Algis Zaparackas .....Royal Oak 4120 Yorba Linda Drive, 48072
LaVerne Arnold.....Detroit 3607 Lawton, 48208	Jeffrey Schorr .....Troy 2424 Coolidge, 48084
Ulysses Boykin .....Detroit 330 Trowbridge, 48202	Dorothy McIntosh .....Ferndale 957 West Oakridge, 48220
Rosalie Bryk .....St. Clair Shores 21532 St. Gertrude, 48081	Francisco Vega .....Grand Rapids 1317 Giddings, S.E., 49506
Mildred Dunnell .....Mt. Clemens 34304 Jefferson Avenue, 48043	Gloria Jackson .....Marquette 1040 Allouez Road, 49855
Max M. Fisher .....Franklin 27751 Fairway Hills Drive, 48025	Charles Miller .....Inkster 739 Tobin Drive #309, 48141
Dianna Forster .....Williamsburg Route #2, 49690	Lucretia Walters .....Kalamazoo 1241 Texel Drive, 49001
Robert Law .....Livonia 16822 Fitzgerald, 48154	LaRue Stone .....Detroit 15726 Coyle, 48227

MICHIGAN (Continued)

Delegates

L. William Seidman .....Ada
1615 Buttrick Avenue, S.E., 49301
Patricia Short .....Jackson
1972 Trinity, 49201
Greg Wilson .....Ypsilanti
230 North Summit, 48197
John A. Welborn .....Kalamazoo
6304 North Riverview Drive, 49004
Jacob Shoemaker .....Byron Center
4500 – 82nd Street, 49315
Gerald J. Hills .....Okemos
2322 Knob Hill Drive #4, 48864
Lyman K. Orr .....Essexville
1106 Orchard Road, 48732
Robert R. Lennon .....Plainwell
127 South Lake, Doster, 49080
Joanna Shaker .....Midland
1218 Holyrood, 48640
Kirby Holmes .....Utica
8430 Pamela Street, 48087
Sam F. Trentacosta .....Warren
23907 Joanne, 48091

Joanne Logie .....Berkley
2134 Earlmont, 48072
John Gnau .....Bloomfield Hills
3894 Peabody, 48013

Alternates

Betty Jane Owen .....Lansing
2910 Beau Jardin, Apt. 207, 48910

Irene Prophater .....Bay City
6335 Golf Lakes Court, 48706
Jackson Worsham .....Marshall
719 Allison Drive, 49068
Robert Fink .....Ypsilanti
106 South Washington, 48197
Clark Davis .....Muskegon
3443 Medema, 49444
Harry Veryser .....Mt. Clemens
37759 Greenwich, 48043
Nancy McConnell ....Bloomfield Hills
119 Linda Knoll, 48013
Daniel Covell .....Bay City
2211 Carroll Road, 48706
Allen Salmi .....Gladstone
Route #2, Box 368, 49837
Barbara Smith .....Hillsdale
Hillsdale College, 49242
Janis L. McWilliams .....Houghton
6651 West Houghton Lake Drive, 48629
Mary Wyant .....Flint
6234 Stonegate, 48504
Mark Koldys .....Dearborn
7545 Manor, 48126

DISTRICT

1—William V. Banks .....Detroit
7220 Pontchartrain, 48203
Nancy M. Boykin .....Detroit
330 Trowbridge, 48202
Charles Lampinen .....Detroit
17205 Muirland, 48203
2—Elizabeth Durbin .....Ann Arbor
3058 Lexington, 48105
Harry Greenleaf .....Livonia
35936 Pinetree, 48150
George Kettunen .....Livonia
30942 Greenland, 48154

3—George Bennett .....Kalamazoo
3324 Canterbury, 49007
Joan Puetz .....Battle Creek
549 East Hamilton Lane, 49015

1—Callie Dukes .....Detroit
18060 Fairway Drive, 48221
Ivy Banks .....Detroit
7220 Pontchartrain, 48203
Walter F. Girardot .....Detroit
18414 Fairfield, 48202
2—James H. Davies .....Monroe
1544 Arbor, 48161
Mark McKelvey .....Plymouth
44743 Brookside, 48170
Sally Bennett .....Livonia
19750 Flamingo Boulevard, 48152
3—Darwin Hooker .....Hastings
3090 North Broadway, 49058
Jane B. Kellogg .....Charlotte
745 West Shepherd #3, 48813

MICHIGAN (Continued)

	Delegates	*Alternates*
	Lauris Van Boven .....Kalamazoo 158 Fairview Drive, 49001	Paul Schrier .....Kalamazoo 225 Burr Oak, 49001
4—	Doris Walton .....Berrien Springs 206 Park Street, 49103	Bea Lackey .....Paw Paw R 2, 49079
	Herb Phillipson .....Dowagiac 502 Sunnyside, 49047	John S. Mowat, Jr. .....Adrian R #2, 49221
	James Wellington .....Lacota R #2, 49063	Thomas Murphy .....Watervliet 557 Park Street, 49098
5—	Robert J. Eleveld E. Grand Rapids 1120 Plymouth S.E., 49506	Harold D. Garter .....Rockford 7383 Orlin Court, 49341
	Paul B. Henry .....Grand Rapids 438 Brookside Drive, S.E., 49507	Betty J. Walker ....Grand Rapids 2161 Swensberg, N.E., 49505
	Carol S. Josephson ..Grand Rapids 1946 Hall, S.E., 49506	A. Lawrence Barley .....Portland 876 Riverside Drive, 48875
6—	Paul Stearns .....East Lansing 921 Whitman, 48823	Steve Thomas .....Okemos 3904 Raleigh, 48864
	Jeanne Townsend .....Jackson 1104 South Higby, 49203	Raymond Nusca .....Chelsea 1666 South Fletcher Road, 48118
	David Oaks .....Alger 4954 East Sugar River Road, 48610	Joseph Filip .....Jackson 3240 Kingsbrooke, 49201
7—	Thomas M. Maletic .....Davison 9505 East Atherton Road, 48423	Robert Green .....Flint 205 Commonwealth Avenue, 48503
	Patricia Conley .....Davison 416 Amesbury Drive, 48423	Henry Hatter .....Clio 14435 Montle Road, 48420
	Russell Cummer .....Clio 10280 Clio Road, 48420	Nancy Gadola .....Swartz Creek 6087 West Hill Road, 48423
8—	William A. Crane .....Saginaw 4711 Sudbury, 48603	Ed Moore .....Bad Axe 206 North Heisterman, 48413
	Arlene Bush .....Bay City 408 North Birney, 48706	Hildreth Miller .....Bridgeport 4440 Warren, 48722
	Norman Hughes .....Metamora 3875 High Pointe Drive, 48455	Edward D. Miller .....Freeland 8055 Hospital Road, 48623
9—	Eunice Bareham .....Spring Lake 530 Grandview, 49456	Hannes Meyers, Jr. .....Zeeland 30 South Wall, 49464
	Mary Kendall .....Fremont 216 South Woods, 49412	Fred Edgerton .....Plainwell 413 West Bridge Street, 49080
	Joel VerPlank .....Holland 559 Elmdale Court, 49423	Eleanor Olsson .....Holland 89 East 37th Street, 49423
10—	Robert C. Redman .....Lake City Box 417, 49651	John H. Hekman .....Owosso 415 Curwood, 48867
	Maxine Swanson .....Mt. Pleasant 517 West Superior, 48858	Reinder (Ryan) Bontekoe ..Marion 217 Sixth Street, 49665

MICHIGAN (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Robert Acker .....Mt. Pleasant Route #3, South Winn Road, 48858	Dennis Starner .....Midland 2901 Ronan, Apt. 4, 48640
11—Katharine Hafstad ..Harbor Springs RR #2, 49740	11—Alice Drinkard .....Hancock 1401 Quincy Street, 49930
Herman H. Dubbelde ...Escanaba 1907 Park Avenue, 49829	Stephen Fletcher .....Alpena 310 North Second, 49707
Arthur Pope .....Gladstone 1904 Lake Shore, 49837	Harold Brown .....Cheboygan 528 South Huron, 49721
12—Ruth A. C. Clark .....Utica 8109 Timberline Drive, 48084	12—M. Sharron Chiddister .....Fraser 16575 Timberview, 48026
James T. Corden .....Marine City 406 North Main Street, 48039	Johannes J. VandeGraaf St. Claire Shores 29601 Jefferson, 48081
Carole Browne .....Roseville 30241 Utica Road, Apt. 207, 48066	Leonard Stokes.....Mt. Clemens 38041 Sarnette, 48043
13—Dovie T. Pickett .....Detroit 628 East Kirby, 48202	13—Mary Huggins .....Detroit 8355 Gratiot, 48213
Martha Williams .....Detroit 4000 Bewick, 48214	Leonard Tyner .....Detroit 3360 Charlevoix, 48207
Marjorie A. King .....Detroit 1035 Jos. Campau, 48207	Emery J. Hrabovsky .....Detroit 7878 Helen, 48211
14—Bertha M. Chatterson Grosse Pointe Woods 668 Fairford Road, 48236	14—Samuel L. West .....Detroit 18890 Keystone, 48234
Charles S. Tompkins Grosse Pointe Park 15985 Windmill Pointe, 48230	James R. Daoust, Jr. Grosse Pointe Woods 799 Lochmoor, 48236
Howard K. Face Grosse Pointe Farms 107 Moran, 48236	Eldon K. Andrews .....Detroit 5285 Chotsworth, 48224
15—Ernest C. Fackler .Dearborn Heights 26740 Timber Trail, 48127	15—Norman O. Stockmeyer .Westland 38042 Glenwood Road, 48185
Patricia Ganzberger .....Southgate 12736 Commonwealth, 48195	Dorothy Evans .....Taylor 5850 Ziegler, 48180
Christiann Ott .....Westland 6607 Yale, 48185	Deloris Newell .....Westland 325 South Carlson, 48185
16—Lee H. Clark .....Grosse Ile 29719 East River Road, 48138	16—Frank Padzieski .....Dearborn 25001 Fairmount, 48124
Judith A. Raymond .....Trenton 1751 Pinetree Road, 48183	Perry Christy .....Dearborn 21711 Wildwood, 48128
Clara Giordano .....Wyandotte 1145 – 12th Street, 48192	Charles Rileigh .....Melvindale 19005 Hanna, 48122
17—Denzil Hammond .....Detroit 14695 Archdale, 48227	17—John Rutledge .....Detroit 14320 Grandville, 48223
Mary Lou Barth .....Farmington 23981 Jamestown, 48024	Della Wright .....Farmington 35011 Drakeshire Place, 48024

MICHIGAN (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Halina M. Frizzelle Farmington Hills 34112 Banbury, 48018	Joseph Burdzinski .....Southfield 19119 West Eleven Mile Road, 48076
18—Jean Chamberlain .....Royal Oak 1213 Vinsetta Boulevard, 48067	18—Bettie Suida .....Royal Oak 2540 Rochester Road #53, 48073
Robert H. Fredericks .....Troy 5832 Northfield, 48084	Milton Randolph .....Berkley 2730 Ellwood, 48072
Charles Kenney .....Royal Oak 1513 Mayfield, 48067	Charlotte Buchanan .....Berkley 2155 Harvard, 48072
19—Arthur Saltzman .....Franklin 30630 Woodside Drive, 48025	19—Eleanor Blum ...West Bloomfield 5123 Chestershire, 48033
Weldon Yeager ..Bloomfield Hills 767 Robinhood Circle, 48013	Edward L. Haan .....Brighton 10670 Kenicott Trail, 48116
Mary Bourdon .....Clarkston 8283 Deerwood, 48016	Ann Marie O'Connor Bloomfield Hills 140 Woodedge Drive, 48013

MINNESOTA

(Forty-two Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Ancher Nelsen

Note: Opposite each Delegate is shown the Alternate for that particular Delegate.

At Large

Delegates	*Alternates*
Carolyn Ring .....Richfield 6304 Russell Avenue South, 55423	John Himle .....Hayfield 508 – 1st Street, S.E., 55940
Charles A. Slocum .....St. Paul 555 Wabasha, 55102	Robert Becklin .....Cambridge Rural Route 1, 55008
Albert H. Quie .....Dennison 55018	Jeffrey DuBois .....Long Lake 284 Dupont, 55356
Rudy Boschwitz .....Minneapolis 5401 East River Road, 55421	Howard Knutson .....Burnsville 1907 Woods Lane, 55337
Tom Hagedorn .....Truman Rural Route 2, 56088	Del Olson .....Anoka Route 6, 55303
Bill Frenzel .....St. Louis Park 3601 Park Center Boulevard, 55416	S. J. (Sis) Lange .....Owatonna 1400 Havana Road, 55060
Iantha LeVander .....South St. Paul 2323 Thompson Avenue, 55075	Judy Shotzko .....Blue Earth Rural Route 1, 56013
Effie McKerson .....Edina 5729 France Avenue South, 55410	Paul Overgaard .....Albert Lea 206 South Washington, Box 787, 56007

MINNESOTA (Continued)

Delegates

Kris Sanda .....Staples
Route 2, Box 3, 56479
Mary Forsythe .....Edina
4605 Edina Boulevard, 55424
George Pillsbury .....Minneapolis
930 Dain Tower, 55402
Dorothy Liljegren .....Wayzata
16545 – 9th Avenue North, 55391
Harold LeVander, Jr. ...South St. Paul
402 Drovers Bank Building, 55075
Nancy Brataas .....Rochester
839 – 10½ Street, S.W., 55901
Carl Meirick .....Duluth
3815 Haines Road, 55811
Evie Teegan .....Edina
5501 Kellogg Avenue, 55424
Len Nadasdy .....Loretto
Route 2, Box 18, 55357

Mark Piepho .....Mankato
605 Lakeview Avenue, 56001

Alternates

Joan Sorenson .....Albert Lea
606 East 4th Street, 56007
George Soule .....Moorhead
311 South 14th Street, 56560
Beatrice Banet .....Brooklyn Park
7749 Daleview Drive, 55443
Sandy Evers .....Milroy
Route 1, Box 125B, 56263
Em Laskey .....Moorhead
Rural Route 3, Box 37, 56560
Bev Christensen .....Luverne
115 East Fairway Drive, 56156
Virginia Olson .....Minnetonka
12929 Maywood Lane, 55343
Paul Schilling .....St. Paul
2130 Lower St. Dennis Road, 55116
George Vavoulis .....St. Paul
42 South St. Albans,
Apt. 4, 55105
Ann O'Loughlin .....Minneapolis
3833 Aldrich Avenue South, 55409

DISTRICT

1—Donald Frerichs .....Rochester
2243 Merrihills Drive, 55901
Jan Sovereign .....Lake Elmo
4415 Olson Lake Trail
North, 55042
Robert Seely .....Zumbrota
643 – 2nd Avenue, 55992
2—Glenn Annexstad .....St. Peter
Route 3, Box 50, 56082
Ancher Nelsen .....Hutchinson
Rural Route, 55350
Dorothy Gray .....Mound
2640 Lakewood Lane, 55364
3—Donna Skagerberg .....Edina
6112 Virginia Avenue,
South, 55424
Bruce Willis .....Minnetonka
3731 Dartmouth Drive, 55343

LaVonne Samstad .....Edina
7340 York Avenue South,
#6-210, 55435

1—Sally Johnson .....South St. Paul
2411 Kraft Street, 55075
Dave Bishop .....Rochester
1185 Plummer Circle, 55901

Barbara Gibson .....Lewiston
175 South Fremont, 55952
2—Steven Berg .....Mankato
322 State Street, 56001
Diana Scheff .....Chaska
Route 2, Box 142A, 55318
Mary Brunker .....St. Paul
3039 Cherrywood Court, 55121
3—Dave Cleary .....Bloomington
8924 – 16th Avenue Circle,
55420
Jeri Sueker .....New Hope
3924 Xylon Avenue North,
55427
Brad Platt .....Bloomington
5009 South 99th Street, 55437

MINNESOTA (Continued)

Delegates

4—Robert M. Barry .....St. Paul
900 Fairmount Avenue, 55105
Marsie Leier .....St. Paul
2473 Churchill, 55113

Joni Romer .....New Brighton
644 – 17th Avenue, N.W.,
55112

5—Ruth Hauge .....Minneapolis
5145 Irving Avenue, South,
55419
Douglas M. Head ....Minneapolis
1616 West 22nd Street, 55405

John Gasser .....Minneapolis
5057 Queen Avenue, South
55410

6—John Sullivan .....Belgrade
56312
Verne Long .....Pipestone
Route 1, Box 307, 56164
Gene Smith .....Montevideo
Box 110, Route 4, 56265

7—Marlene Luna .....Wadena
1508 S.W. 2nd Street, 56482
Dwaine Hoberg .....Moorhead
1319 – 16th Avenue South,
56560
Lorraine Lind .....Bertha
Rural Route, Box 122, 56437

8—Robert C. Jackson .....Duluth
350 Kenilworth Avenue, 55803
Del Case .....Saginaw
Box 111Q, 55779
Jan Nelson .....Coon Rapids
11809 Zion Street, N.W., 55433

Alternates

4—John Kivimaki .....St. Paul
2781 Merrill Street, 55113
Virginia Berg .....St. Paul
2305 Western Avenue, North,
55113
John McKenzie .....St. Paul
1940 Fremont, 55119

5—Virginia Forbes .....Minneapolis
1008 East Minnehaha
Parkway, 55417
Jackie Parsinen .....Minneapolis
2021 Queen Avenue South,
55405
Kay Sellergren .....Minneapolis
3845 Bryant Avenue South,
#202, 55409

6—Joy Swenson .....Monticello
Route 2, Box 66, 55362
Parks Dahlgren .....Bird Island
310 South 4th Street, 55310
Gloria Tepfer .....Danube
Route 1, Box 145, 56230

7—Vivian Bergerud .....Long Prairie
Route #1, 56347
Tony Trimble .....Walker
56484

Mary Ellen Quincer .....Wadena
1515 S. W. 2nd, 56482

8—Elaine Knetsch .....Duluth
230 Greyhound Bldg., 55802
Doris Schantz-Hansen ....Cloquet
Box 295, 55720
Jane Downes .....Grand Rapids
112 21st St. S.W., 55744

MISSISSIPPI

(Thirty Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Clarke Reed

AT LARGE

Delegates

Clarke Reed .....Greenville
Post Office Box 894, 38701

Alternates

Thomas S. Giordano .....Pearl
Post Office Box 5599, 39208

MISSISSIPPI (Continued)

Delegates

W. D. Mounger . . . . . .Jackson
Post Office Box 1200, 39205
Gil Carmichael . . . . . .Meridian
Post Office Box 5673, 39301
Doug Shanks . . . . . .Jackson
449 Merigold Drive, 39204
Swan Yerger . . . . . .Jackson
4447 Northover Drive, 39211
Victor Mavar . . . . . .Biloxi
427 East Beach Boulevard, 39530
William L. Patrick, Jr. . . . . .Laurel
Post Office Box 1316, 39440
Toxey Hall Smith . . . . . .Wiggins
Post Office Drawer 8, 39577
Charles P. Ball . . . . . .Starkville
2304 Pin Oak Drive, 39759
Dene Pace . . . . . .Corinth
2009 Oak Lane, 38834
Odell Tucker . . . . . .Greenwood
1109 West President, 38930
Lillian Todd . . . . . .Jackson
67 North Hill Parkway, 39206
Sam Alford . . . . . .McComb
1410 Stokes Avenue, 39648
Dewey Lane . . . . . .Pascagoula
4211 Hospital Road, Suite 206, 39567
Jerry Gilbreath . . . . . .Laurel
Post Office Box 1772, 39440

Alternates

Veronica Ross . . . . . .Jackson
1605 Riverwood Drive, 39211
Marian Word . . . . . .Brandon
Route 1, Box 162, 39042
Jody Monsour . . . . . .Madison
Route 1, Box 452, 39110
Leota Hayes . . . . . .Jackson
420 St. Andrews Drive, 39211
Edwina Dodson . . . . . .Clarksdale
434 West Second Street, 38614
John E. Stikes . . . . . .Mississippi State
Post Office Drawer FX, 39762
Mary Sheldon House . . . . . .Greenville
Route 1, Box 148, 38701
Mary Bankston . . . . . .Biloxi
Post Office Box 4399, 39532
Gerald Gafford . . . . . .Oxford
Post Ofice Box 269, 38655
C. L. Manderson, II . . . . . .Kosciusko
Post Office Box 157, 39090
J. Daniel Jaber . . . . . .Natchez
102 Mansfield Drive, 39120
Jean Long . . . . . .Gulfport
Post Office Box 277, 39501
E. C. "Bubba" Harris . . . . . .Pascagoula
808 Seacove Avenue, 39567
Kay Gray . . . . . .Jackson
1587 Dorgan, 39204

DISTRICT

1—Clyde E. Whitaker . . . . . .Tupelo
Post Office Box 1485, 38801

Miki Cassidy . . . . . .Marks
200 North 3rd Street, 38646
Malcolm Mabry . . . . . .Dublin
38739

2—Roland Byrd . . . . . .Louisville
Route 1, Box 406, 39339
Gloria Beal . . . . . .Mound Bayou
Post Office Box 173, 38762
Michael L. Retzer . . . . . .Greenville
Post Office Box 4457, 38701

3—Ed Carruth . . . . . .Madden
39109

1—Steve Nunley . . . . . .Clarksdale
124 Leflore Avenue, Apt. 4, 38614
Robert Kelly . . . . . .Oxford
Post Office Box 1084, 38655
John Green . . . . . .Grenada
Post Office Box 249, 38901

2—James Egger . . . . . .Caledonia
Route 1, Box 216, 39740
JoAnne Goodgame . . . . . .Aberdeen
Post Office Box 132, 39730
Judy Williamson . . . . . .Columbus
Post Office Box 2268, 39701

3—John Baker . . . . . .Brandon
Post Office Box 95, 39042

MISSISSIPPI (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Ann Tindal .....Macon Post Office Box 448, 39341	George Robert Rea, Jr. . .Meridian 5911 17th Place West, 39301
Jack Lee, II .....Union 109 North Decatur Street, 39365	James T. Speed .....Meridian 417 Windover Circle, 39301
4—William K. Dease .....Jackson 4237 Overbrook Drive, 39213	4—Doug McCurley .....Jackson Post Office Box 6440, 39212
Jan Rasch .....Vicksburg 514 Newit Vick Drive, 39180	John Rushing .....Jackson 5423 River Thames Road, 39211
Abigail Jenkins .....Natchez 503 North Pearl Street, 39120	Mary Nell Knott .....Hazlehurst Route 3, Box 250-A, 39083
5—Charles Pickering .....Laurel Post Office Box 713, Central Avenue, 39440	5—Debbie Graham .....Hattiesburg Post Office Box 1281 Southern Station, 39401
Bobbie Thomas .....Long Beach 105 Hardy Avenue, 39560	John Simms .....Ocean Springs 124 West El Bonito, 39564
Tom Anderson .....Gulfport 1523 Olive Avenue, 39501	Ann Wilson .....Pascagoula Post Office Box 1507, 39567

MISSOURI

(Forty-nine Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Thomas B. Curtis

At Large

Delegates	*Alternates*
Thomas B. Curtis.....Clayton 230 South Brentwood, Apt.3, 63105	Don Shelton .....Springfield 1056 East McGee, 65804
Walter Treppler .....St. Louis 4681 Fuchs Road, 63128	Leila Cohoon .....Independence 3600 South Cottage, 64055
Roberta Capps .....Liberty Route 5, Box 361, 64068	Peter Salometo .....St. Louis 8056 Davis Drive, 63105
Lydia Miller .....Kansas City 4337 Holly, 64111	Wayne Hendricks .....Neosho 1211 Skyline Drive, 64850
Nick Gray .....Maryville 320 West Cooper, 64468	Anthony C. Schroder .....Union 600 West Main, 63084
Larry Meisel .....Chesterfield 1511 Hampton Hall Drive, Apt. 22A, 63017	Judi Naeter .....Cape Girardeau Route 2, 63701
Judith A. Pap .....Lee's Summit 911 East 5th Street, 64063	Nathan Walker .....Anabel Route 1, 63431
Shannon D. Cave .....Holts Summit Route 1, Box 232, 65043	Kristine Rasmussen .....Kansas City 4440 Roanoke Parkway, 64111
William Love .....St. Louis 8 Portland Place, 63108	Florence Voges .....St. Louis 5024 Theiss Road, 63128

MISSOURI (Continued)

Delegates

Mickey Brown .....Springfield
2436 Michelle Place, 65804
Glen Brogden .....Kennett
Box 63, 63857
Joseph Hanses .....St. Louis
4908 Tamm Avenue, 63109
Janice Hale .....St. Louis
7440 Whitehaven, 63123
Judith H. Woods .....St. Louis
1705 North Woodlawn, 63124
Marlene Zinzel .....St. Louis
5361 Casa Royale, 63129
Wilton Manewal, Jr. .....St. Louis
38 Lake Forrest, 63117
Ron Kjar .....St. Charles
Box 53, 63301

Christopher S. Bond .....Jefferson City
100 Madison, 65101
Charles England .....Cassville
Box 216, 65625

Alternates

David Cox .....Butler
Route 5, 64730
Robert E. Williamson .....St. Joseph
3703 Woodlawn, 64506
Esco Kell .....West Plains
Post Office Box 26, 65775
Jean Heithaus .....Florissant
880 St. Louis Street, 63031
Fred Steward, Jr. .....Sikeston
218 Kramer, 63801
Donna Hearne .....St. Louis
318 Clion Lane, 63141
Dick Ball .....Harrisonville
Route 1, Box 59, 64701
Vivian Heide .....Kansas City
922 East Linwood Boulevard,
Apt. 808, 64109
Carrol McCubbin .....Eldon
Route 3, 65026
Duane Sherman Cox .....St. Louis
7049 Rhodes, 63123

DISTRICT

1—Erle Lionberger .....Clayton
21 Dartford, 63105
John Fox Arnold .....St. Louis
210 Rosemont, 63119
William L. Poston .....St. Louis
4462 Lee, 63115
2—Sophia Hofman .....St. Louis
9268 Sundown Drive, 63136
Donna Skaggs ..Maryland Heights
11847 Foxwood Drive, 63043
Anita Winsby .....St. Louis
14 Topping Lane, 63131
3—William Olenyik .....St. Louis
116 Pioneer Drive, 63125
Fred Whaley .....St. Louis
7039 Nottingham Avenue,
63119
William Skaggs .....St. Louis
2641A South Kingshighway
Avenue, 63139
4—Gilda Manning .....Independence
1322 North Main, 64050

1—Fred Hale .....St. Louis
5334 Waterman Avenue, 63112
Russell Dohrmann .....Belnor
8109 Audrain Drive, 63121
Bernice Elrod .....St. Louis
1122 Belle Glade, 63113
2—Katherine McCarty .....St. Louis
2492 Hartland, 63114
Thomas M. McNiff ....Kirkwood
130 West Monroe, 63122
J. Torrey Berger, Jr. ....St. Louis
#2 Covington Lane, 63132
3—Irene Treppler .....St. Louis
4681 Fuchs Road, 63128
JoAnn Breckenridge .....St. Louis
5830 Five Oaks Drive, 63128

Charles Labor .....St. Louis
3012 Chippewa Street, 63118

4—Jim Tiona .....Butler
Drawer 312, 64730

MISSOURI (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Hank Monsees . . . . . .Sedalia RFD 2, Hermosa Lake, 65301	Jim McClendon . . . . . .Liberal Route 1, Box 169, 64762
Sue Cochran . . . . . .Clinton 213 West Leona, 64735	Charlene Davis . . . . .Lee's Summit 321 Ridgeview, 64063
5—William H. McGehee . . .Raytown 9900 East 60th, 64133	5—John A. Egan, Jr. . . . .Kansas City 1027 West 56th, 64110
Lem T. Jones, Jr. . . . .Kansas City 1235 West 71st Terrace, 64114	Anna T. Neese . . . . . .Kansas City 6006 East 58th, 64129
Beverly Parks Barker . .Kansas City 2207 Red Bridge Road, 64131	Jane S. Kelley . . . . . .Kansas City 628 West 60th Terrace, 64113
6—Joe Swarts . . . . . .Kansas City 9505 North Congress, 64153	6—Russell Roberts . . . . . .Kirksville 115 West Jefferson, 63501
Rosemary Wilcox . . . . . .Trenton 1604 East 7th, 64683	William Esely . . . . . .Bethany 2207 Oakland, 64424
Dottie Snow . . . . . .Gladstone 1700 N.E. 69th Street, 64118	Maria Hey . . . . . .Kansas City 1123 N.E. Russell Road, 64116
7—James Tatum . . . . . .Anderson Box 90, 64831	7—Bob Lucas . . . . . .Carthage 1819 Gardendale, 64836
Dee Wampler . . . . . .Springfield 2441 South Camber Avenue, 65804	Audrey Wiser . . . . . .Springfield 617 Dayton Court, 65807
Curt Hopkins . . . . . .Stockton 802 Hillcrest, 65785	David Lawson . . . . . .Marshfield 208 South Clay, 65706
8—Betty Arndt . . . . . .Centralia 5 Sunrise Court, 65240	8—Nolan Hutcheson . . . . . .Houston Box D, 65483
John Powell . . . . . .Rolla 605 West 11th, 65401	William Schwaller . . . . . .Eugene 65032
Paul D. Schleer . . . .Jefferson City 1214 Moreau, 65101	Rich Derringer . . . . . .Camdenton Lake Road 5-89, 65020
9—Charles Rendlen . . . . . .Hannibal 103 North Third, 63401	9—William Schloeman . .Wright City 76 South Circle Drive, 63390
Andy Runge . . . . . .Mexico 1318 Webster Drive, 65265	Roy Hickman . . . . . .Fulton Route 1, 65251
Ernestine Beckman . . . . .St. Louis 11164 Estrada, 63138	Marie Steele . . . . . .O'Fallon 727 Cordes, 63366
10—Vernon Landgraf . .Cape Girardeau 444 Marie, 63701	10—Sadie Mae Guse . . . . . .Hillsboro Route 2, 63050
John Moore . . . . . .Cedar Hill Route 2, Box 170, 63016	Tim O'Herin . . . . . .New Madrid Davis Street, 63829
Edna Eads . . . . . .Bonne Terre 112 Pine Street, 63628	Clifford Shipton . . . . .Poplar Bluff 2316 Orr Road, 63901

MONTANA

(Twenty Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Stan Stephens

At Large

Delegates

M. C. (Myrt) Bowman .....Ronan
Route 1, Box 33, 59864
Carra Brolin .....Anaconda
2121 Garfield, 59711
Jack Galt .....Martinsdale
59053
Helen Johnson .....Bozeman
619 South Willson, 59715
Verna Kruse .....Helena
Post Office Box 1084, 59601
Tom Rolfe .....Bozeman
Route 1, Ranch Apartments, 59715
Frank Whetstone .....Cut Bank
25 – 4th Avenue, S.E., 59427
James Burnett .....Luther
59051
Charmaine Fisher .....Billings
114 – 29th Street West, 59102
Douglas Kelly .....Jordan
Box 313, 59337
Walt Kinsfather .....Billings
710 South 64th West, 59102
Earl Moritz .....Lewistown
1024 Evelyn, 59457
Matilda Pierce .....Billings
1227 Broadwater, 59102
Robert Yellowtail, Jr. .....Lodge Grass
59050

Alternates

Roy Colby .....Sheridan
Box 176, 59749
Jack Hayne .....Dupuyer
Box 285, 59432
Horace H. Koessler .....Missoula
Box 3718, 59801
E. Kenneth McBride .....Big Sky
Box 146, 59716
H. E. (Bud) Wallace .....Hamilton
710 South First, 59840
Hubert White .....Townsend
129 South Pine Street, 59644
Dorothy Stenseth .....Kalispell
645 – 7th Avenue East, 59901
Nick Degal, Jr. .....Billings
119 Lewis Avenue, 59101
Dianne Etchart .....Glasgow
514 – 6th Avenue North, 59230
Conrad Fredricks .....Big Timber
Box 1047, 59011
Andrea Hemstad .....Great Falls
106 – 6th Street, N.W., 59404
Lee Gibbs .....Buffalo
Rural Route, 59418
Lila Robinson .....Malta
Box Q, 59538
Lynn Severence .....Huntley
Route 1, 59037

District

1—Betty Babcock .....Helena
720 Madison Avenue, 59601
Stanley Burger .....Bozeman
720 West Birch, 59715
Allen Kolstad .....Ledger
Box 57, 59456
2—Ada Nash .....Redstone
59257
Tom Selstad .....Great Falls
133 – 29th Avenue, N.W.,
59404
Stan Stephens .....Havre
422 – 3rd Street, 59501

1—William Big Spring ..East Glacier
59434
Frank Dunkle .....Helena
1725 Golden Avenue, 59601
Everett Shuey .....Butte
118 Rampart Drive, 59701
2—Edward Smith .....Dagmar
R.R. 1, Box 11, 59219
Robert White .....Lewistown
Route 2, 59457

Lillian Wood .....Glendive
221 North River Avenue, 59330

NEBRASKA

(Twenty-five Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Milan D. Bish

At Large

Delegates

Eva Jean Beltner .....Bayard
Box 665, 69334
Rex S. Haberman .....Imperial
440 West 11th, 69033

Donald N. Dworak .....Columbus
2973 North Park Lane, 68601
C. Leonard Peterson .....Alliance
1232 Box Butte Avenue, 69301
Dwight E. Dam .....Valentine
630 North Main Street, 69201
Carl T. Curtis .....Minden
834 East 6th Street, 68959
Kay A. Orr .....Lincoln
1610 Brent Boulevard, 68520
George B. Cook .....Lincoln
27 Bishop Square, 68502
Max Denney .....Lincoln
1641 J Street, Apartment 104, 68508
Ed Schwartzkopf .....Lincoln
2020 Park Avenue, 68502
Lowell H. Hummell .....Fairbury
Route 1, Box 92, 68352
Marjorie Lamp .....Valley
42 Ginger Woods Road, 68064
Patrick J. Haller .....Omaha
9820 Seward Street, 68114
George E. Ehrhart .....Omaha
3660 South 44th Avenue, 68105

Ty Grothe .....Omaha
8076 Gold Street, 68124
Bruce Barton .....Omaha
2928 South 99th Avenue, 68124

Alternates

Carolyn Witthoff .....Lincoln
6550 Westshore Drive, 68516
Dale Young .....Lincoln
Post Office Box 81008,
First National Bank, 68501
Lorraine Langford .....Kearney
1717 West 26th Street, 68847
Paul Bender .....Sutton
Box 415, 68979
Phyllis Lainson .....Hastings
1600 North Elm Avenue, 68901
Greg Beal .....Ogallala
Post Office Box 90, 69153
Dan Urwiller .....Kearney
81 Valley View Trailer Court, 68847
Barbara Burrell .....Omaha
10218 "M" Street, 68127
Isabel Harmon .....Trumbull
Box 71, 68980
Cecil Crawford .....Omaha
5606 Farnam, 68132
Patricia Ehrhart .....Omaha
3660 South 44th Avenue, 68105
Harry Chronister .....Schuyler
Route 1, 68661
Velma Price .....Newman Grove
68758
Kenneth Cameron .....Blair
1254 South 16th Street,
Post Office Box 524, 68008
Ione Smith .....Lincoln
3015 South 46th Street, 68506
L. W. Weber .....Bellevue
2111 Hancock, 68005

District

1—Ralph F. Beermann ..Dakota City
68731
Robert B. Crosby .....Lincoln
3720 South 40th Street, 68506
Val Peterson .....Wayne
710 East 7th Street, 68787

1—Arthur L. Knox .....Lincoln
Box 81668, 68501
Larry Ruth .....Lincoln
714 Stuart Building, 68508
Ray A. C. Johnson .....Lincoln
4301 South 84th, 68506

NEBRASKA (Continued)

Delegates

2—John E. Everroad, Sr. .....Omaha
1913 South 116th Street, 68114
Roman L. Hruska .....Omaha
2139 South 38th Street, 68105
Betty Abbott .....Omaha
6751 Leavenworth, 68106
3—Jack Romans .....Lincoln
1201 "J" Street, 68508
Gerald A. Stromer .....Kearney
1511 West 36th Street, 68847
Milan D. Bish .....Grand Island
2012 West Louise, 68801

Alternates

2—Dianne Desler .....Omaha
13792 Pierce, 68144
James Dickinson .....Millard
Rural Route 4, 68137
Robert L. Anderson .....Omaha
7055 Iowa Street, 68112
3—Lila Fiebig .....Alliance
Post Office Box 641, 69301
Don Steen .....Morrill
Box 295, 69358
Ed Narjes .....Sidney
Rural Route 2, Box 40, 69162

NEVADA

(Eighteen Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Paul Laxalt

At Large

Delegates

Frank J. Fahrenkopf, Jr. .....Reno
1040 LaRue Avenue, 89509
Jane Idso .....Reno
890 LaRue Avenue, 89509
Patty Cafferata .....Reno
3850 Lakeside Drive, 89509
Barbara Vucanovich .....Reno
2 Newlands Circle, 89509
Dan Poggione .....Reno
2370 Hunter Lake Drive, 89509
Lawrence Jacobsen .....Minden
661 Mono Avenue, 89423
Bill Dial .....Carson City
Post Office Box 623, 89701
Leon Puccinelli .....Elko
Post Office Box 530, 89801
Reese Taylor, Jr. .....Carson City
Post Office Box 646, 89701

Peggy Wutke .....Las Vegas
3519 Algonquin Drive, 89109
Greg Millspaugh .....Las Vegas
Post Office Box 11124, Airport Street, 89111
Terry Johnson .....Las Vegas
6121 Dayton Circle, 89107

Alternates

Hazel Gardella .....Reno
135 Boxer Drive, 89512
Mitch Silver .....Sparks
1696 Sue Way, 89431
Bruce Bogaert .....Reno
123 East Arroyo Street, 89502
Nancy Sawyer .....Reno
3095 Knight Road, 89509
Kay Lee Nicholas .....Incline Village
Post Office Box 5319, 89450
Charles Joerg .....Carson City
2300 Mountain Street, 89701
Bill Bilyeu .....Elko
108 Walnut Street, 89801
Mary E. (Betty) Butler .....Fallon
590 Cora Way, 89406
Doris Johnson .....Glenbrook
Star Route, 1406 Highway 50, 89413
Pat Ginn .....Las Vegas
2199 Natalie Avenue, 89109
Jane Ham .....Las Vegas
6637 Surrey Street, 89119

Florida McDonald .....Las Vegas
495 Radwick Drive, 89110

NEVADA (Continued)

Delegates

Irving Debbold .....Boulder City
1127 Commanche, 89005
Chic Hecht .....Las Vegas
47 Country Club Lane, 89109
Virgil Slade .....Las Vegas
1704 South 17th Street, 89104

Alternates

Ted Carlton .....Las Vegas
4101 Oakhill Avenue, 89121
Robert P. Anderson .....Las Vegas
3071 North Liberty Circle, 89121
Gerald Bondy .....Las Vegas
109 Greenbriar Townhouse Way,
89121

At Large District

Paul Laxalt .....Las Vegas
300 Las Vegas Boulevard,
Suite 4-626, 89101
Robert List .....Carson City
Post Office Box 1057, 89701
Wilson McGowan .....Carson City
2 Circle Drive, 89701

Barbara Drew .....Reno
14560 Virginia Foothills Drive, 89511
Bill Richards .....Carson City
506 West Spear Street, 89701
Anne Cirac .....Las Vegas
5908 Martita, 89108

NEW HAMPSHIRE

(Twenty-one Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: James C. Cleveland

At Large

Delegates

James C. Cleveland .....New London
03257
Norris Cotton .....Lebanon
03766
Louis D'Allesandro .....Manchester
332 St. James Avenue, 03102
Alf E. Jacobson .....New London
Box 188, 03257
Susan N. McLane .....Concord
5 Auburn Street, 03301
David L. Nixon .....New Boston
Old Coach Road, 03070
Walter Peterson .....Peterborough
East Mountain Road, 03458
George B. Roberts, Jr.
Gilmanton Iron Works
Smith Meeting House Road, 03837
Vesta M. Roy .....Salem
215 Main Street, 03079

Alternates

Malcolm McLane .....Concord
5 Auburn Street, 03301
Janet A. Alosa .....Concord
6 Auburn Street, 03301
Elizabeth S. Hager .....Concord
RFD #8, London Road, 03301
Barbara A. Hanson .....Berlin
122 Willard Street, 03570
C. R. Trowbridge .....Dublin
Box A, 03444
Marshall French .....Meredith
108 Pleasant Street, 03253
Rosamond E. Buchanan .....Amherst
Box 446, 03031
Dort S. Bigg .....Bedford
Wallace Road, 03102

Robert J. Lamprey, Jr.
Moultonborough
Box 9, 03254

NEW HAMPSHIRE (Continued)

Delegates

W. Douglas Scamman, Jr. . . . .Stratham
Bittersweet Farm, 03885

Stephen W. Smith . . . . . .Plymouth
71 Main Street, 03264
Bernard A. Streeter, Jr. . . . . .Nashua
26 Indiana Drive, 03060
Frank A. Wageman . . . . . .Manchester
136 Carnegie Street, 03104
Virginia M. Wyman . . . . . .Manchester
121 Shaw Street, 03104
Hugh Gregg . . . . . .Nashua
RFD 3, Gregg Road, 03060

Alternates

Andrea A. Scranton . . . . . .Keene
RFD #2, Box 273
Hurricane Road, 03431
Donald C. Davidson . . . . . .Nashua
71 Browning Avenue, 03060
Nick Hart . . . . . .Manchester
225 North Bend Drive, 03104
John B. Tucker . . . . . .Claremont
90 Myrtle Street, 03743
Nancy A. Campaigne . . . . . .Goffstown
Top of Summer Street, 03045
James A. Masiello . . . . . .Keene
West Hill Road, 03431

DISTRICT

1—Ruth L. Griffin . . . . . .Portsmouth
479 Richards Avenue, 03801
Thomas W. Hynes . . . .Manchester
2107 Elm Street, 03104
Donald J. Langford . . . . .Raymond
Long Hill Road, 03077
2—Perkins Bass . . . . . .Peterborough
Grove Street, 03458
Frederick A. Porter . . . . .Amherst
Boston Post Road, 03031
Kathleen W. Ward . . . . .Littleton
61 Pleasant Street, 03561

1—Richard L. Badger . . . . . .Jackson
Black Mountain Road, 03846
Edward Jewett . . . . . .Raymond
RFD #2, Lane Road, 03077
Robert Danderson . . . . . .Chester
Fremont Road, 03036
2—Hilary P. Cleveland New London
03257
Beverly A. Gage . . . . . .Salem
45 Pelham Road, 03079
Jay Scott Lucas . . . . . .Newport
52 North Main Street, 03773

NEW JERSEY

(Sixty-seven Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Clifford P. Case

AT LARGE

Delegates

Clifford P. Case . . . . . .Rahway
191 West Milton Avenue, 07062
Benjamin H. Danskin . . . . . .Sea Girt
114 Magnolia Avenue, 08750
Millicent Fenwick . . . . . .Bernardsville
Mendham Road, 07924
Thomas H. Kean . . . . . .Livingston
123 Shrewsbury Drive, 07039

Alternates

Thomas P. Bellucci . . . . . .Jersey City
337 Pacific Avenue, 07304
William F. Dowd . . . . . .Long Branch
71 Third Avenue, 07740
Joseph A. Intile, Jr. . . . . .West Orange
Llewellyn Park, 07052
Herbert J. Heilmann, Jr. . . . . .Union
762 Hemlock Road, 07083

NEW JERSEY (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Matthew J. Rinaldo .....Union 142 Headley Terrace, 07083	Aubrey C. Lewis .....Montclair 44 Pleasant Avenue, 07042
Charles W. Sandman, Jr. ....Cape May Erma Park, R.D., 08204	Vera M. Steinberg .....Mt. Freedom 1186 Sussex Turnpike, Post Office Box 215, 07970
Webster B. Todd .....Oldwick Box 146, 08858	Emma H. Walker .....Totowa 15 Garfield Place, 07512

DISTRICT

1—John L. White .....Woodbury 193 Briar Hill Lane, 08096	1—Hersh Kozlov .....Blackwood T.H. 188 Pine Run, 08012
Kenneth Neal MacDonald Haddonfield No. 1 Lane of Acres, 08033	William D. Dilks .Gloucester City 64 Baynes Avenue, 08030
Russell M. Ergood, Jr. Haddonfield 180 Upland Way, 08033	Mary Lou Scott .....Glendora 980 East Evesham Road, 08029
Robert E. Boakes .....Woodbury 510 Cooper Street, 08096	Virginia G. Smith .....Glendora 1282 Trace Drive, East, 08029
2—Fred Coldren .....Cape May 301 Franklin Street, 08204	2—Joseph A. Mariano ....Rosenhayan Landis Avenue, 08352
Philip Matalucci Cape May Court House Golf Club Road, 08210	Helene G. Mace .North Wildwood 4 Weeks Avenue, 08260
Harry Brown .....Margate 210 North Huntington Avenue, 08402	Edith P. Davis .....Woodstown R.D. 1, Box 68, 08098
Howard F. Haneman...Brigantine 470 West Shore Drive, 08203	James J. Mancini Beach Haven Gardens 3000 Beach Avenue, 08008
3—Robert C. Stanley, Jr. ..Red Bank 578 Navesink River Road, 07701	3—Joseph Azzolina .....Middletown 45 Borden Road, 07748
Katherine K. Neuberger..Lincroft 628 Middletown-Lincroft Road, 07738	Carol Barger .....Shrewsbury 50 Silverbrook Road, 07701
Ann D. Flynn .....West End 787 Ocean Avenue, Apt. 1609, 07740	Marie A. Muhler .....Marlboro 5 Oak Lane, 07746
Richard R. Stout West Allenhurst Box 146, 07711	Brian T. Kennedy .....Sea Girt 1309 West Chicago Blvd., 08750
4—John K. Rafferty .....Trenton 111 Lowell Avenue, 08619	4—Albert E. Bonacci .....Trenton 3324 Nottingham Way, 08690
Charles W. Roll, Jr. Lawrenceville 2797 Main Street, 08648	Charles Stanley Stults, Jr. Hightstown Post Office Box 110, 08520

NEW JERSEY (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Irmgard Lamont .....Bordentown Old York Road, Post Office Box 147, 08505	John E. Dimon .....Florence 200 Boulevard, 08518
Frederick C. Kneisler ....Freehold 2 East Main Street, Post Office Box 509, 07728	Henry J. Keller .....Allentown 17 Allen Drive, 08501
5—Peter H. B. Frelinghuysen, Jr. Morristown Sand Spring Lane, 07960	5—Asa H. Farr .....Belle Mead Harlingen Road, 08502
Lewis J. Gray .....Watchung 760 Johnston Drive, 07060	Mark A. Ellsworth Princeton Junction Millstone Road, Post Office Box 97, 08550
Albert W. Merck .....Mendham Corey Lane, 07945	Eileen Carey McCoy Convent Station Colonial Drive, 07961
Richard B. Sellars .....Peapack Brady Drive, 07977	James J. Barry, Jr. ...Morristown Mt. Kemble Avenue, 07961
6—J. Garfield DeMarco ..Vincentown New Road, R.D. #1, 08088	6—Barry T. Parker .....Mount Holly Forbes Place, 08060
Edwin B. Forsythe ...Moorestown 265 West Second Street, 08060	Jane H. Colburn .....Moorestown 436 Paul Drive, 08057
William K. Dickey .Collingswood 2 West Narberth Terrace, 08108	Richard C. Hardenbergh Haddonfield 600 Avondale Avenue, 08033
Anthony N. D'Elia ...Brick Town 772 Lexington Drive, 08723	Hubert T. Blomquist ..Bricktown 117 Coral Drive, 08723
7—Richard J. Vander Plaat Fair Lawn 41-25 Dunkerhook Road, 07410	7—John W. Markert Washington Township 270 Pascack Road, 07675
Garrett W. Hagedorn Midland Park 210 Vreeland Avenue, 07432	Walter M. D. Kern, Jr. Ridgewood 17 South Monroe Street, 07450
Eleanore S. Nissley ....Ridgewood 145 Phelps Road, 07450	Lewis M. Keller ...Woodcliff Lake 11 Woodland Drive, 07675
Thomas H. Bruinooge ..Allendale 36 Crescent Bend, 07401	Richard A. Mola ...Elmwood Park 26 Beechwood Avenue, 07407
8—William Dewey .....Clifton 100 Vincent Drive, 07013	8—Cherie C. Fischer .....Ringwood 53 Pequot Road, 07456
Stephen Dudiak .....Clifton 25 Pearl Brook Drive, 07013	S. M. LaCorte .....Clifton 137 Country Lane, 07013
Edwin Englehardt .....Paterson 336 Grand Street, 07505	Joseph F. Scancarella .....Passaic 420 Terhune Avenue, 07055
Thomas Lazzio .....Paterson 25 Doremus Street, 07522	Philip R. Gervato .....Garfield 400 Midland Avenue, 07026
9—Peter J. Russo .....Lyndhurst 639 Teneyck Avenue, 07071	9—George O. Savino .....Lyndhurst 251 Ridge Road, 07071

NEW JERSEY (Continued)

Delegates

Matthew J. Binder . . .Old Tappan
23 Forest Avenue, 07675
F. Walton Wanner . . . .River Edge
795 Kinderkamack Road, 07661
Nicholas R. Jialdini
North Bergen
4704 Grand Avenue, 07047
10—Ruth E. Stevenson . . . .Glen Ridge
147 Linden Avenue, 07028
Anthony T. Couzzi . . . . . .Newark
81 Garside Street, 07104
Mary F. Axiotes . . . . .East Orange
129 North Arlington Avenue,
07017
William L. Stubbs . . . . . .Newark
272 South 8th Street, 07103
11—Frederic Remington
North Caldwell
44 Hamilton Drive East, 07006
Leonard J. Felzenberg
South Orange
519 Hartford Court, 07079
Andrew C. Axtell . . . . . .Montclair
12 South Mountain Avenue,
07042
Carl A. Orechio . . . . . .Nutley
Post Office Box 66, 07110
12—Barbara B. Claman . . . . .Westfield
6 Rutgers Court, 07090
Eleanor Aurnhammer
New Providence
366 Maple Street, 07974
Hugo M. Pfaltz, Jr. . . . . .Summit
118 Prospect Street, 07901
Richard F. Trabert . . . . .Westfield
1485 Grandview Avenue, 07090
13—Robert E. Littell . . . . . .Franklin
15 Jenkins Road, 07416
James P. Vreeland, Jr. . . . .Towaco
Old Lane, 07082

Frank H. DeLello . . .Hackettstown
401 – 4th Street, 07840
Richard W. Seabury, III . .Towaco
16 Hillcrest Avenue, 07082
14—Julius D. Canter . . . . . .Jersey City
201 St. Pauls Avenue, 07306

Alternates

Daniel H. Spahr . . . . . .Rutherford
148 Daniel Avenue, 07070
Betty J. Krystyniak . . . . .Dumont
45 Laurel Avenue, 07628
Joseph Dulaine, Jr. .North Bergen
1405–43rd Street, 07047

10—John R. Taliaferro . . . . . .Newark
37 Longfellow Avenue, 07106
Ralph D'Ambola . . . . . .Newark
515 Mt. Prospect Avenue, 07104
Marian E. Jackson . . . . . .Newark
102 South 12th Street, 07107

Edgar A. Ferdon . . . . .Glen Ridge
18 Forest Avenue, 07028
11—Karla J. Squier . . . . . .Maplewood
46 Pierson Road, 07040

Spero Steven Margeotes
Bloomfield
88 Sylvan Road, 07003
Edith G. Zachary . . . . .Essex Fells
31 Park Lane, 07021

Frederick C. Koenig . . . .Irvington
789 Stuyvesant Avenue, 07111
12—Robert W. Lee . . . . . .Fanwood
9 Pandick Court, 07023
Helen M. Huber . . . . . .Summit
99 Fernwood Road, 07901

Henry R. Varriano . . . . . .Clark
10 Bradley Road, 07066
Morton G. Kramer . . . . . .Union
16 Hays Road, 07083
13—Regina H. Meredith . .Pennington
Elm Ridge Road, 08534
Andrew G. Tirpok, Jr.
Flemington
R.D. 5, Box 494, 08822
Eleanor Todd . . . . . .Oldwick
Box 146, 08858
John Dorsey . . .Boonton Township
Decker Lane, R.D. 2, 07005
14—Maria Scalia . . . . . .Jersey City
139 De Kalb Avenue, 07306

NEW JERSEY (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Joseph A. Plonski . . . . .Jersey City 2600 Kennedy Boulevard, 07306	John M. Strichek . . . . .Jersey City 29½ Sherman Place, 07307
Evelyn Holender . . . . . .Jersey City 24 College Drive, 07305	Dianne E. Shepherd . . . . . .Kearny 444 Davis Avenue, 07032
Peter D. Morgan . . . . . .Bayonne 25 West 34th Street, 07002	Joseph Yglesias, Jr. . . . . .Bayonne 22 East 42nd Street, 07002
15—Andre W. Gruber Monmouth Junction 13 Norton Road, 08852	15—William L. Huneke . . . . . .Clifton 122 Beverly Hill, 07012
Eudora A. Fike . . . . . .Piscataway 5323 Foster Street, 08854	William G. Palermo, Jr. . .Linden 15 Yale Terrace, 07036
Donald Katz . . . . . .Perth Amboy 97 State Street, 08861	Witold R. Trzesniowski Piscataway 72 Woodrow Avenue, 08854
S. Elliott Mayo . . . . . .Metuchen 31 Rayle Court, 08840	Joel Wildman . . .North Brunswick 999 Hidden Lake Drive, 08902

NEW MEXICO

(Twenty-one Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: James P. "Corky" Morris

AT LARGE

Delegates	*Alternates*
Marge Bodwell . . . . . .Alamogordo 2201 – 12th Street, 88310	Wayne A. Baughman . . . .Albuquerque 13500 Sunset Canyon, N.E., 87111
Robert V. Bush . . . . . .Albuquerque 10509 Santa Susana, N.E., 87111	R. Norlan Daughtrey . . . . .Albuquerque 15 Lakeshore Drive, N.E., 87112
R. O. (Russ) Darbyshire . . . . . .Anthony Post Office Box A, 88021	Dauneen Dolce . . . . . .Albuquerque 12504 Crestline Avenue, N.E., 87112
Arthur Dow . . . . . .Albuquerque 324 Yucca Drive, N.W., 87105	Carl Engwall . . . . . .Roswell Box 1782 (601 Barnett), 88201
Otis Horn . . . . . .Santa Fe Post Office Box 4817, 87501	Gilbert A. Gomez . . . . . .Albuquerque Post Office Box 8014, Station C, 87110
Eugene McElvaney, Jr. . . . . .Roswell Route 1, Box 246-X, 88201	Daniel A. Green . . . . . .Albuquerque 12104 Palo Duro, N.E., 87112
Cobby McKinney . . . . . .Clovis 1313 Fairway Terrace, 88101	Louise N. Greene . . . . . .Albuquerque 4112 Rio Grande, N.W., 87107
Charles B. Ocksrider . . . . .Albuquerque 1604 Cardenas, N.E., 87110	Dortha C. Herold . . . . . .Alamogordo 1808 Otero Place, 88310
Stephen P. Schalk . . . . . .Albuquerque 913 Westgate Lane, N.W., 87107	Jean Kelley . . . . . .Santa Fe 1837 Otowi Drive, 87501

NEW MEXICO (Continued)

Delegates

Zimmy Sluder .....Albuquerque
1025 Cuatro Cerros Trail, S.E., 87123

Carol Stahl .....Albuquerque
1517 Arizona, N.E., 87110

Joe E. Torres, Sr. .....Albuquerque
328 Mine Road, 87801

James P. "Corky" Morris ..Albuquerque
Post Office Box 853, 87112

April Westbrook .....Hobbs
521 East Alto, 88240

Gertrude M. Willoughby .Albuquerque
Route 1, Box 703, 87105

Alternates

Martha Lambert .....Albuquerque
616 Running Water Circle, N.E., 87123

Richard (Dick) K. Morris
Albuquerque
8011 Morrow Road, N.E., 87110

Leonard Pickering .....Albuquerque
3620 Florida, N.E., 87110

Betsy Reimer .....Belen
70 Vista del Rio, 87002

Cecelia Simmons .....Albuquerque
1632 Moon Street, N.E., 87112

Michael Watland .....Albuquerque
4900 Wyoming, N.E. No. 1, 87111

DISTRICT

1—Keith R. Baltz .....Albuquerque
3648 Vista Grande, N.W., 87120

Earle R. Chapman ...Albuquerque
2408 Hoffman Drive, N.E., 87110

Gayle Irick .....Albuquerque
6500 Rogers, N.E., 87110

2—Paul E. Coggins .....Portales
200 Utah Drive, 88130

Sam M. Laughlin .....Artesia
1907 Briscoe Avenue, 88210

Jack M. Morgan .....Farmington
Box 2151, 87401

1—Ernie H. Leger .....Albuquerque
3207 Manchester Circle, N.W., 87107

Ernest A. Olivas .....Las Vegas
South Highway 85, 87701

Albert W. Savage ....Los Alamos
358 Manhattan Loop, 87544

2—Fred D. Collins .....Artesia
Star Route West, 88210

John L. Peters .....Clovis
1509 Fairway Terrace, 88101

Debra A. Hill .....Roswell
3406 Bandolina, 88201

NEW YORK

(One hundred fifty-four Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Richard M. Rosenbaum

AT LARGE

Delegates

Richard M. Rosenbaum .....Glenmont
21 East Bayberry Road, 12077

Nelson A. Rockefeller .....Tarrytown
Pocantico Hills, 10591

Eunice B. Whittlesey .....Scotia
118 Acorn Drive, 12302

Alternates

R. Wells Stout .....Wellsville
32 Cummings Place, 14895

Albert Spada .....Kingston
101 Florence Street, 12401

Donald B. Smith .....Patterson
Cross Road, 12563

NEW YORK (Continued)

Delegates

Phyllis M. Kelly .....Snyder
38 Roycroft Boulevard, 14226
George L. Hinman .....Binghamton
Hawleytown Road, 13903
Dorothy B. McHugh .....New York
10 Gracie Square, 10028
Warren M. Anderson .....Binghamton
34 Lathrop Avenue, 13905
Perry B. Duryea .....Montauk
Old Montauk Highway, 11954
Louis J. Lefkowitz .....New York
575 Park Avenue, 10021
Jacob K. Javits .....New York
911 Park Avenue, 10021
Malcolm Wilson .....Scarsdale
24 Windsor Road, 10583
Owen F. Peagler .....Hartsdale
29 Shaw Place, 10530
Manuel A. Gonzalez .....Bronx
10-B DeFoe Place, 10475
Carolyn T. Spiegel .....Pittsford
5 Woodgate, 14534
John A. Wells .....Rye
69 Rye Road, 10580
George F. Berlinger .....New York
1120 Park Avenue, 10028
Cyrus Schoonmaker .....East Meredith
R.D., 13757
Betsy Kaplan .....Potsdam
99 Market Street, 13676
Melvin M. Klein .....Far Rockaway
1061 Bay 24th Street, 11691
Vincent F. Albano, Jr. .....New York
50 Sutton Place South, 10022
Thomas MacKinnon .....Buffalo
22 Royal Avenue, 14207
Bernard J. Lasker .....New York
35 East 76th Street, 10021
Janet A. Havel .....Utica
162 Proctor Boulevard, 13501
John Marchi .....Staten Island
79 Nixon Avenue, 10304
Marguerite Getman .....Mecklenburg
5980 Turnpike Road, 14863
Martha Zuris .....Ilion
6 Sunset Avenue, 13357
Betty Granger .....New Rochelle
39 Barnard Road, 10801

Alternates

William Morris .....Caroga Lake
Post Office Box 28, 12032
Michael Sotirhos .....New York
1016 Fifth Avenue, 10028
Cleveland Johnson .....Central Islip
52 Miller Avenue, 11722
Tarky Lombardi .....Syracuse
99 Burlingame Road, 13201
Frank A. Augsbury, Jr. ...Ogdensburg
522 Crescent Street, 13669
Rita DiMartino .....Staten Island
1337 Arden Avenue, 10312
Kenneth Sherwood .....New York
2286 Seventh Avenue, 10030
Michele A. Korob .....Red Hook
R.D. #1, Box 396, 12571
Shirley Jensen .....Goshen
40 Orange Avenue, 10924
Janet Schoff .....Lowville
7574 Church Street, 13367
Joan Hague .....Glens Falls
Rolling Ridge, 12801
Cynthia Cain .....Hollis
192-10 – 104th Avenue, 11412
Theodore Krulwich .....New York
1070 Park Avenue, 10028
Muriel Butler .....Warsaw
189 Wyoming Street, 14569
Elizabeth Cassidy .....Brooklyn
1366 East 40th Street, 10016
Gordon A. Howe .....Rochester
402 Beach Avenue, 14612
Esther Twentyman .....Homer
Route #2, 13077
Leon J. Weil .....New York
213 East 48th Street, 10017
Hazel J. Field .....Morris
21 East Main Street, 13808
Keri Jean Rhebergen .....Ticonderoga
13 Park Place, 12883
John Klein .....Smithtown
Post Office Box 606, 11787
Marie Fontaine .....Fort Ann
R.D. #2, 12827
Brenda Wallace .....Ithaca
1102 East State Street, 14850
Mary Rita Miller .....Tonawanda
28 Keats Avenue, 14150

NEW YORK (Continued)

Delegates

Joseph Margiotta .....Uniondale
844 Bedford Court, 11553
Monroe Seifer .....Brooklyn
80 – 81st Street, 11209
Joseph Gimma .....New York
800 Park Avenue, 10021
Leslie A. Maeby .....Latham
29 Eberle Road, 12110
Shirley Jefferson .....Liverpool
606 Oswego Street, 13088
Gabrielle Gunther .....Bronx
1950 Hutchinson River
Parkway, 10461
Gustave L. Levy .....New York
55 Broad Street, 10004
James F. X. O'Rourke .....Yonkers
4 Delavan Terrace, 10701
Philip J. Fitzpatrick .....Staten Island
100 Finlay Avenue, 10309
Edward T. Cain .....Stafford
8860 Fargo Road, 14143

Alternates

Peggy W. Wood .....Syracuse
306 Albert Road, 13214
Doris Brooks .....Endicott
110 Birdsall Street, 13760
William Murphy .....Hoosick Falls
119 Main Street, 12090
Tanya Melich Silverman ....New York
115 East 9th Street, 10003
Robert Baker .....Harrison
Taylor Lane, 10528
Sharon S. Wilkins .....Ballston Spa
Route 1, Birchton Road, 12020

Gladys E. Rivera .....Queens Village
215-48 – 95rd Avenue, 11428
Bernard M. Kilbourn .....Chadwicks
3416 Oneida Street, 13319
Ronald J. Starkweather ....Spencerport
516 Washington Street, 14559
George P. Scaringe .....Albany
19 Ethel Drive, 12205

DISTRICT

1—Edwin M. Schwenk Southampton
Edge of Woods Road, 11968

Nicholas Barbato .....Smithtown
221 Mt. Pleasant Road, 11787
Robert L. Hughes .....Patchogue
51 Whippoorwill Lane, 11772

2—Anthony Pace .....West Islip
7 Sequams Lane North, 11795
Thomas B. Dobbs ...Central Islip
14 Pineview Boulevard, 11722
William M. Blake .....Deer Park
18 Maple Drive, 11729
3—Joseph M. Reilly .....Glen Cove
7 Hickory Lane, 11542
Isabel R. Dodd .....Sea Cliff
43 Hawthorne Road, 11579
John P. Campbell
Cold Spring Harbor
76 Shore Road, 11724
4—Ralph G. Caso .....Merrick
2045 Baldwin Court, 11566

1—Maryann Wowak .....Jamesport
Lockitt Drive,
Post Office Box 256, 11947
Albert Martocchia .....Greenport
431 Seventh Street, 11944
Thomas M. Neppell, Jr. .Setauket
Old Field Road,
Post Office Box 856, 11758
2—Anthony Lazio .....West Islip
242 Shadybrook Lane, 11795
Syd Askoff .....Babylon
444 Deer Park Avenue, 11702
Miriam T. Anzel ....Brightwaters
73 Concourse West, 11718
3—James E. Picken .....Massapequa
42 New York Avenue, 11758
Lorraine MacGowan ..Huntington
28 Soundview Road, 11743
Ruth Gosman .....Northport
39 Elmwood Road, 11768

4—Norman F. Lent ...East Rockaway
48 Plymouth Road, 11518

NEW YORK (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Norman J. Levy.....Merrick 299 Merrick Avenue South, 11566	Penelope D'Amato....Island Park 14 Southard Drive, 11558
Ralph J. Marino Muttontown, Syosset, P.O. 3 Lea Court, 11791	Christian N. Braunlich..Wantagh 3401 Austin Avenue, 11793
5—Francis T. Purcell.....Malverne 25 Croyden Street, 11565	5—John W. Wydler....Garden City 63 First Street, 11530
George J. Farrell, Jr...Floral Park 116 Carnation Avenue, 11001	Eugene L. Weisbein Hewlett, P.O. 1379 Boxwood Drive West, Hewlett Harbor, 11557
Sinita Walker West Hempstead, P.O. 1025 Ontario Road, Lakeview, 11552	Peter J. DeSibio.....Inwood 82 Fern Place, 11696
6—Michael J. Tully, Jr. New Hyde Park 113 Patton Boulevard, 11040	6—John D. Caemmerer Williston Park 11 Post Avenue, East Williston, 11596
Thomas T. Pierce.....Roslyn Mineola Avenue, 11576	Raye Garfinkle.....Great Neck 11 Wooleys Lane, 11023
William B. Groat .Queens Village 8914 Hollis Court Boulevard, 11427	Edna S. McGahan.....Bayside 217-59 Corbett Road, 11361
7—Geraldine Jones.....Hollis 192-10 – 104th Avenue, 11412	7—Frances Werner South Ozone Park 133-26 – 132nd Street, 11420
Geremia Cecere.....Ozone Park 7920 Pitkin Avenue, 11417	Rose M. Hounsell....Ozone Park 107-40 – 105th Street, 11417
Mary Ann Carey.....Ozone Park 107-24 – 79th Street, 11417	William P. Longone..Ozone Park 106-27 – 79th Street, 11417
8—Elizabeth M. Corcoran Long Island City 43-15 – 46th Street, 11104	8—Chris Carmosino.....Flushing 73-03 – 186th Street, 11366
Ben V. Fabrizi.....Corona 104-47 Roosevelt Avenue, 11368	Edward T. Coyne.....Woodside 43-15 – 53rd Street, 11377
Kendrick Harper.....Flushing 158-09 – 76th Road, 11366	Jacqueline DeLaFuente...Flushing 149-35 Northern Boulevard, 11354
9—John J. Durante Long Island City 36-30 Crescent Street, 11106	9—Odin V. Carlson..Jackson Heights 35-28 – 77th Street, 11372
Robert John Hall.....Queens 72-34 – 61st Street, 11227	Joseph Franks, Jr.....Queens 89-31 – 85th Street, 11421
Susan M. Muldoon..Kew Gardens 83-55 Lefferts Boulevard, 11415	John K. Olsen.....Glendale 88-51 – 81st Road, 11227

NEW YORK (Continued)

Delegates

10—John D. Calandra .....Bronx
88 Beech Tree Lane, 11803
Ralph Giordano .....Bronx
1450 Ohm Avenue, 10465

Frances Lopresto .....Queens
21-33 – 42nd Street, 11105
11—Vito P. Battista .....Brooklyn
289 Etna Street, 11208
Terrence R. Flynn ...Belle Harbor
548 Beach 131st Street, 11694
Louis J. Marrero .....Brooklyn
2225 Royce Street, 11234
12—Garfield Bobo .....Brooklyn
385 Decatur Street, 11232
Adelle C. Haines .....Brooklyn
269 Kingsland Avenue, 11222
Salvatore Tortorici .....Brooklyn
74 Diamond Street, 11222
13—Joseph Neglia .....Brooklyn
2358 East 4th Street, 11223
Phyllis J. Carbo .....Brooklyn
1860 West 9th Street, 11223
Rosemary A. Millus ....Brooklyn
220 Rugby Road, 11226
14—Salvatore J. Scotto .....Brooklyn
106 First Place, 11231

Aaron R. Schacher .....Brooklyn
85 Livingston Street, 11201
Frank X. Gargiulo .....Brooklyn
203 Huntington Street, 11231
15—William T. Conklin ....Brooklyn
7905 Colonial Road, 11209
Joseph M. Sussillo .....Brooklyn
437 Bay Ridge Parkway, 11209
Nicholas L. Savino .....Brooklyn
1039 – 41st Street, 11219
16—George L. Clark, Jr. ....Brooklyn
3950 Bedford Avenue, 11229
Donald G. Pemberton ...Brooklyn
1032 East 28th Street, 11210
Robert S. Carroll .....Brooklyn
1096 Ocean Avenue, 11230
17—Frank J. Biondolillo Staten Island
5 Keegans Lane, 10308
Susan L. Huckvale ...Staten Island
230 Cromwell Avenue, 10305

Alternates

10—Michael Cirritto .....Bronx
3250 Spencer Drive, 10465
Mary Scirghio .....Bronx
4224 East Tremont Avenue, 10465
Lillian Bachmann .....Queens
116-34 – 14th Avenue, 11359
11—Diane H. Rudiano .....Brooklyn
1162 Glenmore Avenue, 11208
Romola Popper .....Brooklyn
6820 Avenue L, 11234
Stewart A. Fiegel .....Brooklyn
1325 East 54th Street, 11234
12—Rosemary Chester .....Brooklyn
89 Monitor Street, 11222
Donella C. Jackson .....Brooklyn
689 Macon Street, 11233
Armando DeMarino .....Brooklyn
388 Melrose Street, 11237
13—Louise A. Viglione .....Brooklyn
2340 – 83rd Street, 11214
Enrico Sabatino .....Brooklyn
1970 East 18th Street, 11229
Neil Noto .....Brooklyn
2231 East 5th Street, 11223
14—Nancy Mottola Schacher
Brooklyn
85 Livingston Street, 11201
Christina Bartomeo .....Brooklyn
507 Henry Street, 11231
Hugh Bradley .....Brooklyn
1245 Dean Street, 11216
15—Raymond McKaba .....Brooklyn
8701 Shore Road, 11209
Marie Belmonte .....Brooklyn
9201 Shore Road, 11209
Michael P. Leary .....Brooklyn
633 – 61st Street, 11220
16—Bruce Kogan .....Brooklyn
1333 East 27th Street, 11210
Mary K. Fitzgerald .....Brooklyn
1616 Brooklyn Avenue, 11210
Frank D. Petrizzo, Jr. ...Brooklyn
486 East 53rd Street, 11203
17—Nano Tufaro .....Staten Island
48 Mt. View Avenue, 10314
Henry E. Del Rosso ...New York
40 Monroe Street, 10002

NEW YORK (Continued)

Delegates

Ralph DeBlasio .....New York
1290 Sixth Avenue, 10014
18—Roy M. Goodman .....New York
1035 Fifth Avenue, 10028
Albert F. Gordon .....New York
112 East 74th Street, 10021
Constantine S. Eristoff .New York
120 East End Avenue, 10028
19—Charles A. Vincent ....New York
55 West 125th Street, 10027
Gloria E. A. Toote ....New York
282 West 137th Street, 10030
Martin O. C. Richards .New York
101-125 West 147th Street, 10039
20—Gertrude H. Parker ....New York
165 West 66th Street, 10023
Guy E. C. Maitland ...New York
31 East 72nd Street, 10021
Maxwell M. Rabb .....New York
145 Central Park West, 10023
21—Frank Garofolo .....Bronx
351 East 152nd Street, 10451

Daniel Fernandez .....Bronx
1166 Grand Concourse, 10453
Leonard Glenn .....Bronx
805 East 156th Street, 10455
22—Joseph A. Cascione .....Bronx
3315 Bronxwood Avenue, 10469
Robert Black .....Bronx
2385 Barker Avenue, 10467

Charles Avarello .....Bronx
3360 Boston Road, 10469
23—Earl J. Brennan
Hastings-on-Hudson
43 Maple Avenue, 10706
Frank Coppola .....Yonkers
49 Valleyview Drive, 10710
Frank J. Mastandrea .....Bronx
(P.O. Pelham Manor)
11 Oak Lane
24—Marian S. Granowitz
Port Chester
Woodland Drive, 10573
August P. Petrillo .Mount Vernon
77 Douglas Place, 10552

Alternates

Robert Y. Lee .....New York
24 Pell Street, 10013
18—Stoddard D. Platt .....New York
252 East 62nd Street, 10021
Maria Redo .....New York
435 East 70th Street, 10021
Janet A. Luhrs .....New York
301 East 73rd Street, 10021
19—Vincent J. Velella .....New York
2133 Third Avenue, 10035
Charles S. Hill .....New York
35 West 110th Street, 10026
Robert O. Acevedo ....New York
225 East 99th Street, 10029

20—Alvin E. Heutchy .....New York
485 Madison Avenue, 10022
Patrick F. Crossman ...New York
448 Riverside Drive, 10027
Robert A. Purcigliotti ..New York
323 East 150th Street, 10451
21—Fred Brown .....Bronx
10-16 East Richmond Place, 10463
Indriana Davis .....Bronx
1352 Franklin Avenue, 10456
Michael Capelli .....Bronx
2440 Sedgewick Avenue, 10463
22—John Boltz .....Bronx
2928 Jerome Avenue, 10468
Helen Presser .....Bronx
920-24 Baychester Avenue, 10475
Angela D. Arpa .....Bronx
1527 Seminole Street, 10461
23—Fred W. Gross, Sr.
North Tarrytown
2 Maple Street, 10591
Anthony J. Colavita ...Eastchester
96 Lake Shore Drive, 10709
Maura Pichetto .....Bronx
5355 Henry Hudson Parkway, 10471
24—Frank J. Garito ....New Rochelle
65 Fenimore Road, 10804

Bertram J. Trent .....Scarsdale
37 Olmsted Road, 10583

NEW YORK (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Phyllis Mahon .....White Plains 112 Grandview Avenue, 10605	Herman M. Bates, Jr. Briarcliff Manor 78 Holbrook Lane, 10510
25—Edward W. Kelly .....Katonah Jay Street, 10536	25—Richard A. DeLorenzo . . .Peekskill 2 Ogden Avenue, 10566
Thomas A. Johnson, Jr. .Millbrook South Road, 12545	Lynn Mulvaney .....Kingston UPO Box 352, 12401
Ethel L. Block .....Red Hook R.D. 2, Box 145, 12571	John W. Hanes .....Millbrook Fitch's Corner, 12545
26—Clifford M. Barber.....Walden Albany Post Road, R.D. 2, 12586	26—James P. Zaimes .....Circleville Box 196, 10910
Lorraine S. Bennett ....Vails Gate Route 32, Box 335, 12584	Val Dagaev .....New City 13 Broward Drive, 10956
Carmine Freda .....Nyack 85 River Road, Grandview, 10960	Francis E. Ferro.....Milton Old Indian Road, 12547
27—George L. Ingalls ....Binghamton 38 Beethoven Street, 13905	27—H. Clark Bell .....Woodstock Box 734, 12498
Frances Leavenworth....Apalachin 144 Frederick Drive, 13732	Edward P. Grace ....Binghamton 41 West End Avenue, 13905
Harry Seletsky....South Fallsburg Post Office Box 687, 12779	F. Clark Hamlin .....Ithaca 21 Cornell Street, 14850
28—Harry J. D'Agostino ....Menands 3 Pateman Circle, 12204	28—J. Robert Lansing Rensselaerville Post Office Box 98, 12147
H. Richard Lewis .....Scotia 226 North Ballston Avenue, 12302	Jane Coyle.....Albany 27 Pinewood Avenue, 12208
Raymond J. Dybas ...Amsterdam 27 Highland Road, 12010	Penelope A. Pajak ....Schenectady 852 Crane Street, 12303
29—Joseph L. Bruno .....Troy R.D. 3, Post Office Box 219A, 12180	29—Raymond H. Siek.....Troy 6 West Avenue, 12180
John G. Sharpe .....Germantown East Camp Road, 12526	Milton Zwickel .....Catskill 152 William Street, 12414
Robert F. Doran .....Clifton Park 2 Sunrise Terrace, 12065	Mary K. Duval ..Saratoga Springs Upper Clinton Street (Wildwood), 12866
30—J. Gregory Merriam .....Altmar R.D. 1, 13302	30—Phillip P. Compeau ...Watertown 114 Highland Avenue, 13601
H. Robert Nortz .....Lowville 5274 Clinton Street, 13367	Ronald B. Stafford .....Peru 14 Pleasant Street, 12972
Leon A. Elliott .....Malone 3 Morton Street, 12953	Daniel Manning, Jr. Ausable Forks 12912
31—Alexander Pirnie .....Utica 12 Slaytoneush Lane, 13501	31—William Valentine .....Rome 916 West Thomas Street, 13440

NEW YORK (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Louise Casey .....Mohawk 15 Columbia Street, 13401	G. Kevin Ludlow .....Clayville 2148 Holman City Road, 13222
Dorothy Edwards .....Esperance 5 Feuz Terrace, 12066	Dexter Risedorph ....Gloversville R.D., Phelps Street, 12078
32—Leonard P. Markert, Jr. Fayetteville 12 Old East Dyke Way, 13066	32—Peter W. Mitchell .....Cazenovia Syosset Lane, 13035
Elizabeth Tamsett South New Berlin Box 95, 13843	Ferdinand L. Picardi Fayetteville 7 Wynnridge Road, 13066
James L. Seward .....Milford Main Street, 13807	Ruth N. Schaub .....Cortland 65 Port Watson Street, 13045
33—Richard J. Hanlon .....Syracuse 165 Wolcott Avenue, 13207	33—Robert J. Dermody .....Syracuse 106 Strathmore Drive, 13207
Kenneth W. Padgett ....Waterloo Post Office Box 66, 489 Waterloo-Geneva Road, 13165	Stewart F. Hancock, III ..Syracuse 50 Presidential Plaza, 13202
Raymond S. Sant .....Cato South Street, 13033	Margaret J. Kogut .....Syracuse 437 South Wilbur Avenue, 13204
34—Thomas B. Gosnell .....Webster 774 Lake Road, 14580	34—Ann Hunt .....Fairport 27 Dewey Avenue, 14450
James White .....Rochester 163 Mulberry Street, 14620	Gordon R. Scott .....Penfield 1990 Harris Road, 14526
Jane L. Biddle .....Newark 407 Mason Avenue, 14513	Rufina Luciano .....Rochester 645 Hudson Avenue, 14621
35—Barber B. Conable, Jr. Alexander 10532 Alexander Road, 14005	35—Nancy Esposito .....Rochester 45 Lori Lane, 14624
Fred J. Eckert .....Rochester 101 Sherri Ann Lane, 14626	Mary Ann Caple .....Rochester 70 Larch Street, 14612
Richard Collins .....Avon 106 Temple Street, 14414	Robert Bentley .....Arcade 270 Main Street, 14009
36—Benjamin N. Hewitt ....Lewiston 920 Mohawk Street, 14092	36—Alan W. VanDeMark ...Lockport 479 Willow Street, 14094
Robert E. Batt .....Waterport 965-7 Archbald Drive, 14571	Christine E. Nowak .....Buffalo 550 Hertel Avenue, 14207
Mary C. V. Ackerman ...Kenmore 360 Southwood Drive, 14223	Jordan A. Levy .....Buffalo 302 Middlesex Road, 14216
37—Casimir Lotarski .....Buffalo 21 Huntley Road, 14215	37—John J. Phelan .....Buffalo 805 West Ferry Street, 14222
David S. Lewis .....Buffalo 31 Comstock Avenue, 14215	Cleo G. Reid .....Buffalo 615 South Division, 14210
Florence M. Sennikoff .....Buffalo 310 North Willowlawn Parkway, 14216	Carol A. Siwek .....Buffalo 598 Hertel Avenue, 14207
38—Jay E. Brett .....Amherst 20 Colonial Drive, 14226	38—Elaine K. Wick .....Lancaster 33 Thornapple Lane, 14086

NEW YORK (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Willard C. Allis ....Cheektowaga 403 Walton Drive, 14225	Arletta E. Reis .....West Seneca 102 Hybank Drive, 14224
Frank J. O'Day .....Eden 2950 East Church Street, 14057	Virginia Calkins .....Hamburg 3799 Windover Drive, 14075
39—Donald J. Swanz ....Franklinville Chestnut Hill, 14737	39—Frances Farnsworth Fox .....Cuba Post Office Box 51, R.D. 1, 14727
Barry Westerlund ...Bemus Point Box 22, Belleview Road, 14712	J. Peter Fennell .....Elmira 670 Euclid Avenue, 14901
Amory Houghton, Jr. ....Corning 33 East Third Street, 14830	Ellen G. Lorenzini .....Olean 105 Grant Court, 14760

NORTH CAROLINA

(Fifty-four Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Tom Ellis

AT LARGE

Delegates	*Alternates*
H. Joseph Beard, Jr. .....Charlotte Box 178, 28230	Florence S. Hutchins ...Winston-Salem 200 Sherwood Forest Road, 27104
Archie Bunn .....Zebulon Route 2, 27597	Elisabeth Smith .....Raleigh 2712 Mayview Road, 27607
William Cagle .....Sylva Box 864, 28779	Ed Morris .....Greensboro Post Office Box 21488, 27420
Hugh Chatham .....Elkin Chatham Manufacturing Company, 28621	Tom Morgan .....Asheboro 933 Worth Street, 27203
Betsy Cochrane .....Advance Box 517, Bermuda Run, 27006	Joseph Hooper .....Wilmington 1905 Glen Meade Road, 28401
Grace Crow .....Durham 920 West Trinity Avenue, 27701	Jewel Thomas .....Elizabethtown Box 338, 28337
Iris Dlugos .....Hickory Route 9, Box 876, 28601	G. T. Johnson .....Wilkesboro 100 D Bridge Street, 28697
David Dresser .....Sanford Route 3, Box 281, 27330	William Peurifoy .....Concord Post Office Box 1170, 28025
John East .....Greenville 212 Longmeadow Drive, 27834	Dick Voorhees .....Gastonia 192 South Street, 28052
Karol Goebel .....Greensboro 1800 Caulfield Drive, 27410	Curt Ratcliff .....Asheville Post Office Box 7475, 28807
John Hall .....Greensboro 1708 Red Forest Road, 27410	Gene Woodruft .....Statesville 627 Holland Drive, 28677
Fred Hutchins .....Winston-Salem Post Office Box 1406, 27102	Jack Hopkins .....Tarboro 212 Main Street, 27886

NORTH CAROLINA (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Betty Lou Johnson .....Raleigh 701 Vick Avenue, 27612	Roy Williams .....Walnut Cove Route 2, 27052
Mary Jane Hollyday .....Asheville 5 Hilltop Road, 28803	Terrence W. Boyle .....Elizabeth City Post Office Box 220, 27909
Ervin Rader .....Lenoir 520C Lower Creed Road, N.E. 28803	Alex Castellanos .....Raleigh Post Office Box 19433, 27609
Fran Rowe .....Charlotte 3136 Wamath Drive, 28210	Otha Hawkins .....Asheville 90 Charlotte Street, 28801
Raymond C. Schrump .....Fayetteville Post Office Box 35473, 28303	Richard Miller .....Durham Post Office Box 2417, 27705
Ed Shufelt .....High Point Post Office Box 5634, 27262	Jack Newman .....Durham 1415 Wyldewood Road, 27704
Robert Shaw .....Greensboro Post Office Box 8101, 27410	John Preston .....Raleigh Post Office Box 19433, 27609
Robert V. Somers .....Salisbury Law Building, 28144	Paul Reynolds .....Kingston 208 West Highland Avenue, 28501
John Wilkinson .....Washington Post Office Box 732, 27889	Carter Wrenn .....Raleigh Post Office Box 19433, 27609

DISTRICT

1—Elmer Dewey Willis ....Williston Box 38, 28589	1—Patric Dorsey .....New Bern 313 George Street, 28560
Bob Scott Langley .....Kinston Post Office Box 546, 28501	Isaac C. Smith .....Trenton Post Office Box 338, 28585
Malcolm J. Howard ....Greenville Post Office Box 859, 27834	William M. Greene Robersonville Post Office Box 125, 27871
2—George Coxhead .....Chapel Hill Post Office Box 1058, 27514	2—Scott Peace .....Henderson 215 South William Street, 27536
A. W. Rouse .....Lucama Box 185, 27851	Inge Seavey .....Chapel Hill 35 Willow Terrace, 27514
J. C. D. Bailey ....Rocky Mount Post Office Box 1828, 27800	Russell Johnson .....Conway Jackson Building, 27820
3—Corbett Quinn .....Magnolia Post Office Box 128, 28453	3—Ally Ray McCullen .....Clinton Route 5, 28328
Billy Howard .....Jacksonville Post Office Box 7118, 28540	Malcolm Perry .....Goldsboro 129 Perry Drive, 27530
Larry Godwin .....Dunn Box 1187-705 West Broad, 28339	Leo Daughtry .....Smithfield Post Office Drawer 1960, 27577
4—Tom Wright .....Durham Post Office Box 686, 27702	4—Claire Bass .....Raleigh 7809 Haymarket Lane, 27609
Tom Ellis .....Raleigh 2744 Lakeview Drive, 27607	Ernie Mills .....Durham 106 North Holman Street, 27703
Kerry Noble .....Archdale 720 New Run, 27232	Paul Hill .....Raleigh 5509 Kingwood Drive, 27609

NORTH CAROLINA (Continued)

Delegates

5—Leon Rickard.....Thomasville
521 Broad Street, 27360
Harry Bagnal.....Winston-Salem
Post Office Box 2501, 27106
Harold Stanley.....Jefferson
Box 203, 28640

6—Nancy Lake.....Greensboro
1905 Red Forest Road, 27410
Leonard Alcon.....Burlington
2335 Venie Street, 27215
John Hutchens.....High Point
1268 Westminster Drive, 27260

7—Don Peacock.....Whiteville
Post Office Box 586, 28472
June Jones.....Wilmington
2514 Mimosa Place, 28401
Jackson F. Lee.....Fayetteville
114 Hale Street, 28301

8—Ralph Casstevens.....Yadkinville
Route 3, 27055
William Allison.....Cleveland
Box 112, 27013
Peggy Haywood.....Concord
Post Office Box 1170, 28025

9—William K. Brawley..Mooresville
Route 1, Box 444, 28115
Albert F. Hilton.....Charlotte
5901 Eastbrook Road, 28215

Wilson Bryant.....Charlotte
4823 Westridge Drive, 28208

10—Harry Carpenter.....Newton
Post Office Box 700, 28613
Dan Simpson.....Morganton
Post Office Drawer 1329, 28655
J. A. Dalpiaz.....Gastonia
Post Office Box 1281, 28052

11—Orville Coward.....Sylva
10 Ridgeway Street, 28779
Dan Eller.....Asheville
293 Shelbourne Road, 28806

Fred Mason.....Henderson
192 Crabapple Lane, 28739

Alternates

5—Clyde Smitherman.....Pfafftown
8181 Reynolda Road, 27040
Greeley Hilton.....Lexington
11 Hege Drive, 27292
Edgar Mayes.....Mount Airy
Route 6, Box 315, 27030

6—Kathy Moore.....Greensboro
1214 Cleburne Street, 27408
Glen Downs.....Greensboro
3102 Shamrock Drive, 27408
James Burnley, IV....Greensboro
208 South Chapman Street, 27403

7—Miriam Schwarz.....Wilmington
1207 Columbus Circle, 28401
Thomas Hooper III...Fayetteville
1854 Stanberry Street, 28301
E. A. Dawsey.....Whiteville
Post Office Box 387, 28472

8—David Drexel.....Southern Pines
Post Office Box 1221, 28387
Ed Bartlette.....Rockingham
707 Cumberland Drive, 28379
Gilbert T. Davis, Jr...Mocksville
Box 306, 27028

9—Jane Scott.....Charlotte
180 Woodlynn Road, 28214
Olive Steenbergen.....Charlotte
1225 South Caldwell Street, Apt. 1016, 28203
Paul Bynum.....Lincolnton
Route 4, 28092

10—Charles Heath.....Shelby
1205 Wesson Road, 28150
F. P. Wright.....Taylorsville
247 Seventh Street, N.W., 28681
Jo Kimberlin.....Granite Falls
Route 2, Box 426-A, 28630

11—Edna Harris.....Waynesville
Box 353-A, Route 3, 28786
Philip Ball.....Asheville
Forest Manor Restaurant, 28754
Bobby Joe Stott.....Columbus
Stott Chevrolet, 28722

NORTH DAKOTA

(Eighteen Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Allan C. Young

At Large

Delegates	*Alternates*
Allen I. Olson ..... Bismarck North Washington, 58501	Myrtle Hanson ..... Harvey 58341
C. Warner Litten ..... Fargo Box 2067, 58102	
Phyllis Connolly ..... Dunn Center 58626	Wayne Stenehjem ..... Grand Forks 3712 Berkely Drive, 58201
John Sellie ..... Cathay 58422	Jerry Behm ..... Devils Lake Maherwood, 58301
Natalie McElroy ..... Jamestown Box 810, 58401	Margaret Bushee ..... Grand Forks 822 – 13th Avenue South, 58201
Norene Bunker ..... Fargo Box 1146, 58102	Ed Doherty ..... New Rockford 103 – 1st Street North, 58356
Dagny Olson ..... Devils Lake Box 618, 58301	Marge Kermott ..... Minot 200 – 7th Avenue, S.E., 58701
Shirley Lee ..... Turtle Lake 58575	George Officer ..... Ryder 58779
Warren Hartje ..... Cavalier 58220	Richard Hentges ..... Fargo 1601 – 10th Street, 58102
Howard Neils ..... Bismarck 2119 Assumption Drive, 58501	Gloria Legrid ..... Jamestown 224 – 15th Avenue, N.E., 58401
Wesley Belter ..... Leonard 58052	Eunice Anderson ..... Bismarck 200 West Main, 58501
Lois Retzlaff ..... Ellendale Rural Route 1, 58436	Evan Lips ..... Bismarck 203 West Owens Avenue, 58501
Victor A. Linington ..... Minot 818 Fourth Avenue, N.W., 58701	Gretchen Graba ..... Bottineau 58318
Connie Nicholas ..... Cando 58324	Peter Wold ..... Bottineau 58318
Beverly Suess ..... Williston 1412 East Hill Court, 58801	Dave Robinson ..... Coleharbor 58531

At Large District

Allan C. Young ..... Devils Lake Manns Department Store, 58301	Peter Lipsiea ..... Mayville Box 801, 58257
Gerridee Wheeler ..... Bismarck 1231 East Highland Acres Road, 58501	Ray Lein ..... Wing Box C, 58494
Ben J. Clayburgh ..... Grand Forks 1626 Belmont Road, 58201	William Kretschmar ..... Venturia Box A, 58489

OHIO

(Ninety-seven Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Kent B. McGough

AT LARGE

Delegates

James A. Rhodes .....Columbus
State House, 43215
Robert Taft, Jr. .....Cincinnati
4300 Drake Road, 45243
Kent B. McGough .....Columbus
50 West Broad Street, Suite 3300, 43215
Ray C. Bliss .....Akron
425 First National Tower, 44308
Martha C. Moore .....Cambridge
501 Oakland Boulevard, 43725
Ted W. Brown .....Dublin
6036 Dublin Road, 43017
John S. Andrews .....Toledo
1915 Princeton Drive, 43614
George C. Eyrich .....Cincinnati
2811 Dunaway Avenue, 45211
Louise R. Farr .....Cleveland Heights
1012 Hereford Road, 44112
John W. Bricker .....Upper Arlington
2407 Tremont Road, 43221
Michael J. Maloney .....Cincinnati
8560 Gwilada Drive, 45236

Charles F. Kurfess .....Perrysburg
9449 Reitz Road, Route 1, 43551
Keith McNamara .....Bexley
225 South Drexel Avenue, 43209
JoAnn Davidson .....Reynoldsburg
6571 Malone Drive, 43068

David S. Ingalls, Jr. .....Chagrin Falls
Oak Hill Farm, 44022
W. R. Timken, Jr. .....Canton
2321 Brentwood Road, N.W., 44708
William H. Schneider .....Columbus
2715 Wexford Road, 43221
C. Lee Mantle .....Painesville
188 Mantle Road, 44077
John W. Brown .....Columbus
41 South High Street, 43215
Lois Leggat .....Willoughby
4945 Waldamere Avenue, 44094

Alternates

Roy Martin .....Columbus
State House, 43215
Taras G. Szmagala .....Brecksville
10976 Tanager Trail, 44141
John M. McElroy .....Columbus
90 North Nelson Road, 43219

Thomas J. Moyer .....Columbus
165 East Deshler Avenue, 43206
Gwen Kline .....Dayton
700 Kenilworth Avenue, 45405
Robert E. Levitt .....Hartville
13344 Congress Lake Avenue, 44632
Charles E. Shanklin ....Milford Center
Rural Route 1, Box 29, 43045
Jenniev J. Henson .....Columbus
1333 Lakewood Road, 43209
Jean A. Call .....Stow
5215 Fishcreek Road, 44224
Earl W. McMunn .....Columbus
3760 Waldo Place, 43220
Caroline P. Jackson .....North Canton
7643 Lake O'Springs Avenue, N.W., 44720
Virginia Crouse .....Lima
1617 Shawnee Road, 45805
Patricia Kindsvatter .....Wooster
3819 Cleveland Road, 44691
Gertrude R. "Trudy" Wendling
Lakewood
1275 Overlook, 44107
John R. Donnell .....Findlay
2200 South Main Street, 45840
M. Merle Harrod .....Lima
1609 Shawnee Road, 45805
Finley L. Ryan, Jr. .....Worthington
6715 Schreiner Street, East, 43085
Emmalee Berry .....Coshocton
8 Concord Place, 43812
Betty J. Mohler .....Mansfield
117 Creston Drive, 44906
Iris Maloney .....Kettering
4418 Wilmington Pike, 45440

OHIO (Continued)

Delegates

Ronald C. Morgan .....Cincinnati
1221 Avon Drive, 45229
Helen W. Evans .....Marysville
Route 5, 43040
B. Lynn Eckardt .....Mansfield
207½ Marion Avenue, 44903
Robert W. Ney .....Bellaire
1409 Maple, 43906

William Reitz .....Delaware
200 North Franklin Street, 43015
Edna E. Fath .....Hamilton
1340 Park Avenue, 45013
Jacalu H. Ginocchio .....Cincinnati
1982 Honeysuckle Lane, 45230
Wanda J. Snyder .....Avon Lake
33803 Smugglers Cove Drive,
Suite G-7, 44012

Alternates

Wilma Lipkins .....Canton
2136 East Tuscarawas Street, 44707
Carolyn K. Stephens .....Dayton
5550 Olive Tree Drive, 45426
Betty Irminger Yurchuck ....Columbus
3316 Brendan Drive, 43220
Janet L. Kundert .....Columbus
4765 Middletowne Street,
Apt. G, 43214
Margaret Jean Michel .....Marysville
944 Sherwood Avenue, 43040
Claudine Moat .....Chagrin Falls
17045 Sunset Drive, 44022
Barbara A. Stevic .....Uniontown
749 Knollwood Drive, 44685
Ann Butler .....Columbus
1379 Birchwood Drive, 43228

DISTRICT

1—Willis D. Gradison, Jr. .Cincinnati
2200 Victory Parkway, 45206
Dorothy J. Hermanies . .Cincinnati
2110 Columbia Parkway, 45202
Earl T. Barnes .....Cincinnati
Highland Tower,
1071 Celestial, 45202
2—Donald D. Clancy .....Cincinnati
7403 Green Farms Drive, 45224
Anna L. Paul .....Cincinnati
9974 McKelvey, 45231
Ruth A. Stokes .....Cincinnati
5545 Stokeswood Court, 45238
3—Dolores A. Brooks .....Dayton
7160 Cohasset Drive, 45424

Albert H. Sealy .....Dayton
236 West Schantz Avenue,
45409
Frederick N. Young .....Dayton
5512 Laureldale Road, 45429
4—Arlene Neu .....Kenton
334 North Main Street, 43326
Robert V. Holmes .....Elida
2873 Hummingbird Drive,
45807
John Stough .....Findlay
225 West Lima, 45840

1—Constance B. Rollman . .Cincinnati
7115 Ridge Road, 45237
Robert G. Robson .....Cincinnati
6393 Grand Vista, 45213
Betty Jane McDonald . .Cincinnati
7389 Southside Avenue, 45243

2—Stephen J. Bollinger . . .Cincinnati
6362 River Road, 45233
Ann M. Hanke .....Cincinnati
3380 Bishop Street, 45220
Gordon M. Scherer ....Cincinnati
2857 Springwood Court, 45211
3—Lynda Hohnhorst .....Dayton
5620 North Main Street,
Apt. 202, 45415
Dorothy Nickerson .....Dayton
730 Longvale Drive, 45427

Charles W. Whalen, Jr. . . .Dayton
228 Beverly Place, 45419
4—Mildred Workman .....Lima
1906 Wendell Avenue, 45805
Kathryn Hierholzer .....Celina
680 North Main, 45822

Dale E. Davis .....Troy
2619 Swailes, 45373

OHIO (Continued)

Delegates

5—Delbert L. Latta . . .Bowling Green
516 Hillcrest Drive, 43402
Don E. May . . . . . .Delphos
823 North Canal Street, 45833
Sharon Stotz . . . . . .West Unity
Rural Route 2, 43570

6—Jennings B. Cole . .South Webster
Tyrell Street, 45682
W. Edward Edwards, Jr.
Portsmouth
3018 Willow Way, 45662
Joe R. Gustin . . . . . .West Union
Box 276, 45693

7—Clarence J. Brown . . . . . .Urbana
430 Scioto Street, 43078

Eileen E. Miksch . . . .Bellefontaine
508 Woodland Drive, 43311
John W. White . . . . . .Marion
1082 East Center, 43302

8—Thomas N. Kindness . . .Hamilton
328 South D Street, 45013
Richard Siehl . . . . . .Eaton
416 West Main Street,
45320
Mary Jones . . . . . .Middletown
3801 Rosedale Avenue, 45042

9—Harlton G. Dunbar . . . . . .Toledo
3412 Beverly Drive, 43614
Walter A. Churchill . . . . . .Toledo
3003 Cheltenham Road, 43606
Lois M. Brock . . . . . .Toledo
2539 Orkney Drive, 43606

10—Oakley C. Collins . . . . . .Ironton
1005 Kemp Lane, 45638
George E. Booth . . . . . .McArthur
419 Vinton Avenue, 45651
Marian S. Sinsel . . . . . .Logan
235 North Orchard, 43138

11—J. William Stanton . . . .Painesville
7 North Park Place, 44077

Elden A. Spencer
Mentor-on-the-Lake
7681 Dahlia Drive, 44060
Esther Smallwood . . . .Middlefield
15283 Lake Avenue, 44062

Alternates

5—James Stoldt . . . . . .Attica
Liberty Street, 44807
Jane Gettman . . .Columbus Grove
110 North Broadway, 45830
Helen Isch . . . . . .Bowling Green
854 Parker Avenue, 43402

6—Kathleen H. Ayres . . . . .Hillsboro
1400 North High Street, 45133
Dianne Bare . . . . . .Hillsboro
Rural Route 2, Box 149B,
45133
Louise J. Hapner . . . . . .Hillsboro
134 Chillicothe Avenue, 45133

7—Charlotte A. Murphy . . . . .Dayton
6730 Little Sugarcreek Road,
45440
Betty Lou R. Nicol . . . .Marysville
12696 State Route 38, 43040
Lewis W. Digel . . . . . .Springfield
2670 Carousel Drive, 45503

8—Linda Green . . . . . .West Chester
6668 Cresthaven Avenue, 45069
Samuel A. Noblet . . . .Middletown
300 Eastline Drive, 45042

Cora Smith . . . . . .Middletown
1614 Kensington, 45042

9—Andy Douglas . . . . . .Toledo
5522 Larchwood Lane, 43614
Antoinette R. Metzger . . . .Toledo
3146 Penrose Avenue, 43614
Louise Booker . . . . . .Toledo
1059 Woodland Avenue, 43607

10—Robert Griffith . . . . . .Ironton
109 North 7th, 45638
Donna Ransbottom . . . . .Roseville
174 James Street, 43777
Susan Gormley . . . . .Chandlersville
Route 1, 43727

11—Mason McConnell . . . . . .Ravenna
4536 State Route 14,
R.D. 6, 44266
Geraldine R. Lewis . . . . . .Ravenna
428 Lawrence Street, 44266

Christina Humphrey . . .Ashtabula
3840 Plymouth Road, 44004

OHIO (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
12—Samuel L. Devine.....Columbus 195 North Roosevelt Avenue, 43209	12—Pauline Riel .....Marengo Route 3, 43334
George G. Hoffman ....Delaware 171 West Lincoln Avenue, 43015	Loretta E. Clark .....Columbus 1918 Gault Street, 43205
Judith Y. Brachman ...Columbus 115 South Drexel Avenue, 43209	Henry M. O'Neill, Jr. ..Columbus 2077 Park Hill Drive, 43209
13—Joseph C. Zieba .....Lorain 3248 West Erie Avenue, 44053	13—Margaret B. Davis .....Medina 216 North Jefferson Street, 44256
Joan M. Leyshon .....Vermilion 681 Hazelwood Avenue, 44089	Evelyn M. Steingass .....Medina 3108 Lester Road, 44256
Sylvester Mellert.....Medina 970 Cloverdale Avenue, 44256	Robert K. Wilson .....Elyria 1041 Rosealee, 44035
14—David E. Waddell .....Akron 2939 Walnut Ridge Road, 44313	14—Alex Arshinkoff .....Akron 1016 Burkhardt Avenue, 44301
Dorothy F. Taylor .....Akron 174 Durward Road, 44313	Robert J. Himmelright ....Akron 923 Genesee Road, 44303
Frances L. Rex .....Akron 706 West Nimisila Road, 44319	Barbara F. Miller .....Akron 486 Roslyn Avenue, 44320
15—Chalmers P. Wylie ....Columbus 1019 Spring Grove Lane, 43085	15—Dorothy H. Harding.Worthington 970 High Street, 43085
Ted Hysell .....Columbus 117 East Beck Street, 43206	Mary H. Eckert .....Columbus 29 Fallis Road, 43214
Marion E. Livingston...Columbus 4444 Langport Road, 43220	Roger A. Yurchuck ....Columbus 3316 Brendan Drive, 43220
16—Ralph S. Regula .....Navarre 8787 Erie Street, 44662	16—James P. Puckett .....Alliance 360 Overlook Drive, 44601
Stanley A. Cmich .....Canton 138 – 20th, N.E., 44714	Dorris Tissot .....Wooster 434 Mather, 44691
F. Jeanne Sponseller North Canton 605 Sunset Boulevard, S.W., 44720	Mary Oxenrider .....Wooster 3811 Cleveland Road, 44694
17—Kathryn Davidson .....Hebron 140 Sprague Drive, Rural Route 1, 43025	17—Richard Porter .....Mansfield 90 Redwood Road, 44907
A. Jane Fox .....Ashland 854 McKinley Boulevard, 44805	E. Chris Evans .....Newark 692 West Church, 43055
John D. Janosik .....Mansfield 3576 Milligan Road, 44906	Roselyn Beery .....Mt. Vernon 306 East Vine Street, 43050
18—J. Eyler Hinchliffe .....Lisbon Rural Route 2, 44432	18—Doris Dawson .....Shadyside 4428 Highland Avenue, 43947

OHIO (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Frank S. Scott . .New Philadelphia 151 Fairview Lane, 44663	Lucille Potts . . . . . .Sardis Route 2, Box 81, 43946
Sue Fisher . . . . . .Steubenville 1501 Pershing Avenue, 43952	Ellis W. McCracken . . .Cambridge 1130 Steubenville Avenue, 43725
19—Ted E. G. Johnson . . . . . .Niles 139 Hyde Street, 44446	19—G. Timothy Marks . . .Youngstown 4031 Glenwood Avenue, 44512
Jack C. Hunter . . . . .Youngstown 467 West Boston, 44511	Helen L. Steele . . . . . .Warren 1128 Wood Street, S.W., 44485
Ruth M. Lindesmith . . . . . .Poland 20 Second Street, Box 5237, 44514	Dorothy Bailey . . . . . .Youngstown 901 Bonnie Brae, 44511
20—Mary Romeo Bubna . . . .Cleveland 3512 Carlyle Avenue, 44109	20—Emma J. Falkowski . . . .Cleveland 3455 East 72nd Street, 44127
Ralph J. Perk . . . . . .Cleveland Office of the Mayor, City Hall, 44101	William J. Petro . . . . . .Brooklyn 8606 Outlook Drive, 44144
Albina Rose Cermak . . . .Cleveland 3719 Rocky River Drive, 44111	Thomas L. McSweeney Maple Heights 5060 Stanley Avenue, 44137
21—Olympia A. Hall . . . . . .Cleveland 12535 Vashti Avenue, 44108	21—Margaret J. Black . . . . . .Cleveland 8920 Carnegie, Apt. 707, 44106
Virgil E. Brown . . . . . .Cleveland 1101 Parkside Road, 44108	Minnie S. Oddo . . . . . .Cleveland 3386 East 116th Street, 44120
William H. Alexander . .Cleveland 3025 South Moreland, 44120	Paul W. Walter . . . . . .Bratenahl 2 Bratenahl Place, Suite 11-E, 44108
22—Robert E. Hughes . . . . .Lyndhurst 5046 Farnhurst, 44124	22—Virginia Burtonshaw Mayfield Heights 1376 Mayfield Ridge Road, 44124
Jane J. Griffiths . . . .Chagrin Falls 47 Center Street, 44022	Richard R. Hollington, Jr. Shaker Heights 20020 Marchmont, 44122
Allan C. Schinagle . . . . . .Novelty Hillbrook Estate Lane East, 44072	Adeline R. Krenzler . . .Beachwood 24550 Meldon Boulevard, 44122
23—Claudia M. Guzzo .North Olmsted 6153 Stafford, 44070	23—Marilyn D. McCrone North Olmsted 24622 Mitchell Drive, 44070
Robert T. Bennett . .Fairview Park 4800 Mastic Road, 44126	William H. Janes . . . . . .Westlake 2325 Beachwood Drive, 44145
Robert M. Lawther . . . . .Lakewood 17826 Lake Road, 44107	Lois M. Graff . . . . .Parma Heights 5831 Layor Drive, 44130

OKLAHOMA

(Thirty-six Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Skip Healey

AT LARGE

Delegates

Steve Antosh .....Shawnee
1524 North Oklahoma, 74801
Marie Austin .....Seminole
2200 Morningside Drive, 74868
Grace Boulton .....Oklahoma City
1701 N.E. 63rd, 73111
Ed Calhoon .....Beaver
Post Office Box 70, 73932
Ken Elliott .....Bartlesville
1267 Guinn Lane, 74003
Skip Healey .....Davis
Flying L Ranch, 73030
Louise Kimmel .....Tulsa
244 Sunset Drive, 74114
Maria Mendez .....Oklahoma City
2004 N.W. 20th, 73106
Edwina Mizer .....Tulsa
5722 East 62nd Place, 74136
Sam Noble .....Ardmore
918 Davis Street, 73401
Patricia O'Connor .....Tulsa
2849 East Admiral Court, 74110
Helen L. Salmon .....Norman
506 Dee Anne Drive, 73069
Judy Simmons .....Tulsa
1314 South Denver, 74119
Mary Helen Swanson ...Oklahoma City
2716 N.W. 60th, 73112
Lennie Tolliver .....Oklahoma City
6001 Wildewood Drive, 73105
Lew Ward .....Enid
900 Brookside, 73701
Clarence Warner .....Norman
425 May, 73069
LaVena Williams .....Coweta
Box 873, 74429

Alternates

Hubert Belisle .....Choctaw
Route 3, Box 185, 73020
Louise Bird .....Ponca City
214 Virginia, 74601
Betty Brake .....Oklahoma City
4708 Larissa Lane, 73112
David Brandenburgh .....Tulsa
1144 South Evanston, 74104
Nona Clardy .....Oklahoma City
3508 Ridgewood Drive, 73110
Tom Daxon .....Sand Springs
4907 Massau Circle, 74063
Gladys Gockel .....Oklahoma City
1208 Glenwood, 73116
Bill Gooden .....Kingfisher
1306 South 8th, 73750
Peter M. Keltch .....Cherokee
1005 South Pennsylvania, 73728
Minifred Kibler .....Tulsa
1828 North Boston Place, 74106
Paul Kitch .....Oklahoma City
2633 Keats Place, 73120
Emeline McCormick .....Tulsa
3745 East 44th Street, 74135
Brenda Runkle .....Norman
1015 Lincoln Green, 73069
Elizabeth Schock .....Tulsa
8951 East 57th, 74145
Alfred Snipes .....Oklahoma City
3215 South West 80th, 73109
Wesley Stuckwish .....Oklahoma City
5700 South Agnew, Apt. 49, 73119
Ron Wallace .....Oklahoma City
1600 North Harvard, 73127
Stephen C. Wolfe .....Tulsa
1634 South Boulder, 74119

DISTRICT

1—Loyd W. Disler .....Tulsa
7224 South Richmond, 74136
P. Thomas Thornbrugh ....Bixby
9148 East 114th Street South, 74008

1—Davidson R. Miller .....Tulsa
4130 South Birmingham, 74105
Roberta S. Roberts .....Tulsa
7135 East 58th Court, 74145

OKLAHOMA (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Joseph R. Coleman .....Tulsa 2645 East 41st, 74105	Richard W. Soudriette .....Tulsa 5735 South 79th East Avenue, 74145
2—Dorothy Zumwalt .....Sapulpa 30 North Moccasin, 74066	2—James E. Haley .....Sallisaw Route 4, 74955
Howard N. Baker.....Bartlesville 3725 S.E. Velma Drive, 74003	Thomas Guild .....Bartlesville 1010 S.E. Greystone, 74003
Barbara Reed .....Tahlequah Route 4, Box 125, 74464	Hope Silar .....Grove Box 897, 74344
3—Vivian D. Stephens .....Ardmore 2108 Chickasaw, 73401	3—Tom Pate .....Wilburton Post Office Box 456, 74578
Fox Wood III.....Spiro Route 1, Box 81, 74959	Robert Edwards .....McAlister Post Office Box 582, 74501
Louis Hazelwood .....Ada Post Office Box 505, 74820	Betty Jo Smith .....Poteau Post Office Box 308, 74959
4—Charles Calvin Sparks ....Shawnee Eight Arapaho, 74801	4—Orpha L. Davis.....Midwest City 2016 Pearson, 73110
Roy D. Moore .....Lawton 2114 Atlanta, 73501	Allen G. Hawkins .....Altus 400 Cardinal Circle South 73521
Elaine Coleson.....Norman 1625 West Boyd, 73069	Russell E. Mueller .....Chickasha 206 Meadowdale Drive, 73018
5—Nancy S. Apgar ...Oklahoma City 4235 Bush Boulevard, 73112	5—Kaye Relph .....Oklahoma City 8401 Lakehurst, 73120
Perry Lambird ....Oklahoma City 419 N.W. 14th, 73103	Herbert G. Davis .....Edmond 1318 Circle Glen, 73034
Barbara Warren ...Oklahoma City 3141 N.W. 31st Street, 73107	Ann Taylor .....Oklahoma City 1607 Norwood, 73120
6—Paul Washecheck .....Ponca City 2801 Canterbury, 74601	6—Richard E. Waack .....Enid Post Office Box 414, 73701
Betty Handlin .....Cushing 1117 East 9th Place, 74023	William Graves ...Oklahoma City 4760 N.W. 24th, Apt. 1275, 73127
Janet Bateman .....Yukon Route 3, Box 131B, 73099	Douglas Williams .....Woodward Post Office Box 549, 73801

OREGON

(Thirty Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Mark O. Hatfield

Note: In the absence of response from a Delegate in Group A, pursuant to the general rule, proceed from the top of the list of Alternates in Group A. Follow the same procedure for Group B.

First District

Delegates	*Alternates*
A—Victor Atiyeh .....Portland 7690 S.W. Fairmoor, 97225	A—Craig Berkman .....Portland 3503 S.W. Gale, 97201

OREGON (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Mark O. Hatfield .....Newport Box 632, 97365	W. Stan Ouderkirk .....Newport 233 S.E. Penter Lane, 97365
Jean K. Young .....Tigard 12390 S.W. King Richard, 97223	Alan "Punch" Green .....Portland 1707 S.W. Hawthorne Terrace, 97201
Stephen A. Young .....Portland 1635 N.W. 122nd, 97229	Norman J. Smith .....Tigard 8705 S.W. 75th, 97223
Diarmuid F. O'Scannlain ..Portland 2421 S.W. Arden Road, 97201	Dorothy Fones .....Portland 1232 S.W. Jefferson Street, 97204
B—Robert O. Voy .....Portland 7195 S.W. 86th, 97223	B—Carl M. Halvorson ...Lake Oswego 1850 North Shore Road, 97034
Mary Alice Ford .....Portland 6620 S.W. Hickman Lane, 97223	Susan Peterson .....Corvallis 2311 N.W. Van Buren, 97330
Helen A. Turnell .....Salem 2807 Vick Avenue, N.W., 97302	Beverly J. Myers .....Portland 3265 S.W. 100th, 97225
Fredric Cary Rath .....West Linn 18320 South Trillium Way, 97068	Beverly Buell .....Portland 9457 S.W. 62nd Drive, 97219

SECOND DISTRICT

A—Gary Wilhelms .....Klamath Falls 3869 Madison, 97601	A—Jim Durham .....Salem 3320 Dogwood Drive South, 97302
Robert F. Smith .....Burns 771 Ponderosa Village, 97720	Richard K. Galt .....Baker 3175 College, 97814
George Stadelman .....The Dalles 605 Pentland, 97058	Carol Weissert .....Salem 555 – 24th Place, N.E., 97310
Charles D. Austin .....Bend 12 Glen Road, 97701	Kenneth Thomas .....Dufur Post Office Box 156, 97021
B—Bob Montgomery .....Bend 8 Saddleback, 97701	B—Susan Smith .....Albany 1299 West 8th, 97321
James G. Stearns .....Terrebonne 1250 N.E. Wilcox, 97760	Lowell N. Jones ....Klamath Falls Post Office Box 1866, 97601
David Goodloe .....Molalla Route 3, Box 159A, 97038	Richard Schnepel .....Gladstone Post Office Box 147, 97027
Diana Evans .....Salem 1910 Madrona Street, 97302	Harriet Flanagan .....Ontario 1256 S.W. 2nd, 97914

THIRD DISTRICT

A—Berna Plummer .....Portland 13710 N.E. Fremont Court, 97230	A—Dave Lomnicki .....Portland 3682 S.E. Nehalem, 97202
Marlene Johnsen .....Portland 2731 S.E. 41st, 97202	Allen L. Berg .....Portland 6504 S.E. Reedway, 97206
Hallie Wiggins .....Portland 1811 North Russett, 97217	Shirley A. Woodrow .....Gresham 1120 N.E. Overlook Drive, 97222

OREGON (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Joe Usry . . . . . .Portland 740 N.E. 53rd, 97213	Lyndon "Tuck" Wilson . . .Portland 3509 S.E. Claybourne, 97202
B — Rosalie Huss . . . . . .Portland 2239 S.E. Belmont, 97214	B — Walter Huss . . . . . .Portland 2239 S.E. Belmont, 97214
Charles R. Powell . . . . . .Portland 725 S.E. 88th, 97216	Gail Cerveny . . . . . .Portland 38 N.E. 60th, 97213

FOURTH DISTRICT

A — Mary Jane Dellenback . . . .Medford 300 Windsor Avenue, 97501	A — Richard J. Ward . . . . . .Grants Pass 940 N.W. Starlite, 97526
Wineva Johnson . . . . . .Coos Bay Post Office Box 546, 97420	John Kvistad . . . . . .Eugene 649 East 16th, 97401
Karen Worden . . . . . .Roseburg 1014 S.E. Terrace, 97470	Vivian B. Adams . . . . . .Medford 3955 South State Road #71, 97501
B — Peter Murphy, Jr. . . . . .Eugene 2820 City View, 97405	B — Hobie Wilson . . . . . .Eugene 1345 Olive Street, 97401
Davis Stanger . . . . . .Grants Pass 243 S.W. "J" Street, 97526	Maureen Gieber . . . . . .Eugene 3147 Sorrel Way, 97401
Lillian Gardner . . . . . .Medford 1811 East Main, 97501	Kelvin B. Gardner . . . . . .Medford 1811 East Main, 97501
Sylvia Henry . . . . . .Umpqua Cal Henry Road, Post Office Box 26, 97586	Viola Pomeroy . . . . . .Eagle Point 12246 Highway 62, 97524

PENNSYLVANIA

(One hundred three Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Hugh Scott

AT LARGE

Delegates	*Alternates*
Hugh Scott . . . . . .Phildelphia 44 Hillcrest Avenue, 19118	Marian Bell . . . . . .Pittsburgh B-311 Woodland Manor Apartments, 5903 – 5th Avenue, 15232
Richard C. Frame . . . . . .Harrisburg 112 State Street, Post Office Box 1624, 17105	Burrell L. Haselrig . . . . . .Johnstown 610 Yoder Street, 15905
Ethel D. Allen . . . . . .Philadelphia Room 582, City Hall, 19107	LeGree Daniels . . . . . .Harrisburg 1715 Glenside Drive, 17109
George I. Bloom . . . . . .Harrisburg 107 Grayco Building, 17101	Louise Russell . . . . . .Wilkes Barre 311 Kidder Street, 18702
Robert J. Butera . . . . . .Harrisburg Room 327, Main Capitol, 17120	Stanley A. Miller . . . . . .Harrisburg 200 South 18th Street, 17105

PENNSYLVANIA (Continued)

Delegates

William T. Coleman .....Philadelphia
612 West Hortter Street, 19119
Kenneth W. Gemmill ....Philadelphia
3400 Centre Square West, 19102
H. John Heinz III .....Pittsburgh
1950 Squaw Run Road, 15238
Elsie H. Hillman .....Pittsburgh
Morewood Heights, 15213
Katie Kier .....Glenshaw
112 Iola Street, 15116
W. James McIntosh .....Philadelphia
2107 Fidelity Building, 19109
Frank C. P. McGlinn .....Philadelphia
135 South Broad Street,
Fidelity Bank, 19109
Richard M. Scaife .....Pittsburgh
Post Office Box 1138, 15230
Herman T. Schneebeli ....Williamsport
870 Hollywood Circle, 17701
Martha Bell Schoeninger ....Harrisburg
Post Office Box 1624,
112 State Street, 17105
William W. Scranton .....Scranton
704 Northeastern Bank Building,
18503
Raymond P. Shafer .....Meadville
16335
John Ware, III .....Oxford
55 South Third Street, 19363
Drew Lewis .....Plymouth Meeting
One Plymouth Meeting,
Suite 525, 19462

Alternates

E. Barclay Cale, Jr. .....Philadelphia
2100 Fidelity Building, 19109
Harry G. Haskell, Jr. ....Chadds Ford
Hillgirth Farms, 19317
H. Harrison Haskell, II ....Harrisburg
Room B-8, Main Capitol, 17120
Samuel A. Breene .....Oil City
22 National Transit Building, 16301
Robert Robb .....Camp Hill
107 November Drive, 17011
Wendall Freeland .....Pittsburgh
409 Plaza Building, 15219
Faith R. Whittlesey .....Haverford
773 Millbrook Lane, 19041

Andrew Supplee .....Radnor
Box 58, 19087
Maurice Dawkins .....Philadelphia
208 West Hortter Street, 19144
John Roberts .....Downingtown
65 Pennsylvania Avenue, 19335

Harvey Bartle, III .....Philadelphia
100 West Moreland Avenue, 19118

Louis Sayland .....Hatboro
23 Fairview Avenue, 19040
George J. Campbell, Jr. .....York
R.D. 8, 17403
James C. McConnon .....Wynnewood
104 Anton Road, 19096

DISTRICT

1—George W. Frambes
Philadelphia
4932 Chestnut Street, 19139
Paul C. Stolfo .....Philadelphia
2947 South Broad Street, 19145

William H. Black ...Philadelphia
1527 South 24th Street, 19146

2—W. W. Keen Butcher Philadelphia
8811 Towanda Street, 19118

1—Adriano Mastrangelo
Philadelphia
1413 South 12th Street, 19147
Joseph N. Bongovanni III
Philadelphia
6478 Woodcrest Avenue, 19141
Anthony W. Novasitis, Jr.
Philadelphia
6482 Sherwood Road, 19151
2—George Gershenfeld ..Philadelphia
705 Mayfair House, 19144

PENNSYLVANIA (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Roy E. Dixon .....Philadelphia 5216 West Thompson Street, 19131	Arlen Specter .....Philadelphia 3417 Warden Drive, 19129
Philip Price, Jr. .....Philadelphia 8005 Crefeld Street, 19118	Louis J. Guerra.....Philadelphia 7637 Thouron Street, 19150
3—Thomas M. Rowland, Jr. Philadelphia 3226 North Broad Street, 19140	3—Michael Smylie .....Philadelphia 911 North Franklin Street, 19123
Hobson R. Reynolds .Philadelphia 1522 North 16th Street, 19121	Alice A. MacGregor ..Philadelphia 4675 North 16th Street, 19140
Clarence Thompson ..Philadelphia 1610 West Montgomery Avenue, 19121	David Berk .....Philadelphia 4401 North Broad Street, 19140
4—Robert A. Rovner....Philadelphia 9675 Sandanne Road, 19115	4—Alvin A. Katz .....Philadelphia 8425 Bridle Road, 19111
Joseph C. Toland ....Philadelphia 5927 North 5th Street, 19120	Bruce Allens .....Philadelphia 1815 Mower Street, 19152
Edward T. Bender ...Philadelphia 1055 Welsh Road, 19115	Charles F. Dougherty Philadelphia 1313 Friendship Street, 19111
William E. Steck ....Philadelphia 11622 Heather Street, 19116	Joy E. Thomas .....Philadelphia 2846 Narcissus Road, 19154
5—Martha M. King .....Phoenixville 1211 Valley Forge Road, 19460	5—Christine C. Townsend Gradyville Post Office Box 245, 19039
Clay C. Hess .....Collegeville R.D. 2, 19426	Marilyn S. Lewis ...Schwenksville R.D. 1, Camp WaWa Road, 19473
A. Leo Sereni .....Havertown 33 West Ardmore Avenue, 19083	Richard B. Abell .....Malvern 9 Grubb Road, 19355
Robert J. Donnelly, Jr. ..Malvern 119 Spring Road, 19355	Mark French .....West Chester 723 North Franklin Street, 19380
6—Anthony G. Wargo .....Coaldale 160 East Phillips Street, 18218	6—Franklin L. Shollenberger Schuylkill Haven 310 St. Peter Street, 17972
Robert M. Scheipe .....Pottsville 1977 Howard Avenue, 17901	Jane C. Reber .....Reading 147 North 4th Street, 19601
Raymond L. Everhart ..Fleetwood R.D. 3, 19522	Leah Hartranft .....Tamaqua R.D. 2, Hometown, 18252
7—Madaleen J. Ellis Newtown Square 319 Echo Valley Lane, 19073	7—Ronald C. Raymond .....Folcroft 132 Folcroft Avenue, 19032
Edmund Jones .....Swarthmore 227 Haverford Avenue, 19081	Anthony R. Semeraro Wallingford 501 Georgetown Road, 19086

PENNSYLVANIA (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Nicholas Karayannis . . .Lansdowne 336 Wayne Avenue, 19050	Helen C. MacElwee . . .Swarthmore 909 Mt. Holyoke Place, 19081
Madaline B. Tomlinson Newtown Square 3410 Sawmill Road, 19073	Philip B. Driver, Jr. . .Ridley Park 24 West Ward Avenue, 19078
8—Harry W. Fawkes . . . . . .Croydon 1017 Maryland Avenue, 19020	8—G. Roger Bowers Cornwells Heights 3299 Parkview Drive, 19020
Kenneth Boehm . . . . . .Hatboro 1703 Willow Avenue, 19040	Jon K. Clemens . . . . .Coopersburg Box 317, Hilltop Road, 18036
Keren McIlhinney . . . .Doylestown 31 Meadow Lane, 18901	Thomas I. Cowen . . . . . .Yardley 986 Baron Drive, 19067
9—Bud Shuster . . . . . .Everett Star Route 5, 15537	9—Stanley R. Saylor Beaver Springs Beaver Avenue, 17812
Cal G. Griffith, III . . . . . .Altoona 3614 Broad Avenue, 16601	Fred C. Noye . . . .New Bloomfield 15 West High Street, 17068
John F. George . . . .Chambersburg 1304 Scotland Avenue, 17201	Merrill W. Kerlin McConnellsburg 125 North First Street, 17233
Newton C. Taylor . . .Huntingdon Lions Back Drive, 16652	Jeffrey Cox . . . . . .Altoona 302 – 7th Avenue, Juniata, 16602
10—David B. Miller . . . . . .Scranton 600 Clay Avenue, 18510	10—George C. Williams . . .Wellsboro 68 Walnut Street, 16901
Charles J. Morell . . . . . .Dunmore 302 West Elm, 18512	Alvah Fassett . . . . . .Tunkhannock West Tioga Street, 18657
James A. Joseph East Stroudsburg R.D. 2, Box 421, 18301	W. B. VanDeusen . . . . . .Scranton 105 Mount View Way, 18508
Joseph L. Yanuzzi .South Waverly 55 Pleasant Street, 14892	Edward A. Katz . . . . .Stroudsburg 1805 Laural Street, 18360
11—T. Newell Wood . . . .Harvey Lake R.D. 2, 18618	11—Anthony Shipula . . . .Wilkes Barre 355 Phillips Street, 18702
John D. Roskos . . . . . .Kingston 621 Gibson Avenue, 18704	Ann E. Baumunk . . . . . .Shunk 17768
Forester W. Keefer Mountain Top Mountain Boulevard, 18701	Charles A. Bufalino, Jr. West Pittston 724 Second Street, 18643
12—T. T. Metzger . . . . . .Johnstown 1613 Luzerne Street, 15901	12—James F. Heilman . . . . . .Ford City 1306 Fourth Avenue, 16226
Robert A. Gleason, Jr. .Johnstown 522 Elknud Lane, 15905	James O. Whelan, Jr. . .Johnstown 1603 Debran Lane, 15905
James A. Stein . . . . . .Indiana 246 South 7th Street, 15701	Roy Ogburn . . . . . .Glencoe R.D. 1, 15543
13—Lawrence Coughlin . . . . .Villanova Post Office Box 277, 19085	13—Daniel E. Beren . . . .Meadowbrook 1765 Sharpless Road, 19046

PENNSYLVANIA (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Robert J. Hannum . . .Cheltenham 37 Dewey Road, 19012	John J. Girard, III . . .Philadelphia 261-G Shawmont Avenue, 19128
Patrick J. McGinnis, Jr. .Blue Bell 1202 Blue Bell Road, 19422	Nicholas A. Zoto . . . .Philadelphia 5555 Houghton Street, 19128
Alma R. Jacobs . . . . . .Blue Bell Barby and Holly Road, 19422	Robert M. Rothenberger Worcester Post Office Box 307, Schultz Road, 19490
14—James L. Byrnes . . . . . .Pittsburgh 508 Lenox Avenue, 15221	14—Eithne Mary Hartnett . .Pittsburgh 6211 Howe Street, 15206
Martha E. Cameron . . . .Pittsburgh 1003 Carlton House, 15219	J. Gary Lewis . . . . . .Wilkinsburg 1029 Findley Drive West, 15221
J. Evans Rose, Jr. . . . . .Pittsburgh 1035 Devon Road, 15213	Ray C. Allen . . . . . .Pittsburgh 445 South Graham Street, 15206
15—Charles D. Snelling . . . .Allentown 2949 Greenleaf Street, 18104	15—Mary Jo Bierman . . . . . .Allentown 1321 Hamilton Street, 18102
Ann L. Weinert . . . . . .Allentown 933 North 27th Street, 18104	Mildred E. Kovari . . . . . .Easton 3620 Timberlane Drive, 18042
L. Anderson Daub . . . . . .Easton R.D. 1, North Delaware Drive, 18042	Camilla M. Hummel . . . . . .Easton 1726 Lehigh Street, 18042
16—Ethel M. Zook . . . . . .Lancaster 220 Lampeter Road, 17602	16—Gordon E. Hoffman . . . . . .Akron 739 Main Street, 17501
John W. DeGroot, Jr. . .Lancaster 1547 Mission Road, 17601	Mary L. McGrann . . . . . .Lancaster 1464 New Holland Pike, 17601
William R. Smith . . . . . .Lebanon R.D. 5, Furnace Street, 17042	Harry A. Mazaheri . . . . .Lancaster 657 Mill Cross Road, 17601
17—David E. Wade . . . . . .Harrisburg 1954 Bellevue Road, 17104	17—Thomas R. Rippon . . .Mifflinburg R.D. 1, 17844
Robert M. Mumma Hummelstown R.D. 4, 17036	Robert P. Hawley . . . . .Harrisburg 538 Seneca Street, 17110
Elizabeth K. Davis . . . .Harrisburg 5513 River Road, 17110	William E. Woodside Millersburg 276 North Street, 17061
Thomas J. Twine, Jr. Williamsport 626 Campbell Street, 17701	Henry W. Lark . . . . . .Dewart R.D., 17730
18—Robert S. Speicher . . .Allison Park 9325 Highmeadow Drive, 15101	18—William B. Guffey . . . . . .Bellevue 429 Dawson Avenue, 15202
Robert N. Pierce . . . . .Edgeworth 203 Edgeworth Lane, 15143	Loraine M. Heiser . . . . .Pittsburgh 108 South Harleston Drive, 15237
Roger P. Campbell . . . . . .Bellevue 47 North Harrison Avenue, 15202	Reina B. Pope . . . . . .Mt. Lebanon 726 Kewanna Avenue, 15228

PENNSYLVANIA (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
David W. Christopher Mt. Lebanon 844 Elm Spring Road, 15228	Louella B. Ciangiarulo McKees Rocks 111 Harlem Avenue, 15136
19—Charles S. Wolf .....Mt. Wolf 189 South 8th Street, 17347	19—C. Martin Neff .....Red Lion 326 Boundary Avenue, 17356
Robert H. Long, Jr. ...Camp Hill 665 St. Johns Drive, 17011	Edward F. Hollinger ...Mt. Wolf R.D. 1, 17347
V. Anne Black .....York 1534 Hollywood Parkway, 17403	Robert L. Yohn Mt. Holly Springs 201 Oak Drive, 17065
William S. Brewer .....Carlisle 104 West South Street, 17013	Margaret M. Foran ....Camp Hill 1477 Clover Road, 17011
20—William R. Hunt ....McKeesport 2412 James Street, 15132	20—Yvonne O'Connor ....Monroeville 5 Blueberry Road, 15146
Robert F. Stokes .....Pittsburgh 4942 Parkvue Drive, 15236	Bruce Shaver.....North Versailles 408 Greensburg Pike, 15137
Peter J. Page .....Bethel Park 3480 Ashland Drive, 15241	Lee M. Zoltak ...North Braddock 1304 Kirkpatrick Avenue, 15104
21—Edward B. Byrne .....Scottsdale 117 Church Street, 15683	21—Sara S. Rugh .....Greensburg 537 Hamel Avenue, 15601
Dorothy M. Larson ....Pittsburgh 513 Veronica Drive, 15235	Vernon G. Jackson ....Pittsburgh 11979 Frankstown Road, 15235
Kathleen Hewston ....Greensburg 24 Farmbrook Drive, 15601	James T. Curran .....Pittsburgh 1022 Marathon Drive, 15235
22—George H. Stewart ...Washington 325 Donnan Avenue, 15301	22—Dan N. Altman .....Uniontown 222 Derrick Avenue, 15401
Richard S. Cowan, Jr. Waynesburg 277 Second Avenue, 15370	Robert P. VanVoorhis ..Finleyville R.D. 2, 15332
Harold V. Fergus, Jr. Washington 102 Lemoyne Avenue, 15301	Victor A. Gismondi ...Uniontown 253 North Gallatin Avenue, 15401
23—Charles N. Dodd.....Corry R.D. 2, 16407	23—Jean Bordas .....Clearfield 405½ East Market Street, 16830
Robert H. Hall.....Oil City 929 Innis Street, 16323	Mary Lou Reuscher .....St. Marys Charles Street, 15857
Lula D. Witherow...State College 348 Arbor Way, 16801	Charles P. Harvey, II ...St. Marys 1010 South Michael Road, 15857
24—R. Budd Dwyer .....Meadville R.D. 5, 16335	24—Robert W. Parker, Jr.....Erie 4185 West 38th Street, 16506
David S. Hayes.....Fairview Box 33, 16415	Pat Roberts .....Erie 241 West 21st Street, 16502
Alton A. Huntley .....Edinboro 103 West Normal, 16412	Philip S. English .....Erie 2050 South Shore Drive, 16505

PENNSYLVANIA (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
25—Helen Bauer .....Hoodstown Box 431, 15050	25—Frank T. McConnell ..New Castle R.D. 7, 16103
Donald W. Fox .....Enon Valley R.D. 1, 15001	Mollie Levenson .....Beaver Falls 1326 – 6th Avenue, 15010
Thomas R. Murray ....Zelienople 223 South Main Street, 16063	Arnold Satz .....New Castle 311 Sumner Avenue, 16101

PUERTO RICO

(Eight Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Luis A. Ferré

AT LARGE

Delegates	*Alternates*
Luis A. Ferré .....San Juan Box 6108, 00936	Mario Gaztambide .....Río Piedras 1564 Ponce de León Avenue, 00926
Jaime Pieras, Jr. .....Hato Rey Banco Popular Center, Suite 1214, 00918	Jorge F. Romany .....Guaynabo 3-AB Palma Sola Street, Garden Hills, 00657
Sararita Gallardo de González Bayamón Boulevard Arellano D-10, 00619	Amancio Arias Cestero .....Santurce Suite 1009, Banco de Ponce Bldg., 1250 Ponce de León, 00907
Mary Usera .....Guaynabo 5 Patio Hill Road, Urb Torrimar, 00657	Miguel Galib .....San Juan Calle 6, Bloque K-5, Los Caobos Urb, 00920
Patrick Wilson .....Hato Rey O'Neill & Borges, Chase Manhattan Building, 00918	Guardo Albani .....Condado 1054 Ashford Avenue, 00907
Mario F. Gaztambide, Jr. ....Hato Rey Banco Popular Center, Suite 1214, 00918	Eduardo R. Emanuelli .....San Juan Post Office Box 1968, 00903
Héctor Laffitte .....Hato Rey Suite 1217, Chase Manhattan Building, 00918	Alfonso O. Calderón .....Santurce Cond. Laurel, Apt. 9-A, 651 Roosevelt Street, 00907
Lilliana San Juan de González Guaynabo A #10 Street, Villa Caparra, 00657	José V. Usera .....Hato Rey Suite 1800 Banco Popular Center, 00918

RHODE ISLAND

(Nineteen Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Vincent A. Cianci, Jr.

DISTRICT	*Delegates*	*Alternates*
1	Vincent A. Cianci, Jr. Providence 145 Blackstone Boulevard, 02906	Donald Large .....Cumberland Howard Road, 02864
	Richard Israel .....Providence 194 Sixth Street, 02906	Eileen Gillespie Slocum ..Newport Bellevue Avenue, 02840
	June N. Gibbs .....Middletown 163 Riverview Avenue, 02840	Mary Jane Chase ..East Providence 201 Wilson Avenue, 02914
	Elinor J. Clapp .....Barrington 8 Holly Lane, 02806	Glenn E. Nippert .....Newport 71 Memorial Boulevard, 02840
	Lila M. Sapinsley .....Providence 25 Cooke Street, 02906	Antonio Vincente .....Pawtucket 24 Barnes Street, 02860
	Mary M. Nunes .....Middletown 127 West Main Road, 02840	Arnold W. Durfee West Barrington 77 Prospect Street, 02806
	Jennifer M. O'Donnell North Smithfield 11 Getchell Street, 02895	Ellen L. Madeira .....Providence 30 Orchard Avenue, 02906
	Louise S. Mauran .....Providence 14 John Street, 02906	Mary H. Jackson .....Providence 99 President Avenue, 02906
	Elwood E. Leonard, Jr. Providence 194 Arlington Avenue, 02901	Duncan Mauran .....Providence 14 John Street, 02906
	Fredrick Lippitt .....Providence 108 Prospect Street, 02906	Lester E. Hilton .....Cumberland 15 Tanglewood Drive, 02864
2	John H. Chafee .....Warwick 1128 Ives Road, 02818	Jeffrey A. Lanphear .....Cranston 15 Kensington Road, 02905
	Christopher T. Del Sesto, Jr. Cranston 71 Chiswick Road, 02905	Frank J. Calcagni .....Cranston 77 Melrose Street, 02910
	Monroe O. Knight .....Foster R.F.D. 2, 02825	John Chirichella .....Providence 137 Texas Avenue, 02904
	David B. Campbell .....Scituate Wilkinson Road, 02857	George F. Anttio .....Cranston 19 Marion Avenue, 02905
	Donald R. Bonner .....Westerly 30 Avondale Road, 02891	Carol A. Del Sesto .....Cranston 71 Chiswick Road, 02905
	Marjorie M. Schwab ..Peace Dale 94 Oakwoods Drive, 02879	Elsie Sherman .....Cranston 1139 Narragansett Boulevard, 02905
	Ida H. Cayouette ..West Warwick 70 Narragansett Avenue, 02981	John Colafrancesco ....Providence 767 Atwells Avenue, 02909
	David B. Talan .....Providence 25 Santiago Street, 02907	Steven A. Jenkins .....Smithfield Whipple Road, 02917
	Americo Campanella East Greenwich 79 Larch Road, 02818	Stephen O. Meredith ....Warwick 4565 Post Road, 02879

SOUTH CAROLINA

(Thirty-six Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: James B. Edwards

AT LARGE

Delegates	*Alternates*
Strom Thurmond .....Aiken 818 Boardman Road, 29801	Norma C. Russell .....Columbia 92 Nob Hill Road, 29210
James B. Edwards .....Columbia State House, 29201	Jesse L. Cooksey .....Spartanburg 422 Montgomery Building, 29301
Floyd D. Spence .....Lexington Box 815, 29072	George G. Graham .....Spartanburg 33 Montgomery Drive, 29302
Carroll A. Campbell, Jr. ..Fountain Inn Route 1, Fairview Road, 29644	Ann D. Edwards .....Columbia Governor's Mansion, Richland Street, 29201
Dan I. Ross .....Blackville Route 2, Box 166, 29817	Jenny C. Childs .....Chapin Route 3, Box 116-B, 29036
Raymond A. Harris .....Darlington Post Office Box 61, 29532	Archie R. Stubbs .....Greenville 405 McDonald Avenue, 29609
Beverly J. Ebner .....Charleston Apt. 202, 210 Royal Palm Boulevard, 29407	James H. DuPre .....Charleston 1271 Red Gate Road, 29412
Harry S. Dent .....West Columbia Post Office Box 175, 29169	Thomas M. Marchant, III ..Greenville Post Office Box 5656, 29606
M. Gay Suber .....Columbia 1707 Seay Court, 29206	Zilla Hinton .....Charleston 23-A Warren Street, 29403
C. Marshall Cain .....Aiken Post Office Box 939, 29801	George D. Youstra .....Greenville 205 Stadium View Drive, 29609
Neal D. Thigpen .....Florence Post Office Box 5442, 29501	Julius W. McKay .....Columbia 4203 St. Claire Drive, 29206
Constance D. Armitage ....Spartanburg 268 Connecticut Avenue, 29302	Ben E. Thrailkill, Jr. ....Murrells Inlet 105 Rum Gulley Road, Mt. Gilead, 29576
Sherry Shealy Martschink ....Charleston 1855 Ashley Hall Road, 29407	John T. Nave .....Greenwood 606 Brooklane Drive, 29646
J. Drake Edens, Jr. .....Columbia 905 Arbutus Drive, 29205	Joseph R. Bryson .....Greenville 104 Lake Crest, 29607
Weston Adams .....Columbia 1719 Heyward Street, 29205	Lillian K. Hardy .....Greenville 303 Crescent Avenue, 29605
Inez C. Eddings .....Columbia 832 Kipling Drive, 29205	Hance Finley .....Mountville Route 1, Box 224, 29370
John E. Bourne, Jr. ..North Charleston Post Office Box 5817, 29406	Ellen Liming .....Cayce 1343 "K" Avenue, 29033
C. Tucker Weston .....Columbia 1410 Barnwell, Post Office Box 706, 29202	Robert A. Kohn ....Charleston Heights 4326 Evanston Boulevard, 29405

DISTRICT

1—Ruth C. Glover .....Charleston 450 Maybank Highway, 29412	1—Martha H. Bolus .....Charleston 1834 Cornish Avenue, 29412

SOUTH CAROLINA (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Martha S. Hills .....Johns Island Route 5, Box 136, 29455	William S. Smith .....Charleston Box 345, Baptist College, 29411
W. Tate Baggett .....St. Stephen Box 307, 29479	Victoria Allen .....Hilton Head Post Office Box 5202, 29928
2—Raymond W. Sifly ...Orangeburg 453 Rutledge Avenue, N.W. 29115	2—Willie Williams .....Columbia 128 Meadow Lake Drive, 29203
Henry Taylor .....Cayce 2536 Stonehenge Drive, 29033	Jeanne Lipscomb .....Orangeburg Route 4, Box 356-S, 29115
John Courson .....Columbia 4 Sims Alley, 29205	Eunice Jane Fox .....Columbia 524 Treetop Lane, 29210
3—J. J. Janzen .....Clemson 211 Highland Drive, 29631	3—Dan A. Ray .....Seneca Post Office Box 397, 29678
J. Clyde Shirley .....Belton Blue Ridge Extension, 29627	Catherine M. Johnson ..Ninety Six Route 2, Box 16, 29666
Doris H. Jones....North Augusta 1008 Fairwood Avenue, 29841	Norman Wham .....Anderson 2500 Neville, 29621
4—Roger Milliken .....Spartanburg 627 Otis Boulevard, 29304	4—Harriet Ann Eastland...Greenville Altamont Road, Route 9, 29609
Gilbert Ralph Stenholm Greenville 211 Stadium View Drive, 29609	Anne Margaret Ebersbach Spartanburg 256-B Greengate Lane, 29304
Willie Albert Thompson Greenville 6 Dunlap Drive, 29605	John K. McCollough, Jr. Spartanburg 1017 Woodburn Road, 29302
5—Bobby E. Shelton.....Gaffney Post Office Box 994, 29340	5—W. W. Wannamaker, III ..Lugoff Post Office Box 7, 29078
Henry E. Robinson ....Rock Hill 1671 Celanese Road, 29730	Evelyn T. Upshaw .....Clover 47 Heritage Drive, 29710
Roy R. Turner .....Rock Hill 2282 Hilldale Drive, 29730	James L. Guy .....Camden 110 Union Street, 29020
6—Donald T. Ubben .....Manning Post Office Box 513, 29102	6—Rupert Kiker .....Bennettsville 12 Whitehall Place, 29512
M. Lee Blackburn .....Florence 1919 East Sandhurst Drive, 29501	Elizabeth L. Forrester Georgetown Box 162, 29440
George L. Rogers.....Dillon Post Office Drawer 967, 29536	William E. Darby...Myrtle Beach Cove Lake Drive, Green Lakes, 29577

SOUTH DAKOTA

(Twenty Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Georganne Sorenson

Note: Opposite each Delegate is shown the Alternate for that particular Delegate.

At Large

Delegates	*Alternates*
Georganne Sorenson ..... Pierre 1621 East Robinson, 57501	Helen Boyer ..... Sioux Falls 1405 South Glendale Avenue, 57105
Sylvia Conrad ..... Rapid City Route 4, Box 753A, 57701	Jack McCulloh ..... Rapid City Cleghorn Canyon, 57701
Hal G. Wick ..... Sioux Falls 2704 Wood Drive, 57101	Mike Sougstad ..... Pierre 204 West Oak, 57501
Carol Srstka ..... Pierre 507 North Grand Avenue, 57501	Del Gaines ..... Yankton 1003 East 18th, 57078
Walter D. Miller ..... New Underwood 57761	John L. Brown ..... Buffalo 57720
Tom Landers ..... Hot Springs Star Route, 57747	Howard Owens ..... Sturgis Box 686, 57785
Dorothy Stake ..... Lennox 204 Park Drive, 57039	Joanne Berg ..... Mt. Vernon 57363
Gary Enright ..... Huron Rural Route 5, Box 294, 57350	June Pluimer ..... Belle Fourche 307 – 9th, 57717
David L. Volk ..... Pierre 223 North Pierce, 57501	Tom Dempster ..... Sioux Falls 346 North Summit, 57104
Bob Johnson ..... Sioux Falls 2500 South 6th, 57105	Pat Adam ..... Pierre 215 West Broadway, 57501
Terry Sherman ..... Aberdeen 4273 Ironwood Drive, Prairiewood, 57401	John L. Olson ..... Lennox Post Office Box 378, 57039
Jean Eidy Jamison ..... Sioux Falls 2905 South Western Avenue, 57105	Harold Schuler ..... Pierre 607 North Van Buren, 57501
Lorraine Collins ..... Belle Fourche 1828 – 7th Avenue, 57717	Debbie Lincoln ..... Wolsey Rural Route 1, 57384
Mary McClure ..... Redfield 810 East 2nd, 57469	Richard H. Battey ..... Redfield 312 East 2nd, 57469

District

1—Bill Church ..... Sioux Falls 1200 South Euclid, 57101	1—Marie Bezdicek ..... Vermillion 108 Catalina, 57069
Jeff Kahler ..... Sioux Falls 539 South West, 57104	Diane Johnson ..... Aberdeen 1304 North 4th, 57401
Scott Hodges ..... Pierre 808 East Broadway, 57501	Barbara Wait ..... Brookings 521 – 17th Avenue, 57006

SOUTH DAKOTA (Continued)

Delegates

2—Gordon Pederson .....Wall
Box 217, 57790
Clint Roberts .....Presho
57568

Barbara Gunderson ....Rapid City
1317 West Boulevard, 57701

Alternates

2—Casey Miner .....Lead
Box 875, 57754
Alan Weinkauf .....Mitchell
914 University Boulevard,
57301
Donald J. Ham .....Rapid City
3728 Reder Street, 57701

TENNESSEE

(Forty-three Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: James H. Quillen

AT LARGE

Delegates

Sarah Moore Green .....Knoxville
2453 Linden Avenue, 37917
Lela Miller .....Nashville
4205 Hydes Ferry Road, 37218
Thomas L. Moore .....Knoxville
1312 McCalla Avenue, 37915
Peter Oldham .....Nashville
4390 Chickering Lane, 37215
Jane Atkins .....Humboldt
2300 Chere Carol Road, 38343
Howard H. Baker .....Huntsville
37756
William E. Brock ...Lookout Mountain
228 West Brow Oval, 37350
James H. Quillen .....Kingsport
1601 Fairidge Place, 37664
John Duncan .....Knoxville
5403 Sunset Road East, 37914
Robin Beard .....Franklin
Route 6, Carl Road, 37064
Dorothy Clawson .....Morristown
Route 2, Box 10, Buffalo Trail, 37814
Winfield Dunn .....Nashville
First American Center,
26th Floor, 37238
Jane Hardaway .....Germantown
1840 Hunters Creek Road, 38138

Alternates

Buddy Young .....Union City
1422 East High Street, 38261
Claude Swafford .....South Pittsburg
Box 189, 37380
Doran K. Small .....Memphis
1506 Birdsong Avenue, 38106
Scott Reed .....Nashville
Box 3966, Station B, 37235
Ricky Vescovo .....Memphis
5297 Collingswood, 38117
William Morris .....Jackson
37 Carlisle Drive, 38301
Pat Brock .....Chattanooga
1113 Chestnut Street, 37402
Jim Miller .....Kingsport
Post Office Drawer 769, 37662
Lois Seymour .....Knoxville
7119 Rockingham Drive, 37919
Edward E. Redditt .....Memphis
1593 South Wellington, 38106
Gaynelle Waters .....Maryville
1208 Woodlawn Drive, 37801
Jo Anne Clark .....Knoxville
4237 Holloway Drive, 37919

Deborah W. Gregory
Red Boiling Springs
Route 1, Box 54, 37150

TENNESSEE (Continued)

Delegates

Ted Welch . . . . . .Nashville
104 West Hampton, 37205

Mark C. Hicks, Jr. . . . . .Jonesboro
Post Office Box 206, 37659
Dortch Oldham . . . . . .Nashville
4390 Chickering Lane, 37215
Joe M. Rodgers . . . . . .Nashville
4605 Twinmont Court, 37215
Harold R. Sterling . . . . . .Memphis
5575 Poplar Avenue,
Suite 701, 38117
David K. Wilson . . . . . .Nashville
95 White Bridge Road, 37205

Alternates

Ernest Rees, Jr. . . . . .Fayetteville
Elk Cotton Mill,
Post Office Box 232, 37334
Jeanne Geraghty . .Signal Mountain
1115 Crown Point Road West, 37377
Norman Hildreth . . . . . .Oak Ridge
Jackson Square, 37830
T. J. Harrison, IV . . . . . .Sneedville
37869
Don Sundquist . . . . . .Memphis
3028 Emerald, 38118

J. R. Harrington . . . . . .Dandridge
Route 4, 37725

DISTRICT

1—Nellie M. McNeil . . . . .Kingsport
1204 Watauga Street, 37660
Roy S. Oakes . . . . . .Morristown
Post Office Box, 37814
Anne Fuson . . . . . .Morristown
775 Spruce Street, 37814
2—Robert R. Campbell . . . .Knoxville
5229 Hickory Hollow Road,
37919
James A. Haslam . . . . . .Knoxville
Lyons Bend Road, S.W., 37919
Robert Watson . . . . . .Knoxville
5722 Cilla Drive, 37920

3—William C. Carter, Jr.
Chattanooga
1815 Bailey Avenue, 37404
Mary Gardenhire . . . .Chattanooga
4610 Old Mission Road, 37411
Mary Katherine Liebe
Chattanooga
2602 East 37th Street, 37407
4—John Anderson . . . . . .Baxter
Route 2, 38544

John S. Fandrich, Jr. . . .Belvidere
Post Office Box 86, 37306
R. E. Poteet . . . . . .Cookeville
1525 Doris Drive, 38501

1—Jena Beth Arms . . . . .Elizabethton
Route 2, Box 274-C, 37643
Ted W. Testerman . . . . . .Bristol
1101 Indian Hill Drive, 37620
Virginia E. Sisson . . . .Morristown
Route 1, Box 7, 37814
2—Ruth Brawner . . . . . .Helenwood
Post Office Box 98, 37755

Lisa Koella . . . . . .Rockford
37853
Tom Kesterson . . . . . .Knoxville
1259 Lovell View Drive,
37922
3—Sue Robnett . . . . . .Pikeville
Route 1, 37367

David Turner . . . . . .Chattanooga
2300 Bailey Avenue, 37404
Harold Coker . . . . . .Chattanooga
5100 Brainerd Road, 37411

4—Leslie King . . . . . .Cookeville
120 South Jefferson Street,
38501
Fran Turner . . . . . .Murfreesboro
Manson Pike, 37130
John Smith . . . . . .Crossville
Professional Pharmacy, 38555

TENNESSEE (Continued)

Delegates

5—Faye Chiles .....Nashville
922 Westview Avenue, 37205
Karen Cain .....Nashville
790 Norwood Drive, 37204
Margot Cain .....Nashville
790 Norwood Drive, 37204
6—Thomas W. Beasley .....Dickson
106 Lakewood Drive, 37055
Alice W. Algood .....Columbia
804 Athenaeum Street, 38401

Joan Keith .....Memphis
5666 Normandy Road, 38117
7—E. Kenneth Baker .....Jackson
1407 North Highland, 38301
Charles E. Breeding ...Union City
Post Office Box 492, 38201
A. Carl Abbott, Jr. .....Memphis
5380 Albemarle, 38134
8—Ruth Trotter .....Memphis
3381 Walnut Grove Road,
38111
Stephanie Chivers .....Memphis
5695 Scottsdale Avenue,
38118
Frank Madlinger .....Memphis
1628 Peabody Avenue, 38104

Alternates

5—Ann Tuck .....Nashville
4403 Iroquois Avenue, 37205
Mimi Gaines .....Nashville
869 Stirrup Drive, 37221
Margaret Martin .....Nashville
825 Kendall Drive, 37209
6—Cliff Frensley .....Franklin
Post Office Box 701, 37064
Carolyn Gates .....Germantown
2238 Peter Mitchell Road,
38138
Earl Brewer .....Waynesboro
Post Office Box 423, 38485
7—Eleanor Rooks .....Brownsville
115 Rooks Drive, 38012
James L. Exum .....Jackson
Post Office Box 1543, 38301
Jere Griggs .....Humboldt
111 Woodland Drive, 38343
8—Clay Robertson .....Memphis
628 North Trezevant, 38112

Adair Schippers .....Memphis
4884 Marlin Cove, 38117

Brucie Postell .....Memphis
810 Stonewall Street, 38107

TEXAS

(One hundred Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Ray Barnhart

At Large

Delegates

Ron Paul .....Lake Jackson
101 Blossom, 77566
Fran Chiles .....Fort Worth
1300 Shady Oaks Lane, 76107
Michael Halbouty .....Houston
3630 Willowick Drive, 77019
J. Evetts Haley .....Canyon
Box 390, 79015

Alternates

Deane H. Stoltz .....Midland
2102 North "L," 79701
N. Bruce Calder .....Dallas
4800 Park Lane, 75220
J. R. "Butch" Butler .....Houston
3435 Westheimer, 77027
John S. Howell .....Fort Worth
3479 West Vickery, 76107

TEXAS (Continued)

DISTRICT

Delegates	*Alternates*
1—Lila Lee Rehkop .....Athens Box 1288, 75751	1—William A. (Bill) Osborn Daingerfield Post Office Box 733, 75638
Jesse W. Brookshire....Texarkana Box 5765, 75501	Joe Paul Thornton ..Wake Village 725 Johnson Avenue, 75501
Clyde Lowe.....Reklaw Route 1, 75784	Michael P. Ellis .....Daingerfield 116 Katherine, 75638
Walter Judge.....Mineola Route 2, Box 109, 75773	Olin Joffrion, Sr. .....Carthage 501 North St. Mary Street, 75633
2—John J. Naugle .....Conroe 58 Savannah Park, 77301	2—Arthur Truitt .....Hemphill Box 695, 75948
James C. Lowe .....Magnolia 29903 Huffsmith Conroe Road, 77355	Van Bush .....Lufkin 400 Rosebrook, 75901
Betty Jo "B.J." Tucker Beaumont Route 1, Box 206-B, 77706	Jeanie Turk .....Beaumont Route 1, Box 206-C, 77706
W. D. Lowery .....Bedias Post Office Box 636, 77831	Bob Deniger .....Huntsville Post Office Box 1442, 77340
3—John Leedom .....Dallas 11012 Westmere, 75230	3—Nathan E. White, Jr. .....Plano 2700 Arborcove Drive, 75075
Barbara Staff.....Dallas 3816 Calculus, 75234	Lauren D. Hobbs .....Dallas 9643 Broken Bow, 75238
Iris Snell .....Dallas 9611 Broken Bow, 75238	Virginia S. Steenson ...Richardson 602 Vernet Street, 75080
Richard Reynolds .....Richardson 427 Fall Creek, 75080	Robert W. (Bobby) Hagerman Dallas 3600 University Boulevard, 75205
4—Jim Glasgow .....Rockwall 3401 Augusta Lane, 75087	4—Robert M. Anderson ...McKinney Box 95, 75069
James N. Horn .....Denton 1806 Southridge, 76201	George J. Sheffler .....Commerce Box 3305 ETS, 75428
T. Grady Baskin, Jr. .....Tyler 3707 Lexington, 75701	Betty Anderson .....Terrell 400 Westview, Apt. 1-C, 75160
Harry M. Shytles, Jr. ....Sherman 1016 Crestview, 75090	Gene W. Hightower .....Van Route 1, Box 204, 75790
5—Ross Brannian .....Dallas Box 45011, 75245	5—Jim Bernhagen.....Mesquite Route 1, Box 100, 75181
Jean Sommerfield .....Garland 1413 Surrey Court, 75043	Carlota Phillips .....Dallas 9866 Kingsman, 75228
Beth T. Miller .....Dallas 1222 Commerce Street, #1512, 75202	Barbara Carter .....Mesquite 2859 Live Oak Drive, 75150
Clelon Houpt.....Mesquite 2317 Stafford Lane, 75149	Sherry Allen .....Dallas 2605 Beechmont Drive, 75228

TEXAS (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
6—Betty Andujar .....Fort Worth 2951 Benbrook Boulevard, 76109	6—Dorothy Smith.....Fort Worth 3579 Norfolk Road, 76109
Dillard Radke.....Dallas 3511 South Hampton Road, 75224	Irene Cash .....Dallas 3067 South Westmoreland, #1009, 75233
Anna Mowery .....Fort Worth 4108 Hildring Drive West, 76109	Sidney Young .....Bryan 1103 Esther Boulevard, 77801
Shirley Black .....College Station 1003 Rose Circle, 77840	David A. Williams ...Fort Worth 3500 Kent Street, Apt. 5, 76109
7—Walter Mengden .....Houston 3730 Willowick, 77019	7—Billie Whitefield .....Houston 1434 Martin Drive, 77018
Jacquelyn Till .....Houston 5907 High Star, 77081	George Strake, Jr. .....Houston 5684 Shady River, 77056
Ruth McGuckin .....Houston 1605 Huge Oaks, 77055	Carol E. Belton .....Houston 5411 Pebble Springs Drive, 77066
James E. Lyon .....Houston 1908 River Oaks Boulevard, 77019	Charles A. Alcorn.....Houston 14822 Carolcrest, 77079
8—Fred E. Gray .....Pasadena 1107 West Thomas, 77506	8—Isabelle Gray .....Pasadena 1107 West Thomas, 77506
Clymer Wright, Jr. .....Houston 6038 Darkwood, 77088	Guy Paul Jacks.....Houston 807 Hill Road, 77037
Robert Pigg .....Houston 1219 Lindfield Lane, 77073	James L. Johnson .....Houston 2006 Bunzel, 77088
George W. Curtis .....Baytown 4902 Burning Tree Drive, 77521	Fred O. Sims, Jr.....Baytown 4300 Queenswood, 77521
9—C. R. "Chick" Dollinger, Jr. Beaumont 630 – 22nd Street, 77706	9—Wilda Lindstrom ....Channelview 528 Sheldon Road, 77530
Carl Wallrath .....Port Arthur 3100 North Park, 77640	Jack Taylor .....Port Arthur 3628 Drexel, 77640
Paul J. Cunningham ...Galveston 5101 Denver Drive, 77550	Norman C. Tolpa .....Beaumont 1535 Driskill, 77706
Nancy Canion .....League City 1016 Shadow Circle, 77573	Rex G. McDonnell, Jr. League City 1801 Claiborne, 77573
10—R. Miller Hicks.....Austin Seven Niles Road, 78703	10—Lester Van Pelt, III .....Austin 2323 San Antonio, Box 2013 North, 78705
Rhoda Benson .....Austin 2904 Greenlee, 78703	Kay Danks.....Austin 7200 West Rim, 78731

TEXAS (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
W. St. John Garwood .....Austin 1802 San Gabriel, 78701	Robert A. Rowland .....Austin 2312 Woodlawn Boulevard, 78703
Sue Briscoe .....Eagle Lake 708 McCarty, 77434	Joye Boggs Flanagan .....Austin 3914 Sierra Drive, 78731
11—Bette MacRae .....Waco 2800 Braemar, 76710	11—Dorothy Wood .....Waco 2212 Rosewood Drive, 76710
Jimmie Angel .....Waco 3208 Eldon Lane, 76710	Dorothy F. Crockett ..Marble Falls Drawer K, 78654
H. Herbert Hahn .....Temple 4013 Wendy Oaks, 76501	Edward E. Palmer ..Copperas Cove Post Office Box P, 76522
Weldon Walker .....Waco Box 7455, 76710	Alta Ada Schoner ....Brownwood Howard Payne University, 76801
12—Pat Jacobson .....Fort Worth 5113 Jennings Drive, 76118	12—Allan Kempe, Jr. .....Grapevine 2116 Lake Crest Drive, 76051
James S. Garvey .....Fort Worth 417 Rivercrest Drive, 76107	Helen Fitzgerald .....Fort Worth 109 Westview, 76107
Dru Sheldon .....Grapevine Post Office Box 26, 76051	Gwendolyn C. Morrison Fort Worth 2752 Lucas Place, #2146, 76119
Alan Hamm .....Bedford 408 Woodbriar Court, 76021	Del Barron .....Fort Worth 7212 Evergreen Road, 76118
13—Joe B. Curtis .....Pampa Box 1800, 79065	13—Bobbie Nisbet .....Pampa 1206 North Russell Street, 79065
Ila Jo Hart .....Gruver 807 Chuck Street, 79040	Kathryn McDaniel .....Borger Post Office Box 270, 79007
John Mark Gallaway Wichita Falls 3501 Wagon Wheel Circle, 76310	Robert E. Jones .....Childress Box 832, 79201
James E. Brandon .....Amarillo 3001 Teckla, 79106	Nadine Gregg .....Amarillo 2617 Mockingbird Lane, 79109
14—Dale Olson .....Corpus Christi 3926 Panama, 78415	14—Clifton L. Speer, Sr. Corpus Christi 325 Aberdeen, 78412
Richard Moore ....Corpus Christi 210 Naples, 78404	George L. Andrews .....Portland Post Office Box 471, 78374
Donald Truman .....Victoria 13 Jade Drive, 77901	Merle (Tom) Carlson ....Wharton 321 Circle Drive, 77488
Sylvia Berry .....Rockport 11 Finis Terre, 78382	Demarious K. Frey Corpus Christi 118 Southern Street, 78404
15—Bill Scurlock .....McAllen 1700 Westway, 78501	15—T. R. Jones .....Harlingen Post Office Box 1006, 78550

TEXAS (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Frank Boggus .....Harlingen 315 East Washington, 78550	Martha Alworth .....Kingsville 732 Santa Clara, 78363
John Welty .....Harlingen 1604 Ed Carey, 78550	Wanda Jones .....Alamo Post Office Box 731, 78516
Darrell L. Hemphill ..Brownsville 175 Robins Lane, 78520	Linda D. Montemayor Brownsville Route 3, Box 862, 78521
16—Frank W. Gorman, Jr. ...El Paso 910 Cincinnati, 79902	16—Don R. Williams .....Odessa 1706 Dotsy Avenue, 79763
William B. "Dubb" Duff ..Odessa 1504 Idlewood, 79761	Anthony T. Mercurio .....El Paso 8701 Turrentine, 79925
Sharon Carr .....El Paso 5215 Santa Elena, 79932	Charlie H. Gibson .....El Paso 801 North Stanton, 79902
J. Alfred Roosevelt .....Marfa Post Office Box F, 79843	Bette D. Hervey .....El Paso 3920 Hillcrest Drive, 79902
17—W. J. Sheppard .....Big Spring 1417 Wood, 79720	17—Dorothy H. Hall .....Big Spring 407 Hillside, 79720
J. Marcus Anderson .....Abilene Post Office Box 353, 79604	Clyde N. Morgan .....Abilene 1166 Merchant Street, 79601
James D. Webster .....Abilene 1101 North 19th, 79601	Winston Wrinkle .....Big Spring 2919 MacAuslan, 79720
Al V. Scott .....Abilene 105 Hedges Road, 79605	Mark E. Jones .....Graham Box 697, 76046
18—Jerry E. Smith .....Houston Post Office Box 13608, 77019	18—Roy L. Ion .....Houston 3902 Roseland, 77006
Penelope L. Horton .....Houston 1805 Harold, 77098	Ann Striegler .....Houston 2011 Commonwealth, 77006
David L. Keller .....Houston 3603 Songwood, 77023	Maxine Shaver .....Houston 1805 Morse, 77019
O. J. Striegler .....Houston 2011 Commonwealth, 77006	Mary Lou Brooks .....Houston 1109 Rosine, 77019
19—Ernest Angelo, Jr. .....Midland 3106 Stanolind, 79701	19—John Skaggs .....Plainview 1407 Ennis, 79072
Mel Monte .....Lubbock 6107 Lynnhaven Drive, 79413	James W. Evans .....Brownfield Post Office Box 3, 79316
Robert L. Monaghan ....Midland 2007 Country Club Drive, 79701	John M. Ryan .....Lubbock 3206 – 56th Street, 79413
Barbara Culver .....Midland 1007 Neely, 79701	Jack Markham .....Lubbock 4702 – 21st Street, 79401
20—Walter W. McAllister, Sr. San Antonio 103 Bushnell Place, 78212	20—Joe V. Alvarez .....San Antonio 124 Halliday Avenue, 78210
Van H. Archer, Jr. ..San Antonio 218 West Lynwood, 78212	Elsie L. Franson .....San Antonio 545 East Mitchell, 78210
Mary Jackson .....San Antonio 123 Brackenridge, 78209	Gladys K. Hamilton .San Antonio 538 Kings Court, 78212

TEXAS (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Sue Heacock .....San Antonio 900 Burr Road, 78209	Jean Bensmiller .....San Antonio 1810 Montview Drive, 78213
21—Philip R. "Phil" Pyndus San Antonio 4123 High Sierra, 78228 Dorothy Doehne .....San Antonio 110 Anne Lewis, 78216 Arthur A. Seeligson, Jr. San Antonio 711 Grandview, 78209 Helene Randolph Moore New Braunfels 810 Oak Lane, 78130	21—Willard King .....San Antonio 227 Pinewood Lane, 78216 Wylie O. Webb.....San Angelo 1826 Woodlawn, 76901 Elizabeth J. Rohn .....Kerrville 561 Cardinal Drive, 78028 J. Ken Dixon .....Llano 438 East Lakeshore Drive, Click Route, 78643
22—Ray Barnhart .....Pasadena 1005 Dusky Rose, 77502 Marguerite Binkley.....Houston 6523 Buffalo Speedway, 77005 John Edwin Dewey ..Lake Jackson 103 Parking Way, 77566 Randy Brown .....Houston 3028 University Boulevard, 77005	22—Nancy Boggs .....Pasadena 2611 Revere, 77502 Hugh N. Brantley .....Houston 8647 Dover, 77061 Dorothy Hudson .....Seabrook 127 Driftwood, 77586 W. Russell Pryor .....Houston 3702 Woodvalley, 77025
23—Thomas R. Callison ..San Antonio 5614 Crater Lake, 78244 Annette Matthews .....Luling 721 Davis Street, 78648 Marilyn Brien .....San Antonio 5578 Crystal Valley, 78242 Lorene Lyles .....San Antonio 2530 Harry Wurzbach, 6-R, 78209	23—Bonnie B. Sunvison ..San Antonio 142 Harcourt, 78223 Eddy Mae Mosby ....San Antonio 4922 Stoneleigh, 78220 Marion W. Young .....Beeville Post Office Box 1118, 78102 Wanda Roe.....Jourdanton Post Office Box 801, 78026
24—Jane Burgland.....Arlington 3700 Shady Valley Drive, 76013 Paul Laird.....Irving 1607 Live Oak Drive, 75061 Nancy Johnson .....Arlington 2404 Greenway, 76010 Ted Martin.....Dallas 1015 Cliffdale, 75211	24—Leo Berman .....Arlington 1711 Astro Court, 76012 Jane T. (Jan) Sutton Grand Prairie 1601 Paris Drive, 75050 James Cribbs .....Arlington 2401 Park Row, 76013 George W. Bauman, Jr. ...Irving 1905 Green Oaks Drive, 75061

UTAH

(Twenty Delegates)

Co-Chairmen of Delegation: Richard Richards, Douglas G. Bischoff

At Large

Delegates

Allan M. Acomb .....Salt Lake City
4820 Three Fountains Drive, # 174, 84107

Cynthia M. Farr .....Logan
954 North 600 East, #24, 84321

Doug Foxley .....Tremonton
240 South 1st West, 84337

Alberta J. Gibbons .....Blanding
639 West 100 South, 84511

Rob Hemingway .....Salt Lake City
3043 South 2300 East, 84109

J. Stephen Larsen .....Ogden
2380 Madison Avenue, 84401

C. E. Peterson .....Provo
2737 Edgewood, 84601

Georgia B. Peterson .....Salt Lake City
6417 Highland Drive, 84121

Chere Romney .....Salt Lake City
1389 Wilton Way, 84108

Del Rowe .....Bountiful
620 Pheasant, 84010

Dorothy U. Smith .....Salt Lake City
1250 East South Temple, 84102

William A. Stevenson ...Salt Lake City
5660 South 1740 East, 84121

Robert B. Sykes .....Salt Lake City
8 Hillside Avenue, #604, 84103

Doris Wilson .....Bountiful
1220 East Center, 84010

Alternates

B. Thomas Colemere ....Salt Lake City
1322 South 1400 East, 84105

Steve Cramer .....St. George
127 East 650 South, 84770

Laura Ferguson .....Salt Lake City
1743 Princeton Avenue, 84108

Lee Jolley .....Salt Lake City
4766 Fortuna Way, 84117

Keith W. Joseph .....Salt Lake City
3230 South 1775 East, 84106

Bernard S. Labbe .....Layton
1208 North 300 East, 84041

Nancy G. Montgomery .....Orem
1681 South 350 West, 84057

Lorin N. Pace .....Salt Lake City
2386 Olympic Drive, 84117

Dwight A. Peterson .....Logan
169 East 100 North, Apt. F, 84321

Ruby J. Price .....Layton
933 Gentile, 84041

Byron R. Rampton .....Bountiful
116 Tartarian Circle, 84010

Hardy Redd .....La Sal
84530

Franklin D. Richards ....Salt Lake City
918 East 2nd South, Apt. 3, 84102

Paul C. Walgren .....American Fork
625 East 300 North, 84003

District

1—Alex P. Hurtado .....Ogden
1461 Kingston, 84403

Richard Richards .....Ogden
2506 Madison Avenue, 84401

Ernest L. Wilkinson .....Provo
BYU, 130 Faculty Office Building, 84601

2—W. Cleon Skousen
Salt Lake City
2197 Berkeley Street, 84109

1—Dorothy C. Clark .....Provo
1075 East Elm Avenue, 84601

Hoyt F. Kelley .....Providence
60 North 4th East, 84332

Dorothy E. Littrell .....Ogden
4013 Lakeview Drive, 84403

2—Merrill A. Cook ....Salt Lake City
2989 Sherwood Drive, 84108

UTAH (Continued)

Delegates

Ellis R. Ivory.....Salt Lake City
1737 Millcreek Circle, 84106

Douglas G. Bischoff
Salt Lake City
3838 Ruth Drive, 84117

Alternates

Clair R. Hopkins, Jr.
Salt Lake City
2548 Pasadena Street, 84109

Ray L. White .....Salt Lake City
3903 Market Street, 84119

VERMONT

(Eighteen Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Walter L. Kennedy

AT LARGE

Delegates

James M. Jeffords .....Rutland
8 Kingsley Avenue, 05701

Richard C. Thomas.....Montpelier
1 Greenock Avenue, 05602

John K. Wu .....Ludlow
48 Andover Street, 05149

Walter L. Kennedy.....Chelsea
Post Office Box 158, 05038

John S. Burgess .....Brattleboro
50 Western Avenue, 05301

William T. Doyle.....Montpelier
Murray Road, 05602

Frank G. Mahady .....Hartford
Box 71, 05047

John B. Seward .....East Wallingford
R.F.D., 05742

Richard J. Burke .....Vergennes
Maple Street Extension, 05487

Carolyn Miller .....Norwich
Box 337, 05055

Norman B. Chase.....Brattleboro
Brookside, 05301

Gordon Knox, Jr. .....Montpelier
27 Loomis Street, 05301

E. J. Noble Smith .....Rutland
Pond Meadows Apartments, 05701

Craig S. Hilliard .....Springfield
2 Brierbrook Lane, 05156

Norma L. Bottaro .....Barre
14 Spring Street, 05641

Alternates

Clifford B. Harwood .Manchester Center
05255

Constance Johnson .....Barre
18 Bridgeman Street, 05641

Anne Hudson.....St. Albans
R.F.D. 3, 05478

Bruce Graham .....Morristown
05661

Jane Zurn .....East Fairfield
05448

Pamela J. Caldwell .....St. Albans
54 Bank Street, 05478

Donald L. Griffes.....East Charleston
05833

Beulah Griffes .....East Charleston
05833

Frederick P. Smith .....Burlington
195 South Willard Street, 05401

James S. Brock .....Montpelier
9 Jordan Street, 05602

Rose J. Forgione .....Williston
Box 83, 05495

Karl R. Zurn.....East Fairfield
05448

Mildred Small .....Quechee
Box 136, 05059

Sharon L. Griffes .....East Charleston
05833

Robert E. Graf.....Pawlet
05761

VERMONT (Continued)

AT LARGE DISTRICT

Delegates	*Alternates*
Robert J. Adsit, Jr. .....Burlington 695 South Prospect Street, 05401	Sherri Mahady .....Hartford Box 71, 05047
Duane Goddard .....Fair Haven 5 Lewis Lane, 05743	Richard H. Wadhams .Underhill Center Box 34, 05490
Wilbur F. Eastman, Jr. .....Groton R.F.D. 1, 05046	Benjamin Gould .....Vergennes 179 Main Street, 05491

VIRGINIA

(Fifty-one Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Mills E. Godwin, Jr.

AT LARGE

Delegates	*Alternates*
Mills E. Godwin, Jr. .....Richmond State Capitol, 23219	Felton Graham .....Gloucester Box 817, 23061
John Dalton .....Richmond State Capitol, 23219	Joe Ragan .....Springfield 8608 Rolling Road, 22153
George H. McMath .....Onley Post Office Box 124, 23418	Gilbert Miles .....Glen Allen Post Office Box 1051, 23060
William L. Scott .....Fairfax 3930 West Ox Road, 22030	Brad Cavedo .....Richmond 303 Roslyn Road, 23226
William H. Stanhagen ....Falls Church 6633 Arlington Boulevard, 22042	Wada Keller .....Charlottesville 1608 Keith Valley Road, 22901
Virginia Lampe .....Arlington 2914 North Greencastle Street, 22207	Daria Novak .....Alexandria 9015 Greylock Street, 22308
Jade C. West .....Arlington 912 North Lebanon Street, 22205	David Swoap .....Alexandria 2908 Mayer Place, 22302
David Robertson .....Richmond 4612 Archer Road, 23235	Kathy Royce .....Arlington 4201 South 31st Street, 22306
Harold Williams .....Newport News 813 Riverside Drive, 23606	DeRonda Hudgins .....Newport News 52 Settlers Road, 23606
Peggy Abel .....Bon Air 1016 Chumley Road, 23451	Robert Clifford .....Williamsburg 109 Shellbank Drive, 23185
Dorothy Meldrum .....Bon Air 8341 Greenock Drive, 23235	William S. Jeter .....Dinwiddie Route 1, Box 94, 23841
Calvin Smith .....Portsmouth 1511 Carson Crescent East, 23701	Jared Scripture .....Bayse Post Office Box 1, 22810
Ray W. Edwards .....Collinsville 109 Plantation Drive, 24078	Raul Du Breuil .....Norfolk 1629 Parkview Avenue, 23503
Raymond R. Robrecht .....Roanoke 5041 Balsam Drive, S.W., 24018	Nannie Keith .....Christiansburg 446 Dupot Street, 24073

VIRGINIA (Continued)

Delegates

Bonnie L. Paul .....Harrisonburg
504 South Mason Street, 22801
John D. Marsh .....Gainesville
6305 Catharpin Road, 22065
William Ward Teel.....Christiansburg
Post Office Box 509, 24703
Nathan Miller .....Bridgewater
Route 2, 22812
Vance Wilkins .....Amherst
Route 1, 24521

Marie Quinn .....Bon Air
1750 Rockcrest Road, 23235
Boyd Marcus .....Richmond
9204A Sir Walter Drive, 23229

Alternates

Millie Victor .....Galax
204 Burwell Street, 24333
Rayford Harris .....Richmond
2113 Fendale Avenue, 23222
Stephen Lindstrom .....Norfolk
514 Boissevain, 23507
Earl H. McClenny .....Lawrenceville
Forest Hill, Box 87, 23868
Frances Garland .....Roanoke
1345 Lakewood Avenue, S.W.,
24015
Leonidas T. Delyannis .....Arlington
4620 Lee Highway, 22207
Lee Eddy .....Roanoke
2211 Pommel Drive, S.W., 24018

DISTRICT

1—Carl P. Croasdale ....White Stone
Box 280-B, 22578
Herman King.....Newport News
647 Daniel Drive, 23601
B. H. Elliott, Jr. .....Exmore
Box 558, 23350
2—A. Joseph Canada, Jr.
Virginia Beach
7604 Ocean Front, 23451
Robert G. Doumar .....Norfolk
1400 Armistead Bridge Road,
23507
Paul D. Johnson .....Norfolk
518 Warren Crescent, 23507
3—George Wilson Jones
Bon Air (Chesterfield)
8821 Rockdale Road, 23235
Richard Dudley Obenshain
Richmond
5505 Toddsbury Road, 23226
Earl Edgar Patterson ...Richmond
8318 Whitewood Road, 23235

4—Willard O. Forbes ....Portsmouth
2931 Sterling Point Drive,
23703
James A. Roy .....Chesapeake
720 Schoolhouse Road, 23320

1—J. H. Johnson .....West Point
Second Street, 23181
James W. Harper, Sr. .....Callao
Box 106, 22435
Melvin Lewis .....Accomac
23101
2—Knox R. Burchett .Virginia Beach
1412 Dunstan Lane, 23455

John E. Cousins ...Virginia Beach
4160 Hermitage Road, 23455

Dorothy F. Lippencott....Norfolk
5404 Studley Avenue, 23505
3—Mary Kathryn Mitchell
Bon Air (Chesterfield)
10531 Jason Road, 23235
James Stuart Gilmore, III
Richmond (Henrico)
9004 Greenford Drive, 23229
William Smith Proctor, Jr.
Richmond (Henrico)
10 Country Squire Lane, 23229
4—R. McIlwaine Keever, Jr.
Portsmouth
4505 Norman Road, 23703
Paul A. Nelson .....Chesapeake
4049 Belvedere Drive, 23321

VIRGINIA (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Sterling Rives, Jr. . . . . .Petersburg 420 North Park Drive, 23803	Clayton L. Terretta . . . . .Hopewell 3002 Luck Lane, 23860
5—Gail Bengston . . . . . .Danville 284 West Main, 24541	5—James C. Curling . . . . .Lynchburg 1210 Cedar Hill Drive, 24502
James M. Helms, Jr. . . .Farmville 412 – 4th Avenue, 23901	Debra Renee Trent . . . .Chase City Post Office Box 273, 23924
Judy Peachee . . . . . .Bon Air 9707 Goodward Terrace, 23235	David Melesco . . . . .Rocky Mount 133 Claiborne, 24151
6—Ray L. Garland . . . . . .Roanoke 3752 Sunrise Street, N.W., 24012	6—Kenneth W. Lussen . . . . .Roanoke 2692 Willowlawn Street, S.W., 24018
Lois Kindt . . . . . .Waynesboro 1709 Lyndhurst Road, 22980	Stewart Sherwood . . . . . .Millboro River Uplands Farms, 24460
Flo Traywick . . . . . .Lynchburg 3128 Rivermont Avenue, 24503	H. V. Traywick . . . . . .Lynchburg 3128 Rivermont Avenue, 24503
7—Alfred B. Cramer, III . . .Culpeper Post Office Box 69, 22701	7—Susan Mote . . . . . .Winchester 100 North Avenue, 22601
Grant Rush . . . . . .McGaheysville Box 82, 22840	Joseph Towle . . . . . .Charlottesville 1715 Meadowbrook Heights Road, 22901
Gordon Lawhorn . . .Mechanicsville 6325 Chamberlayne Road, 23111	Henry L. Stafford . . . .Spotsylvania Route 4, Box 590, 22553
8—Stanford E. Parris . .Fairfax Station 7609 Manor House Drive, 22030	8—Madge Taylor . . . . . .Alexandria 2208 Minor Street, 22302
Wiley F. Mitchell, Jr. . .Alexandria 511 Canterbury Lane, 22314	James Dillard . . . . . .Annandale 4709 Briar Patch Lane, 22003
Jelks H. Cabaniss, Jr. . .Alexandria 804 Prince Street, 22314	Jerry W. Norton . . . . . .Annandale 7520 Allman Drive, 22003
9—Eliza Sprinkle . . . . . .Bristol Route 5, 24201	9—William Hobart Robinson .Bristol 325 Springlake Road, 24201
James E. Crockett . . . .Wytheville 360 East North Street, 24382	John R. Davis . . . . . .Raven Route 1, 24639
Teddy Bailey . . . . . .Clintwood Post Office Box 186, 24228	Henry S. Darnell . . . . .Weber City Post Office Box 191, 24251
10—Naomi D. Zeavin . . . .Falls Church 3424 Greentree Drive, 22041	10—John S. Buckley . . . . . .Vienna 108 St. Andrews Drive, 22180
Herbert N. Morgan . . . .Arlington 4736 North 32nd Street North, 22207	Morton C. Blackwell . . .Arlington 3128 North 17th Street, 22201
Cassandra Riley . . . . . .Leesburg 9 Bradfield Drive, 22075	Carlyle V. Stewart, Jr. . .Arlington 2111 Jefferson Davis Highway, 22202

VIRGIN ISLANDS

(Four Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Melvin H. Evans

AT LARGE

Delegates	*Alternates*
Melvin H. Evans .....St. Croix Post Office Box E, Christiansted, 00820	Viola (Joan) Burgess .....St. Croix Post Office Box 2512, Christiansted, 00820
Raymond J. Smith .....St. Thomas Post Office Box 1521, 00801	Frances Burgess .....St. Thomas 230-A Bournefield, 00801
Luther Benjamin .....St. Thomas Box 1514, 00801	Athniel C. Ottley .....New York c/o Bell Stanton, Inc., 909 Third Avenue, 10022
Philip Clark .....St. Croix Box 788, Christiansted, 00820	Clemente Cintron, Jr. .....St. Croix Post Office Box 85, Christiansted, 00820

WASHINGTON

(Thirty-eight Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Warren McPherson

Note: Opposite each Delegate is shown the Alternate for that particular Delegate.

AT LARGE

Delegates	*Alternates*
Russell A. Austin, Jr. .....Seattle Pacific Building, 3rd and Columbia, 98104	Jeanne Masters .....Kent 20038 – 68th Street South, 98031
Frank Berry .....Spanaway 121 South 184th Street, 98287	Warren Dvorak .....Tacoma 7425 Ruby Drive, S.W., 98498
Darlene Bothell .....Federal Way 3120 S.W. 319th Place, 98002	James Kuehnle .....Spokane North 111 Vista Road, 99206
Wayne Daniels .....Seattle 200 Securities Building, 98101	Roger Dorstad .....Redmond 17002 N.E. 88th, 98052
Richard A. Derham .....Seattle 524 West Comstock, 98119	John L. Torphy .....Seattle 3045 Perkins Lane West, 98199
Dennis Dunn .....Seattle 4130 Arcade Building, 98101	Ross E. Davis .....Federal Way 29401 – 9th Place South, 98003
Dale Duvall .....Spokane West 20 Sumner, 99204	Jack Hern .....Spokane South 2607 Denver, 99203
Richard Hastings .....Pasco 1807 West Jay, 99301	Bernice Bippes .....Tekoa Box 161, 99033
Betty Henneman .....Oroville Route 1, Box 316, 98844	Kenneth A. Rogstad .....Seattle 11337 Durland, N.E., 98155

WASHINGTON (Continued)

Delegates

George Hood .....Mercer Island
4205 – 93rd, S.E., 98040
Warren McPherson .....Seattle
168 Western Avenue West, 98119
Sharon Merryfield .....Kirkland
14503 – 129th Street, N.E., 98033
James S. Munn .....Seattle
Pacific Building, 3rd and
Columbia, 98104
Garrett Pagon .....Snohomish
16020 Old Monroe Highway, 98290
Eric Rohrbach .....Bellevue
1601 – 114th Street, S.E., 98004
Richard Sanders .....Seattle
224 Dexter North, 98101
Earl Tilly .....Wenatchee
1509 Jefferson, 98801

Alternates

Con Butenko .....Kent
14234 S.E. 216th, 98031
Gerry Drumheller .....Seattle
1003 North 50th Street, 98103
Gerald Douglas Miller .....Seattle
24 West Lee, 98119
Robert Gambriel .....Soap Lake
Lake Shore Drive, 98851

Vernon Briggs .....Olympia
Post Office Box 2447, 98501
Cliff Johnston .....Seattle
2226 – 3rd Avenue, 98121
Frances Mosley .....Seattle
6901 – 37th Street, S.W., 98126
Hank Crowley .....Ellensburg
500 North Ruby, 98926

DISTRICT

1—Alex Adair .....Seattle
817 N.E. 91st Street, 98115
Edsel Hammond .....Seattle
18541 Burke Avenue North,
98133
Howard B. Woody .....Seattle
4520 N.E. 38th Street, 98105

2—Shirley Miller .....Lynnwood
7320 – 198th Street, S.W.,
98036
Mark Nelson .....Bellingham
2921 Sunset Place, 98225
Noreen Thomas .....Edmonds
12525 Maplewood, 98020
3—Charles Buck .....Longview
3957 Columbia Heights Road,
98632
Nanci Eldridge .....Olympia
520 East 17th, 98501
Virgil R. Lee .....Chehalis
145 N.E. Hillside Drive, 98532
4—Shirley McCoy .....Wenatchee
1136 Appleland Drive, 98801
Naida Pithoud .....Vancouver
3720 East Mill Plain
Boulevard, 98661

1—Mary Kay Whisler .....Seattle
4535 – 18th Street, N.E., 98105
Kay Regan .....Seattle
3542 N.E. 94th Street, 98115

Evelyn O'Kert .....Seattle
7503 – 22nd Street, N.W.,
98177
2—Ray Houchen .....Camano Island
Flying Dutchman Farm, 98292

Donald G. Hansey ....Bellingham
1551 Lakewood Lane, 98225
Don Top .....Everett
2 West Casino Road, 98204
3—Donald Fullmer .....Montesano
Post Office Box 611, 98563

Evelyn Tinkham ....Port Angeles
Route 3, Box 352, 98362
Robert W. Morse .....Olympia
1720 Camden Drive, 98503
4—Gary M. Olson ..North Bonneville
Box 9/R, 98639
Shirley Hankins .....Richland
515 Saint Boulevard, 99352

WASHINGTON (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Betty Storslee .....Sunnyside Box 636, 98944	Vera Jo MacCready .....Prosser 1056 Parker Court, 99350
5—Comil Padayao .....Spokane West 1226 – 5th, 99204	5—Sheldon L. Nicolaysen....Spokane Route 2, Box 132, 99207
R. M. Bond .....Spokane North 411 Havana Street, 99202	Arlene Lonneker.....Walla Walla 610 South Palouse, 99362
Don Peters .....Spokane 508 Peyton Building, 99201	Helen Davis .....Spokane East 11021 – 30th, 99206
6—Ron Secreto .....Puyallup 9002 –67th Avenue, Court E, 98371	6—Joseph Martinez .....Federal Way 26105 South 310th, 98003
Beverly Vozenilek .....Tacoma 6847 Topaz Drive, S.W., 98498	Thomas Brooks .....Silverdale Post Office Box 758, 98383
John Prins, Jr. .....Tacoma 101 Security Building, 98402	Inez Jones .....Tacoma 213 Security Building, 98402
7—John Geiger .....Seattle 6927 – 55th South, 98118	7—Elizabeth Marcoe .....Seattle 5953 –45th Street, S.W., 98136
Jeanne Moeller .....Seattle 21215 – 45th Place South, 98148	Robert R. Downing .....Seattle 14605 – 25th Street, S.W., 98166
Linda Morrisey .....Seattle 4130 Arcade Building, 98101	David M. Hanthorn Mercer Island 8431 S.E. 39th, 98040

WEST VIRGINIA

(Twenty-eight Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Arch A. Moore, Jr.

Note: Opposite each Delegate is the Alternate for the particular Delegate.

AT LARGE

Delegates	*Alternates*
Cecil H. Underwood .....Wheeling Box 6273, 26003	Craig H. Underwood .....Wheeling Post Office Box 6273, 26003
Arch A. Moore, Jr. .....Glen Dale 507 Jefferson Avenue, 26038	Elaine Z. Davidson .....Charleston 8 Georgetown Apartments, 26003
Joseph A. Laurita, Jr. .....Wheeling 1458 National Road, 26003	James C. Welden .....Sissonville 25320
Rex K. Bumgardner .....Clarksburg 429 West Pike Street, 26301	Gary R. Dunaway .....Clarksburg 295 Clay Street, 26301
Priscilla Haden .....Morgantown 336 Rotary Street, 26505	Jane Viewig .....Wheeling 18 Orchard Road, 26003
William H. Loy .....Martinsburg 218 Raleigh Street, 25401	John Shott .....Bluefield 1320 Larchmont Avenue, 24701

WEST VIRGINIA (Continued)

Delegates

George H. Seibert, Jr. .....Wheeling
1684 National Road, 26003
Thomas E. Potter .....Charleston
2 Bendcrest Place, 25314
Elmer H. Dodson .....Charleston
4314 Noyes Avenue, 25304
Ellie Flowers .....New Cumberland
Route 1, 26047
J. D. Hinkle, Jr. .....Buckhannon
1 Lightburn Street, 26201
Ken Doll .....Wheeling
129 Mt. Lebanon Drive, 26003
Charles B. Maxwell .....Clarksburg
225 Howard Street, 26301
John Hoblitzell .....Charleston
913 Chestnut Road, 25314
Howard V. Corcoran .....Wheeling
5 Georgetown Apartments,
1269 National Road, 26003
James W. Teets .....Terra Alta
101 Highland Street, 26764

Alternates

Stanley E. Deutsch .....Charleston
1518 Bedford Road, 25314
Eric Nelson .....Charleston
Post Office Box 186, 25321
Mary G. Dodson .....Charleston
4314 Noyes Avenue, 25304
Marian McQuade .....Oak Hill
1610 Ridge Road, 25901
Joe Lambert .....Harrisville
715 Fox Avenue, 26362
William L. Gilligan .....Sistersville
920 Maple Lane, 26175
George B. Rice .....Shinnston
79 Bridge Street, 26431
John F. McCuskey .....Bridgeport
147 East Main Street, 26330
George S. Weaver, Jr. .....Wheeling
One Central Union Building, 26003

P. J. Crogan .....Kingwood
119 West High Street, 26537

DISTRICT

1—Judith A. Herndon .....Wheeling
27 Elmwood Place, 26003
Francis J. Love .....Wheeling
1153 National Road, 26003
Gene Haynes .....Parkersburg
1601 Market Street, 26101
2—Louise Leonard .....Harpers Ferry
424 Ridge Street, 25425
Donald Everly .....Kingwood
203 Morgantown Street, 26537

Robert Harman .....Keyser
1090 Carolina Avenue, 26726
3—John T. Poffenbarger .....Dunbar
1516 Kanawha Avenue, 25064
Paul Zakaib, Jr. .....Charleston
4102 Virginia Avenue, S.E.,
25304
Richie Robb ....South Charleston
1935 Hassey Circle, 25303

1—Richard G. Herndon ...Wheeling
27 Elmwood Place, 26003
G. Ogden Nutting .....Wheeling
R.D. 4, Box 101, 26003
George M. Shedan ...Parkersburg
Post Office Box 87, 26101
2—Stephen Hall .....Charles Town
311 South Samuel, 25414
Wade H. "Jim" Ballard, III
Peterstown
Valley View Addition, 24963
Phyllis Harman .....Keyser
1090 Carolina Avenue, 26726
3—F. T. Graff, Jr. .....Charleston
1503 Clintwood Road, 25314
T. David Higgins .....Charleston
1383 Nottingham Road, 25314

Steven L. Miller
South Charleston
1518 Martha Road, 25309

WEST VIRGINIA (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
4—Ted T. Barr.....Huntington 56 James Court, Grandview Heights, 25705	4—David Tyson .....Huntington 136 Larkspur Drive, 25705
Jody G. Smirl .....Huntington 9 Parkway Drive, 25705	Virginia Stevens .....Charleston 1539 Quarrier Street, 25311
W. H. Ballard, II .....Welch 532 Riverside Drive, 24801	W. Grady Carper .....Princeton 1008 Henry Street, 24740

WISCONSIN

(Forty-five Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Warren P. Knowles

Note: Opposite each Delegate is shown the Alternate for that particular Delegate.

At Large

Delegates	*Alternates*
William A. Steiger .....Oshkosh 645 Wisconsin Street, 54901	Randall S. Knox.....Fort Atkinson 102 Hilltop Trail, 53538
Robert W. Kasten, Jr. .....Theinsville 125 West Freistadt Road, 53092	Arthur W. Shannon .....Brookfield 18360 Harvest Lane, 53005
George S. Parker .....Janesville 219 East Court Street, 53545	John O. Olson .....Lake Geneva Route 5, Box 6, 53147
Ody J. Fish .....Pewaukee 323 Main Street, 53072	J. Michael Borden .....Elm Grove 14350 Hillside Road, 53122
Elizabeth J. Pfeifer .....Green Bay 3310 Michael Court, 54301	Madeline J. Stauffacher ....Browntown Route 1, Box 44, 53522
Warren P. Knowles.....Milwaukee 3039 East Newport Court, 53211	Fred D. Hartley .....Kenosha 202 – 69th Street, 53140
Alice W. Read .....Richland Center 800 Summit Drive, 53581	Paul O. Estrada .....Milwaukee 930 West Keefe Avenue, 53206
J. Curtis McKay .....Cedarburg 10305 Sherman Road, 53012	Esther D. Luckhardt .....Horicon 211 North Hubbard, 53032
Jack B. Olson .....Wisconsin Dells 834 Meadow Lane, 53965	Tommy G. Thompson .....Elroy 609 Academy Street, 53929

District

1—Judith M. Hartig .....Racine 1210 Valley View Drive, 53405	1—Cloyd A. Porter .....Burlington Route 3, Box 331, 53105
Carolyn B. Hartley .....Kenosha 202 – 69th Street, 53140	Charles E. McManus ....Brodhead 905 West Third Avenue, 53520

WISCONSIN (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Delmar E. DeLong . . . . . .Clinton Route 2, 53525	Leonard W. Smith . . .Whitewater 1235 West Kay Street, 53190
Dorann H. Gunderson . . .Delavan 3217 South Shore Drive, 53115	Janey O. Reed . . . . . .Kenosha 6926 Third Avenue, 53140
2—Ann F. Peckham . . . . . .Madison 3433 Crestwood Drive, 53705	2—Betty W. Smith . . . . . .Madison 3 Robin Circle, 53705
J. Reed Coleman . . . . . .Madison 425 Summit Road, 53704	Anthony R. Varda . . . . . .Madison 413 North Paterson Street, 53703
Elizabeth T. Miller . . . . . .Portage 612 Prospect, 53901	Shirley B. Thompson . .Mt. Horeb 10086 U.S. 18 and 151 West, Route 2, 53572
Donald R. Murdoch . . . . .Madison 435 North Paterson, 53703	Barbara E. Benson . . . . . .Portage 2201 Woodcrest Drive, 53901
3—Walter Frederick Baltz West Salem 540 Tilson Street, 54669	3—Victor T. Wahl . . . . . .Eau Claire 316 Roosevelt Avenue, 54701
Janice J. Ayres . . . . . .Eau Claire 2816 Agnes Street, 54701	Mary L. Olson . . . . . .River Falls 704 Union Street, 54022
Lawrence W. Durning Eau Claire 415 Third Avenue, 54701	Jerome H. Gunderson . . .La Crosse 2281 Crestview Place, 54601
Laura E. Zeisler . . . . . .La Crosse 1243 Jackson, 54601	Steve C. Gundersen . . . . . .Osseo Route 2, 54758
4—Darlene M. Weis . . . . . .Greenfield 9537 West Brookside Drive, 53228	4—Mia F. Parks . . . . . .Franklin 9380 West Loomis Road, 53132
Joseph G. Brown . . . . .West Allis 12103 West Ohio Avenue, 53227	James C. Devitt . . . . . .Greenfield 8565 West Waterford Avenue, 53228
Sharon L. Otto . . . . . .Greendale 5228 Roberts Drive, 53129	James D. Puechner . . . .Milwaukee 3900 South Kansas Avenue, 53207
Jon P. Weiss . . . . . .West Allis 2194 South 99th Street, 53227	Truman Q. McNulty . .Wauwatosa 6178 Washington Circle, 53213
5—Branko Terzic . . . . . .Milwaukee 1907 North 48th Street, 53208	5—Robert L. Hicks . . . . . .Milwaukee 1918 North 54th Street, 53208
Rosaline R. Brojanac . .Milwaukee 4269 North 91st Street, 53222	Michael O. Bohren . . . .Milwaukee 2337 North 58th Street, 53210
Henry A. Anderson . . .Milwaukee 1900 North 12th Street, 53205	Mark D. Nelson . . . . . .Milwaukee 920 East Mason Street, 53202
William A. Bonfield, Jr. Milwaukee 780 North Cass, 53202	Corinne T. Bryant . . . .Milwaukee 2321 North 12th Street, 53206
6—James S. Haney . . . . . .Neenah 1040 Hunt Avenue, 54956	6—Jon R. Guiles . . . . . .Oshkosh 2010 Wisconsin Street, 54901

WISCONSIN (Continued)

Delegates	*Alternates*
Virginia L. Severson . . .Manitowoc 310 Waldo Boulevard, 54220	Patricia A. Goodrich . . . . . .Berlin 159 Oak Street, 54923
James D. Horstmann . .Sheboygan 46 Lighthouse Court, 53081	Mark Jon Block . . . . . .Oshkosh Post Office Box 675, 54901
Barbara M. Pollei . . . .Fond du Lac 340 Sheboygan Street, 54935	Donald G. Jones . . . .Fond du Lac 282 Sheboygan, 54935
7—Dolores H. Meyer . . . . . .Medford 612 East Perkins Street, 54451	7—Virginia S. Heinemann . . .Wausau 911 McIndoe Street, 54401
Daniel O. Theno . . . . . .Ashland Route 1, 54806	Mary A. Krueger . . . . . .Merrill 612 East 1st Street, 54452
Julia Sheehan Donoghue . . .Merrill 102 Cottage Street, 54452	Robert J. Engelhard Stevens Point 4309 Janick Circle North, 54481
Kenneth M. Schricker . . . .Spooner Route 2, 54801	Rolla A. Haynes . . . .Stevens Point 101 Union, 54481
8—Vivi L. Dilweg . . . . . .Green Bay Route 3, Lime Kiln Road, 54301	8—Joan K. Stevens . . . . . .Appleton 1721 South Peabody, 54911
Harold V. Froehlich . . . .Appleton 1106 West Weiland Avenue, 54911	David T. Prosser, Jr. . . .Appleton 821 East College Avenue, 54911
Donald F. Kress . . . . . .DePere 1325 North Summer Range Road, 54115	Earlene F. Hoyer . . . . . .Appleton 429 East Parkway Boulevard, 54911
Suzanne S. Stearn . . .Sturgeon Bay 1106 Pennsylvania Street, 54235	Ann H. Shea . . . . . .DePere 1336 Ridgeway Boulevard, 54115
9—Ruth C. McKay . . . . . .Cedarburg 10305 Sherman Road, 53012	9—John F. Bibby . . . . .Whitefish Bay 5507 North Kent A.enue, 53217
Edward W. Howe . . .Oconomowoc 5845 Meadowview Road, 53066	Frank J. Pelisek . . .Whitefish Bay 921 East Circle Drive, 53217
Sam M. Hay . . . . . .Elm Grove 1675 Berkshire Drive, 53122	Richard A. Schilffarth Elm Grove 15025 Cascade Drive, 53122
Allan C. Kieckhafer . . .West Bend 818 Crestview Drive, 53095	Margaret M. Haymaker Delafield 304 Huntington Road, 53018

WYOMING

(Seventeen Delegates)

Chairman of Delegation: Clifford P. Hansen

At Large

Delegates	*Alternates*
Bernadette Gosar ..... Pinedale Post Office Box 201, 82941	Tom Stroock ..... Casper 714 West 19th, 82601
Lucetta Grummon ..... Wheatland 301 Park Avenue, 82201	Harold Meier ..... Lander 777 South 5th, 82520
Dick Jones ..... Cody 1614 Cedar View Drive, 82414	Dick Smith ..... Evanston Post Office Box 353, 82930
Charlotte McMillan ..... Riverton Post Office Box 73, 82501	Maxine Kellogg ..... Grass Creek Box 243, 82425
Peggy Mallick ..... Casper 3251 Arroyo Drive, 82601	Roy Coulson ..... Kemmerer 1023 – 3rd West Avenue, 83101
Minnie Newton ..... Cheyenne 3515 Dillon Avenue, 82001	Robert Frisby ..... Cody 2007 Newton Avenue, 82414
Tom Parnell ..... Laramie 2219 Rainbow, 82070	Don Schrader ..... Cheyenne 2815 Deming Boulevard, 82001
Jim Thompson ..... Lance Creek Meadow Ranch, 82222	Samuel Hajjar ..... Laramie 1502 Downey, 82070
Ann Wiser ..... Cheyenne 1216 West Pershing, 82001	Jack Mueller ..... Cheyenne 3822 Capitol Avenue, 82001
M. L. Hertzler ..... Veteran R.F.D., 82243	Bill Addison ..... Wheatland 957 High, 82201
Sam Kelly ..... Rawlins Post Office Box 1016, 82301	Wallace Higgins ..... Rock Springs 1401 Kimberly, 82901
Clifford P. Hansen ..... Jackson Box 1887, 83001	Shirley Ulrich ..... Diamondville Box 300, 83116
John Ostlund ..... Gillette 410 West 5th, 82716	Leon Keith ..... Buffalo Route 1, Box 250, 82834
Mary Masterson ..... Casper 6666 South Poplar, 82601	Lucille Combs ..... Douglas Drawer G, 82633

At Large District

Mary Garman ..... Sundance Star Route 2, Box 36, 82729	Michelle Smith ..... Newcastle 19 North Summit Avenue, 82701
George Bower ..... Worland 1809 Coburn, 82401	Bob Cullison ..... Manderson 82432
Ruth Adam ..... Sheridan 1107 Cleveland Avenue, 82801	Jack Sullivan ..... Rawlins Happy Hollow, 82301

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and gentlemen, can we get on with the program? We have a big program ahead. I appreciate very much your kind attention. Ladies and gentlemen, I have an announcement to make. Ladies and gentlemen may we please have your attention on my right.

Last night, hundreds and thousands of Americans who have not had a chance to participate in politics had that opportunity because we had the help of Mrs. Eula Williams.

Eula Williams. (Applause.) (Mrs. Williams, interpreted Senator Dole's speech by hand sign language.)

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — I have had literally hundreds of phone calls and telegrams from across this country saying that the Republican Party does have a heart. We are a party of compassion, we are a party that cares, because of the efforts of Mrs. Williams last night. I wanted you all to thank her. Thank you very much. (Applause.) (Mrs. Williams expressed her response in sign language.)

Ladies and gentlemen, our next guest will be introduced by a delegate from Rhode Island, a former Special Assistant Attorney General of that State, the present mayor of Providence, Rhode Island, the Honorable Vincent Cianci, Jr.

INTRODUCTION OF THE HONORABLE JOHN B. CONNALLY BY THE HONORABLE VINCENT CIANCI, JR. MAYOR OF THE CITY OF PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND

MAYOR CIANCI. — Thank you very much. My fellow conventioneers the name I am about to bring to the attention of this convention is a man familiar to you all, but prior to fulfilling that responsibility, I would like to address myself to Mr. Carter, if he is watching, that is.

My name is Vincent "Buddy" Cianci, Mayor of the great city of Providence, Rhode Island. Mr. Carter, I am not an Italian but an Italo-American and proud of my ethnic background.

When you refused to seat the Italo-American delegation last month, you hurt me and offended all my ethnic friends. Let me remind you that the greatest source of manpower for the building of this great nation came from the twenty-three million foreigners who immigrated to our shores in search of a better opportunity. From them comes the rich variety of cultures that characterizes our American way of life. For too long ethnics have been treated as votes and statistics by Democratic political machines that stifle their hopes, laugh at their ambitions and scoff at their dreams. For too long we have been seen by sociologists and urban planners as figures on a graph or spoken of as an economic term.

Our great Republican Party has seen fit to recognize the needs of our neighbors by including our particular interests in this year's platform. This Grand Old Party will rekindle the American dream for the Greek-American, for

the Polish American, Armenian-American, for the German-, French-, and Afro-American and for the Italo-American, too, for they arrived, lived in and came from the neighborhoods of this great country.

Yes, our Republican ranks contain many of us who are proud that we come from Providence, Rhode Island, from the streets of the lower end of Boston or from Floresville, Texas, because it shall be from the neighborhoods of cities of the east and the west that Republicans, Independents, — yes, and even Democrats — with names that end in "o" and "i" or "si" or "ski," — they are the ones who will help us with the big win, because when we win the neighborhoods, we will win in November. (Applause.)

The man I call your attention to now is one of us. He grew up among the Polish, Mexican and Czechoslovakian communities of South Texas. He has a unique interest and special understanding for the heritage of this nation and the peoples from the many lands who made it so.

His credentials are long and familiar to you all. He was the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Treasury, a man whose wisdom and judgment has been sought by four Presidents, representing both parties. But he never forgot the friends of his childhood. And while he served as Governor of Texas, he personally conceived and supported creation by the State of Texas of a magnificent Institute of Texan Cultures, which depicts and honors the twenty-six ethnic groups that helped build that great State.

It is my distinct pleasure to introduce to you now a man who knows how to pronounce Italo-American and who knows how to pronounce the word "friend." Ladies and gentlemen, the former Governor of the great State of Texas, the Honorable John B. Connally. (Applause.)

ADDRESS BY THE HONORABLE JOHN B. CONNALLY

GOVERNOR CONNALLY. — Thank you very much. Thank you, Mayor Cianci, Mr. Chairman, ladies and gentlemen.

Two hundred years ago, in the hot summer of 1776, a band of patriots convened at Philadelphia to undertake a task for which there appeared little promise.

Against odds which seemed insurmountable, against entrenched opposition which seemed impregnable, they met together, debated together, contended together against one another. But when those deliberations were done, they brought forth together a new nation which has changed the course of human history.

Now, in this historic summer of 1976, other Americans — representing their countrymen in every region and State — are meeting together here in this nation's heartland, facing a challenge no less formidable than that which confronted the first Americans.

Again, against odds which are long, against opposition which is strong, we are here to take up the challenge of changing our nation's course — changing it away from a reckless and senseless course which threatens both our purse and our principles, changing it in those ways which will restore and preserve America's enduring values and assure America's continuing greatness.

As we meet here, we present to our fellow Americans no contrived and cynical facade of artificial unanimity. In full and open view of all of our countrymen, we are debating together, contending together, deciding together — for we have no aims to conceal, no plans to hide, no goals to obscure.

When these deliberations are done, we shall go forth united, with one clear goal — to elect a Republican President dedicated to those purposes which the majority of Americans trust and devoted to those principles for which the majority of Americans stand.

Our cause is a proud cause and a just cause. It is also an urgent cause, and it is to that urgency that I will now speak.

Across the decades of this troubled century, the tragedies of freedom most often have been wrought by the failure of free people to face the clear and compelling evidence of their freedom's peril.

Time and again free men and women have seen the encroachments upon their lives and liberties, seen the peril stemming from oppressiveness at home and weakness abroad. Yet, seeing all those signs and signals, they still have waited, hoping, trusting that what they might surely see, would somehow be changed.

And at this moment in history, in America, there is an urgent need for all concerned and caring Americans to acknowledge the meaning — the clear and unmistakable meaning — of what is apparent to us all.

I know you know there is not a segment of the American population which does not know that we are living under the reign of government gone amuck. Benevolent objectives, worthy purposes, idealistic goals cannot obscure the ugly and disturbing reality that drastic change has come over the nature of government in this land. At every station in this society, from the citizens who suffer poverty to those who enjoy plenty, government is feared and distrusted.

Where once Americans could rejoice that theirs was a government of the people, by the people, for the people, today there is widespread and growing question whether it is now any of those things.

What has changed? What has gone wrong?

To answer those questions, I believe we must look to the very beginning of our system, to the system brought into being for us two centuries ago.

The founders of this nation designed this system on three sound principles:

First, that it should be a system of checks and balances, a system deliberately designed to prevent factionalism or partisanship from ever gaining absolute and monopolistic control.

Second, they further conceived our system as one in which the representatives of the people would be, first and only, accountable to the people who had chosen them to serve.

And third, they also envisioned that under this system the power of high public office — the power of the Presidency itself — would be entrusted to leaders known and tested in the national leadership, leaders thoroughly proved in the crucible of power before themselves being entrusted with power.

It is by those principles that I believe that all Americans should measure the choices which they must make in this year of crucial decisions.

Let me explain what I mean and why this is so important now.

Four weeks ago, the nation watched and listened as the delegates of the Democrat Party met in convention at New York City. Through those proceedings, Americans heard speaker after speaker boasting of their party as the party in control of the American system — the party in control of local government, the party in control of State government, the party in control of the Congress of the United States.

On that foundation the Democrat orators built their case, arguing that they should be given final, absolute and total dominion over all the power in this system by control of the executive branch of the Federal Government, as well.

I believe that is an argument which thoughtful Americans must view with grave alarm. For I say to you, it is time, it is long past time, that we must awaken to the reality that our system is in danger of losing the very balances which assured its success and our personal freedom.

Not in the lifetime of anyone present here — not in the lifetime of the republic itself — have we been so near as we are now, today, to the subjugation of the system under the rule of a single party.

For forty of the last forty-four years — almost one-fourth of the life of this nation — it is the Democrat Party which has exercised control over both houses of the Congress. During all of that time, not a law has been enacted, not a government agency created, not a single tax dollar spent by the government, except by and with the votes of the Democrat majority controlling that Congress. And the record of those years is a record from which the Democrats cannot escape responsibility.

For forty of the last forty-four years it has been the Democrat Party, through its absolute domination of the Congress, which has relentlessly stoked the fires of inflation that are consuming the savings, the earnings, the hopes and the aspirations of Americans of all ages in this country today.

For forty of the last forty-four years it has been the Democrat Party, through its total control of the Congress, which has built the Federal bureaucracy ever larger and larger and directed the agents of that bureaucracy to penetrate ever deeper and deeper into the conduct of all of this nation's private affairs, and our personal lives.

Yes, it is the Democrat Party in Congress, the Democrat Party at every level, which has unleashed upon the American people the curse and abomination of government which today careens about, so clearly out of effective control.

Is this the party which the people of this land now want to entrust with ultimate and final dominion over their lives and liberties? (Cries of "No.")

Is this the party which the people want to hold all power over them without a Republican President in the White House willing and able to exercise restraint over that party's willful excesses? (Cries of "No.")

You know, as I know, that the answer is no.

Not only must we keep a Republican President in the White House; we must in this important year devote ourselves in every district to the demanding task of restoring the balance of party alignment in both houses of the Congress.

And who are the people who must lead this charge? Who are the people who must lead this charge for our country? The dedicated Republicans, the dedicated Republicans here in this hall tonight. You must help lead the charge.

That challenge is made doubly demanding upon us all by the direction in which the Democrat Party is being moved by the factions now gaining ascendency.

For our founding fathers recognized that as this system must have its checks and balances, it must also function on the principle of accountability, the accountability of elected representatives to those whom they are elected to serve.

Here, again, the Democrat orators obscure the reality. As that party has moved relentlessly to seize control of every segment of this system, so its controlling segments have moved to contravene this basic principle of accountability.

We must remember that only two years ago the true object of those forces was laid bare for all of us to see. Not only did they seek to elect a veto-proof Congress — a Congress beyond any influence or constraint from a Republican President — but at that time they also undertook to make all Democrat Representatives accountable not to the people but to the party's own narrow caucus and its leadership.

You will recall that the word went forth from every State and district that henceforth positions of leadership and influence within the party would be denied them unless they marched in lockstep with the commands of the caucus rather than answering honorably to the dictates of their own conscience, their own beliefs and their own constituents.

I submit to you that this way is not the way that gave this system or this nation the greatness to which we want to return it now.

But, against this background, we see the works of the recent Democrat Convention in a new and a truer light. At that convention, the Democrat Party of today finally closed the circle. It nominated and submitted to the people as

the party's candidate of 1976, a man unknown, a man untested, a man wholly subservient to those factions which are inexorably tightening their control over that party and over the nation.

And of this choice, every American, whatever his or her past loyalty, must surely pause to question.

Do you want to entrust the leadership of this land for the next four years to a man of whom you never heard one year ago?

CONVENTION DELEGATES. — No.

GOVERNOR CONNALLY. — Are you willing to place at the helm in these times a commander-in-chief who will not say — and may not know — where he intends to steer this ship of state?

CONVENTION DELEGATES. — No.

GOVERNOR CONNALLY. — Never in all the years since America came to occupy a role of world responsibility and leadership has any party ever asked the American people to give their votes to a Presidential candidate so little known, so little tested, so little proved as the Democrat Party nominee for 1976.

And let me respectfully remind you all —in the big leagues of world leadership, they rarely play softball. (Applause.)

What this country needs and must have, is more leadership born of a Republican revival. We need more Republican leadership to come to the aid of a beseiged and a courageous President of the United States.

Leadership begins with honesty, with candor and with boldness.

We Republicans are not going to try to hoodwink the American people. We never have. The average American knows that we have problems in this changing world, and he's willing to face up to them.

We must tell the American people that we cannot promise them cheap energy, because the days of cheap energy are over, and the sooner we face that fact, the better off we are as a people.

The Republican Party must say to America that there is going to be great pressure on our capacity to produce food and fiber because of the expanding world population. We must face the fact that the present population of the world — four billion people — is expected to double in the next thirty-five years to eight billion people.

We must tell the American people that the future may not be all sweetness and light, because it probably will not be. Only twenty percent of the people in this world live in relative freedom. The other eighty percent live under some form of tyranny, and some of those tyrants are sworn to destroy America, and it's time we faced that hard, cold fact. (Applause.)

We must tell the American people that government cannot give them cradle-to-the-grave security, because it cannot.

We must tell the American people that we cannot forever live beyond our income as a nation, because we cannot.

Once and for all we must convince the American people that those who tell us that government can do these things are cruel deceivers, playing on our hopes and dreams. They are false prophets who merit only our scorn.

We must tell the American people that we are living in a dangerous and a changing world. We no longer are so insulated and self-sufficient that we can continue to be wasteful or extravagant in the use of the world's precious resources. We represent only five percent of the world's population, yet we consume almost one-third of the world's raw materials.

We must tell the American people that we have seen the end of an era of abundance and affluence, and indeed now face a period of scarcity and sacrifice. People must understand that political promises of impossible achievement end only in bitter disillusionment.

But we needn't talk only of problems of America. Let's keep in perspective some of the things that are right with this great nation.

Most importantly, we are at peace with the world, a peace brought about by a Republican Administration. No American boys are dying on battlefields any place on this earth, and for that we should all be grateful. (Applause.)

Secondly, we still proudly wear the mantle of leadership of the free world. We still are the most powerful nation on earth, and we have used that power not for conquest but for peace and prosperity.

Tonight almost 88 million Americans are gainfully employed, the highest total in the history of this nation, and on a percentage basis, more than any other society on the face of the earth.

We as a people enjoy the highest standard of living ever attained by any people in recorded history. We have fed more people and fed them better; we've housed more people and housed them better; we've clothed more people and clothed them better; we've educated more people and educated them better than any people since the beginning of time.

But it also is not enough just to reflect on our good fortunes. To carry on a Republican revival, we must pledge that the Republican Party will lead the American people and this nation to new strengths.

To carry on a Republican revival, we should talk first about new strength and national security. We must remain number one in the world in military strength, whatever that cost. To carry on a Republican revival, we must pledge our leadership to new economic strength and expanded job opportunity and security. The miracle of this nation has been the remarkable economic vitality of our free enterprise system and we must do battle with those who would stifle it, who would dismantle it or who would nationalize it.

To carry on a Republican revival, we must pledge to get the Federal Government off of the backs of our people. To the small businessman, the proud

craftsman, the family farmer, let's give a pledge of freedom from the bondage of government imposed by regulation and by guideline. Every working man and woman in America has a stake in this action because it affects wages and job security and new job opportunities.

To carry on a Republican revival, we stand for an end to deficit-spending in this country. We must end deficit-spending and the cruel inflation that silently robs all Americans, hurting most those who can afford it least. When we bank the fires of inflation, as this Republican Administration has done, we help every American.

No other issue is more vital to the stability and well-being of this nation. The time has come for the Republican Party to lead the fight for a Constitutional amendment to prohibit deficit-spending except in time of war or national emergency.

Finally, and most importantly, the Republican Party must tell America that we are dedicated to the rekindling of the spirit of the individual.

Government surely must provide many vital services. And we in this party must be pledged to see that those services are provided efficiently and effectively.

But government did not build this nation. The relentless spirit of the individual built this nation. And if we are to face the challenges of the future, we must once again encourage the genius of the individual, not the paternalism of a central government which imposes mediocrity and conformity upon us all.

Our founding fathers fashioned a system of rights and privileges which assured life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness for the common man. But they also fashioned a system which would provide the climate to produce the uncommon man, founded on our personal freedoms and a free enterprise system of commerce.

It is that climate of responsibility that produced an uncommon man named Abraham Lincoln.

It was that climate of opportunity that produced an uncommon man named Thomas Alva Edison — and Alexander Graham Bell.

It was that climate of opportunity that produced an uncommon man named George Washington Carver — and Dr. Jonas Salk.

And out there in America tonight are countless more young minds that can become uncommon men and uncommon women.

We need those individuals blessed with extraordinary genius for the future of America and the future of this world. We must rekindle that genius and the system of incentive that rewards it.

Only in America can the individual soar as high as his God-given talents and personal dedication take him, without the shackles of caste or class.

There are those voices in the opposition party who are dedicated to taking away that fountainhead of individual achievement. There are those who would nationalize our economy and reduce all of us to a mass of mediocrity.

But down that pathway lies a dull, gray cloud of conformity, smothering vitality from all our people and reducing life to hopeless despair. Down that pathway beyond the loss of economic freedom lies the loss of all other freedom.

We have enjoyed those freedoms longer than any other nation in history, and we tend to take those freedoms for granted.

But listen to one of the world's great spokesmen for freedom. Listen to what Alexander Solzhenitsyn says about freedom and the United States. He says of us, ". . . you have the impression that democracies can last. But democracies are islands in an immense river of history . . . and the water is always rising."

Let us pause and think about what Alexander Solzhenitsyn is saying to us.

And when we think of the freedoms we enjoy today, let's remember always the immortal words of Thomas Jefferson, deeply engraved in the marble of that magnificent Jefferson Memorial on the Tidal Basin, in Washington, D.C.: "I swear eternal hostility against every form of tyranny over the mind of man."

I do not know how long this nation of personal freedoms will last. It all depends on you and on me and our determination to protect them and our courage to defend them. All we do know is that no society, no nation has remained number one forever.

The Pharaohs of Egypt created a society marvelous in its architecture and engineering feats. But that civilization was covered by the sands of the desert.

The golden age of Greece saw one of the greatest periods of man's time on earth. But that golden age passed into oblivion.

The Roman legions conquered the known world, and they brought civilization and Roman law and Roman order. But the great Roman empire with all that it left in terms of law and justice and culture and learning faded into obscurity.

The dark ages descended upon the world. With the passing of the dark ages, the great colonial powers arose that ruled the world for 400 years. They discovered, they colonized, they educated. But the end of World War II saw the end of the great colonial powers and the mantle of leadership fell for the first time on the United States. How long will we have it? How long will we bear it? Only you and I can say.

How long this civilization, this free society of America will exist, I do not know. I only hope that when the time comes to write of our labors in this great republic, historians will not say of us, as they did of the ancient Athenians, "They wanted comfort and security more than they wanted freedom. And in the end they lost their comfort, their security and their freedom."

I would hope that when the record of our service is finally written, it will be deeply engraved in the minds of all who follow, that up to the very end we were still trying; up to the very end we were reaching beyond our grasp; up to the very end we were still daring to expand the horizons of human freedom and human opportunities; up to the very end we were seeking to broaden our system of social justice and to enrich the lives of all people; up to the very end we resisted with every fiber of our being the oppressive hand of an all-powerful central and dominating government; and up to the very end we had an abiding faith in an Almighty God and that there is more good than evil in man.

Thank you very much. (Applause.)

OFFICIAL PHOTOGRAPH OF THE CONVENTION

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and gentlemen, we would like to take the official photograph of the convention. Ladies and gentlemen, may we please take our seats?

Ladies and gentlemen, thank you very much for that enthusiastic reaction. Ladies and gentlemen, we must have your attention.

Ladies and gentlemen, would you please take your seats, or take anybody's seat. Please sit down. Thank you very much.

We are about to take an official photograph. In 1972 that was the most exciting part of our convention. So if you will please take your seats. Thank you very much.

Will the Delegates and Alternates in the balcony and on the floor please be seated? Thank you very much.

Your special attention is needed at this time. Will the Delegates and Alternates please be seated? Will our guests in the balcony please let us proceed?

I remember in 1972 and first let me thank our distinguished speaker, Governor John Connally, and I am very proud that he is now a Republican. (Applause.)

I remember in 1972 in Miami, when I was Chairman of the Republican Party, the most exciting event was taking the official photograph. But I can see from this audience and from the enthusiasm here that you may have other things in mind.

But in any event, the time has come to take the historical Official Photograph of this Thirty-First Republican Convention. The Official Photographer is David Ludwigs of Kansas City, Missouri.

If all of the Alternates and Delegates would look toward the CBS anchor booth on my right, and if you can refrain from moving or speaking for thirty seconds, you may set a record and you may also receive a photograph.

So if we can do that for thirty seconds, we will have taken the Official Photograph. Look toward the right, the CBS anchor booth.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON RULES AND ORDER OF BUSINESS

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — Delegates and Alternates, ladies and gentlemen, we are about to start on the report of the Rules Committee, a very important committee. I trust everyone here will take an interest.

I would ask now, if possible, that the aisles be cleared and Delegates and Alternates please take their seats. This convention will now receive the report of the Committee on Rules and Order of Business.

The Chairman of the committee is Kent B. McGough, Delegate from Ohio and Ohio State Chairman. Let me ask one more time. This is a very important committee presentation. It could well affect the outcome of this convention, and we are here for convention business. If you want to participate in the report of the Rules Committee, I ask that you now take your seats and we clear the aisles.

This is the most important business to come before this convention. I would ask that on my left you please clear the aisles in the New Jersey area and in the Mississippi area, and on my right as far as I can see. Chairman McGough.

MR. MCGOUGH. — Chairman Dole, fellow Delegates, fellow Americans, it gives me great pleasure to present to you the report of the Committee on Rules and Order of Business.

As many of you are aware, following the 1972 Convention, there was constituted under Rule 29 a unique study committee which extensively reviewed the rules, held public hearings and recommended several improvements.

Those recommendations were considered in the first instance by the Rules Committee of the Republican National Committee, and finally by your Convention Rules Committee, and many are carried forward in the report before you.

The study committee process is an innovative procedure which will be continued with modifications in the present rules. The committee will be made up of one National Committee member from each State.

Republicans shall continue to review their rules in an effort to be fair and just to all people. The study committee assures that the Republican Party is open, accessible to all, and answerable ultimately to the people in the true American tradition.

I want to point out to you several changes in the Rules that are of interest to all of us. The committee's report includes an increase in the number of Delegates from Puerto Rico to reflect the disproportionate number of Delegates previously allocated.

It is the committee's understanding and intent that this action will recognize and continue the strong Republican organization of the great people of Puerto Rico.

The committee report will streamline some of the procedures of our convention. In addition to the current rule requiring the reference of all resolutions to the Resolutions Committee, these rules would require new resolutions or floor amendments to the report of the Resolutions Committee to have been presented first to the Resolutions Committee and to have received 25 percent affirmative support by the members of that committee.

It is my understanding that the Resolutions Committee has conducted its proceedings with this rule in mind.

These rules provide for a Select Committee to review and monitor all Presidential campaign expenditures and to report to the National Committee. Only the Republican Party has adopted a procedure to preserve and protect the integrity of the Presidential process, despite the fact that news events would clearly show that neither party has a monopoly on campaign abuses.

Our party has been the firm defender of our Constitution, and it has protected rights of the States to decide their own affairs. In that regard, Rule 18 contains the Justice Rule to insure that the will of the American people will be followed in this convention and that State laws binding delegates to a certain candidate are enforced.

This rule is another affirmation of the Republican Party's resolve to allow the States to decide for themselves how their representatives will vote at this, their Republican Convention.

The rule is required because of recent Supreme Court decisions which indicate that State laws binding delegates may not be enforceable by the States themselves but are enforceable by the convention.

The committee has forwarded to the convention its materials and the list of the binding primary States whose laws were considered by the committee.

The Justice Rule in no way requires any State to have a binding primary but merely allows those States that do so to have their laws obeyed. The decision as to whether a State's delegation has abided by its binding State laws in casting its vote will be made by the Permanent Chairman of the convention at the time of the roll call.

This rule was much debated in our committee but was passed handily. One matter which I would bring to your attention, which was considered but rejected by the committee, is the matter of Vice Presidential selection process. There were several attempts to amend Rule 16 or Rule 24 to add a provision generally requiring the Presidential nominees to disclose in advance of their nomination their recommendation or a list of their possible recommendations for Vice President.

Various plans were proposed, and all were defeated. There seemed to be, however, a broad consensus in the committee that something should be done to improve the process, but that the heat of the convention and nomination was not the time for such change.

The proposal on the Vice Presidential selection process will be presented to the new study committee where testimony can be taken from all interested parties.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and gentlemen, thank you very much. Ladies and gentlemen, we are about to proceed on the most important business of this convention.

Will the Delegates and Alternates please take their seats? We are about to proceed with very historic business. I wouldn't want you to miss it. We will proceed.

Will the Delegates on my right please take their seats? Will the Delegates on my left in the Mississippi area please take their seats?

We are about to proceed with probably the most historic and important business of this convention. We will proceed. I call on Mr. McGough to finish his report.

MR. MCGOUGH. — There were several attempts to amend Rule 16 or Rule 24 to add a provision generally requiring Presidential nominees to disclose in advance of their nomination their recommendation or a list of possible recommendations for the Vice President.

These various plans were proposed and defeated. There seemed to be a broad consensus in the committee that something should be done to improve the process, but the heat of the convention and the nomination was not the time for such change.

The proposals on the Vice Presidential selection process will be presented to the new study committee where testimony can be taken from all interested parties and the matter can be resolved in a calm and deliberate fashion.

In keeping with the Republican Party's principle of being the true party of all the people, the rules add the National Black Republican Council and the Republican National Hispanic Assembly to the other minority groups already members of the Executive Committee of the Republican National Committee.

In recognition of the great importance to Americans in our urban centers, these rules also add to the Executive Committee a representative from the National Conference of Republican Mayors.

These Republican Mayors, the Nation's best insurance for fiscal responsibility, will relay to our party the pulsebeat of the people. These rules are fair. They have been arrived at by open process where all interested people have had an opportunity to present testimony. They provide equal opportunity for all and favoritism for none.

The committee strongly recommends these rules for the adoption of this convention, and by their adoption we will continue to be the Grand Old Party, open to all Americans.

Mr. Chairman, I recommend the report to the convention, and I move the adoption of the report of the Committee on Rules and Order of Business by this convention.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — I recognize the Delegate from Missouri for the purpose of making a motion; the Delegate from Missouri, Mr. Curtis.

Before Mr. Curtis proceeds, I would ask those who may support the amendment and those who may oppose the amendment to please take their seats. This is very important business.

Mr. Curtis has a very important motion or amendment to offer. He is entitled to be heard. Would you please take your seats in the Mississippi area, or any area?

I recognize the gentleman from Missouri, the Delegate from Missouri, Tom Curtis.

AMENDMENT TO RULE 16 OFFERED BY THE HONORABLE THOMAS B. CURTIS DELEGATE FROM MISSOURI

MR. CURTIS. — Mr. Chairman, I have a motion, an amendment, at the desk.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — The Clerk will read the amendment.

THE CHIEF READING CLERK (Joe Bartlett). — Rule 16 as proposed reads as follows: Section (a), Candidates for the Presidency shall demonstrate majority support from each of five (5) State delegations.

Section (b), In making the nominations for President and Vice President and voting thereon, in no case shall the call of the roll be dispensed with. The total time of the nominating speech and seconding speeches for any candidate for President or Vice President shall not exceed fifteen minutes.

Amendment offered by Delegate Thomas B. Curtis adds a new section to read —

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — Will the Delegates and Alternates please be seated so we can hear the arguments on this debate.

Ladies and gentlemen, this is most important business. It may affect the outcome of whatever happens here, if anything. (Applause and laughter.)

I will ask the Reading Clerk, Mr. Bartlett, to proceed with the reading of the amendment. In fact, I think I will ask Mr. Bartlett to reread the amendment.

THE CHIEF READING CLERK. — Amendment offered by Delegate Thomas B. Curtis of Missouri adds a new section to read: "Section (c), All persons seeking to be nominated for President under Sections (a) and (b) above shall announce to the convention and file with its Secretary a declaration stating

whom he or she will recommend to the convention as the Vice Presidential nominee. This declaration shall be filed with the Secretary of the convention by 9:00 a.m. on the day on which the nomination for President is held. This declaration shall state the person's name and that he or she has agreed to accept such nomination. No Delegate or Alternate to the convention shall be bound by any commitment of any kind, public or private, to support any Presidential candidate who does not file such a declaration."

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and gentlemen, Delegates, I would only ask that you listen to me for about thirty seconds. I am about to read the agreement between the Ford and Reagan forces as to how we might dispose of this matter.

I think it is very important that all the Delegates and Alternates who may be asked to participate have a right to be heard. I would therefore ask the media to conclude their interviews in the aisles and permit those who are here to conduct the business to continue. (Applause.)

I would ask that the aisles be cleared, and I would alert the Sergeant at Arms that the aisles will be cleared. I hope he has. I would ask the media to please retire to the rear of the room and conduct your interviews in that area. There are many Delegates who are seated on the aisle who probably can't even participate because you are there. (Applause.)

Will the Sergeant at Arms please cooperate, or will the media please cooperate?

Will all those in the aisles please move to the rear of the arena? All those in the aisle on my right, all those in the aisle on my left, we want to get on with this very important business.

The Delegates have a right to be heard. Those presenting the arguments for the amendment and against the amendment have a right to be heard. I ask those on my immediate left to please clear the aisle.

Delegates and Alternates, let me read the agreement. Again I would ask the Sergeant at Arms to help clear the aisles.

Would the Sergeant at Arms please clear the aisles? We will have order before we proceed. (Applause.)

Will those being interviewed please withhold your kind words until we finish? The aisles will be cleared. I thank those who are cooperating for cooperating and those who are not I thank them for I know they will be cooperating.

Will the Sergeant at Arms please clear the aisles? Can all the Delegates see what is happening, or hear what is happening?

Ladies and gentlemen, I will now read the agreement. The Chair wishes to advise the Delegates of the procedure we shall follow in acting upon the amendment to the report of the Committee on Rules and Order of Business. I

would ask our guests in the gallery to please withhold any audible conversation. The Delegates are entitled to hear the debate.

The delegates have a very important decision to make. The Delegates want to make that decision objectively. Those who are guests and those who may be in the hall, standing or seated or otherwise, please bear with us just for a while.

The Chair should first state that both Chairman McGough and Delegate Tom Curtis who offered the amendment have mutually agreed to this procedure.

Debate on the amendment will be limited to thirty minutes, which will be equally divided between Chairman McGough and Mr. Curtis. They may each use their time as they see fit, using it all themselves or yielding time to other speakers.

When all the time has elapsed, the question before the convention will be the adoption of the amendment to the report of the Committee on Rules and Order of Business.

If there is no objection to the procedures outlined by the Chair, we shall proceed.

The Chair hears none, and it is so ordered.

The Chair now recognizes Delegate Tom Curtis to open debate. Tom.

REMARKS BY THE HONORABLE THOMAS B. CURTIS IN SUPPORT OF THE AMENDMENT TO RULE 16

MR. CURTIS. — Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

Ladies and gentlemen, fellow Delegates, this evening we have the opportunity to improve and strengthen our party's procedures for the selection of a Vice Presidential nominee. Even more important, we have the opportunity to demonstrate to millions of our fellow citizens who are watching that we Republicans are wise enough to learn from recent painful experience.

This evening our party should make a binding, moral commitment to the principles of openness, full disclosure and complete trust in the American people.

You, my fellow Delegates, are the representatives of the people at this convention, and they are watching and waiting for you to decide between secrecy and candor, between politics as usual and our acceptance of new responsibility in the national interest.

Before explaining why I believe the proposed change in Rule 16 is necessary, I wish to offer my credentials as a veteran reformer of parliamentary and campaign procedures. During my eighteen years as a Congressman from

Missouri, I served as the ranking Republican on the Joint House–Senate Committee to Reorganize and Modernize the Rules of the Congress, a job, I might add, that still needs to be done. (Applause.)

In 1964 I served our party's national convention as Assistant Parliamentarian. Until last May 21st I was chairman of the Federal Elections Commission. In protest to the successful attempt of the Democratic Congress, headed by the now infamous Wayne Hays, to destroy the Commission's independence, I asked the President not to reappoint me.

Finally, I am the fellow who ran against Tom Eagleton for the Senate in 1968. And we recall how his hasty selection for the 1972 Democratic ticket led to a fiasco. (Applause.)

As usual, since the Eagleton episode, the Democrats have talked about reform but haven't done anything except stage a political beauty parade through Plains, Georgia, an empty crusade for the benefit of the news media. (Applause.)

Since 1972, our own party's Rule 29 Committee, recognizing the need for reform in this important area, has urged an improvement be proposed. Our proposal is responsive to this unmet need.

It is a serious and constructive proposal made at a time when our party has compelling reasons to bear public witness to its desires for reform.

Our proposed change in Rule 16 unites political science theory with practical political reality. It satisfies the needs of theory by recognizing the enormous importance that the office of Vice President has acquired in recent years.

It reforms plainly wrong and potentially tragic procedures, including the use of the nation's second highest office as bait in fishing for convention delegates. It eliminates the frantic post-midnight scramble of the delegates to find out something about the man secretly chosen.

Most important, it ends the denial of the convention delegates' right to know, to fulfill their responsibility to choose a ticket that will win the election and govern the nation according to a strategy and a philosophy known in advance.

Now, let us consider some of the practical effects. Under our proposal the convention keeps its powers. A majority of the delegates can reject any Vice Presidential choice. But the big change is that the power of the convention is now real. Under our proposal the Presidential candidate retains his professional freedom to choose a compatible running mate. He is not restricted in any way in his method of selection. He can choose his team as he pleases. But the big change is he must tell us in advance who is on the team before expecting us to join it.

Our proposal requires that the Presidential candidate trust the delegates and take them into his confidence before they cast their votes. (Applause.)

The proposed change adds only a day, just 24 hours, to the decision-making process. But it also adds real meaning.

I believe such sharing of decision-making responsibility is fair, because the delegates and all Americans are bound to share the long-term consequences of the candidate's decision. We have a right to be consulted for a day when the effects of our decisions may be felt for years to come. (Applause.)

There is always a temptation to make reforms effective at some later date. I say, we recognize the problem we have had for years. We have seen and felt its bad effects. Now it is time for us to act responsibly and constructively. Now is the time for all of us to join in picking our best team and follow it to victory in November. (Applause.)

Mr. Chairman, I yield the balance of my time.

MR. MCGOUGH. — Mr. Chairman, I yield two minutes of my time to the delegate from Wisconsin, Ms. Dorann Gunderson.

REMARKS BY DORANN H. GUNDERSON DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF WISCONSIN IN OPPOSITION TO THE AMENDMENT TO RULE 16

MS. GUNDERSON. — Fellow Delegates, my name is Dorann Gunderson, and I am from Wisconsin.

I have read this amendment, and I understand it; therefore, I emphatically oppose it. The reasons for this last-minute amendment smack of desperation and blatant political opportunism.

Now, I believe it is time to really tell it like it is. This amendment is for one time, one place and one candidate, and not for posterity. (Applause.)

Furthermore, none of you, not one, has participated in the choice for the Vice Presidential candidate who is designated by Governor Reagan. (Applause.)

I believe that we must speak honestly about this issue, and the only reason for this proposal is to minimize or offset the political mistake of naming Senator Schweiker as their Vice Presidential nominee. (Applause.)

Ladies and gentlemen, as Paul Haerle, Chairman of Governor Reagan's home State, so aptly put it, the real reason for this proposal is misery loves company. Thank you.

MR. CURTIS. — Mr. Chairman, I yield two minutes of my time to the delegate from California, Eleanor Ring.

REMARKS OF ELEANOR RING DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA IN SUPPORT OF THE AMENDMENT TO RULE 16

MRS. RING. — Mr. Chairman, Republicans, I rise to second the amendment. As a lifelong Republican, a grass roots precinct worker, a former National

Committeewoman from California, member of the Rules Committee and also a member of the Rule 29 Committee, I strongly favor the adoption of 16(c).

We have discussed for years how to improve our party's procedure in this regard. Section 16(c) makes good, plain, common sense.

We — and I say "we" because I speak as a precinct worker, and I think most of you here are — need to know, and I think we have a right to know the team that will head our ticket before we vote here tomorrow. (Applause.)

I am afraid I liken the situation we are in today to a bridegroom who is being married Wednesday evening. He has had a number of serious girls in mind, but on Wednesday morning he still doesn't know which one he will pick as his bride. (Applause.)

And worse, the families don't know who is invited to the wedding.

It is of prime importance for our Republican Party that we know in advance who will head our team at the top. And we hope we will have your support for 16(c) for the good of the Republican Party. Thank you very much. (Applause.)

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and gentlemen, let me just remind you, I know it is a very enthusiastic audience. For that we are grateful as Republicans. But there is an agreement entered into by both parties. Those on both sides have a right to be heard — those supporting the amendment, those opposing the amendment. I hope you will keep that in mind.

Everyone who walks up here is nervous to begin with. Don't frighten us any more.

MR. MCGOUGH. — Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I yield two additional minutes of my time to Mrs. Carla Coray of Hawaii, and I would appreciate it if you would give her your attention. Mrs. Coray.

REMARKS BY CARLA W. CORAY
DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF HAWAII
IN OPPOSITION TO
THE AMENDMENT TO RULE 16

MRS. CORAY. — Mr. Chairman, fellow Delegates, I am Carla Coray, Delegate from Hawaii.

In 1972 I served on the National Convention Rules subcommittee assigned to consideration of Vice Presidential selection reform. And for the past two years I have served on the Rule 29 Committee and the Rules Committee of the Republican National Committee, before serving as your Vice Chairman of the Rules Committee of this convention.

During my tenure we have fully discussed all of the Vice Presidential selection process proposals. Many different proposals were presented. Some had merit, others did not. However, my fellow delegates, none of the proposals were presented without careful and adequate deliberation, study and debate. And

there have been no proposals made for purely partisan political purposes. (Applause.)

This amendment presented by the Reagan Committee last week is nothing more than a last-minute political maneuver. (Applause.)

Fellow Delegates, I would like to tell you that this proposal has been rejected not only once, but twice. It has been rejected by the Rules Committee of the Republican National Committee and the Rules Committee of this convention, and it was rejected by a resounding majority. (Applause.)

This proposal is tampering with the institution of the Vice Presidency. If we are to be the first of two major national political parties to adopt reform, it must be after thoughtful consideration, not political gimmickery.

This proposal has had little thought, and 16(c) is designed to benefit only one candidate. It is not a constructive Vice Presidential process. And for this reason it should be voted down.

MR. MCGOUGH. — Mr. Chairman, I yield an additional two minutes of my time to the distinguished Chairman from Arkansas, Mr. Lynn Lowe.

REMARKS BY A. LYNN LOWE DELEGATE FROM ARKANSAS IN OPPOSITION TO THE AMENDMENT TO RULE 16

MR. LOWE. — Mr. Chairman, fellow Delegates, I came from Texarkana, Arkansas, to join you in this convention to do two things — to nominate the next President and nominate the next Vice President of the United States. And I tell you, I think we have got the two best candidates running in America today. (Applause.)

For this reason I am opposed to Rule 16(c). My reason is basic and it is simple. It disenfranchises me and it disenfranchises you.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and gentlemen, will you please be seated and can we please clear the aisles on my right. Will our guests in the gallery please take their seats? Will the delegates please take their seats and we can proceed? Will the Sergeant at Arms please clear the aisle?

Will the Delegates please take their seats and we can proceed with the amendment? Let me remind those who are not on the podium, when you have to approach the podium, it is a very earth-shaking experience, very nerve-racking. And when you can't be heard, it is really something.

I would appreciate it very much if those on my right would please take their seats. You are beginning to sound like a Democratic Congress.

It will soon be 9:00 in the morning and this amendment will not be effective. Those who support the amendment should be in their seats because time is running.

Will the Sergeant at Arms please try to clear the aisle on the right one more time, and will the Delegates from New York please be seated?

There is something wrong with the telephone. They can't hear the phone ringing.

(A disturbance occurred in the New York Delegation when a Delegate from another State pulled out the New York State telephone where Vice President Rockefeller, a Delegate for New York, was seated.)

Will the Delegates from New York and the surrounding areas please be seated? Ladies and gentlemen, Mr. Vice President, ladies and gentlemen, Delegates, please take your seats.

For those who are paying attention, thank you. And let me again recognize the gentleman from Arkansas.

Could I plead with those on my right to please take their seats? Could I ask them to immediately cooperate by moving to the back for interviews?

Could I ask the Delegates from New York, those standing or leaving, to please take your seats?

MR. LOWE. — Thank you. Furthermore, after we make this nomination, and should we nominate the President, I want to go back to Arkansas with a ticket for Gerald Ford and Governor Reagan for Vice President.

But what we have in this proposal denies us the opportunity to really consider that. Under this proposal the person selected as Vice Presidential candidate would have to agree to such a situation. And I know that Governor Reagan has said he would not accept the nomination if it were offered. But he had to say that. Any candidate would have to say that.

But when the dust has settled, that would not necessarily be the case.

Furthermore, let's not forget we are considering a rule under this proposal that would apply to future conventions. Now, remember in 1968 there were four candidates who were involved in the nomination. Three of those candidates had their names placed in nomination. Well, under this rule, neither Governor Rockefeller nor Governor Reagan could have been considered for the high office of Vice President of the United States.

And let me tell you, in the future we will have conventions where our party will have a number of capable and talented people seeking these high offices. To deny the unsuccessful candidate a place on the ticket is not a fair and responsible proposition. This proposal would stop that.

Practical politics demands a rejection of this. Please, let's be realistic. Let's be practical. Let's not unthinkingly or hastily paint ourselves into a corner we can't get out of.

I therefore urge you to vote "No" on 16(c).

Thank you, Mr. Chairman. (Applause.)

MR. CURTIS. — Mr. Chairman, I yield two minutes to Senator Robert Beckham, delegate from Georgia.

REMARKS BY THE HONORABLE ROBERT BECKHAM DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF GEORGIA IN SUPPORT OF THE AMENDMENT TO RULE 16

MR. BECKHAM. — Mr. Chairman, fellow Delegates, I have got a secret. I am from Georgia, and Jimmy Carter can be defeated. (Applause.)

Now that that secret is out, there is another secret here in Kansas City, and that is the big secret. I do not know the answer and neither do you. Probably only President Ford and a few advisors know.

That secret, however, is important to you because it may also be the answer to how Jimmy Carter can be defeated. (Applause.)

It is important to you as Delegates. You must know the whole ticket for you to decide who will run best against the Democrats in November.

And I know, as a legislator from Georgia, I need to know, too. (Applause.)

Haven't we had enough of backroom decisions for the Vice Presidency? People in the South are told that Governor Connally will be the Vice Presidential nominee. People in the East are told that it will be Mr. Scranton or Mr. Richardson. And people in the West are told that it will be Governor Evans.

Who can say that it is a gimmick to want to know which one it will be before the Delegates have to vote? (Applause.)

Let's here and now get this secret out in the open. Certainly President Ford knows the answer, and we, the Delegates, ought to know, too. (Applause.)

I am confident that we can be trusted to make the right decision when we are given the facts. Rule 16(c) allows the Delegates to get the facts.

So I urge you to support 16(c). To do less is to deprive every delegate of his or her right to know. Thank you. (Applause.)

MR. MCGOUGH. — Mr. Chairman, if we could have a little attention, I would like to yield two-and-a-half minutes to a lovely lady, a delegate from South Carolina, Mrs. Sherry Martschink.

REMARKS OF SHERRY MARTSCHINK DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA IN OPPOSITION TO THE AMENDMENT TO RULE 16

MRS. MARTSCHINK. — Thank you, Mr. Chairman, fellow Delegates.

As I started to work on the Rules Committee, I found myself in quite a minority, because I was an uncommitted delegate. I had not been caucused by the Ford supporters, and I had not been caucused by the Reagan supporters.

Therefore, my first impression of Rule 16(c) was my own, not Ford's and not Reagan's. And I want to share with you my first impressions.

I found it a rule that I thought was a bit unfair. And I want to tell you, I realize that politics is not a game, but the principles are the same. For example, let's take the simple game of checkers. Probably many of you in this arena have played checkers before.

When we play checkers in South Carolina, we know we can play one of two ways. We can either play that you have to take your jump, or we can play that you don't have to take your jump. But the one thing that we do is we decide how we are going to play before we start the game.

Now, I will admit sometimes we decide that we have to take the jump and we get to a place in the game where we would just as soon not take that jump. But we do abide by the rules because we made the rules before we started the game.

Now, it is the same way in politics. We need to decide what we are going to do before we start the game.

I am very much for reform in the way that we choose our Vice Presidential nominee, very much for it. But I am for it for 1980, not right now at the middle of the game and not at this late date near the end of the game. (Applause.)

Luckily, I have won in those political elections in which I have run. I don't know what I would have done if someone had changed the rules in those elections in which I was involved. I don't know if I would have won the office that I sought had someone changed the rules near the end of the game.

And I want to ask those of you in the arena who have run for office, whether it be governor, mayor, school board, public service commission or anything else, what would that have done to you in your race if someone had pulled the rug out from under your feet and changed the procedures near the end of the game?

I don't think you would have liked it either.

In closing, I want to share with you two lines of a little poem that is a favorite of mine. Those two lines go like this:

> I have to live with myself,
> And so I want to be fit for myself to know.

I ask you to think about the fact that you have to live with yourself. Can you really be fit for yourself to know if you vote to change the rules at the end of the game?

Thank you. (Applause.)

MR. CURTIS. — Mr. Chairman, I yield four minutes to Richard Derham, Delegate from the State of Washington.

REMARKS BY RICHARD A. DERHAM DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF WASHINGTON IN SUPPORT OF THE AMENDMENT TO RULE 16

MR. DERHAM. — Mr. Chairman and fellow Delegates, the role of the Vice President in our system of government has manifestly outgrown the old politics style selection by a few powerful men in a back room. The Vice President is a major participant in our government and a partner in the administration. He is a prospective future President, whether by tragedy or election, as each of our last three Presidents were first Vice Presidents.

Because the people recognize the importance of the office, they are giving greater scrutiny to our choice for the second spot. And they are demanding that the two parties find a better way to select our Vice Presidential candidates.

Section 16(c) gives the delegates the right to know — the right to know the alternatives before they make their choice. Especially in this year where we are seeking to nominate the strongest possible campaign team, the identity of the second name on the ticket will help us assure that our nominees have been fully considered by this convention and will carry our party forward to victory.

We have heard much rhetoric tonight but little concern or answer to the basic question of why. Why should the candidates not take the delegates into their confidence? Why should a decision to be announced in any event on Thursday not be announced on Wednesday?

Why should the Vice Presidency continue to be a decision of the back room?

It has been argued that the right-to-know amendment would preclude us, the Delegates, from making our own choice. Nothing could be further from the truth. Our rules provide that a majority of the delegates will choose the nominee. All section 16(c) will do is to provide that the candidates' Vice Presidential preferences will be disclosed to the delegates.

It has been said that one candidate has made a mistake. Perhaps that is so. But what I want to know is whether the other candidate is going to make a mistake. And if he does, I want to know that when I can still do something about it. (Applause.)

This rule change assures that our deliberations will be conducted so that we have all the necessary facts. It is a major Republican reform, an idea whose time has come, and I urge your support. Thank you.

MR. MCGOUGH. — Mr. Chairman, in the interest of time, I will yield the rest of my time to the Senator from Michigan, the Honorable Robert Griffin.

REMARKS BY THE HONORABLE ROBERT P. GRIFFIN UNITED STATES SENATOR AND DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF MICHIGAN IN SUPPORT OF THE AMENDMENT TO RULE 16

SENATOR GRIFFIN. — I am Bob Griffin, and I am not running for anything this year. Despite our differences, which are being emphasized with such great enthusiasm here this evening, I have been impressed, and I think most Americans who have watched our proceedings have been impressed, with an underlying spirit of good will that does prevail at our convention.

We believe very strongly in our points of view, and I think that is good Americanism and good Republicanism to be dedicated to our points of view.

But we also agree, I found it to be true, on one basic point; and that is, regardless of our personal choice for President, we all know and we really believe that we must unite our party when this convention is over in order to go on to victory in November.

Frankly, in addition to the other reasons given to reject Section 16(c), I see it as a basic divisional and divisive proposal. To adopt Rule 16(c) would drive the wedge of division in our party and impede and make more difficult the unity that we know we must achieve.

If he is nominated, and of course I think he will be, I don't know whether President Ford will ask Governor Reagan to be his running mate or not. But I do know this: I want President Ford at least to have that opportunity. I believe Governor Reagan when he says he is not interested in running for Vice President. I know he means it. And I am sure he will continue to feel that same way tomorrow morning at 9:00 a.m., the deadline provided in this amendment.

But I also know and believe that Governor Reagan should be in a position and be able to change his mind on Thursday morning, if it should be in the interest of the party and the Nation.

I see no merit in a proposal that would have the effect of locking Senator Schweiker in and locking Governor Reagan out.

I can also say with some authority that President Ford, if nominated, would like at least to consult with Governor Reagan, and will do so, about the selection of Vice President before making his final decision.

Such consultation on such an important decision between the heads of the two great groups of our party would not only be right and appropriate but it would be invaluable and most important in achieving the unity we must achieve.

Now I say it would be foolhardy to cast away such an opportunity to achieve unity. In a real and important sense, a vote for 16(c) tonight would be a vote against unity.

We need, we must have, unity, so vote for party unity and vote no on Section 16(c).

MR. CURTIS. — Mr. Chairman, I yield myself the balance of the time to close debate, and it is very short.

You have heard the arguments on behalf of our proposal. They can be summed up in a single word — trust. We ask that a Presidential candidate trust not only the delegates' loyalty but also their good judgment on what is best for our party and our country.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — Delegates, all time has expired on the amendment. The time has come to vote on the amendment.

I recognize the Delegate from Idaho.

ROLL CALL OF STATES ON AMENDMENT TO RULE 16

DELEGATE FROM IDAHO. — Mr. Chairman, pursuant to Rule 15, the great State of Idaho, and a majority of our delegates, demands a roll call. I am supported in my motion by the great and sovereign States of New Mexico, Texas, Oklahoma, California, Alabama and Arizona.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — Let me announce that before we proceed, I appreciate the cooperation of the media. We have advised them that they can now, in an orderly fashion, slowly return.

The Chair will recognize the Delegate from New Mexico.

DELEGATE FROM NEW MEXICO. — Mr. Chairman, the State of New Mexico stands in support of the State of Idaho.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — The Chair recognizes the Delegate from Texas.

DELEGATE FROM TEXAS. — Mr. Chairman, the Texas delegation requests a poll, a roll call.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — The Chair recognizes the State of Oklahoma.

DELEGATE FROM OKLAHOMA. — Concur.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — The State of California.

DELEGATE FROM CALIFORNIA. — Mr. Chairman, in the great and American tradition, California proudly votes one — Mr. Chairman, they slipped me the wrong note.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — That happens.

DELEGATE FROM CALIFORNIA. — We concur in this, and we call for the roll call.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — Thank you.

The Delegate from Alabama.

DELEGATE FROM ALABAMA. — Mr. Chairman, Alabama, the State in the heart of Dixie, does call for a roll call.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — Arizona.

DELEGATE FROM ARIZONA. — Mr. Chairman, the great State of Arizona supports 16(c) and demands a roll call.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — The rules having been complied with, the roll call is ordered. If you listen very carefully, I will explain how we will proceed on the roll call.

The vote will proceed in this fashion.

May we please have order? We would like to accommodate those in the aisle, if they will be quiet. Will the Delegates please take their seats? We are about to vote on a very, very important matter.

Will the Sergeant at Arms thin out the aisle on my right? Will those being interviewed please go to the back of the room? We want some orderly process. We want the media to have coverage, but we also want the Delegates to know what they are voting on.

A roll call has been ordered, and the vote will proceed in this fashion: The Secretary of the Committee, Estelle Stacy Carrier, of Wyoming, will announce the number of votes to which each delegation is entitled. The Chairman of that delegation will then cast the vote of his delegation. The Chief Reading Clerk, Joe Bartlett, will tally the vote and it will be recorded.

The Chair will then resolve any discrepancies in the vote in that delegation before the Secretary proceeds to the next delegation.

The Secretary will now call the roll. May we please have order?

THE SECRETARY OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE. — Ladies and gentleman, I expect your courteous attention while I call the roll so that the voice of this convention can be recorded.

Alabama.

MR. HUNT. — Madam Chairman, the great State of Alabama votes 37 votes yes.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — If I may interrupt the roll call, let me again request the Sergeant at Arms to clear the aisle on the right, in the rear of the right, in the New York area. Will the Sergeant at Arms proceed to clear the aisle?

Let me expiain a yes vote means support of the amendment, a no vote means support of the committee's opposition to the amendment.

Again, would the Sergeant at Arms clear the aisle on my right? It is packed, particularly in the New York area, where it has been all evening.

MARY CRISP of Arizona
Secretary of the Convention

Will the delegates please give the Secretary their attention?

The Secretary called the roll of States. She was assisted by the Chief Reading Clerk. The result is shown in the following tabulation:

TABULATION OF BALLOT ON AMENDMENT TO RULE 16

State	*No. of Delegates*	*Yes*	*No*	*Abstention*
Alabama	37	37	—	—
Alaska	19	2	17	—
Arizona	29	25	4	—
Arkansas	27	17	10	—
California	167	166	1	—
Colorado	31	26	5	—
Connecticut	35	—	35	—
Delaware	17	1	16	—
District of Columbia	14	—	14	—
Florida	66	28	38	—
Georgia	48	39	7	2
Guam	4	—	4	—
Hawaii	19	1	18	—
Idaho	21	17	4	—
Illinois	101	20	79	2
Indiana	54	27	27	—
Iowa	36	18	18	—
Kansas	34	4	30	—
Kentucky	37	26	10	1
Louisiana	41	34	6	1
Maine	20	5	15	—
Maryland	43	8	35	—
Massachusetts	43	15	28	—
Michigan	84	29	55	—
Minnesota	42	5	35	2
Mississippi	30	—	30	—
Missouri	49	30	18	1
Montana	20	20	—	—
Nebraska	25	18	7	—
Nevada	18	15	3	—
New Hampshire	21	3	18	—
New Jersey	67	4	62	1
New Mexico	21	20	1	—
New York	154	20	134	—
North Carolina	54	51	3	—
North Dakota	18	6	12	—

State	*No. of Delegates*	*Yes*	*No*	*Abstention*
Ohio	97	7	90	—
Oklahoma	36	36	—	—
Oregon	30	14	16	—
Pennsylvania	103	14	89	—
Puerto Rico	8	—	8	—
Rhode Island	19	—	19	—
South Carolina	36	25	11	—
South Dakota	20	11	9	—
Tennessee	43	17	26	—
Texas	100	100	—	—
Utah	20	20	—	—
Vermont	18	—	18	—
Virginia	51	36	15	—
Virgin Islands	4	—	4	—
Washington	38	31	7	—
West Virginia	28	12	16	—
Wisconsin	45	—	45	—
Wyoming	17	9	8	—
TOTALS	2,259	1,069	1,180	10

When New Jersey was reached on the roll call of States, the following occurred:

SENATOR CASE. — Mr. Chairman, before I announce the vote from New Jersey, I ask that the microphone be left on after the call so that one member may request, as he has asked to do, the right to have the delegation polled.

Mr. Chairman, New Jersey casts 4 votes yes, 62 votes no, and 1 abstaining.

THE CHIEF READING CLERK. — New Jersey, 4 aye, 62 no, 1 not voting.

MR. BRUINOOGE. — Madam Chairman, Thomas H. Bruinooge. I am a Delegate from the 7th District. I respectfully request that the New Jersey Delegation be polled.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — Which Delegate made the request, please? The name of the delegate who made the request?

MR. BRUINOOGE. — My name is Thomas H. Bruinooge, 7th District, New Jersey.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — The Reading Clerk will poll the delegation.

Thereupon, the name of each Delegate, or, if absent, his or her Alternate from New Jersey was called with the following result:

NEW JERSEY

Delegates	*Yes*	*No*	*Abstention*
At Large:			
Clifford P. Case		1	
Benjamin H. Danskin		1	
Millicent Fenwick		1	
Thomas H. Kean		1	
Matthew J. Rinaldo		1	
Charles W. Sandman, Jr. (absent)			
Thomas P. Bellucci (his alternate)		1	
Webster B. Todd		1	
Districts:			
1. John L. White		1	
Kenneth Neal MacDonald		1	
Russell M. Ergood, Jr.		1	
Robert E. Boakes		1	
2. Fred Coldren		1	
Philip Matalucci		1	
Harry Brown		1	
Howard F. Haneman		1	
3. Robert C. Stanley, Jr.		1	
Katherine K. Neuberger		1	
Ann D. Flynn		1	
Richard R. Stout (absent)			
Joseph Azzolina (his alternate)		1	
4. John K. Rafferty		1	
Charles W. Roll, Jr.		1	
Irmgard Lamont		1	
Frederick C. Kneisler		1	
5. Peter H. B. Frelinghuysen, Jr.		1	
Lewis J. Gray		1	
Albert W. Merck		1	
Richard B. Sellars		1	
6. J. Garfield DeMarco		1	
Edwin B. Forsythe		1	
William K. Dickey		1	
Anthony N. D'Elia		1	
7. Richard J. Vander Plaat		1	
Garrett W. Hagedorn		1	
Eleanore S. Nissley		1	
Thomas H. Bruinooge	1		
8. William Dewey		1	
Stephen Dudiak (deceased)			
Cherie C. Fischer (his alternate)		1	

Delegates	*Yes*	*No*	*Abstention*
Edwin Englehardt (absent)			
S. M. LaCorte (his alternate)		1	
Thomas Lazzio (absent)			
Joseph F. Scancarella (his alternate)		1	
9. Peter J. Russo		1	
Matthew J. Binder		1	
F. Walton Wanner			1
Nicholas R. Jialdini (absent)			
George O. Savino (his alternate)		1	
10. Ruth E. Stevenson		1	
Anthony T. Couzzi		1	
Mary F. Axiotes		1	
William L. Stubbs		1	
11. Frederic Remington		1	
Leonard J. Felzenberg		1	
Andrew C. Axtell		1	
Carl A. Orechio		1	
12. Barbara B. Claman		1	
Eleanor Aurnhammer		1	
Hugo M. Pfaltz, Jr.		1	
Richard F. Trabert		1	
13. Robert E. Littell		1	
James P. Vreeland, Jr.		1	
Frank H. DeLello		1	
Richard W. Seabury III		1	
14. Julius D. Canter		1	
Joseph A. Plonski	1		
Evelyn Holender		1	
Peter D. Morgan (deceased)			
Maria Scalia (his alternate)		1	
15. Andre Gruber		1	
Eudora A. Fike	1		
Donald Katz	1		
S. Elliott Mayo		1	
	4	62	1

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — The ayes are 1,069, the noes are 1,180, and 10 abstentions. The amendment is not agreed to.

The vote now comes on the motion to approve the report of the Committee on Rules and Order of Business. Is there a second?

SEVERAL CONVENTION DELEGATES. — Second.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — All in favor say aye.

(Chorus of ayes.)

Opposed, no. (Noes were heard.)

The ayes have it, and the report of the Committee on Rules and Order of Business stands approved.

RULES ADOPTED BY THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION

BE IT RESOLVED, *That the Republican Party is the party of the open door. Ours is the party of equality of opportunity for all and favoritism for none.*

It is the intent and purpose of these rules to encourage the broadest possible participation of all voters in the Republican Party activities at all levels and to assure that the Republican Party is open, accessible to all and answerable ultimately to the people in the true American tradition.

It is the further purpose of these rules to make certain that the Republican Party stands for the principle that while we are the party open to all, we are also the party of opportunity for all; opportunity for everyone of every race, religion, color, national origin, age or sex.

These rules provide for full participation with equal opportunity for men and women, for minorities and heritage groups, and for all Americans regardless of age or social or economic status.

These rules mandate that the Republican Party shall be a nationwide party, purposeful and strong in all sections of the country, North, South, East, and West; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, *That the following be adopted as the rules of business of this convention, the rules for the election and government of the Republican National Committee, the rules under which delegates and alternate delegates shall be allotted to the respective states in the next convention, and how their election shall be conducted and contests shall be considered.*

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CONVENTION

RULE NO. 1

The convention shall proceed in the order of business prepared and printed by the Republican National Committee.

RULE NO. 2

(a) No person, except members of the several delegations, officers of the convention, and members of the Republican National Committee shall be admitted to the section of the convention hall apportioned to delegates.

(b) Press and staff shall be admitted to the section(s) of the hall authorized for them.

RULE NO. 3

When the convention shall have assembled and the Committee on Credentials shall have been appointed, the secretary of the national committee shall deliver to the said Committee on Credentials all credentials and other papers forwarded under Rule No. 34.

RULE NO. 4

No person on the temporary roll of the convention and whose right to be seated as a delegate or alternate is being contested (except those placed on the temporary roll by affirmative vote of at least two-thirds (⅔rds) of the members of the national committee), shall be entitled to vote in the convention or in any committee thereof until by vote of the convention the contest as to such person has been finally decided and such person has been permanently seated.

RULE NO. 5

(a) Whenever used in the rules, "state" or "states" shall be taken to include the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, unless the context in which the word "state" or "states" is used clearly makes such inclusion inappropriate.

(b) In the absence of any delegate at large, or delegate from any Congressional district, the roll of alternates for the state or district shall be called in the order in which the names are placed upon the roll of the convention, unless the state or district convention, the Republican state committee or governing committee, or the law of the state or district electing the absent delegate shall otherwise direct, in which event the alternates from the state or district shall vote in the order established by the state or district convention, the Republican state committee or governing committee, or the law of the state or district.

RULE NO. 6

Each delegate in the convention shall be entitled to one (1) vote, which may be cast by his or her alternate in the absence of the delegate.

RULE NO. 7

(a) The Rules of the House of Representatives of the United States shall be the rules of this convention, except that "Robert's Rules of Order Newly Revised" shall be the rules for committees and subcommittees of this convention, so far as they are applicable and not inconsistent with the rules herein set forth, provided, however, the convention may make its own rules concerning the reading of committee reports and resolutions.

(b) Committees and subcommittees may set time limits for speaking on any question by a simple majority vote.

(c) No votes in the committees or subcommittees of the convention shall be taken by secret ballot.

RULE NO. 8

When the previous question shall be demanded by a majority of the delegates from any state, and the demand is likewise seconded by two (2) or more states, and the call is sustained by a majority of the delegates of the convention, the question shall then be proceeded with and disposed of according to the Rules of the House of Representatives of the United States in similar cases.

RULE NO. 9

A motion to suspend the rules shall be in order only when made by authority of a majority of the delegates from any state and seconded by a majority of the delegates from not less than five (5) other states, severally.

RULE NO. 10

It shall be in order to lay on the table a proposed amendment to a pending measure and such motion, if adopted, shall not carry with it or prejudice such original measure.

RULE NO. 11

No member shall speak more than once upon the same question or longer than five (5) minutes, unless by leave of the convention, except in the presentation of the name of a candidate for nomination for President or Vice President.

RULE NO. 12

Upon all subjects before the convention requiring a roll call, the states shall be called in alphabetical order.

RULE NO. 13

The report of the Committee on Credentials shall be disposed of before the report of the Committee on Resolutions is acted upon, and the report of the Committee on Resolutions shall be disposed of before the convention proceeds to the nomination of candidates for President and Vice President.

RULE NO. 14

(a) The delegates from each state elected to the national convention, immediately after they are elected, shall select from the delegation their members of the Resolutions, Credentials, Rules and Order of Business, and

Permanent Organization Committees of the national convention, consisting of one (1) man and one (1) woman for each committee, and shall file notice of such selection with the secretary of the national committee; provided, however, that no delegate may serve on more than one (1) committee of the national convention. Alternates may not serve as members of the convention committees.

(b) All resolutions relating to the platform shall be submitted to the Committee on Resolutions without reading and without debate. No resolution or amendment thereto shall be reported out, or made a part of any report of the Resolutions Committee, or otherwise read or debated before the convention unless the same shall have been submitted to the Resolutions Committee in writing prior to its report to the convention and shall have received the affirmative support of a minimum of twenty-five percent (25%) of the membership of the committee.

RULE NO. 15

When a majority of the delegates of any six (6) states severally shall demand that a vote be recorded, the same shall be taken by the states in the order hereinbefore established.

RULE NO. 16

(a) Candidates for the Presidency shall demonstrate majority support from each of five (5) state delegations.

(b) In making the nominations for President and Vice President and voting thereon, in no case shall the call of the roll be dispensed with. The total time of the nominating speech and seconding speeches for any candidate for President or Vice President shall not exceed fifteen (15) minutes.

RULE NO. 17

When it appears at the close of the roll call that any candidate for the nomination for President or Vice President has received the majority of the votes entitled to be cast in the convention, the chairman of the convention shall announce the question to be: "Shall the nomination of the candidate be made unanimous?" If no candidate shall have received such majority, the chairman shall direct the vote to be taken again and shall repeat the taking of the vote until some candidate shall have received a majority of votes.

RULE NO. 18

(a) In the balloting, the vote of each state shall be announced by the chairman of the respective delegations; and in case the vote of any state shall be divided, the chairman shall announce the number of votes for each candidate, or for or against any proposition; but if exception is taken by any delegate to the correctness of such announcement by the chairman of that delegation, the

chairman of the convention shall direct the roll of members of such delegation to be called and the result shall be recorded in accordance with the vote of the several delegates in such delegation; provided, however, that in any event, the vote of each state for the nomination for President shall be announced and recorded (or in the absence of an announcement shall be recorded) in accordance with the results of any binding Presidential primary or direct election of delegates bound or pledged pursuant to state law. No delegate or alternate shall be bound by any attempt of any state or Congressional district to impose the unit rule.

(b) In balloting, if any delegation shall pass when its name is called, then at the conclusion of the roll call all delegations which passed shall be called in the order established in Rule No. 12; and no delegation will be allowed to change its votes until all delegations which passed shall have been given a second opportunity to vote.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE

RULE NO. 19

(a) The Republican National Committee shall have the general management of the Republican Party in the United States, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, subject to direction from time to time of the national convention. The members of the national committee shall be elected by the various states and shall consist of one man and one woman from each state.

(b) The duly elected and acting chairman of each state shall be a member of the national committee during his or her tenure in office.

(c) Auxiliaries of the Republican National Committee may be recognized only by the Republican National Convention.

RULE NO. 20

At each Republican National Convention called for the purpose of nominating candidates for President and Vice President, the roll shall be called and the delegation from each state shall report through its chairman the names of the elected national committee members whose election shall be ratified by the convention.

RULE NO. 21

State laws providing a method of election for national committeemen and committeewomen shall be binding on the Republican National Convention.

RULE NO. 22

Where state laws do not provide a method for the election of national committeemen and committeewomen, a national convention delegation shall be bound by the state party rules. The national convention may enforce these rules if they are not obeyed by the state's national convention delegation. This rule shall not apply to Republican state chairmen.

RULE NO. 23

Duly elected national committeemen and national committeewomen shall serve from the adjournment of the quadrennial national convention until the adjournment of the following quadrennial national convention.

RULE NO. 24

(a) The national committee shall issue the call for the next national convention to nominate candidates for President and Vice President of the United States prior to January 1 of the year in which the convention is to be held. The national committee shall issue and promulgate the call in a manner consistent with these rules.

(b) National convention delegates and alternates shall be chosen in a manner consistent with these rules unless otherwise provided by state law.

(c) The chairman of the Republican National Committee shall appoint from among the members of the national committee a Committee on the Call, a Committee on Arrangements, a Committee on Rules, and a Contest Committee. Each committee shall consist of at least seven (7) members. The chairman of the Contest Committee and the chairman of the Committee on Rules shall be members also of the Arrangements Committee. Each member of the Republican National Committee shall be appointed to one of these committees.

(d) Immediately after the Republican National Convention the chairman of the Republican National Committee will designate a seven-member Select Committee on Presidential Campaign Affairs, to be composed of the chairman, the treasurer and five other members of the Republican National Committee, for the purpose of preserving and protecting the integrity of the Presidential election process.

This Select Committee on Presidential Campaign Affairs shall coordinate closely with the Republican nominee for President his or her full plan of financial expenditures, shall review and monitor such expenditures made during the Presidential campaign, and shall make its report to the Republican National Committee at its meeting next after the November election. Each Republican candidate for President shall agree in writing to this rule prior to his or her nomination.

(e) The chairman shall appoint a Site Committee no later than two years following the Presidential election.

RULE NO. 25

(a) The officers of the national committee shall consist of:

(1) a chairman and a co-chairman of the opposite sex who shall be elected by the members of the Republican National Committee and who shall be full-time, paid employees. The chairman shall be the chief executive officer of the Republican National Committee. The chairman and co-chairman may be removed from office only by a two-thirds (⅔rds) vote of the entire national committee.

(2) eight (8) vice chairmen, one man and one woman, from each of the following regions:

The Western States Association: Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Guam, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington and Wyoming;

The Midwestern States Association: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, West Virginia, and Wisconsin;

The Northeastern States Association: Connecticut, Delaware, the District of Columbia, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Puerto Rico, Rhode Island, Vermont, and the Virgin Islands;

The Southern States Association: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, and Virginia;

(3) a secretary, a treasurer, and such other officers as the committee shall deem necessary, all to be elected by the national committee.

(b) The chairman, co-chairman and all other officers except the vice chairmen shall be elected for two-year terms. The terms shall run from the first national committee meeting following the national convention until January of the next even-numbered year and from that January until the termination of the next quadrennial national convention. All officers except the vice chairmen shall be nominated from the floor, and candidates must have at least two (2) votes in three (3) states in order to have their names put in nomination. There shall be no nominating committee.

(c) The eight (8) vice chairmen shall be elected at regional caucuses by the national committee members of the four (4) regions and shall be residents and national committee members from their respective regions. The election shall take place at the first meeting after the quadrennial national convention. The election of vice chairmen does not need confirmation by the Republican National Committee.

(d) The chairman shall appoint a general counsel for the committee and a chairman of the Republican Finance Committee, both of whom shall be confirmed by the Republican National Committee at its next meeting.

RULE NO. 26

(a) The national committee is authorized and empowered to select an Executive Committee, to consist of fifteen (15) members; in addition the following shall serve as ex-officio members of the Executive Committee: The chairman, the co-chairman, the vice chairmen, the secretary, the treasurer, the general counsel, the chairman of the Republican Finance Committee, the president of the National Federation of Republican Women, the chairman of the Republican State Chairmen's Advisory Committee, the chairman of the Young Republican National Federation, the chairman of the College Republican National Committee, the chairman of the National Republican Heritage Groups Council, the chairman of the National Black Republican Council, the chairman of the Republican National Hispanic Assembly, the chairman of the National Conference of Republican Mayors, the Republican leader of the U. S. Senate, the Republican leader of the U. S. House of Representatives, and the chairman of the Republican Governors Association.

(b) The Executive Committee shall exercise all of the executive and administrative functions required of the national committee between meetings of the full committee, with the exception of the following:

(1) election of officers of the national committee,

(2) ratification of members of the Republican National Committee or the Executive Committee,

(3) issuance of the call and designating the time and place for holding the quadrennial national convention,

(4) filling a vacancy in the office of Republican candidate for President or Republican candidate for Vice President.

The Executive Committee shall meet on the call of the chairman, and such meetings shall be held at least once quarterly each year. The minutes of all Executive Committee meetings shall be distributed immediately to all Republican National Committee members.

(c) The chairman, with the approval of the national committee, may appoint other committees and assistants as he or she may deem necessary, and whenever such committees are appointed, they shall consist of a chairman and an equal number of men and women.

(d) It shall be the responsibility of the finance chairman to appoint members of a Finance Committee who will be approved in advance by the state chairman of their respective states. The finance chairman, in consultation with the members of the Finance Committee, shall have the duty of developing and implementing a broad-based, fund raising plan.

(e) Upon written petition of at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the members of the Executive Committee, the chairman within ten (10) days shall call a meeting of the Executive Committee to be held in a city to be designated

by the chairman. The date of such meeting shall fall between ten (10) and twenty (20) days from the date of the call.

RULE NO. 27

Vacancies in the national committee shall be ratified by the committee upon the election by the state Republican party in and for the state in which the vacancy occurs. The national committee shall have the power to declare vacant the seat of any member who refuses to support the Republican nominees for President and/or Vice President.

RULE NO. 28

(a) The first meeting of the national committee shall take place within fifteen (15) days after the convening of the national convention, upon the call of the member senior in time of service upon the previous national committee; and thereafter upon call of the chairman, or, in case of vacancy in the chairmanship, upon call of the vice chairman senior in time of service on the national committee; but such call shall be issued at least ten (10) days in advance of the date of the proposed meeting. Provided, however, that if one of the purposes of a meeting of the Republican National Committee is to fill a vacancy in the office of Republican candidate for President or Republican candidate for Vice President, then only five (5) days notice of the purpose, date, and place of said meeting shall be required. Upon written petition of sixteen (16) or more members of the national committee, representing not less than sixteen (16) states, filed jointly or separately with the chairman, asking for a meeting of the national committee, it shall be the duty of the chairman within ten (10) days from receipt of said petition to issue a call for a meeting of the national committee, to be held in a city to be designated by the chairman, the date of such called meeting to be not later than twenty (20) days or earlier than ten (10) days from the date of the call.

(b) The Republican National Committee shall meet at least twice a year. A tentative agenda for each meeting shall be mailed to the membership at least ten (10) days prior to the meeting. The minutes, including all resolutions and motions, shall be mailed to all members of the Republican National Committee within thirty (30) days after the close of the meeting.

(c) The annual budget shall be approved at a meeting of the Republican National Committee. The proposed budget, in reasonable detail, shall be mailed to all members of the Republican National Committee at least ten (10) days prior to such meeting.

(d) All meetings of the Republican National Committee and all of its committees shall be open meetings except as provided for by "Robert's Rules of Order Newly Revised."

RULE NO. 29

(a) "Robert's Rules of Order Newly Revised" shall govern in all meetings of the national committee insofar as they are applicable and not inconsistent with these rules. At its first meeting, the committee shall make its own rules governing the use of proxies.

(b) There shall be a standing committee of the Republican National Committee composed of one representative from each state to review and propose recommendations on changes in these rules. This committee shall receive, review and offer recommendations on rule changes made to the committee. The representatives serving on the Republican National Committee from the several states shall choose from their number the appointees to serve on this committee.

MEMBERSHIP IN THE NEXT NATIONAL CONVENTION

RULE NO. 30

The membership of the next national convention shall consist of:

A. DELEGATES

1. Six (6) delegates at large from each of the fifty (50) states.

2. Three (3) district delegates from the district of each Representative in the United States House of Representatives from each state.

3. Fourteen (14) delegates at large for the District of Columbia, four (4) delegates at large for Guam, fourteen (14) delegates at large for Puerto Rico, and four (4) delegates at large for the Virgin Islands.

4. From each state casting its electoral vote, or a majority thereof for the Republican nominee for President in the last preceding election: Four and one-half (4½) delegates at large plus the number of the delegates at large equal to 60% of the electoral vote from each such state. In addition, one delegate at large shall be awarded to a state for any and each of the following public officials elected by such state in the year of the last preceding Presidential election or at any subsequent election held prior to January 1, 1980:

(a) A Republican United States Senator: Provided, that no such additional delegate at large award to any state shall exceed two;

(b) A Republican governor: Provided, that no such additional delegate at large award to any state shall exceed one; or

(c) A Republican membership of at least half of the state's delegation to the United States House of Representatives: Provided, that no such additional delegate at large award to any state shall exceed one.

In the computation of the number of delegates at large, any sum of the four and one-half (4½) plus the 60% representing a fraction shall be increased to the next whole number.

5. If the District of Columbia cast its electoral vote, or a majority thereof, for the Republican nominee for President in the last preceding Presidential election: Four and one-half (4½) delegates at large, plus the number of delegates at large equal to 30% of the fourteen (14) delegates at large alloted to the District of Columbia. In the computation of the number of delegates at large, any sum of the four and one-half (4½) plus the 30% representing a fraction shall be increased to the next whole number.

6. Any state which would receive fewer delegates under all provisions of this rule than it received to the 1972 Republican National Convention shall have its number of delegates increased to the same number of delegates it received to the 1972 Republican National Convention.

B. ALTERNATE DELEGATES

One (1) alternate delegate to each delegate to the national convention.

ELECTION OF DELEGATES TO NATIONAL CONVENTION

RULE NO. 31

Delegates at large to the national convention and their alternates and delegates from Congressional districts to the national convention and their alternates shall be elected in the following manner:

(a) By primary election in accordance with the applicable laws of such states as required by law, the election of delegates to the national conventions of political parties by direct primary and in the District of Columbia in accordance with its law; provided, that in any of these in which Republican representation upon the Board of Judges or Inspectors of Elections for such primary election is denied by law, delegates and alternates shall be elected as hereinafter provided.

(b) By Congressional district or state conventions, as the case may be, to be called by the Congressional district or state committees, respectively. Notice of the call for any such convention shall be published in a newspaper or newspapers of general circulation in the Congressional district or state, as the case may be, not less than fifteen (15) days prior to the date of said convention.

(c) By the Republican state committee or governing committee in any state in which the law of such state specifically authorizes the election of delegates or alternates in such manner.

(d) In selecting delegates and alternates to the national convention, no state law shall be observed which hinders, abridges or denies to any citizen of the United States, eligible under the Constitution of the United States, to the office of President or Vice President, the right or privilege of being a candidate under

such state law for the nomination for the President or Vice President; or which authorizes the election of a number of delegates or alternates from any state to the national convention different from that fixed in these rules.

(e) In a Congressional district where there is no Republican Congressional Committee, the Republican state committee shall issue the call and make said publication.

(f) All delegates from any state may be chosen from the state at large, in the event that the laws of the state in which the election occurs, so provide.

(g) Alternate delegates shall be elected to said national convention for each unit of representation equal in number to the number of delegates elected therein and shall be chosen in the same manner, at the same time, and under the same rules the delegates are chosen; provided, however, that if the law of any state shall prescribe the method of choosing alternates they shall be chosen in accordance with the provisions of the law of the state in which the election occurs.

(h) The election of delegates and alternates from the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands shall be held under the direction of the respective recognized Republican governing committee therein in conformity with the rules of the Republican National Committee or the laws of the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

(i) Election of delegates and alternates shall be certified in every case where they are elected by conventions, by the chairman and secretary of such conventions, respectively, and forwarded to the secretary of the Republican National Committee, and in the case of election by primary, they shall be certified by the proper official and all certificates shall be forwarded by said duly elected delegates and alternates in the manner herein provided.

(j) All delegates and alternates shall be elected not later than thirty-five (35) days before the date of the meeting of said national convention, unless otherwise provided by the laws of the state in which the election occurs.

(k) Delegates and alternates at large to the national convention when serving as delegates and alternates shall be duly qualified voters of their respective states. All delegates and alternates allocated as delegates and alternates at large shall be elected at large in the several states unless otherwise mandated by state law.

(l) Delegates and alternates to the national convention, representing Congressional districts, shall be residents and qualified voters in said districts respectively when serving as delegates and alternates. All delegates and alternates allocated to represent Congressional districts shall be elected by the Congressional district of the several states unless the laws of the state shall otherwise mandate.

(m) No delegate or alternate delegate shall be required to pay an assessment or fee in excess of that provided by the law of the state in which the election

occurs as a condition of serving as a delegate or alternate delegate to the Republican National Convention.

ELECTION OF DELEGATES TO DISTRICT AND STATE CONVENTIONS

Delegates to Congressional district and state conventions shall be elected under the following rules:

(n) Except where state law otherwise mandates, only legal and qualified voters who are deemed to be Republicans pursuant to state law or by state party rule shall participate in a Republican primary, caucus, mass meeting, or mass convention held for the purpose of selecting delegates to a county, district, or state convention, and only such legal and qualified voters shall be elected as delegates to county, district, and state conventions; provided, however, that in addition to the qualifications provided herein the governing Republican committee of each state, shall have the authority to prescribe additional qualifications not inconsistent with law. Such additional qualifications shall be adopted and published in at least one daily newspaper having a general circulation throughout the state, such publication to be at least ninety (90) days before such qualifications shall become effective.

(o) No delegates shall be deemed eligible to participate in any district or state convention, the purpose of which is to elect delegates to the said national convention, who were elected prior to the date of issuance of the call of such national convention unless this rule be inconsistent with the law of the state.

(p) District conventions shall be composed of delegates who are legal and qualified voters therein, and delegates to state conventions shall be qualified voters of the respective districts which they represent in said state conventions. Such delegates shall be apportioned among the counties, parishes, and cities of the state or district having regard to the Republican vote therein.

(q) There shall be no proxies at any district or state convention held for the purpose of selecting delegates to the Republican National Convention. If alternate delegates to such selection convention are selected, the alternate delegate, and no other shall vote in the absence of the delegate.

(r) There shall be no automatic delegates at any level of the delegate selection procedures who serve by virtue of party position or elective office.

(s) The Republican National Committee shall assist the states in their efforts to inform all citizens how they may participate in delegate selection procedures. The states, in cooperation with the Republican National Committee, shall prepare instructive material on delegate selection methods and make it available for distribution.

RULE NO. 32

(a) Participation in a Republican primary, caucus, or any meeting or convention held for the purpose of selecting delegates and alternates to a county,

district, state or national convention shall in no way be abridged for reasons of sex, race, religion, color, age or national origin. The Republican National Committee and the Republican state committee or governing committee of each state shall take positive action to achieve the broadest possible participation by everyone in party affairs, including such participation by women, young people, minority and heritage groups and senior citizens in the delegate selection process.

(b) Unless otherwise provided by the laws of the state in which the election occurs, in those states where delegates and alternates are elected through the convention system or a combination of convention and primary systems, the precinct, ward, township or county meetings shall be open meetings and all citizens who are qualified shall be urged to participate.

(c) Each state shall endeavor to have equal representation of men and women in its delegation to the Republican National Convention.

(d) The provisions of Rule 32 are not intended to be the basis of any kind of quota system.

RULE NO. 33

No state shall elect a greater number of persons to act as delegates and alternates than the actual number of delegates and alternates respectively to which they are entitled under the call for the national convention, and no unit of representation may elect any delegate or delegates, or their alternates, with permission to cast a fractional vote.

RULE NO. 34

Thirty (30) days before the time set for the meeting of the national convention, the credentials of each delegate and alternate shall be filed with the secretary of the national committee for use by the secretary in making up the temporary roll of the convention, except in the case of delegates or alternates elected at a time or times in accordance with the laws of the state in which the election occurs rendering impossible filing of credentials within the time above specified.

RULE NO. 35

(a) At the time of appointing the Arrangements Committee there shall be appointed by the chairman of the Republican National Committee a Contest Committee, consisting of at least seven (7) members of the Republican National Committee.

(b) Where more than the authorized number of delegates from any state are reported to the secretary of the national committee, a contest shall be deemed to exist and the secretary shall notify the several claimants so reported and shall submit all such credentials and claims to the whole Republican National

Committee for decision as to which claimants reported shall be placed upon the temporary roll of the convention; provided, however, that the names of the delegates and alternates, presenting certificates of election from the canvassing board or officer created or designated by the law of the state in which the election occurs, to canvass the returns and issue certificates of election to delegates or alternates to national conventions of political parties in a primary election, shall be placed upon the temporary roll of the convention by the national committee.

(c) All contests arising in any state electing district delegates by district conventions shall be decided by its state convention, or if the state convention shall not meet prior to the national convention, then by its state committee; and only contests affecting delegates elected at large shall be presented to the national committee; provided, however, if the contest regarding a district delegate arises out of the irregular or unlawful action of the state committee or state convention, the national committee may take jurisdiction thereof and hear and determine the same under the procedure provided in Rule 35.

(d) Notices of contests shall be filed thirty (30) days before the time set for the meeting of the national convention, with the secretary of the national committee, except in the case of delegates or alternates elected at a time or times in accordance with the laws of the state in which the election occurs rendering impossible the filing of the notice of contest within the time above specified, stating the grounds of the contest.

(e) Not less than twenty-two (22) days before the convening of the Republican National Convention, each of the contesting persons or groups shall file with the secretary of the Republican National Committee at least three (3) printed or typewritten copies of the brief in support of their claim to sit as delegates or alternates in the national convention. The secretary of the Republican National Committee upon receiving the brief of a contesting person or group shall furnish the opposing contesting person or group a copy of said brief.

Each brief shall begin with a summary of not more than one thousand (1,000) words setting forth succinctly a synopsis of the brief and a definite statement of the points relied upon.

(f) The Contest Committee shall make up a report of each contest filed, showing the grounds of contest, the statute and rule, if any, under which the contest is waged, and the contentions of each party thereto. The report shall conclude with a statement of the points of issue in the contest, both of fact and law, and shall be signed by the chairman. When the Contest Committee has prepared such report stating the issues of law and fact, a copy of the statement of such issues shall be forthwith submitted to a person in the convention city, whom the contestants must appoint at the time of filing the contest, to receive such statement; and a copy shall forthwith be served by the chairman of the Contest Committee upon the contestants by registered mail.

(g) The contestants shall have eight (8) days to file written objections to the Contest Committee's statement of the issues of fact or law or both unless the

Republican National Committee acting as a committee of the whole is called to act upon the contest sooner, in which case such objections shall be made before the meeting of the whole committee. In case the contestants reside in the states of Alaska or Hawaii, or in Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands or Guam, they shall be entitled to ten (10) days to file written objections.

The objections shall contain any additional statement of issue of either law or fact or both, claimed by the contestant submitting the same, to be involved in and necessary to be decided in the contest.

(h) The Contest Committee shall hear and decide the statement of law and fact at once and make its decision as to what issues are involved and submit these issues, either in law or fact, or both, to the national committee sitting as a committee of the whole, and such issues shall be the sole and only issues passed upon and determined by the committee of the whole, unless the national committee shall by a majority vote extend or change the same.

If the Contest Committee for any reason shall fail to state the issues either of law or fact, the national committee shall decide upon what issues the contest shall be tried, and the hearing shall be limited to such issues, unless the national committee by a majority vote shall decide otherwise.

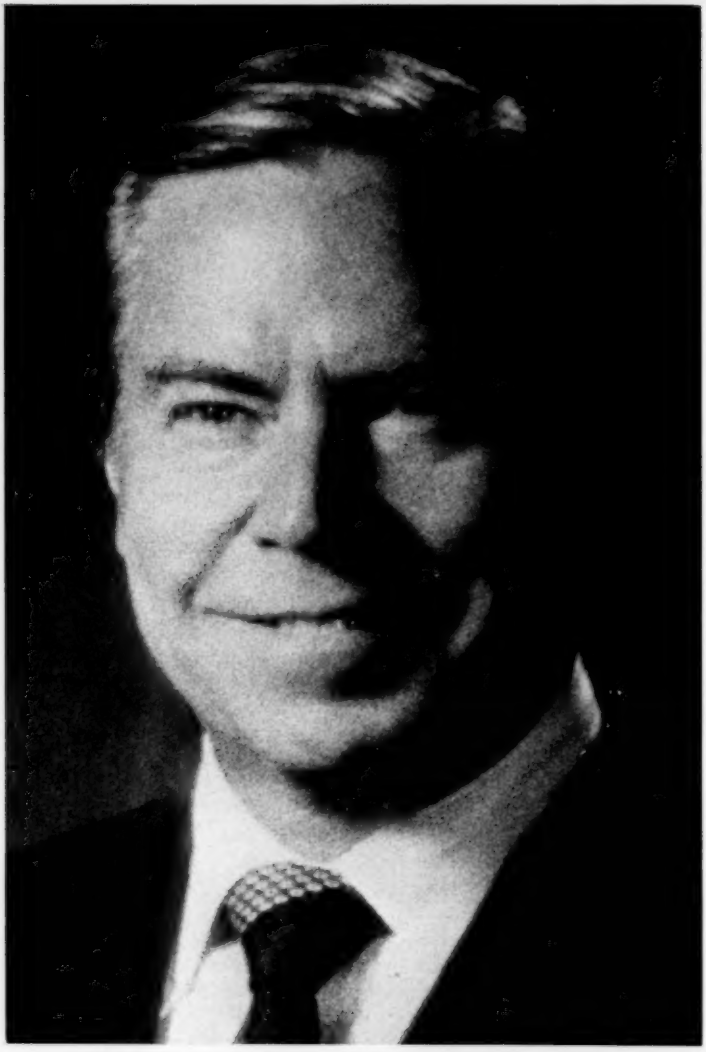
(i) When the national committee is called to pass upon any contest that may arise, the members of the Credentials Committee of each state shall also be notified of the time and place of such meeting and shall have the right to attend all hearings of all contests but without the right to participate in the discussion or to vote.

(j) If an appeal is taken from any ruling of the national committee on any contest, notice of such appeal must be filed with the secretary of the national committee within twenty-four (24) hours after the decision and shall specify the grounds upon which the appeal is taken, and only the grounds so specified shall be heard by the Credentials Committee upon such appeal. No evidence other than that taken before the national committee shall be taken up by the Credentials Committee unless it shall by a majority vote of all its members so direct.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON PERMANENT ORGANIZATION

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — The Delegate from Tennessee, Sarah Moore Green, is now recognized to give to the convention the report of the Committee on Permanent Organization. Besides being a Vice Chairman of the Knoxville School Board and the namesake of the Sarah More Green Elementary School in Knoxville, Mrs. Green has the distinction of being the first Black woman ever elected chairman of a committee of a national party's convention. Sarah Green.

Ladies and gentlemen, may we please have your attention. Will the Delegates please take their seats. As I have indicated earlier, it is a very



THE HONORABLE JOHN J. RHODES of Arizona
Permanent Chairman of the Convention

frightening task to walk up to this podium and find a somewhat distracted audience. Will the Delegates please take their seats.

MRS. GREEN. — Mr. Chairman, Delegates, Alternates, ladies and gentlemen of the convention, I have the distinct honor to present the report of the Committee on Permanent Organization.

Your committee organized, with Sarah Moore Green of Tennessee as Chairman, and Mrs. Jackie Oberg of Alaska as secretary. Mr. Benton Becker of Washington, D.C., ably served as counsel and parliamentarian of the committee.

Your committee recommends the Permanent Chairman of this convention to be Congressman John J. Rhodes of Arizona. We further recommend that the temporary secretary and other temporary officers whose names were read into the record of this convention at the first session be made permanent officers of the convention.

Mr. Chairman, I move adoption of this report.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — You have heard the motion. Is there a second?

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Second.

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — All in favor, say aye.

(Chorus of ayes.)

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — To the contrary, no.

The ayes have it and the report of the Committee on Permanent Organization stands approved.

COMMITTEE TO ESCORT PERMANENT CHAIRMAN TO PLATFORM

The following committee is asked to escort the Permanent Chairman to the rostrum: James H. Colter, Arizona; James C. Cleveland, New Hampshire; Ralph S. Regula, Ohio; Willis Gradison, Ohio; Bill Frenzel, Minnesota.

While the Permanent Chairman is coming to the rostrum, it might be a good time for Delegates who have been standing in the aisle to please take their seats.

I might say in the interim, I have enjoyed being your Temporary Chairman, and I am glad it is only temporary.

INTRODUCTION OF THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN OF THE CONVENTION BY THE HONORABLE JACK KEMP MEMBER OF CONGRESS, 38TH DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

THE TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN. — To introduce the Permanent Chairman of the Thirty-First Republican National Convention, we will hear from yet

another distinguished Republican Congressman, a man whose success on the football field has been more than equaled in his success in the Halls of Congress. An outstanding advocate of the free enterprise system for working men and working women everywhere. From the 38th Congressional District of New York, the Honorable Jack Kemp.

MR. KEMP. — The Republican Party must move from the defense to the offense. The time is now and the place is here.

We are convened to chart a course for our party and one for the nation and its future.

Yes, we are here to nominate our party's candidate for President. Yes, we are here to adopt a program to put the Republican Party back in control of the Congress. But the issue in 1976 is not who we are against; it is who we are for.

If we are going to make anything of these few days together, we have to do more than just criticize the Democrats and their platform. We have to realize that we can no longer make political careers out of just opposing what the Democrats are for. We have to put forward a vision and a program of our own.

The first thing that you learn in competition is that you have to believe in yourself. You must believe that you can win before you can win. And if we don't think we can, we will surely lose.

This ought to be our year. It can be our year. It must be our year. (Applause.)

There is time to turn this nation of voters towards our party and our ideas. For far too long some have thought that we could win elections by obscuring the differences between our party and the other. It hasn't worked. It is time to sharpen the differences.

History turns on ideas. Ideas rule the world. And the Republican Party has the principles and the ideas that the great body of American people embraces. We must translate them into a plan of action that both inspires people and wins elections.

For nearly fifty years the Democrat Party has ridden the political success story on a horse called "Spending." More government spending and huge deficits are the ways of the Democrats, the ways they have tried to satisfy and bring divergent groups of people under one political umbrella.

It has been a successful political formula, one which captured the Congress forty out of the past forty-four years. While it might have been good politics, it has been disastrous economics and is threatening individual freedom in America today. For government spending must be paid for, and the financing of its enormous growth now consumes over forty-five percent of our national income.

In short, the government's share of the people's income is strangling the ability of private enterprise to increase incomes, jobs and prosperity for all Americans.

Trying to spend our rate of prosperity carries the seeds of its own destruction — double-digit inflation, and nearly double-digit unemployment.

The Democrat Congress must be held accountable — not this Administration or the Republicans in the Congress of this United States.

The American people need to know this because they are being crushed under the burden. They need to know that not a dollar is spent, not a regulation becomes law, not a program begins in this country without the approval of the Democrat Congress. And this is the battleground today.

It is time to get government off of the people's backs and their hands out of the people's pockets.

Let the Democrats continue to be the party of big spending and more taxes. We must be the party of less spending and less taxes. (Applause.)

Let the Democrats continue to be the party of more government jobs. We must be the party of private enterprise jobs. (Applause.)

Let the Democrats continue to be the party of inflation. We must be the party of the sound dollar.

The best and surest way to reduce the size of government today is to increase and expand private enterprise in America. And the best and surest way to expand enterprise is to reduce the tax barriers to its growth. This is the cutting edge of our ideas to reduce the burdens of government.

And I believe that we must let the Democrats propose spending another $2 billion of the people's money if they want. We say that if there is that much money available, why should government spend it? We want to return it to the people in the form of tax cuts. When the Democrats propose spending money, we should propose giving it back to the people.

Whatever our differences, we are united as a party in the belief that the American people are being crushed by the burden of taxation and excessive regulation, and it is our job, it is our cause to do something about it for all the working Americans and their families across this land.

1976 is the year of accountability. The leadership of Congress needs to be changed, and there is only one way to do it, ladies and gentlemen, and that is to elect a Republican Congress.

You need to help elect Congressional candidates across this country. By electing them, we can have a new speaker, we can have new leadership. We can have a Congress truly representative of the values, the goals and the needs of the American people.

There is only one way to reform Washington, and that is to reform Congress. (Applause.)

I want you to pledge tonight to work for Republicans, to work for a Republican Congress, led by a great Representative from the State of Arizona, a leader who puts integrity ahead of expediency and the country ahead of politics.

Let's stand together and vow to work for a Congress with new vision for America, with a new Speaker for the Congress, by helping elect the honorable John Rhodes, Speaker of the next Congress of the United States. (Applause.)

ADDRESS BY THE HONORABLE JOHN J. RHODES MEMBER OF CONGRESS FROM ARIZONA MINORITY LEADER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN OF THE 1976 REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — First I want to thank my chairman of the Arizona delegation, Jim Colter; my colleagues, Ralph Regula of Ohio, Jim Cleveland of New Hampshire, Bill Frenzel of Minnesota and Bill Gradison of Ohio, for accompanying me as my escorts. I feel well escorted.

If it sounds at all like I am running for Speaker of the House, it is just because I am running for Speaker of the House. (Applause.)

I want to thank you, Jack Kemp, my good friend, for those very kind words.

And I thank all of you, Delegates and Alternates to the 1976 National Convention, for the great honor you have bestowed upon me this evening and on my district and on my State.

Unlike the other party, we will not put the American people to sleep with our convention. (Applause.)

We Republicans are going to show the country that we are capable of having a spirited, hard-fought contest without sacrificing an ounce of party unity.

I don't know how this fight for the Presidential nomination will turn out, but this I do know — President Ford and Governor Reagan are both big men who care about our party and our country, and I know that the nominee of this convention, either of them, will give Governor Carter a real whipping in November. (Applause.)

When we leave this hall, we will leave united in spirit and dedicated to the proposition that at this stage in our history the Republican Party offers the American people the best chance for prosperity at home and peace around the world.

We have gathered together in this great city of the heartland of America to nominate the next President and Vice President of the United States. They will lead the United States into the third century as the greatest nation in the history of the world.

There are two important elections in America this year — one for the Presidency, the other for the control of the Congress. In their wisdom our founders tipped the balance of power toward Congress because Congress is

closest to the people. Under our system the President proposes, but it's Congress that must deliver. It is Congress that passes all the laws. If you don't like the tax structure, as millions of Americans don't, then you have Congress to blame, for Congress levies the taxes. If you are harassed and you don't like overregulation, as most Americans don't, then you have Congress to blame, for Congress creates the agencies and gives them authority. And if you don't like the idea of huge inflation — fueled by deficits — as millions of Americans do not, then you have Congress to blame, for Congress controls the nation's purse strings.

Congress has great power, but the Congress we have now knows how to abuse power much better than it knows how to use power. (Applause.)

No smokescreen or tricky rhetoric is capable of hiding the dismal track record of the Democrat-controlled Congress. The record of Congress is indelible, and it is indefensible.

This is the Congress that took so long, thirty months, to pass an energy emergency bill — and then did the whole thing backwards. It passed a bill that resulted in not less but even greater dependence on foreign sources of energy. This year we will import forty-one percent of our oil at a cost of $35 billion.

This is the Congress that has failed to act on tax reform. Every April 15th the American people are reminded that our tax system is a disgrace. Yet this Congress has failed to act meaningfully.

This is the Congress that rigged the system so that every time the cost of living goes up and the average American citizen has to pay more at the supermarket, Congress gets an automatice raise in pay — another case of doing things backwards.

This is the Congress that has knifed virtually every significant attempt at congressional reform. The House of Representatives has been operating with substantially the same system of committees for thirty years. For instance, we have thirty-three committees and sixty-five subcommittees that claim some jurisdiction over energy.

Congress can't produce because its structure is old and obsolete, unresponsive to the complex problems of the 1970's. And the Democrats refuse to reform the system because they like it that way, and their self-interest takes precedence over the national interests.

I could go on and on about the dismal record of the Democrat-controlled Congress. Welfare is shot full of waste. There are unqualified recipients and there is maladministration. Yet Congress has given us no welfare reform.

The food stamp program, which has noble intentions, has become a giant rip-off. Yet Congress has stopped the President from providing food stamp reform.

It costs our taxpayers $100 million every day just to pay interest on the $700 billion debt the Democrats have racked up during the past four decades.

Federal deficits fuel inflation, they deprive the economy of jobs. Inflation is still public enemy number one.

We have seen in this century the tragedy of post-war Germany and the horrendous aftermath of its fiscal ruin. We must not let it happen to us.

Yet what do Governor Carter and the fiscally-myopic leadership of the Democratic Congress propose? They offer us the Humphrey-Hawkins bill, just the sort of forced, planned, public-sector economy approach that has dragged down every country on earth it has touched.

For twenty-two straight years and forty out of the past forty-four years Democrats have controlled Congress. Democratic leadership has grown gray in the saddle. Congress has become an inert body, creaky in its functions, arrogant in its disregard for ethics and morals, a pitiful, helpless giant that can't act even when it wants to act.

More than anything else, Congress needs an infusion of new leadership — not the same old, tired leadership cemented to the past, but the type of real leadership that only a new majority can provide — the type of leadership that knows where it wants to go and knows how to get there.

The American people have been forced to endure a "Can't-Do Congress." Now the time has come for a can-do, take-charge, hard-working Congress with leadership and direction, goals and ambitions. It is time to sweep out those who have shown that they cannot or will not meet the serious challenges of the 1970's.

This country is great because it is always trying to improve, never satisfied with second best. Yet we have tolerated mediocrity, or worse, in the party which controls Congress. It's incredible and it must be stopped.

The failures and misdeeds of the Democrats in the 94th Congress are going to pose a very special problem for their party this year. The record is clear, and it is clearly bad. The countless deficiencies that have arisen from four decades of Democrat control of Congress cannot be swept under the rug.

Governor Carter is urging the reelection of the same Democrat Congress that has the support of only nine percent of the American people. How can he run against Washington, then travel the country and urge the people to throw the rascals in?

But I realize that it is not enough to simply blast away at the total inefficiency of the Democratic leadership in Congress. What have Republicans done for the country and what do Republicans have to offer the people?

You may recall that just after the last election I made a prediction that the Republican minority in the House, although outnumbered by more than two-to-one, would turn out to be the largest cohesive force in Washington. Well, that is exactly what we are.

We are proud of our record of sustaining sound, courageous vetoes by President Ford. We have stood by principle. We have stuck together as a team

when it counted the most. We have saved the American taxpayers $11 billion by helping the President block irrational inflationary programs advanced by Democrats in Congress.

But we have done more. To give the people a choice, Republicans in the 94th Congress put together a legislative agenda. It is a program of sound, workable ways to solve our national problems. It tells what we will do when we become a majority in Congress.

To enhance the financial security of working men and women, we will enact a tax incentive plan to enable everyone to save for a better retirement. Payroll taxes today are imposing an increasing burden on working men and women. Our program, by offering tax relief to those who invest, looking toward a better retirement, will help alleviate pressures on working people and provide opportunity to build financial security for individuals.

Even more important, we will fight inflation tooth and nail so that retirement dollars can buy more of the good things in life.

The specter of financial disaster from catastrophic illness must be removed from the American family. It can be, and it will be during a Republican Congress.

The war on inflation requires a balanced budget, and we will put Uncle Sam's financial house in order over a three-year period.

We insist on a strong America to preserve the peace. We insist on a safe America to assure the well-being of our citizens.

One of the major duties of Congress is to oversee Federal programs, a function sadly neglected by the Democrats. A Republican Congress will spend its entire first year reviewing our massive Federal bureaucracy; bad programs and regulations will be discarded, waste will be eliminated.

Government will be made efficient and — the most welcome news of all — we will end the harassment of the individual and the businessman by big, overbearing government.

Our Republican legislative agenda promises these things and more. It is a program for the future, a positive, practical response to some very formidable problems. By electing a Republican Congress and implementing the programs outlined in our legislative agenda, America can become even better, moving once again toward fulfillment of the American dream of equality and opportunity for all.

By electing a Republican Congress, we can turn the attention and focus of legislative activity back to the people where it belongs. To the men and women of America, I say, give me the votes to become Speaker of the House, and I will give you a Congress you can trust. (Applause.)

I will give you a Congress you can rely on for positive action, a Republican Congress who will have one, and only one, special interest — you, the people of America.

Now, it has been said, and I believe wisely, that the greatest danger of any republic is not aggression from without but apathy from within. In 1974 only one-fifth of the eligible voters in this country sent a top-heavy Democrat majority to Capitol Hill. We want to hear from the other four-fifths of America. We want to hear from the ninety percent of the people who say that they are not satisfied with Congress' performance. We want them to get involved in our system and do their duty to provide good government. We want the people to go out and vote in 1976.

People are going to have to come to understand that in a legislative body, the majority leadership has all the power. The party control is the key to legislative performance. I know many good, sincere, hard-working Democrats. But because they are members of the Democrat majority, because their party leadership is so bad, they are part of the problem, not part of the solution.

If the people really want to change Congress, it may even mean voting against some Democrats they like in order to elect a Republican Congress.

I am optimistic about our party's chances to wrestle control of Congress away from the lethargic Democrats. I am optimistic because Congress, under the Democrats, has been a place of such low achievement. I am optimistic also because Congress, under the Democrats has been a place of such low repute.

The American people have shown a very low tolerance for governmental deception and double standard, and that is exactly what this Democrat-controlled Congress has given them.

I recall just two years ago when, to its credit, Congress went all out to scour every inch of the Executive Branch in search of wrongdoing. Democrats and Republicans alike joined forces to insure that all offenders were discovered and removed.

Those were difficult days, and the job was a painful one for many of us. But it needed to be done, and I am proud that we did it. But that was two years ago. It is now in the past. This year new allegations of scandal and arrogant misuse of power have come to the public's attention. This time the allegations of wrong-doing involve Democrat members of the Legislative Branch — no one knows how many.

But instead of applying the same tough, thorough, fair standard of scrutiny and justice, the Democratic Congress is looking the other way. The Democratic leadership has refused to allow the type of complete audit of the books and accounts of the House of Representatives that would enable the people of the county to know just how many legislators have misused public money and abused the public trust.

The Democrats demanded absolute justice in the Executive Branch, but when it comes to the Legislative Branch which they control, they give the nation a whitewash. The American people cannot and will not tolerate such a double standard.

This year's congressional election really boils down to this: Will the people continue to tolerate the total legislative inefficiency and total disregard for even-handed justice exemplified by the Democratic leadership? Or will they realize at long last that one party ought not to have all the power in any legislative body for nearly four decades.

The decision rests with the people, as it always has and always will, please God. It is they who will decide what kind of Congress they need. And I am confident that their decision will be the correct one.

Our great former President Dwight D. Eisenhower once said something I feel that captures the essence of America. General Eisenhower said, "America is great because America is good. When she ceases to be good, America will cease to be great."

America is a great country, but it needs a great Congress in order to remain that way. And that is what this election is all about and that is why a Republican Congress is so vital.

I thank you for your kind attention, and now I want to demand order. I want order because I am going to introduce to you the House Republican leadership. These are the men who will become the leadership of the majority in the Congress after November of 1976, if you will it.

The first person I want to introduce is the star Republican Whip from the great State of Illinois, the Honorable Bob Michel. And another equally great Republican from the great State of Illinois, the Chairman of the Republican Conference, one of the most articulate members of the House of Representatives, the Honorable John Anderson.

And the Chairman of the House Republican Policy Committee, the gentleman from Rochester, New York, the Honorable Barber Conable, Jr.

And the Vice Chairman of the House Republican Conference, from the great Buckeye State of Ohio, the Honorable Sam Devine.

And the Secretary of the Republican Conference, from the State of Alabama, Jack Edwards.

From that great Sunshine State of Florida, the Chairman of the Republican Research Committee, Louis Frey, Jr. of Florida.

And the ranking Republican member of the House Rules Committee from the great State of Tennessee, the Honorable James H. Quillen.

And last, but by no means least, the man who is responsible for gathering the sinews of war, the candidates who will make this a Republican Congress after 1976, the Chairman of the Republican Congressional Campaign Committee, from the great State of Michigan, Guy Vander Jagt.

(All of the Republican Leaders stepped forward as introduced and responded to enthusiastic applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and gentlemen, the great Governor of the host State of Missouri is an old friend of mine. I once campaigned for him for Congress. He didn't win then, but he has been winning ever since, and he is going to continue to win.

It is my great pleasure to introduce to you the Honorable Christopher "Kit" Bond, Governor of the State of Missouri.

PRESENTATION OF GAVEL TO THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN BY THE HONORABLE CHRISTOPHER S. BOND GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

GOVERNOR BOND. — Thank you very much, Mr. Chairman.

Thank you, ladies and gentlemen. It is my pleasure and privilege right now, on behalf of the Host Committee, to present to a man we consider a native of our heartland, your new chairman, John Rhodes, a gavel made from the wood of this area.

John Rhodes has not only been a frequent visitor to these parts, but as he mentioned, he helped me campaign for Congress in 1968 when I received an overwhelming mandate from 100,000 Missourians to stay home.

John, in spite of your good efforts, I wasn't able to join you in Congress. But we hope this gavel, symbolic of your role in this convention, will be one that you can use as Speaker of the House. (Applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Thank you, Governor Kit Bond. You would have been a great member of the House of Representatives, but you are a great Governor.

THE FUTURE OF THE UNITED STATES SENATE

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Senator Pete Domenici was named the outstanding Young Man of Albuquerque for 1967 and '68. Now he is the outstanding man of New Mexico and an outstanding Senator.

It is my privilege to present my friend, my neighbor, the Honorable Pete Domenici, United States Senator from the State of New Mexico.

SENATOR DOMENICI. — Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I hope we can soon call you Mr. Speaker.

From New Mexico to America, buenos tardes, and to all of my Italian friends, buono sera.

I am honored to be here tonight to introduce a man who so ably represents America's last frontier, Alaska. I feel uniquely qualified to introduce this man because my father came to this country, as Americans went to Alaska, because it is the last frontier of freedom.

I know why my father and mother and many of your parents and grandparents came to America. My father came to this country from Italy because America gave him the freedom to pursue his dreams, but, it did not tell him what those dreams should be.

His dreams were no different than our dreams, yours and mine — the freedom to speak, freedom to work, freedom to achieve, and the freedom to live every day with pride and dignity.

If we want this free America for our children, as we all do, and for their children, then we must all make a personal commitment to keep that dream alive.

John Adams said almost 200 years ago — he reminded his neighbors that liberty has been lost to the slow encroachment of government rather than to the assaults of foreign armies.

Right now America is being threatened by a government intent on taking our freedom from us by degrees. Every time the government says it is going to do something for us, let us stop and ask what freedom it is going to take from us. Let us not allow those who want government to do everything, to ruin the dreams that so many millions have sacrificed for.

Let us not let a journey of so many thousands of miles in so many decades fail because at the critical moment we didn't see the dangers in the road ahead.

Republicans have faith in people. The Democrats have faith in programs. We have faith in democracy. They have faith in bureaucracy. We have faith in dreams, the dreams of every man. They have faith in the dreams of social planners.

And as we go about the task of bringing every American to our cause, let us remember how many on this globe still look upon our land as the promised land, as the land where everyone has a chance to achieve what they can and what they will.

The man I introduce to you tonight is a man who brings this high dream with him from our last frontier. When they constitutionally provided for a six-year term for Senators, our founding fathers recognized that the United States Senate is a stabilizing force in our government. When we in the Senate elected Senator Ted Stevens as Chairman of the Senate Campaign Committee, we recognized him as a leader with a winning experience and determination to increase our Republican strength in the Senate. He was re-elected by an overwhelming seventy-eight percent in 1972.

The senior Senator from the great State of Alaska, Senator Ted Stevens. (Senator Stevens came forward.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Will the Delegates please be seated? The next speaker is the Chairman of the Senatorial Campaign Committee, a man with a very important job. You should hear him. You are the Delegates to the Republican National Convention. You want a Republican Senate. So do I. Here is the man who can get it for you.

So will you please, please take your seats, be quiet, and listen to a great Senator from the great State of Alaska.

SENATOR STEVENS. — Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Fellow Republicans, we are here to see that the Presidency of the United States stays Republican. But we are here to see also that the Senate of the United States becomes more Republican.

I want you to tell America, and I mean every one of you, I want you to tell America just how hard you are going to work to get us a Republican Senate. I have heard you say "no" all night. Now let's see if you can say "yes."

Are you going to elect Sam Hayakawa from California? And over in Michigan, are you going to elect Marvin Esch? In Pennsylvania, are you going to elect Jack Heinz? In Rhode Island, how about John Chafee? And in Missouri, Jack Danforth, we need Jack Danforth.

We can win. We can win in New York. We can win in Indiana, in Maryland, and in Texas. We can win all over this country if you'll get down to work. And if you do that, we are going to beat Jimmy Carter on the way.

They said that Paul Laxalt of Nevada couldn't win, but he did. They said that Jake Garn couldn't win, but he did. And when they tried to bury Bob Dole under a ton of mud, the voters wouldn't stand for it then and they won't stand for it now, either.

If there was ever a time for a change in the United States Senate, the time is now. We have got the candidates to win this year, and I know that the gentlemen and the ladies of this convention are going to get behind us in this task.

Are you with me in this task? Let's hear it! (Cheers and applause.)

I want you to listen, and I hope you remember that America is listening to you. America is listening to your responses. Listen to the roll call of the candidates who will change the direction of the United States Senate. And we want the first names to be read by one who herself is changing the role of women in our political process.

Ladies and gentlemen, I give to you the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, Carla Hills.

MS. HILLS. — Isn't he a great Senator, you people from Alaska?

Mr. Chairman, when we leave this convention, we will be committed to and united behind a great Republican Presidential ticket. But as a united party, we have another great task for making certain that our President has the support of a winning team in the United States Senate.

It is my privilege to call the names of five great Americans who have that winning ability. I salute one Bob, two Bills, one Lowell, and one Sam — all up for the United States Senate, and every one of them up to the job of helping to guide our nation through the crucial and exciting six years ahead.

Bob is a Senator's Senator. You may not see him in the headlines every day, but there is not a day when his judgment and experience are not eagerly sought. We need strong leaders in the United States Senate, and Bob is one of them.

Who am I talking about? Vermont, you tell them. It is Bob Stafford, your Senator.

South of Vermont is a State that is mighty proud of a man named Bill. As Congressman, and now as its Senator, he thrives on hard work, and the result of that effort has earned him a standing unique among our elected officials. If there is anybody who can restore faith in the United States Congress, it is Bill. From our first State, Senator Bill Roth of Delaware.

I can hardly keep Lowell a secret. There is only one Lowell in the United States Senate, and there is no one quite like him. The fierce independence that gave our nation its birth gives his State its voice. You can agree with him and you can disagree with him, but one thing you know — Connecticut will be heard with Lowell Weicker in the Senate.

Sam, he is one of those whose very presence in the political process is a gift. As a teacher and a scholar, he has shown uncommon courage in words and in deeds. The President Emeritus of San Francisco State University, who showed us what pride in America is all about, the soon-to-be Senator from California, Sam Hayakawa.

I told you about one Bill. Let me tell you about another. When they said it couldn't be done, he just went ahead and did it. He unseated one of the most powerful Democrats in the South. Even before his first term was completed, he was considered by some of us in this room as a potential nominee for Vice President of the United States.

But this Bill chose to serve his people in the great State of Tennessee. I give you your Senator, ready to serve you again, Senator Bill Brock.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Will the Delegates please take their seats? Our speakers are very important members of the party who have a story to tell, who have a lot of wisdom to impart, and if we are in our seats and listening, we will profit.

The Senator from Tennessee, Senator Brock.

SENATOR BROCK. — Thank you, John. I thank you, John Rhodes, and I thank you, Carla Hills. That is one fine lady. I would like to run on her ticket sometime, I tell you that.

You know, America's bedrock is the American farm family. This is the glue which binds a sprawling land together in one unit.

This farmer has served his State for eighteen years as Executive Director of the Farm Bureau, solving problems that before were left unanswered. His experience is in natural resource, not only for his native State but for all America. The new Senator from Montana, Stan Burger.

Thank you, Stan.

At the age of thirty, our next candidate took on a four-term incumbent Democrat Congressman and defeated him. He is running that same type of sweat and shoe leather campaign that personifies his style. Cited by *Time* magazine as one of the faces of the future, this Baylor graduate has been named a watchdog of the Treasury and one of the Republican Party's bright lights. He is walking tall for Texas to become his State's new Senator; Alan Steelman.

Let me talk about commitment. Let me talk about a man who believes so strongly in our Republican principles that he is taking on a challenge most people regard as the toughest Senate race in the nation. He has never taken the easy way, but he has always won. So watch out Ted Kennedy. Mike Robertson is on the way in Massachusetts. How about that? Good luck.

Now for a man who took a giant step for all mankind, a geology scientist, who headed NASA's Energy Research and Development Program, a man who fully realizes the great unlimited potential and horizons we Americans are capable of achieving — this man is one of our modern-day heroes — who helped discover for America and the world the mysteries of the moon. Now, from New Mexico, the unique courage, energy, and wisdom of Harrison "Jack" Schmitt.

I want to tell you a story about our next speaker. He is the son of one of the five greatest Senators who ever lived. When his father died in office, he could have been appointed to the office of United States Senator. But he refused to be handed the job. He said if he deserved it, he would earn it.

They called Robert Taft, Sr., "Mr. Integrity." They call Robert Taft, Jr., "Mr. Integrity." Ladies and gentlemen of this convention and of this nation, "Mr. Integrity" of the United States Senate, Taft of Ohio.

SENATOR TAFT. — In the Midwest they are talking about a man whose talents are recognized by Republicans and Democrats alike. During the Arab oil embargo, the Democratic Governor chose this Republican as the one man who could cope with his State's energy problem. This is probably the best decision a Democrat ever made. Now an entire State has the opportunity to make the right decision again. The new Senator from the State of Wisconsin, Stan York.

Many of us take our statehood for granted because it was given to us without a struggle. But those who have fought for it know what it really means. Our newest State, long denied this privilege, looked to this man, to lead this quest. In response, the people, of his State elected him their first Governor, one of the youngest Governors in the history of the United States. This year he will represent them in the United States Senate, Bill Quinn of Hawaii.

There is a candidate running for office this year who will give his State a real voice in the United States Senate. He is a man who understands the State problems and the importance of solving them whenever possible close to home and not in Washington. For North Dakota, a new strong and determined voice, Bob Strobe.

Our next winner was reelected in his State by more than 459,000 votes, and this is the State famous for saying, "Show me." Well, this year they are saying, "We waited long enough." One of the great Attorney Generals in the United States and a bright star of this convention State, Missouri, you gave us and we thank you for, Jack Danforth.

And now I want to introduce Mrs. Joanne Collins to this convention. Honestly, I don't really know all that I would like to know about her, but this I can tell you: She is one of the most incredible women ever to take the podium of any national convention.

If there were ever a time to be attentive, it is now. With pride, I give you Joanne Collins, soon to be the next Congressman from Kansas City, Missouri. Joanne Collins.

MRS. COLLINS. — I hope you are having all the fun and taking in great business in Kansas City, the heart of America.

At the Democratic Convention, Barbara Jordan said that she was proud of her role. Let me say to this assembly I feel I belong here.

Now I am going to talk about some people I have read about and heard about and who this country is going to read about and hear about some more. I don't know much about Rhode Island, but I know how the people there feel about this man. They love him, as a Congressman, as Governor, as Secretary of the Navy, as a human being.

He is not one among many, but to the many he is one. You just look at him and you know who must represent Rhode Island in the United States Senate — John Chafee.

Let's come a little closer to home. Here in the Midwest, we call this the heartland of America, but I want to talk about the man who gives it the heart and the brain and the action that sets him apart from any municipal leader that ever was, and for a State that has taken its lumps in the United States Senate for lo these many years. Indiana with pride will elect Richard Lugar, and Richard Lugar will justify that confidence.

Now I want to talk about a big man who could write the biggest success story of 1976. In a time when people have forgotten what it is like to talk to their representative face to face, this man has gone to the people to listen and to learn.

You can hide behind the glare of the hot lights for only so long; and for Maine it is so long Mr. Muskie, hello Bob Monks.

Time magazine described our next candidate as a man of accomplishments and promise, with a remarkable reservoir of talent. He was elected to the Congress at the age of thirty-three, and has twice been overwhelmingly elected by his constituency. The man for all of Pennsylvania, the new Senator for Pennsylvania, John Heinz.

There is sometimes difficulty within this convention and throughout this country in defining the terms liberal and conservative. However, one can be

liberal in their feeling for humanity but conservative in their fiscal responsibility.

This I judge to be the case of most of us here. And it is certainly true of our next speaker, one whose record proves that his occupation is service to Maryland. Senator J. Glenn Beall of Maryland.

SENATOR BEALL. — Thank you, Joanne Collins. You will be great in the House of Representatives.

This is a man who has fought the battle for the under-privileged and understands that the problems of government are the problems of people. He didn't take the glamour jobs but the job that needed to be done.

And out of this experience in government came the recognition that here was a young man who is ready for the higher challenge, service to the entire State, and the United States Senate. The new Senator from New Jersey, David Norcross.

Hard work is not a Republican idea, but an American idea. The working men and women of his State have elected one of their own five times to serve them in Congress. As one who has worked on the assembly line, he knows firsthand what needs to be done, and his legislative record proves it. One of the most respected Legislators who has remained true to his party and to the people of Michigan, their new Senator, Marvin Esch and his wife, Olga.

On May 8th, a western town welcomed 100 horsemen, marking the beginning of what is to be a victorious Senate drive. The man who led this march to the State Convention is a young, articulate rancher from a third-generation pioneer family who as a respected State Senator has worked effectively to solve the problems that all western States face — the problems of water, the land, and its precious natural resources. He is fighting the Federal bureaucracy for all of us. The new Senator from Wyoming, Malcolm Wallop.

Who speaks for the farmer? Who speaks for the small businessman? Who says government must encourage agricultural exports, not restrict them? Who advocates tax breaks for the people who save and wait for their homes? Who speaks for middle America on the problems that face everyday people? A voice that comes out of Nebraska, loud and clear; John Y. McCollister, your new Senator for Nebraska.

Now, ladies and gentlemen, the Chairman of our Senate Campaign Committee, Senator Ted Stevens of Alaska.

SENATOR STEVENS. — Fellow Republicans, there are seven States where we still have primary elections. Once the people have determined our candidates, we are going to give them hell in New York, in Florida, in Utah, Minnesota, Nevada, Washington, and Arizona.

Now, are there still any Reagan supporters here tonight? (Loud cheers and shouts.)

Are you people that support Governor Reagan going to help us elect a Republican Senate this year? (Cheers.)

Are there any Ford supporters still here tonight? (Loud cheers and shouts.)

Are you going to help us elect a Republican Senate this year? (Cheers.)

Well, will you work together to help us elect a Republican Senate this year? (Prolonged applause and cheers.)

God bless you and thank you very much.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Fellow Delegates, ladies and gentlemen, the next order of business is the presentation of the platform. The Committee on Resolutions, under the leadership of the great Governor of Iowa, has produced a significant document for your consideration.

Governor Bob Ray is the first incumbent governor to chair a platform committee ever. Governor Ray was elected Governor of Iowa in 1968 and reelected in 1970 and 1972 for a four-year term. He was Chairman of the National Governors Conference this year.

Ladies and gentlemen, one of the really bright stars of the Republican Party, the Honorable Robert D. Ray, Governor of the State of Iowa, chairman of the Committee on Resolutions. (Applause.)

GOVERNOR RAY. — Mr. Chairman, ladies and gentlemen, it is a privilege in this very exciting moment in history to present to this convention and to all Americans a report of the world's hardest-working platform committee. Its members easily qualify for a citation in the Guinness Book of World Records for the longest deliberations without losing their cool or sense of humor.

Ten days ago 106 delegates to this convention gathered here in Kansas City to draft a set of principles and policies for the Republican Party, a group of men and women from diverse backgrounds with one powerful commitment — to address thoroughly in unprecedented open sessions every major issue they perceived in this nation.

Their concerns reflected, as they should, what was on the minds of the people back home. They brought together their talents, their experiences, their knowledge and their skills. They sought to express to all their concern and their compassion for the people of this country, not with cruel deception or promises not to be kept, but with straightforward talk — talk that levels with every American about less government intrusion, less government expansion and less government regulation.

One thing became clear very quickly. All of those members were of the unanimous opinion that inflation is ruinous, that solutions to America's problems must not destroy its purchasing power of the people's dollars.

And this will come as no surprise to you, that the committee also agreed that we will do a great favor to the American people by electing a Republican President. (Applause.)

And I might add, by electing John Rhodes as Speaker of the House of Representatives. (Applause.)

You are now about to hear a very brief summary of the proposed 1976 Republican Platform. We hope you will find time to read the full document, and we want you to read the Democrat Platform. We want you to compare the two. You will see basic differences in how the major political parties propose to represent you.

A platform, as it says on the cover of the Democratic Platform, "is the Party's contract with the people." So it should be. Judge for yourself which contract you would prefer to be a party to.

In stark contrast to the other party, you will find that Republicans offer you a responsive and straightforward alternative based on common sense principles — principles that capture the mood of this country.

Let me tell you about this party platform. We believe that liberty can be measured by how much freedom you have to make your own decisions, even your own mistakes. Government must step in when your liberties impinge on your neighbors. Government must protect your constitutional rights. Government must deal with other governments and protect you from aggressors. Government must assure you equal opportunity. Government must be compassionate, caring for those citizens who are unable to care for themselves.

As a general rule, however, we believe that government action should be taken first by the government that resides as close to you as possible. Government tends to become less responsive to your needs the farther it is from you.

Government spends dollars, and every dollar that is spent by government is a dollar earned by you. Government must always ask, are your dollars being wisely spent? Can we afford it? Aren't you better off when you spend your own dollars instead of government spending them for you?

Your elected officials, their appointees and government workers are expected to perform their public acts with honesty, with openness, diligence, absolute integrity. At the heart of our system must be confidence that these people are always working for you.

We believe that your energy and initiative create jobs, our standard of living and the underlying economic strength in this country. Government must work for the goal of justice and elimination of unfair practices, but no government has yet designed a more productive economic system or one which benefits as many people.

It isn't government that is going to improve your future. It is you, individualistic you.

The beauty of our land is our legacy to our children. It must be protected by us so we can pass it on intact to our children.

The United States must always stand for peace and liberty in the world and the rights of the individual. We must form sturdy partnerships with our allies for the preservation of freedom. We must be ever willing to negotiate differences but equally mindful that there are American ideals that cannot be compromised.

Given that there are other nations with potentially hostile designs, we recognize we can reach our goals only while maintaining strong national defense.

Now, these principles are right, and we know full well that they will not be easy to achieve. Don't expect success if we continue to have a Democratic Congress and Democratic President determined to promise everything to everybody. This is what the Democratic Congress has been doing. This is exactly what the Democratic Presidential hopeful and his Democratic Platform do.

Because our Republican Platform refuses to knuckle under to special interest groups, some may shortsightedly confuse Republicans with being uncaring. Yet it is because we do care about your basic freedom to manage your own life with a minimum of government interference, because we do encourage permanent and meaningful jobs, because we do care about your getting paid dollars that are sound dollars, and because we do care about resisting the use of your tax dollars on wasteful programs, that we propose only actions that the nation can afford and oppose excessive tinkering with an economic system that works better than any other in the world.

This bicentennial year marks the anniversary of the greatest political experiment in history. Can people truly govern themselves? We believe you can. And we believe you can do so best through the Republican Party.

There is a young delegate to this convention that expressed it much better than I can. She is Peggy Pinder, a twenty-three-year-old student from Grinnell, Iowa. She walks with a white cane, for she is sightless, yet she has exceptional vision. Recently Peggy said, and I quote, that she joined our party, "because Republicans understand the place of government in the people's lives better than the Democrats. Republicans," she said, "try to find ways to take care of needs through the private sector first, while it seems automatic for Democrats to take care of them through the governmental system."

The perception of Peggy Pinder governs this party platform. And I ask you, aren't these your principles, too?

Now I would like to introduce to you the leaders of this Platform Committee. First I want to acknowledge those who served as the co-chairpersons.

On my left and your right, the Honorable Thomas Curtis of the State of Missouri, former member of the United States House of Representatives; the Honorable Bart Fleming, State Treasurer of the State of Arizona; the Honorable Mike Antonovich, member of the California State Assembly; the Honorable

John Anderson, Congressman from the State of Illinois; the Honorable Richard Obenshain of Virginia, former co-chairman of the Republican National Committee; Mrs. Dorothy Zumwalt from the State of Oklahoma; and the Honorable David Treen, Congressman from the State of Louisiana.

I have just reviewed for you the basic tenets that govern our platform report, and now I call upon our subcommittee chairpersons to give the highlights of their appropriate sections. I will introduce these speakers, and they follow in order without another introduction.

Ladies and gentlemen, the elected Chairpersons of the 1976 Republican Platform Subcommittees:

On Economics, Business and Agriculture, the Honorable Barber Conable, Jr., Congressman from the state of New York.

On Governmental Concerns, the Honorable Marjorie Holt, Congresswoman from the State of Maryland.

On Human Resources, Dr. Marjorie Parker, Professor of Education and former member of the City Council, Washington, D.C.

On Community and National Development, the Honorable Ralph Perk, Mayor of the City of Cleveland, Ohio.

On Energy, Environment and Natural Resources, the Honorable Mary George, Stat Senator from the State of Hawaii.

On Human Rights and Responsibilities, the Honorable Charles Pickering, State Senator from the State of Mississippi.

And on Foreign Policy and National Defense, the Honorable Roman Hruska, United States Senator from the State of Nebraska.

The first speaker, Mr. Conable.

MR. CONABLE. — Good morning.

The domestic goal of the Republican Party is to stop inflation. Inflation is the number one destroyer of jobs. Inflation causes unemployment and excessive government spending causes inflation.

The Republican Party Platform urges tax reduction rather than increased government spending. We think the people can spend their own money better than the government can. In stark contrast, the platform of the other party proposes over 60 new or expanded spending programs and the expansion or creation of some 22 Washington agencies, offices or bureaus. The price tag of five major Democrat promises could add as much as $100 billion to the annual cost of government.

The total of all their vague promises could increase Federal spending by fifty percent. If enacted, the Democrats would either have to raise taxes by fifty percent to pay for these programs, or if taxes were not raised, they would produce runaway inflation.

We want a balanced budget. Individual families, companies and most local and State governments have to live within their budgets. Why not Congress?

The best tax reform is tax reduction. The tax changes in this platform, such as tax credits for college tuition, for child care expenses incurred by working parents will be fiscally responsible, because we are determined they must be offset by reduced government spending.

Our economic and tax policies will inspire job-producing expansion. And encouraging businesses to grow is the best means of creating new jobs. But this is not the Democrats' way.

They seek quick-fix solutions such as the Humphrey–Hawkins bill, which would cost additional billions of dollars and increase the level of deficit spending and inflation. This we oppose.

Republican farm policies also work to increase the economy. Net farm income from 1972 through 1975 averaged $26 billion, more than double the averages of the 1960's.

We oppose government-controlled grain reserves, just as we would reject government-held reserves of automobiles or refrigerators. Our farmers' access to dependable markets should not be threatened by export controls.

In short, we don't want government to dictate in any way to the productive men and women who work the land. (Applause.)

Small business must be freed from bureaucratic overregulation. Our small business enterprises provide for the livelihood of over 100 million Americans. Yet the small business firm is now snowed under by paper work that Washington requires.

We support legislation to free small business from this and other Federal burdens.

We believe that small business operations and consumers, in order to have fair competition and lower prices, deserve vigorous and equitable enforcement of the antitrust laws.

Farm and small business persons need relief from the present estate tax structure by which the government often forces sales to meet tax liabilities.

Compare this platform with the record of Congress, controlled by the Democrats for forty of the last forty-four years — a record of tax complexity and unfair tax preferences, a record of bureaucratic interference in the lives of every American.

We offer the American people a better way.

Thank you. (Applause.)

MRS. HOLT. — We believe that Americans are fed up with national government that makes great promises and fails to deliver. (Applause.)

We think that Democrat Congresses are the grand masters of this practice. (Applause.)

We think that national government has grown so big that the left hand doesn't know what the right hand is doing. What we now have is a government organization that doesn't make any sense.

It has not developed by design. It just grew by whim, bureaucratic fighting and the caving in to special interest demands by Democrat Congresses.

What we need is a top-to-bottom overhaul. There must be a functional realignment of the Federal domestic departments that will reflect the major purposes of government, such as natural resources, human resources, community development and economic affairs.

The Democrats in Congress have refused to address this problem. We insist that attention must be paid. The beauty of America's original concept of government was its diversity, the belief that different purposes are best served by governments at different levels. In our lifetime, however, Democrat Congresses have allowed this system to become warped and over-nationalized. This trend must be reversed.

Local government is simply more accountable to the people, and local people are perfectly capable of making decisions.

Our confidence in the American people was demonstrated by initiating the revenue sharing program. Today $30 billion have been returned to the States and localities. This program is administered with fewer than 100 people and a computer. Revenue sharing is an effort to reverse the trend toward centralization, and it must continue without unnecessary Federal strictures and regulations.

Our ultimate goal, of course, is to restore taxing and spending to the local level. Republicans will continue to lead the fight for Federal block grants. The concept that provides much greater flexibility for Federal funds to be tailored by the States and localities to the wishes of each community, block grant programs should replace many existing categorical programs for health, education, child nutrition and social services.

The Democrat Congress stands guilty of failing to enact these vital reforms.

Control of Congress by the Democrats has resulted in a system dominated by powerful individuals and riddled with corruption. Recent events have demonstrated an unwillingness, an inability by the Democrat party to cleanse itself. Selective morality has been the order of the day.

The American people demand changes in Congress. We offer repeal of legislation which permits automatic increases in the salaries of members of Congress. We want elimination of proxy voting in congressional committees. There must be an end to proliferating congressional subcommittees.

We demand a complete audit by the General Accounting Office of all congressional allowances and appropriate disciplinary measures against those who have violated the public trust.

We favor full public disclosure of financial interests by members of Congress and divestiture of those interests which present conflicts. And we support approval of lobby disclosure legislation so the people will know how much money is being spent to influence public officials.

Citizens are demanding the end to the rapid and wasteful increase in the size of Washington government. All steps must be taken to ensure that unnecessary Federal agencies and programs are eliminated and that Congress carefully scrutinizes the total budget of each agency.

If it is determined that sunset laws and zero-based budgeting can accomplish these ends, then they will have our support.

We note the low respect the public has for Congress, a Democrat-controlled institution, and we wonder how in the world the Democrats can possibly honor their pledge to reform government when they have unfortunately failed to reform Congress.

We offer the American people a better way. (Applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Will the Delegates please take your seats? The aisles are clogged. The hour is late. The platform is one of the most important things we came here to do. Let's all sit down so that all of the Delegates can hear it. There are many Delegates who are intensely interested in the platform and its contents, so will you please take your seats?

The aisle to my right has been clogged for the last fifteen minutes. The aisle to my left is clogged. Will the Delegates please take their seats? And those who are not Delegates, will you please be as quiet and unobtrusive as possible so that we may continue with the business of the convention, which is to hear the platform?

DR. PARKER. — In the areas of serving such human needs as education, health, nutrition, welfare, and aiding the handicapped, the Republican Party Platform offers the following approach:

Our children deserve quality education. We believe that segregated schools are morally wrong and unconstitutional. We believe there are educational advantages for children who attend the schools in their own neighborhoods. (Applause.)

The Democrat Congress has failed to enact legislation to protect this concept. If Congress continues to fail to act, we would favor consideration of an amendment to the Constitution forbidding the assignment of children to schools on the basis of race. (Applause.)

We oppose forced busing to achieve racial balance in our schools. Our approach is to work to eradicate the root causes of segregated schools, such as

housing discrimination and gerrymandered school districts. We must get on with the education of all our children.

We propose consolidating Federal categorical grant programs into block grants which the States may use in accordance with their own needs and priorities with minimum bureaucratic controls. Such a program must preserve the funding that is directed at the needs of special groups, such as the handicapped and the disadvantaged.

Every American should have access to quality health care at an affordable price. The possibility of an extended illness in a family is a frightening prospect. But if such an illness does occur, there must be protection so that lifetime savings will not be wiped out. Therefore, we support extension of catastrophic illness protection to all who cannot obtain it.

The Republican platform opposes compulsory national health insurance. Americans should know that the Democrat platform which offers a government-operated and -financed comprehensive national health insurance system with universal and mandatory coverage, will increase Federal Government spending by more than $70 billion in its first full year. Such a plan could require a personal income tax increase of approximately twenty percent.

Every child should have enough to eat. Good nutrition is a prerequisite of a healthy life, but we must focus our resources on feeding needy children. The fifteen existing child nutrition programs should be consolidated into one program, administered by the States and concentrated on those children truly in need.

Handicapped persons must be admitted into the mainstream of society. Too often our handicapped population, over 30 million men, women and children, have been denied the rights taken for granted by other citizens. National involvement is necessary to correct these denials.

In every society there will be those who cannot work, many through no fault of their own. The measure of a country's compassion is how it treats the less fortunate.

Democrat Congresses have produced a jumble of degrading, dehumanizing, wasteful and often overlapping welfare programs. We recommend a complete overhaul of this system in order to provide adequate living standards for the truly needy, to end welfare fraud, to strengthen work requirements, and provide educational and vocational incentives to allow recipients to become self-supporting.

We must better coordinate local and State and Federal efforts and strengthen local and State administrative functions.

Unlike the Democrat platform, we oppose the guaranteed annual income concept. We oppose any program that reduces the incentive to work.

Older Americans constitute one of our most valuable resources. Families should be supported in trying to take care of their elderly. We will work to make

the Social Security System actuarially sound. The Medicare program must be improved to help control inflation in health care costs which have been triggered by present regulations.

A nation should be judged by its ability to help make all the areas of life as productive as possible. This nation has a job to do.

In solving problems on human needs, this platform differs sharply with the other party's approach. We believe that we offer the American people a better way.

Good night. (Applause.)

MAYOR PERK. — The decay and decline of communities in this country is not just a physical and economic crisis. It is also traceable to the decline of a real sense of community in our society.

This is why we called for a coordinated national urban policy, to focus our resources on helping our cities. The cornerstone of this policy must be to curb inflation. This policy must be based on the principle that the levels of government closest to the cities' problems are best able to respond.

Federal and State assistance to cities and counties should give the greatest flexibility to those directly on the scene — the local elected officials. This is why Republicans created revenue sharing. This is why we want to continue it.

Such a policy should replace the welter of confusing and often conflicting categorical grant programs. This is the approach of the Democrat Congress. In contrast, we Republicans favor block grant programs that allow cities and counties to set their own priorities.

But Federal, State and local government resources combined are not enough to solve our urban problems. The private sector must be the major participant. Economic development is the best way to involve business and industry. Government should emphasize capital formation and technical assistance for small and minority business. Financial institutions should be encouraged to participate in helping urban development. Each institution should recognize its responsibility in promoting and maintaining economic growth and stability in the central cities.

A national urban policy should encourage families and local businesses to improve their neighborhoods by means of participation in neighborhood self-help groups, improving and rehabilitating their own homes and businesses, and investing in and managing local businesses.

To meet the housing needs of this country, there must be a continuous, stable and adequate flow of funds for real estate mortgages at realistic interest rates.

To continue to encourage home ownership which now encompasses sixty-four percent of our families, we support the deductibility of property taxes and interest on home mortgages.

We oppose discrimination in housing, whether by individuals or by institutional financing policies. Unlike the Democrat housing policy, we do not intend to subsidize waste or build high-rise slums.

The Federal Government has a special responsibility to foster those elements of our national transportation system that are essential to foreign and interstate commerce and national defense.

In other transportation systems that primarily support local needs, the Federal Government's responsibility is to encourage the greatest possible decision-making on the part of the State and local governments.

The Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976 has begun the task of removing regulatory constraints on America's ailing railroads. Now we should carefully assess the need to remove many of the regulatory constraints imposed on the Nation's airlines and motor carriers.

Consumers pay too high a price for the artificial rate and fare structures imposed by Federal regulations.

We support the concept of a surface transportation block grant which would combine the various highway and mass transit programs. This will provide local elected officials maximum opportunity in selecting the balanced transportation system best suited to each locality.

Such a program will encompass both capital and operating subsidies for urban mass transit. It will eliminate red tape and over-regulation.

We deeply regret that the Democrats in Congress have not adopted this reform.

In the home and on the street every American has a right to be protected from criminals. Violence has no place in our land. A society that excuses crime will eventually fall victim to it. Fighting crime is primarily a local responsibility. We support Federal help to this end. We oppose Federal registration of firearms, believing that mandatory sentences for crimes committed with a lethal weapon are the only effective solution.

Ladies and gentlemen, our subcommittee has examined the Democrat's platform and their record in Congress. We have no doubt that we here are offering the American people a better way. (Applause.)

MRS. GEORGE. — In 1973, Americans were shocked to discover that we could no longer count on a plentiful supply of energy. Unfortunately, the Democrat majority in Congress still has not responded to this urgent warning.

The United States is now consuming more imported oil than it was three years ago, and our dependence on foreign sources has continued to increase to the point where we now import more than forty percent of our oil.

One fact should now be clear. We must reduce dramatically our dependence on other nations and strive to achieve energy independence. We cannot allow the economic destiny and international policy of the United States to be

dictated by the sovereign powers that control major portions of the world's petroleum supplies.

Our approach towards self-sufficiency must involve both expansion of energy supply and improvement of energy efficiency. Our policy must ensure increased conservation at all levels of our society. It must also provide incentives for the exploration and development of domestic gas, oil, coal and uranium, and for expansion into solar, geothermal and other new sources of energy.

We must use our non-renewable resources wisely while we develop alternative supplies for the future. Our standard of living is directly tied to a continued supply of energy. Without it, our entire economy will crumble.

We must immediately eliminate price controls on oil and newly discovered natural gas. This will increase our supply and provide the capital that is needed to find and develop domestic hydrocarbon reserves.

We oppose the Democrat's desire for divestiture of oil companies. This would surely result in higher costs, inefficiency, and under-capitalization.

Coal, America's most abundant energy resource, is of major importance. It can provide the energy needed to bridge the gap between oil and gas and nuclear and other sources of energy.

The uncertainties of governmental regulation regarding the mining, transportation and use of coal must be removed and a policy established which will assure that government restraints, other than proper environmental controls, do not prevent the use of coal. After mining, land must be returned to beneficial use.

A clean and healthy natural environment is the rightful heritage of every American. In order to preserve this heritage, we will provide for proper development of resources, safeguards for clean air and water, and protection and enhancement of our recreation and scenic areas.

As our environmental sophistication grows, we must more clearly define the role of the Federal Government in environmental protection. We believe it is a national responsibility to support research on environmental problems and to arrive at their solutions.

The level of government closest to the problem should apply the appropriate air quality standards. We will meet the challenges that remain by stepping up efforts to perfect our understanding of pollutants and the means for reducing their effects.

And as the Nation develops new energy sources and technologies, we must ensure that they meet safe environmental standards. We support establishment of a Presidential Panel on the environment. In this forum, representatives of environmental groups, industry, the scientific community, and the public will assist in developing solutions that represent the overall public interest.

Natural resources have been one of our greatest national assets. They have made possible our strong economic and strategic role in the world. We still have a wealth of resources, but they are not of infinite quantity.

Our material blessings stem from what we grow in the soil, what we take from the sea or extract from the ground. We have a responsibility to future generations to conserve our non-renewable natural resources. Conservation should remain our national policy.

This, ladies and gentlemen, is the Republican way and it is the better way. (Applause.)

MR. PICKERING. — Mr. Chairman, fellow Delegates; families have been and must continue to be the foundation of our Nation. Families, not government programs, are the best way to make sure our children are properly nurtured, our elderly are properly cared for.

Families perpetuate our cultural and spiritual heritage, observe our laws, and preserve our values. If families fail in these vitally important tasks, there is little government, no matter how well-intentioned, can do to remedy the results.

Schools cannot educate children adequately if families are not supportive of the learning process. Law enforcement authorities are helpless to curb juvenile delinquency without family cooperation in teaching young people respect for property and laws.

Neither medicine nor school feeding programs can replace the family's ability to provide the basis for good health. Isolation from meaningful family contact makes it virtually impossible for the elderly to avoid loneliness and dependence.

The values of hard work and responsibility start with the family. As modern life brings changes in our society, it also puts stress on families trying to adjust to new realities while maintaining cherished values.

Economic uncertainty, unemployment, housing difficulties, women's and men's concerns with their changing roles, high divorce rates, threatened neighborhoods and schools, and public scandal all create a hostile atmosphere that erodes family structures and family values. So it is important that our government's programs, actions, officials, and social welfare institutions never be allowed to jeopardize the family.

We fear that government may be powerful enough to destroy our families. We know that it is not powerful enough and can never be powerful enough to replace the family.

Because of our concern for family values, we affirm our beliefs stated in this platform that will make our country a more hospitable environment for family life.

We favor neighborhood schools, educational systems that are responsive to parent's concerns and children's needs, estate tax changes to establish more

realistic exemptions to minimize disruption of already bereaved families, a position on abortion that values human life, a welfare policy to encourage families to stay together and seek economic independence, a tax system that assists families with elderly members, children in day care or college, support for efforts that bring fullness and expression to local communities through arts and humanities, safeguards to protect each person's right to privacy now threatened by Washington's growing collection of information, policies that stop the erosion of our dollars and stimulate the creation of jobs so that families can plan for their economic security.

We believe that this Republican platform is truly for and about the American family; and we believe that this is not only a better way, but is the only way.

Thank you. (Applause.)

SENATOR HRUSKA. — Mr. Chairman, ladies and gentlemen, the American people can be proud of their Nation's achievement in foreign policy over the past eight years.

We are at peace. We are strong. We reemphasize the importance of our ties with the nations of the Americas. Our relations with the allies in the Pacific, and Atlantic community, and with Japan, have never been closer. Significant progress has been made toward a just and durable settlement in the Middle East.

We have sought negotiation rather than confrontation with our adversaries, while maintaining at the same time our strategic deterrent.

The world economic recovery, led by the United States is producing sustainable growth. A superior national defense is the fundamental condition for a secure America and for peace and freedom for the world.

To maintain such superiority, we support a major modernization of our strategic missile and bomber forces already under way. We support the development of a new ICBM, a new missile submarine force, and a modern bomber, the B-1, capable of penetrating sophisticated air defenses of the 1980s.

We support the increase in the size of the Army to sixteen divisions, to a major naval program, as a major goal of the American defense. We favor further completion of our tactical air forces modernization program.

We must always achieve maximum value for each dollar spent for defense. We will continue to work for a strengthened NATO partnership. Negotiations for balanced reduction of forces in both Western and Eastern Europe will be based only on agreements which do not jeopardize the security of the alliance. United States troops will be maintained in South Korea so long as there exists the possibility of renewed aggression from North Korea.

We must achieve the return of all Americans who may be held in Southeast Asia, and we must have a full accounting for those listed as missing in action in Vietnam.

We shall seek to engage the People's Republic of China in an expanded network of contacts and trade, while continuing to support the freedom and independence of the Republic of China.

The United States will keep its commitments to a friend and ally. We intend that the Panama Canal will be preserved as an international waterway for all the ships of all nations.

In any talks with Panama, the United States negotiators should in no way cede, dilute, forfeit, negotiate or transfer any rights, power, authority, jurisdiction, territory or property that are necessary for the protection and the security of the United States and of the entire Western Hemisphere.

Our commitment to Israel is fundamental and enduring. We have honored and will continue to honor that commitment in every way. Our policy must remain one of decisive support for the security and integrity of Israel.

Peace in the Middle East now requires face-to-face confrontation and negotiation between the states involved with the recognition of safe, secure and defensible borders for Israel.

We support all forces which promote negotiated settlement and racial peace in Africa. Our policy is to strengthen the forces of moderation.

The United States foreign policy will be based on a realistic assessment of the Soviet challenge in the world. Important steps have been taken to limit strategic nuclear arms and, as has been done heretofore, we will make sure that any future agreements will be taken only if they yield fundamental benefits to our national security.

We shall expect the Soviet Union to implement the United Nations Declaration of Human Rights and the Helsinki Agreement which guarantee the conditions for the free interchange of information as well as the right to emigrate, including emigration of Soviet Jews, of Christians, of Muslims and others who wish to join close relatives abroad.

We seek to accommodate changes in the United Nations in the spirit of friendly concern. But when the United Nations becomes a raid against the vital interest of any of its member states on ideological or other narrow grounds, the very principles of the organization are threatened.

The United States will continue to be a firm supporter and defender of any nation subjected to outrageous assaults. The Republican Administration will cooperate fully in strengthening the international trade and monetary system which provides the foundation for our prosperity and that of all nations.

We shall bargain hard to remove barriers to an open economic system. We shall oppose new restrictions to trade.

Ladies and gentlemen, in this year of our Nation's Bicentennial, and in the length of its achievements, the American people are justified in having confidence in themselves and have an optimism about the future.

I thank you. (Applause.)

GOVERNOR RAY. — Mr. Chairman, I now move the adoption of the report of the Resolutions Committee of the 1976 Party Platform.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Is there a second?

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Second.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — There appears to be a second.

I would like to remind the Delegates it is now 1:15 central daylight saving time. I am sure that there are those in the hall who would like to proceed with the business of the convention so that we might adjourn in time to convene again tomorrow. So if the Delegates to my right, who seem to be bent on conducting some sort of a spontaneous demonstration, would cease being quite so spontaneous, we would proceed with the business of the convention.

Now I am about to read something that all of the Delegates should be able to hear. So I hope that those who are now preempting the time of the convention will wind it down. Let the Chair have its way for a change, and let me outline what the business of the convention is for the rest of the — I almost said evening — let's say morning, or early morning.

I want to remind all Delegates that the rules of the convention, which we adopted earlier this evening, provide that all amendments to the report of the Committee on Resolutions must have been presented before the committee and must have received the support of at least twenty-five percent of the committee.

I remind the Delegates of this new rule, number 14(b), so that everyone will understand the procedures under which we will be operating this evening.

The Chair is aware of only two amendments which are in order under this rule, and the Chair now will request that the Reading Clerk report the first amendment.

The Clerk is unable to proceed until there is order. Those of you who are guests of the convention, please will you allow the Chair to request you to be quiet so that we may proceed with the business of the convention. You are here at the indulgence of the Delegates. You are our guests. Will you please remember that you are guests and not try to take over the business of the convention?

The business of the convention is to proceed with the reading of the proposed amendment to the platform. The Clerk is unable to proceed with the reading until he can be heard.

Will the Delegates please take their seats, and will those demonstrating please cease? The Clerk will read.

MR. BERRY. — An amendment proposed by Miss Peckham of Wisconsin: On page 26 of the printed platform, delete the following language: "The question of abortion is one of the most difficult and controversial of our time. It is undoubtedly a moral and personal issue but it also involves complex questions

relating to medical science and criminal justice. There are those in our Party who favor complete support for the Supreme Court decision which permits abortion on demand. There are others who share sincere convictions that the Supreme Court's decision must be changed by a constitutional amendment prohibiting all abortions. Others have yet to take a position, or they have assumed a stance somewhere in between polar positions.

"We protest the Supreme Court's intrusion into the family structure through its denial of the parents' obligation and right to guide their minor children. The Republican Party favors a continuance of the public dialogue on abortion and supports the efforts of those who seek enactment of a constitutional amendment to restore protection of the right to life for unborn children."

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair wishes to advise the Delegates of the procedures we shall follow in acting upon the amendment to the report of the Committee on Resolutions.

The Chair should first state that both State Senator Charles Pickering of Mississippi and Miss Ann Peckham of Wisconsin, who has offered the amendment, have mutually agreed to this procedure.

Debate on the amendment will be limited to twelve minutes, which will be equally divided between Chairman Ray or Senator Pickering and Miss Peckham. They may each use their time as they see fit, using it all themselves or yielding time to other speakers.

When all time has elapsed, the question before the convention will be the adoption of the amendment to the report of the Committee on Resolutions.

If there is no objection to the procedure as outlined by the Chair, we shall so proceed.

The Chair hears none, and it is so ordered.

The Chair now recognizes Miss Peckham to open debate.

REMARKS BY ANN PECKHAM DELEGATE FROM WISCONSIN IN SUPPORT OF AMENDMENT CONCERNING ABORTION

MRS. PECKHAM. — Mr. Chairman, fellow Delegates, my first order of business is to correct the record. I am Mrs. Ann Peckham. I have been married thirty-three years to one man. I have three children because I wanted them. I still want them, and I wish to be called Mrs. Peckham. (Applause.)

Those of us gathered here in Kansas City have one thing in common. We are all political activists. We are gathered for the purpose of providing our Republican candidates all over our nation with the finest party leadership and with an honest document stating, to the best of our ability, the positions our party takes on political issues.

The Resolutions Committee has labored long and hard to provide a platform which will be agreeable to all Republican candidates. A serious attempt was made to remove from the platform language, the buzz words, that send up red flags and flares and tend to polarize us.

All the same, the platform contains some of the most inflammatory and polarizing buzz words of our time — namely, the right to life.

Those of us who seek to remove the abortion issue from the political rhetoric are of the opinion that we should strike the two paragraphs on page 26 of the platform report.

Every one of you has a position on abortion. It is a legal issue. It is a moral issue, involving intimate questions of human and even spiritual morality. We must permit each Republican candidate to proceed from his or her own personal conviction.

Moral issues may at times become political issues when a consensus emerges, but we have no consensus on this issue in our Republican Party or on our Platform Committee.

No matter what the platform says, not a single mind will be changed. Attempting to bind many of our candidates to a position they cannot support does only harm.

The Democrats made a mistake on this issue by improperly binding all of their candidates to a rigid point of view. There is no need for us to repeat it.

The inclusion of an anti-abortion plank in the Republican Platform would be a tragic mistake for our minority party and for our candidates. For this reason we have filed this minority report.

In our deliberations of this minority report, the suggestion was made that we select women speakers, as the abortion issue is a women's issue. Obviously, it takes a man, too. Therefore, I yield the remainder of our allotted time to Dr. George Wood, Delegate from Maine and representative of the Platform Committee.

Thank you.

REMARKS BY CHARLES PICKERING DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI IN OPPOSITION TO THE AMENDMENT CONCERNING ABORTION

MR. PICKERING. — The proposed platform of the Republican Party contains in it a plank which states that although we recognize that there are differences of opinion on the question of abortion, that nevertheless we oppose abortion and support a constitutional amendment to limit abortion.

This is a position that is supported by President Ford. It is a position that is supported by Governor Reagan. And although the position of Governor Reagan

and President Ford should not necessarily determine the position that this party takes; nevertheless, it is something that you and I as Delegates should take into consideration.

The Supreme Court decision of the United States allows abortion on demand. It gives the husband no say-so. It gives parents of minor children no say-so. One witness before our committee said that in her State a young girl, a minor, could have an appendectomy, it required her parents' consent; that she could have her ears pierced, it required her parents' consent, but she could have an abortion and it did not require her parents' consent.

The taking of life is wrong and we should oppose abortion.

I yield to Mayor Ralph Perk of the Ohio delegation.

REMARKS BY MAYOR RALPH PERK
DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF OHIO
IN OPPOSITION TO
THE AMENDMENT CONCERNING ABORTION

MAYOR PERK. — Ladies and gentlemen, the plank on abortion as printed in your platform book was carefully drawn to be consistent with the statements made by both candidates, President Ford and Governor Reagan.

We believe that both our party and our government have the responsibility to protect the lives of all human beings, born and unborn.

I ask that you vote no on the proposed amendment and support the report of the Platform Committee.

MR. PICKERING. — I yield 40 seconds to Ms. Frances Wideman of the Alabama delegation.

REMARKS BY FRANCES WIDEMAN
DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF ALABAMA
IN OPPOSITION TO
THE AMENDMENT CONCERNING ABORTION

MS. WIDEMAN. — Fellow Delegates, I oppose this minority report. I favor a continuance of the public dialogue on abortion. I support the efforts of those who seek an enactment of a constitutional amendment to restore protection to the rights for unborn children.

The Republican Platform should speak to this. Please vote no on this minority report.

I yield to Mr. Mike Antonovich of the Assembly of California.

REMARKS BY MIKE D. ANTONOVICH DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA IN OPPOSITION TO THE AMENDMENT CONCERNING ABORTION

MR. ANTONOVICH. — Fellow Republicans, let us look beyond the political advantages the pro-life philosophy has for the Republican Party and to the essence of this issue — the creation of a human being. Let us understand what a live fetus is.

A pre-born baby's heartbeat begins between the 18th and 25th day. Brainwaves can be detected at seven weeks. And at eight to nine weeks, the baby can squint, swallow and clench its fist.

Let each of us remember the words of Albert Schweitzer when he said, "The fundamental idea of good is that it consists of preserving life, in favoring it and wanting to bring it to its highest value, and Evil consists in destroying life, doing it injury, and hindering its development."

To preserve the sanctity of life, I urge a "no" vote on this position.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — George Wood of Maine.

REMARKS BY GEORGE WOOD III DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF MAINE IN SUPPORT OF THE AMENDMENT CONCERNING ABORTION

MR. WOOD. — Thank you, Mr. Chairman and Delegates. My remarks will be succinct and, I hope, lucid.

I speak as an internist, family physician, who for the past twenty-four years has had the pleasure of growing up and growing older with many individuals and families that I care for in a small New England city.

There have been occasions during this quarter century when one of these very fine individuals has sought my help and advice when facing this particular problem. The alternatives are discussed, and most of the time the family is involved. The decision, however, is made by the patient and the physician. This is a medical decision and not a political decision.

Finally, as I look about at the thousands of hardy souls who have stayed together these many hours, I am sure there are families which you represent that have already faced or will face this very profound personal crisis.

Please allow your friends and their physicians the alternative to resolve it. It is the least we can do for them at this moment.

Thank you very much.

MR. PICKERING. — I yield to Congressman Bob Bauman for one minute.

REMARKS BY THE HONORABLE ROBERT BAUMAN REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS FROM THE STATE OF MARYLAND, IN OPPOSITION TO THE AMENDMENT CONCERNING ABORTION

MR. BAUMAN. — I regret that this issue comes before this convention at this hour of the morning, because there won't be any more important issue that you vote on. I hope you consider it in that vein.

The Democratic Party has repudiated the right to life. They have repudiated with it Democrats, Catholics, Jews and Protestants who believe that the unborn children of this nation have a right to live.

Is this a moral issue? You bet it is. The Republican Party more than a century ago was born on a moral issue — whether or not a black man was a slave. The Supreme Court of the United States ruled in the Dred Scott decision that a black man was no more than personal property. That court was wrong, and this court was wrong when it said that the unborn had no right to live.

Are we in this nation to follow the path of Nazi Germany and consign people to death because they are too expensive to let them live? I say no, and I say to you, repudiate this minority report. Support the Platform Committee and vote for the right to life. That is the only position our party can have.

MR. PICKERING. — I yield the floor for one minute to Georgia Peterson of the Utah delegation.

REMARKS BY GEORGIA B. PETERSON DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF UTAH IN OPPOSITION TO THE AMENDMENT CONCERNING ABORTION

MS. PETERSON. — Mr. Chairman, I speak in opposition to the minority report for the following reasons:

One, the Human Rights Committee, after much testimony, voted 13-to-1 for the position as stated in the platform report.

Two, the Platform Committee as a whole voted overwhelmingly to support the platform position.

We protest the Supreme Court's intrusion into the family structure through its denial of parents' obligations and rights to guide our minor children.

We support a constitutional amendment to restore protection of the right of life of the unborn child.

MR. PICKERING. — The present Supreme Court decision of the United States denies to the Congress and to the State legislatures the right to limit

abortions. We have the unlikely distinction of being the most liberal State as far as abortion is concerned in our nation and the world.

Senator Bob Dole recently said, "I feel very strongly that the majority of those who identify with our party's philosophy, if not with it's name, want the abortion issue settled." The issue is a constitutional amendment for living life. Let's have a living Constitution. The issue will not go away.

I urge you to vote "no" on the minority report.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — For what purpose does the Delegate from New Jersey, Congresswoman Fenwick, seek recognition? All time has expired and the previous question is ordered. The amendment is offered by Mrs. Peckham of Wisconsin to the platform as read by Governor Ray and the members of the Resolutions Committee.

The amendment would delete certain language which refers to abortion. Those who favor the deletion of the language will vote aye on the amendment. Those who favor retaining the language as set forth in the platform will vote no.

The Chair is prepared to put the question, and the vote will be by voice vote.

All those in favor of the amendment of the Delegate from Wisconsin will signify by saying aye; those opposed will signify by saying no.

In the opinion of the Chair, the noes have it. The noes have it and it is so ordered.

The Clerk will now report the second amendment which qualifies to the platform, an amendment offered by Delegate Obenshain of Virginia.

THE CHIEF READING CLERK. — On page 49 of the printed platform, to the Prologue on the section, Foreign Policy, National Defense and International Economic Policy, add the following:

"Morality in Foreign Policy. The goal of Republican foreign policy is the achievement of liberty under law and a just and lasting peace in the world. The principles by which we act to achieve peace and to protect the interests of the United States must merit the restored confidence of our people.

We recognize and commend that great beacon of human courage and morality, Alexander Solzhenitsyn, for his compelling message that we must face the world with no illusions about the nature of tyranny. Ours will be a foreign policy that keeps this ever in mind.

Ours will be a foreign policy which recognizes that in international negotiations we must make no undue concessions; that in pursuing detente we must not grant unilateral favors with only the hope of getting future favors in return.

Agreements that are negotiated, such as the one signed in Helsinki, must not take from those who do not have freedom the hope of one day gaining it.

Finally, we are firmly committed to a foreign policy in which secret agreements, hidden from our people will have no part.

Honestly, openly and with firm conviction, we shall go forward as a united people to forge a lasting peace in the world based upon our deep belief in the rights of man, the rule of law and guidance by the hand of God."

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair wishes to advise the Delegates of the procedure we shall follow in acting upon the amendment to the report of the Committee on Resolutions. The Chair should first state that both Senator Roman Hruska and Delegate Dick Obenshain, who has offered the amendment, have mutually agreed to this procedure.

Debate on the amendment will be limited to twenty minutes, which will be equally divided between Chairman Ray and Mr. Obenshain. They may each use their time as they see fit, using it all themselves or yielding time to other speakers. When all time has elapsed, the question before the convention will be the adoption of the amendment to the report of the Committee on Resolutions.

If there is no objection to the procedure as outlined by the Chair, we shall proceed.

The Chair hears none, and it is so ordered.

The Chair now recognizes Mr. Obenshain to open debate.

REMARKS BY RICHARD OBENSHAIN DELEGATE FROM VIRGINIA IN SUPPORT OF THE AMENDMENT ON MORALITY IN FOREIGN POLICY

MR. OBENSHAIN. — Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

My fellow Delegates, I rise at this late hour to urge you to support an amendment entitled "Morality in Foreign Policy." This amendment is a proposal not to debate or subtract from this great Republican Platform but to strengthen this platform by adding a strong, positive statement based upon fundamental moral principles.

This statement will serve as a blueprint for the future conduct of American foreign policy. It will also unify our Nation behind these fundamental principles.

We cannot ignore having been sent to this convention by grass-roots Republicans all across this country, the profound concern that our foreign policy be conducted openly, that fundamental commitments to freedom be preserved across the world.

Two hundred years ago Thomas Jefferson of Virginia lit the flame of Freedom. For 200 years the United States of America has kept that flame aloft, signifying to all the world our belief that all men were destined to live in freedom.

Today, 200 years after Thomas Jefferson, Alexander Solzhenitsyn has come from the Soviet Union to identify for us the fundamental difference that still exists between tyranny and freedom. He has shown us that just as 200 years ago, the love and yearning for freedom still burns brightly in the hearts of people all across the world.

Ladies and gentlemen, this amendment would establish a moral foundation for American foreign policy, and it would regain the respect of the nations of the world and work to restore confidence in the American people.

Mr. Chairman, I would like to yield one and a half minutes to speak on behalf of this amendment to Mr. James Baxter, a Delegate from Delaware.

REMARKS BY JAMES BAXTER DELEGATE FROM DELAWARE IN SUPPORT OF THE AMENDMENT ON MORALITY IN FOREIGN POLICY

MR. BAXTER. — Ladies and gentlemen, I am Jim Baxter, a farmer from Sussex County, Delaware, the first State. I know that my oratory cannot come up to the eloquent speeches that we have had this week because, you see, I have learned my oratory many years ago looking at the south end of a mule going north.

But I say this: Back home we folks believe in this plank of this platform. Caesar Rodney, dying of cancer, rode from Delaware to Philadelphia to give us the Declaration of Independence.

As a member of the Platform Committee, and an uncommitted Delegate, I ask you to share my thoughts for just a moment. This is a compromise of words to add a small plank to make a solid platform.

Yes, we farmers are concerned about foreign policy; and I ask you, read the last four paragraphs. They show encouragement. They show fellowship, determination, and firmness.

I well remember the Yalta of World War II that has given us the Berlin of today. We must not make these kinds of undue concessions.

We talk of sunshine reform in our platform. We cannot have secret agreements. We must be honest. That is morality. We all want high morality in our homes, and we say in our platform that we want high morality in our Federal Government.

Therefore, we must have high morality in our foreign policy. Please, I beg of you, let's adopt this so that we can bring two almost equal groups together so that we can win in November.

Thank you.

I return the floor to Mr. Obenshain.

MR. OBENSHAIN. — Mr. Chairman, I would like to yield the floor for one and a half minutes to a distinguished former State Senator from West Virginia and a Delegate from West Virginia, Louise Leonard.

REMARKS BY LOUISE LEONARD DELEGATE FROM WEST VIRGINIA IN SUPPORT OF THE AMENDMENT ON MORALITY IN FOREIGN POLICY

MS. LEONARD. — Hello. I am Louise Leonard of West Virginia, and I want to speak in support of morality in foreign policy and to add additional strength to our party platform which I believe truly expresses the mood of America.

We take our freedom for granted, but people in many foreign countries do not know freedom as we know it. And one man whose name is known to all of us is Alexander Solzhenitsyn, the man of courage and author of a Nobel Prize winner, who having won his personal battle for political freedom now desires to tell the free world of his struggle for survival against tyranny.

He has become a symbol of the struggle for human freedom. With stunning clarity he has brought to us warnings of the determination, the cunning, the resourcefulness of those who would dominate the world.

And now a word about the final act of the Helsinki Conference signed on August 1, one year ago. We applaud the humanitarian sections of that document, but we are concerned that other sections might raise misunderstandings about our foreign policy — a policy which has always supported the aspirations of freedom-loving people everywhere.

We are concerned about the statements in the final act of the Helsinki Conference which say that the post-World War II boundaries of many Eastern European countries are now confirmed as inviolable unless changed by peaceful means.

This raises misunderstandings about our foreign policy which has supported the aspirations of freedom-loving people and by which we have beamed messages of hope to them for more than 30 years by way of the Voice of America, Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty.

Our platform needs a clear-cut statement of moral purpose. The statement contained in this proposed amendment will leave no doubt about our intentions to continue to speak up and act on behalf of freedom-loving people everywhere.

Fellow Delegates, I urge the adoption of this amendment.

Mr. Chairman, I now return the floor to Mr. Obenshain.

MR. OBENSHAIN. — Mr. Chairman, for the final presentation in favor of the amendment I yield to the Honorable Congressman from the State of Illinois, the Honorable Phil Crane.

REMARKS BY THE HONORABLE PHILIP CRANE A REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS FROM THE STATE OF ILLINOIS IN SUPPORT OF THE AMENDMENT ON MORALITY IN FOREIGN POLICY

MR. CRANE. — Thank you. Mr. Chairman, and Delegates, as Shakespeare said, "The past is prologue." We must learn from the past, not wallow in it.

Nothing in this amendment is intended to be recriminatory or to rebuke. It is, rather, a positive, constructive, forward-looking reaffirmation of some fundamental Republican philosophy. The Beatitudes read, blessed are the peacemakers, not the peace lovers.

The record of our party in making peace has been achieved through firmness, a sense of fair play, and faith in God. Who will defend a foreign policy that says we should shut our eyes to the threat of tyranny in the world?

As Walter Judd said sixteen years ago, it is madness to take seriously those who take themselves seriously.

Who will defend the foreign policy that, as Senator Goldwater once said, rests upon wishbone rather than backbone?

Concessions in diplomacy can never be unilateral without encouraging the bullies of the world. Listen carefully to the words of Mr. Brezhnev just three years ago: "We Communists have got to string along with the capitalists for a while. We need their credits, their agriculture and their technology. But we are going to continue massive military programs, and by the middle eighties we will be in a position to return to a much more aggressive foreign policy designed to gain the upper hand."

Who would turn his back on the freedom-loving people who live today under the yoke of tyranny?

Ours was the party during the Eisenhower years that dramatically called attention of the free world to the tragedy of the Captive Nations. Who in a freedom-loving, self-governing society would attempt to defend the old world practice of secret agreements and phony diplomacy?

We are still suffering from such agreements made at Yalta by a Democrat Administration which consigned millions of people to bondage. Let us commit ourselves positively to Republican, to American principles designed to promote world peace based upon our historic devotion to human dignity, the rights of man, justice for all, and the love of all, under God.

I urge the support of this amendment, and yield back to the gentleman from Virginia.

MR. OBENSHAIN. — Mr. Chairman, I would respectfully reserve the balance of my time to respond to the opponents of this amendment.

SENATOR HRUSKA. — Mr. Chairman, Delegates of the convention, as Chairman of the Subcommittee on Peace, Security and Foreign Affairs, I wish to say that there has been a conference and deliberation among us on the pending amendment. Diverse views were expressed and considered.

The conclusion was reached that in the interest of party unity and harmony, we will not oppose this amendment. We will not oppose this amendment because it is the basis upon which the Republican Administrations have successfully constructed the foreign policy of the United States during the past eight years, a foreign policy which has brought peace to America.

Mr. Chairman, I ask for a voice vote upon expiration or yielding back of the scheduled time when that vote is taken. I shall vote aye when that vote is taken. I recommend the Delegates of the convention do likewise. Thank you.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The amendment having been accepted by the Platform Committee, the Chair will put the question. All in favor of the amendment will say aye; opposed will say no.

In the opinion of the Chair, the ayes have it. The ayes have it and it is so ordered.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The benediction will be delivered by Jack Paul, Minister of the Church of Christ of Overland Park, Kansas, after we have gotten order. I will not call the Chaplain to dismiss this convention until there is order. Now the Delegates will remain seated until we have had the benediction. Then you can talk to anybody you want very loudly and vociferously after the rest of us have gone home.

The benediction will be delivered by Jack Paul, Minister of the Church of Christ of Overland Park, Kansas. Reverend Paul.

Correction, there is one item of business remaining. The Chair inadvertently did not call for a vote on the motion of the Governor of Iowa that the platform as amended be adopted. The Chair will now put the question. All those in favor will say aye; those opposed will say no.

The ayes have it and the platform is adopted.

Now we will have the benediction.

One more item of business. I have been informed by Chairman Ray that the printer has made several technical errors in the printing of our platform which we have just adopted.

The staff of the committee has already identified several errors. There may be more.

Without objection, the Chair will instruct the Secretary to correct such technical errors to ensure that our platform as finally printed is accurate. Hearing none, it is so ordered.

THE COMPLETE PLATFORM AS ADOPTED BY THE 1977 REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION

PREAMBLE

To you, an American citizen:

You are about to read the 1976 Republican Platform. We hope you will also find time to read the Democrats' Platform. Compare. You will see basic differences in how the two parties propose to represent you.

"The Platform is the Party's contract with the people." This is what it says on the cover of the official printing of the Democrat Platform. So it should be. The Democrats' Platform repeats the same thing on every page: more government, more spending, more inflation. Compare. This Republican Platform says exactly the opposite — less government, less spending, less inflation. In other words, we want you to retain more of your own money, money that represents the worth of your labors, to use as you see fit for the necessities and conveniences of life.

No matter how many statements to the contrary that Mr. Carter makes, he is firmly attached to a contract with you to increase vastly the powers of government. Is bigger government in Washington really what you want?

Make no mistake: you cannot have bigger programs in Washington and less government by Washington. You must choose.

What is the cost of these added or expanded programs? The Democrats' Platform is deliberately vague. When they tell you, as they do time after time, that they will "expand federal support," you are left to guess the cost. The price tag of five major Democrat Platform promises could add as much as $100 billion to the annual cost of government. But the Democrats' Platform proposes over 60 new or expanded spending programs and the expansion or creation of some 22 Washington agencies, offices or bureaus. In fact, the total of all Democrat proposals can be as high as $200 billion a year. While this must be a rough estimate, it does give you a clue to the magnitude and direction of these commitments. *The Democrats' Platform can increase federal spending by 50 percent.* If a Democrat Congress passes the Democrat Platform and it is signed by a Democrat President, what happens then? The Democrats could raise your taxes by 50 percent to pay for the new programs. Or the Democrats could *not* raise taxes and the result would be a runaway inflation. Of course, contract or no contract, the Democrats may not honor their promises. Are you prepared to risk it?

In stark contrast to the Democrats' Platform, we offer you a responsive and moderate alternative based on these principles:

— We believe that liberty can be measured by how much freedom you have to make your own decisions — even your own mistakes. Government must step in when your liberties impinge on your neighbor's.

Government must protect your constitutional rights. Government must deal with other governments and protect you from aggressors. Government must assure equal opportunity. And government must be compassionate in caring for those citizens who are unable to care for themselves.

— Our federal system of local-state-national government is designed to sort out on what level these actions should be taken. Those concerns of a national character — such as air and water pollution that do not respect state boundaries or the national transportation system or efforts to safeguard your civil liberties — must, of course, be handled on the national level.

— As a general rule, however, we believe that government action should be taken first by the government that resides as close to you as possible. Governments tend to become less responsive to your needs the farther away they are from you. Thus, we prefer local and state government to national government, and decentralized national government wherever possible.

— We also believe that you, often acting through voluntary organizations, should have the opportunity to solve many of the social problems of your community. This spirit of freely helping others is uniquely American and should be encouraged in every way by government.

— Every dollar spent by government is a dollar earned by you. Government must always ask: Are your dollars being wisely spent? Can we afford it? Is it not better for the country to leave your dollars in your pocket?

— Your elected officials, their appointees, and government workers are expected to perform their public acts with honesty, openness, diligence, and special integrity. At the heart of our system must be confidence that these people are always working for you.

— We believe that your initiative and energy create jobs, our standard of living and the underlying economic strength of the country. Government must work for the goal of justice and the elimination of unfair practices, but no government has yet designed a more productive economic system or one which benefits as many people.

— The beauty of our land is our legacy to our children. It must be protected by us so that they can pass it on intact to their children.

— The United States must always stand for peace and liberty in the world and the rights of the individual. We must form sturdy partnerships with our allies for the preservation of freedom. We must be ever willing to negotiate differences, but equally mindful that there are American ideals that cannot be compromised. Given that there are other nations with potentially hostile designs, we recognize that we can reach our goals only while maintaining a superior national defense.

We support these principles because they are right, knowing full well that they will not be easy to achieve. Acting with restraint is most difficult when confronted by an opposition Congress that is determined to promise everything to everybody. And this is what the Democrat Congress has been doing. A document, such as this Platform, which refuses to knuckle under to special interest groups, will be accused of being "uncaring." Yet it is exactly because *we do care* about your basic freedom to manage your own life with a minimum of government interference, because *we do care* about encouraging permanent and meaningful jobs, because *we do care* about your getting paid in sound dollars, because *we do care* about resisting the use of your tax dollars for wasteful or unproven programs — it is for these reasons that we are proposing only actions that the nation can afford and are opposing excessive tinkering with an economic system that works better than any other in the world.

Our great American Republic was founded on the principle: "one nation under God, with liberty and justice for all." This bicentennial year marks the anniversary of the greatest secular experiment in history: That of seeking to determine that a people are truly capable of self-government. It was our "Declaration" which put the world and posterity on notice "that Men are . . . endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights" and that those rights must not be taken from those to whom God has given them.

Recently, Peggy Pinder, a 23-year-old student from Grinnell, Iowa, who is a delegate to this convention, said that she joined our party "because Republicans understand the place of government in the people's lives better than the Democrats. Republicans try to find ways to take care of needs through the private sector first while it seems automatic for Democrats to take care of them through the governmental system."

The perception of Peggy Pinder governs this Platform. Aren't these the principles that you want your elected representatives to have?

JOBS AND INFLATION

We believe it is of paramount importance that the American people understand that the number one destroyer of jobs is inflation. We wish to stress that the number one cause of inflation is the government's expansion of the nation's supply of money and credit needed to pay for deficit spending. It is above all else deficit spending by the federal government which erodes the purchasing power of the dollar. Most Republicans in Congress seem to understand this fundamental cause-and-effect relationship and their support in sustaining over 40 Presidential vetoes in the past two years has prevented over $13 billion in federal spending. It is clear that most of the Democrats do not understand this vital principle, or, if they do, they simply don't care.

Inflation is the direct responsibility of a spendthrift Democrat-controlled Congress that has been unwilling to discipline itself to live within our means. The temptation to spend and deficit spend for political reasons has simply been

too great for most of our elected politicians to resist. Individuals, families, companies and most local and state governments, must live within a budget. Why not Congress?

Republicans hope every American realizes that if we are permanently to eliminate high unemployment, it is essential to protect the integrity of our money. That means putting an end to deficit spending. The danger, sooner or later, is runaway inflation.

Wage and price controls are not the solution to inflation. They attempt to treat only the symptom — rising prices — not the cause. Historically, controls have always been a dismal failure, and in the end they create only shortages, black markets and higher prices. For these reasons, the Republican Party strongly opposes any reimposition of such controls, on a standby basis or otherwise.

Unfortunately, the Democrat-controlled Congress now persists in attempting to obtain control over our nation's money creation policies by taking away the independence of the Federal Reserve Board. The same people who have so massively expanded government spending should not be allowed politically to dominate our monetary policy. The independence of the Federal Reserve System must be preserved.

Massive, federally-funded public employment programs, such as the Humphrey-Hawkins Bill currently embraced by the new National Platform of the Democrat Party will cost billions and can only be financed either through very large tax increases or through ever increasing levels of deficit spending. Although such government "make-work" programs usually provide a temporary stimulus to the economy, "quick-fix" solutions of this sort — like all narcotics — lead to addiction, larger and larger doses, and ultimately the destruction of far more jobs than they create. Sound job creation can only be accomplished in the private sector of the economy. Americans must not be fooled into accepting government as the employer of last resort.

Nor should we sit idly by while 2.5 million American jobs are threatened by imports of textile products. We encourage the renewal of the GATT Multifiber Arrangement and the signing of other necessary bilateral agreements to protect our domestic textile industry.

In order to be able to provide more jobs, businesses must be able to expand; yet in order to build and expand, they must be profitable and able to borrow funds (savings) that someone else has been willing to part with on a temporary basis. In the long run, inflation discourages thrift, encourages debt and destroys the incentive to save which is the mainspring of capital formation. When our government — through deficit spending and debasement of the currency — destroys the incentive to save and to invest, it destroys the very well-spring of American productivity. Obviously, when production falls, the number of jobs declines.

The American people are beginning to understand that no government can ever add real wealth (purchasing power) to an economy by simply turning on the

printing presses or by creating credit out of thin air. All government can do is confiscate and redistribute wealth. No nation can spend its way into prosperity; a nation can only spend its way into bankruptcy.

TAXES AND GOVERNMENT SPENDING

The Republican Party recognizes that tax policies and spending policies are inseparable. If government spending is not controlled, taxes will inevitably rise either directly or through inflation. By failing to tie spending directly to income, the Democrat-controlled Congress has not kept faith with the American people. Every American knows he cannot continually live beyond his means.

The Republican Party advocates a legislative policy to obtain a balanced federal budget and reduced tax rates. While the best tax reform is tax reduction, we recognize the need for structural tax adjustments to help the working men and women of our nation. To that end, we recommend tax credits for college tuition, post-secondary technical training and child care expenses incurred by working parents.

Over the past two decades of Democrat control of the Congress, our tax laws have become a nightmare of complexity and unfair tax preferences, virtually destroying the credibility of the system. Simplification should be a major goal of tax reform.

We support economic and tax policies to insure the necessary job-producing expansion of our economy. These include hastening capital recovery through new systems of accelerated depreciation, removing the tax burden on equity financing to encourage more capital investment, ending the unfair double taxation of dividends, and supporting proposals to enhance the ability of our working and other citizens to own "a piece of the action" through stock ownership. When balanced by expenditure reductions, the personal exemption should be raised to $1,000.

AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT

The bounty of our farms is so plentiful that we may tend to forget what an amazing production achievement this really is. Each American farmer and rancher produces enough food to feed over 56 people — a threefold increase in productivity in 20 years.

Rural America must be maintained as a rewarding place to live. To accomplish this, our rural areas are entitled to services comparable to their urban neighbors, such as water and sewer systems, improved electricity and telephone service, adequate transportation, available and adequate financial credit, and employment opportunities which will allow small farmers to supplement their incomes.

Farm exports have continued to expand under the policies of this Republican Administration — from a low of $6 billion in 1968, the last Democratic

year, to $22 billion in 1975. These exports are not giveaway programs; most are earning dollars from the marketplaces of the world, establishing a favorable balance of trade and a higher standard of living for all. Through our farm exports we fight the problem of world hunger, especially with the humanitarian Food for Peace Program (Public Law 480) of the Eisenhower Administration and the Republican-controlled Congress of 1954.

Republican farm policy has permitted farmers to use their crop land fully. We are at last moving toward making effective use of our superb resources. Net farm income from 1972 through 1975 averaged $26 billion, more than double the average of the 1960's. Government should not dictate to the productive men and women who work the land. To assure this, we support the continuation of the central principles of the Agricultural Act of 1973, with adjustments of target prices and loan levels to reflect increased production costs.

We oppose government-controlled grain reserves, just as we oppose federal regulations that are unrealistic in farm practices, such as those imposed by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

We urge prompt action by Congress in amending the Grain Inspection Act to strengthen the present inspection system and restore its integrity.

We firmly believe that when the nation asks our farmers to go all out to produce as much as possible for world-wide markets, the government should guarantee them unfettered access to those markets. Our farmers should not be singled out by export controls. Also, when a foreign national subsidizes its farm exports, our farmers deserve protection against such unfair practices. The federal government should assure that foreign imported commodities are equal in quality to our domestic commodities. Nations from whom we buy commodities should not be allowed to circumvent import restriction laws, such as the Meat Import Quota Act of 1964.

We recognize the importance of the multilateral trade negotiations now in progress and urge our representatives to obtain the most beneficial agreements for our farmers and the nation's economy.

In order to assure the consumers of America an uninterrupted source of food, it is necessary to pass labor relations legislation which is responsive to the welfare of workers and to the particular needs of food production. Such legislation should recognize the need to prevent work stoppages during the critical harvest periods.

We must help farmers protect themselves from drought, flood and other natural disasters through a system of all-risk crop insurance through Federal government reinsurance of private insurance companies combined with the existing disaster payment program.

As in 1972, we urge prompt passage of the Republican-sponsored legislation now pending in Congress which will increase the estate tax exemption to $200,000, allow valuation of farm property on a current use basis and provide

for extension of the time of payment in the case of farms and small businesses. This overdue estate and gift tax legislation must be approved this year. We favor a liberalized marital deduction and oppose capital gains tax at death.

Innovations in agriculture need to be encouraged by expanding research programs including new pest and predator control measures, and utilization of crops as a new energy resource. If we expect our farmers to produce an abundant food supply, they must have all the energy they need to produce, market and process their crops and livestock.

We continue to support farmer cooperatives, including rural electric and telephone cooperatives, in their efforts to improve services to their members. We support the Capper-Volstead Act.

We believe that non-farm corporations and tax-loss farming should be prevented from unfairly competing against family farms, which we support as the preferred method of farm organization.

Since farmers are practicing conservationists, they should not be burdened with unrealistic environmental regulations. We are concerned about regulations issued by the Army Corps of Engineers that will regulate all "routine" agricultural and forestry activities on "all" our waters and wetland, and support legislation to exempt routine farming operations from these requirements. The adjudication of water rights should be a matter of state determination.

SMALL BUSINESS

Small business, so vital to our economic system, is free enterprise in its purest sense. It holds forth opportunity to the individual, regardless of race or sex, to fulfill the American dream. Small businesses are the base of our economy and its main source of strength. Some 9.6 million small firms generate 55 percent of our private employment — or the livelihood of over 100 million Americans. Yet while small businesses have a unique place in our society, they also have unique problems that government must address. Therefore, we recommend that the Small Business Administration (SBA):

- — Assure adequate financing to those credit worthy firms that cannot now obtain funds through conventional channels;
- — Include the proper mix of loan programs to meet the needs of the many different types of firms that constitute the American small business community;
- — Serve as an aggressive advocate for small business and provide procurement, management and technological assistance.

For survival, small businesses must have relief from the overwhelming burden placed on them by many regulatory bodies. Paperwork proliferation has grown out of control, and small business is not equipped to deal with this aggravation.

The present tax structure does not allow small firms to generate enough capital to grow and create jobs. Estate taxes need liberalization to benefit the family businsess in the same manner as the family farm. Encouraging investment in small business through more equitable tax treatment remains the best and least expensive method of creating productive employment.

The Republican Party, recognizing that small and independent business is the backbone of the American competitive system, pledges itself to strengthen this vital institution.

ANTITRUST

The Republican Party believes in and endorses the concept that the American economy is traditionally dependent upon fair competition in the marketplace. To assure fair competition, antitrust laws must treat all segments of the economy equally.

Vigorous and equitable enforcement of antitrust laws heightens competition and enables consumers to obtain the lowest possible price in the marketplace.

BUREAUCRATIC OVERREGULATION

We believe that the extent of federal regulation and bureaucratic interference in the lives of the American people must be reduced. The programs and activities of the federal government should be required to meet strict tests of their usefulness and effectiveness.

In particular, we consider essential an analysis of the extensive growth of laws and regulations governing production processes and conditions and standards for consumer products, so as to determine whether the services and benefits the American people receive are worth the price they are paying for these services in higher taxes and consumer prices.

We are intensely aware of the need to protect our environment and provide safe working conditions in American industry, while at the same time preventing the loss of jobs and the closing of small businesses through unrealistic or over-rigorous government regulations. We support a balanced approach that considers the requirements of a growing economy and provides jobs for American workers.

The average businessman and employer is being overwhelmed by government-required paperwork. We support legislation to control and reduce the burden of federal paperwork, particularly that generated by the Internal Revenue Service and the Census Bureau.

GOVERNMENT THAT WORKS

We believe that Americans are fed up with and frustrated by national government that makes great promises and fails to deliver. We are! We think

that Democrat Congresses — in control for 40 out of the last 44 years — are the grand masters of this practice. We think that a national government grown so big that the left hand doesn't know what the right hand is doing has caused the condition we are in.

What we now have is a government organization that doesn't make any sense. It has not developed by design. It just grew — by whim, bureaucratic fighting, and the caving in of Democrat Congresses to special interest demands. So today we find that nine federal departments and twenty independent agencies are involved in education; seven departments and eight agencies in health; federal recreation areas are administered by six agencies in three departments; and so forth.

What we need is a top-to-bottom overhaul. Two high level presidential commissions under two Presidents — one a Democrat, one a Republican — have investigated and come up with the same answer: There must be functional realignment of government, instead of the current arrangement by subject areas or constituencies.

We want federal domestic departments to reflect the major purposes of government, such as natural resources, human resources, community development and economic affairs. Unfortunately, the Democrat Congress has refused to address this problem. Now we insist that attention must be paid.

Too often in the past, we have been content with organization or procedural solutions to complex economic and social regulatory problems. We should no longer accept rhetoric as a substitute for concrete results. The President has proposed to Congress the Agenda for Government Reform Act, which would guarantee the systematic re-examination and reform of all federal regulatory activities within the next four years. This legislation requires Congress and the President to agree to undertake an exhaustive reassessment of the combined effects of all government regulations, and it requires them to adhere to a disciplined timetable to assure annual results. The American people deserve no less. Every agency of government must be made efficient, and every government regulation should be subjected to cost benefit analysis. The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) is a typical example of a well-intentioned regulatory effort which has imposed large costs but has not solved our problems.

The beauty of America's original concept of government was its diversity, the belief that different purposes are best served by governments at different levels. In our lifetime, however, Democrat Congresses have allowed this system to become warped and over-nationalized. As powers have flowed to Washington, the ability to attend to our problems has often dried up in our communities and states. This trend must be reversed. Local government is simply more accountable to the people, and local people are perfectly capable of making decisions.

We reaffirm the long standing principle of the Republican Party that the best government is the one closest to the people. It is less costly, more

accountable, and more responsive to the people's needs. Our confidence in the people of this nation was demonstrated by initiating the Revenue Sharing Program. To date, $30 billion of federal tax dollars have been returned to the states and localities. This program is administered with fewer than 100 people and a computer. Revenue Sharing is an effort to reverse the trend toward centralization. Revenue Sharing must continue without unwarranted federal strictures and regulations.

As a further step in this direction, the Republicans in Congress promoted the new concept of federal block grants to localities for much greater flexibility. Under block grants, federal funds can be tailored by the states and localities to the wishes of each community. There are now two block grant programs — in community development and employment training. Block grant programs should be extended to replace many existing categorical health, education, child nutrition and social services programs. The Democrat Congress stands guilty of failing to enact these vital reforms. Our ultimate goal is to restore taxing and spending to the local level.

The Republican Party has always believed that the proper role of government is to do only those things which individuals cannot do for themselves. We encourage individual initiative and oppose the trend of ever expanding government programs which is destroying the volunteer spirit in America. We firmly believe that community involvement is essential to the development of effective solutions to the problems confronting our country.

While we oppose a uniform national primary, we encourage the concept of regional presidential primaries, which would group those states which voluntarily agree to have presidential primaries in a geographical area on a common date.

We encourage full participation in our electoral process. We further recognize the sanctity and value of the ballot. In that regard, we oppose "federal post card registration." The possibilities of fraud are inherent in registration by mail. Such possibilities could not only cheapen our ballot, but in fact threaten the entire electoral process.

Control of the United States Congress by the Democrat Party for 40 of the past 44 years has resulted in a system dominated by powerful individuals and riddled with corruption. Recent events have demonstrated an unwillingness and inability by the Democrat Party to cleanse itself. Selective morality has been the order of the day. Positive Republican initiatives have languished in Democrat-controlled Congressional Committees while business as usual has continued in Washington. The American people demand and deserve reform of the United States Congress. We offer these proposals of far-reaching reform:

— Repeal of legislation which permits automatic increases in the salaries of Members of Congress, congressional staffs, and official expense allowances. Public accountability demands that Members publicly vote on increases on the expenses of their office. Members' salary increases should not become effective until a new Congress is elected.

— Elimination of proxy voting which allows Members to record votes in Committee without being present for the actual deliberations or vote on a measure.

— Elimination of Democrat Caucus rules which allow a Party to bind its Members' votes on legislation. Each Member of Congress represents his constituency and must be free to vote in accordance with the dictates of his constituency and individual conscience.

— A complete audit by the General Accounting Office of all congressional allowances and appropriate disciplinary measures for those who have violated the public trust.

— Full public disclosure of financial interests by Members and divestiture of those interests which present conflicts of interest.

— Changes in the House rules which would allow a House majority to require the House Ethics Committee to conduct an investigation into alleged misconduct by any Member of Congress if the Committee refuses to act on its own.

— A complete overhaul and streamlining of the system which has permitted the proliferation of subcommittees with over-lapping responsibility, vague jurisdictional definitions and a lack of legislative production.

— Quarterly publication of names, titles and salaries of all Congressional employees.

— Improved lobby disclosure legislation so that the people will know how much money is being spent to influence public officials.

Citizens are demanding the end to the rapid and wasteful increase in the size of Washington government. All steps must be taken to insure that unnecessary federal agencies and programs are eliminated and that Congress carefully scrutinize the total budget of each agency. If it is determined that sunset laws and zero-based budgeting can accomplish these ends, then they will have our support. Washington programs must be made as cost-effective as those in the states and localities. Among the many serious complaints that we wish to register on behalf of the American people is the poor operation of the United States Postal Service.

We note the low respect the public has for Congress — a Democrat-controlled institution — and wonder how the Democrats can possibly honor their pledge to reform government when they have utterly failed to reform Congress.

A SAFE AND JUST SOCIETY

Every American has a right to be protected from criminals. Violence has no place in our land. A society that excuses crime will eventually fall victim to it.

The American people have been subjected to an intolerable wave of violent crime.

The victim of a crime should be treated with compassion and justice. The attacker must be kept from harming others. Emphasis must be on protecting the innocent and punishing the guilty. Prevention of crime is its best deterrent and should be stressed.

Fighting crime is — and should be — primarily a local responsibility. We support the continuation of the federal help given through the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (LEAA) to law enforcement officials in our states, counties and municipalities. Each state should have the power to decide whether it wishes to impose the death penalty for certain crimes. All localities are urged to tighten their bail practices and to review their sentencing and parole procedures.

The federal criminal code should include automatic and mandatory minimum sentences for persons committing offenses under federal jurisdiction that involve the use of a dangerous weapon; that involve exceptionally serious crimes, such as trafficking in hard drugs, kidnapping and aircraft hijacking; and that involve injuries committed by repeat offenders.

The work presently being done to tighten the anti-obscenity provisions of the criminal code has our full support. Since the jurisdiction of the federal government in this field is limited to interstate commerce and the mails, we urge state and local governments to assume a major role in limiting the distribution and availability of obscene materials.

We support the right of citizens to keep and bear arms. We oppose federal registration of firearms. Mandatory sentences for crimes committed with a lethal weapon are the only effective solution to this problem.

Sure and swift justice demands additional judges, United States Attorneys and other court workers. The Democrat Congress has created no new federal judgeships since 1970; we deplore this example of playing politics with the justice system.

Drug abuse is not simply a health problem, but also a very real law enforcement concern and a problem of worldwide dimension. Controlling drug abuse calls for the ratification of the existing international treaty on synthetic drugs, increased emphasis on preventing the diversion of amphetamines and barbiturates into illegal markets, and intensive efforts to keep drugs out of this country. Heroin continues to come across our borders. Drug enforcement agents and international cooperation must cut off this supply. We say: Treat the addicts, but, at the same time, remove the pushers from the street and give them mandatory sentences.

Juveniles now account for almost half the arrests for serious crimes — murder, rape, robbery and aggravated assault. The cost of school violence and vandalism is estimated at $600 million annually, about what is spent on textbooks. Primary responsibility for raising our children, instilling proper

values and thus preventing juvenile delinquency lies with the family, not the government. Yet when families fail, local law enforcement authorities must respond. Law enforcement block grant funds can be used by states in correcting and preventing juvenile delinquency. The LEAA should promote additional research in this area. The structure of the family must be strengthened. All enterprises have to be encouraged to find more jobs for young people. A youth differential must be included in the minimum wage law. Citizen action should let the television industry know that we want it to curb violence in programming because of its effect on our youth.

The criminal justice system must be more vigilant in preventing rape, eliminating discrimination against the victim and dealing with the offenders.

States should recognize that antiquated and overcrowded prisons are not conducive to rehabilitation. A high priority of prison reform should be to help the young first-time offender. There should be adequate separation of young from adult offenders, more relevant prison industries, better counseling, community-based alternatives and more help in getting a job for the offender who has served his or her time.

Terrorism — both domestic and international — must be stopped. Not only must the strongest steps be taken in the United States, but collective action must come from all nations. Deterring every form of hijacking calls for sanctions against countries that aid terrorists. The world community should take appropriate action to deal with terrorist organizations. We applaud the daring rescue by Israel of innocent civilian hostages who were kidnapped by terrorists. While we regret that loss of life was involved, the courageous manner in which the hostages were freed speaks eloquently to our abhorrence of world bandits.

THE RIGHT TO PRIVACY

Liberty depends in great measure on the privacy that each American retains.

We are alarmed by Washington's growing collection of information. The number of federal data banks is now estimated at between 800 and 900 and more than 50 agencies are involved. We question the need for all these computers to be storing the records of our lives. Safeguards must protect us against this information being misused or disclosed. Major changes, for example, are needed to maintain the confidentiality of tax returns and Society Security records.

Recent Supreme Court decisions have held that an individual has no constitutional right to the privacy of records held in banks or other depository institutions and that they can be readily obtained by law enforcement agencies without a person's consent or knowledge. Law enforcement authorities must be able to pursue criminal violators, yet, at the same time, there should be reasonable controls imposed to protect the privacy of law-abiding citizens. We support legislation, now pending, to assure this protection.

Too many government records, on the other hand, are unnecessarily classified. Congress and the Executive should devise a more reasonable system for classifying and handling government information.

The President's achievements in protecting privacy are unequalled by past administrations and must be built upon in the future. We particularly note changes in federal record-keeping systems, the appointment of the Commission on the CIA, the reorganization of the intelligence community and the restriction of White House access to income tax returns.

THE AMERICAN FAMILY

Families must continue to be the foundation of our nation.

Families — not government programs — are the best way to make sure our children are properly nurtured, our elderly are cared for, our cultural and spiritual heritages are perpetuated, our laws are observed and our values are preserved.

If families fail in these vitally important tasks, there is little the government, no matter how well-intentioned, can do to remedy the results. Schools cannot educate children adequately if families are not supportive of the learning process. Law enforcement authorities are nearly helpless to curb juvenile delinquency without family cooperation in teaching young people respect for property and laws. Neither medicine nor school feeding programs can replace the family's ability to provide the basis for good health. Isolation from meaningful family contact makes it virtually impossible for the elderly to avoid loneliness or dependence. The values of hard work and responsibility start with the family.

As modern life brings changes in our society, it also puts stresses on families trying to adjust to new realities while maintaining cherished values. Economic uncertainty, unemployment, housing difficulties, women's and men's concerns with their changing and often conflicting roles, high divorce rates, threatened neighborhoods and schools, and public scandal all create a hostile atmosphere that erodes family structures and family values. Thus it is imperative that our government's programs, actions, officials and social welfare institutions never be allowed to jeopardize the family. *We fear the government may be powerful enough to destroy our families; we know that it is not powerful enough to replace them.*

Because of our concern for family values, we affirm our beliefs, stated elsewhere in this Platform, in many elements that will make our country a more hospitable environment for family life — neighborhood schools; educational systems that include and are responsive to parents' concerns; estate tax changes to establish more realistic exemptions which will minimize disruption of already bereaved families; a position on abortion that values human life; a welfare policy to encourage rather than discourage families to stay together and seek economic

independence; a tax system that assists rather than penalizes families with elderly members, children in day care or children in college; economic and employment policies that stop the shrinkage of our dollars and stimulate the creation of jobs so that families can plan for their economic security.

EDUCATION

Our children deserve quality education.

We believe that segregated schools are morally wrong and unconstitutional. However, we oppose forced busing to achieve racial balances in our schools. We believe there are educational advantages for children in attending schools in their own neighborhoods and that the Democrat-controlled Congress has failed to enact legislation to protect this concept. The racial composition of many schools results from decisions by people about where they choose to live. If Congress continues to fail to act, we would favor consideration of an amendment to the Constitution forbidding the assignment of children to schools on the basis of race.

Our approach is to work to eradicate the root causes of segregated schools, such as housing discrimination and gerrymandered school districts. We *must* get on with the education of all our children.

Throughout our history, the education of our children has been a community responsibility. But now federal categorical grant programs pressure local school districts into substituting Washington-dictated priorities for their own. Local school administrators and school boards are being turned into bookkeepers for the federal government. Red tape and restrictive regulations stifle imagination and creativity. We are deeply concerned about the decline in the performance of our schools and the decline in public confidence in them.

We favor consideration of tax credits for parents making elementary and secondary school tuition payments.

Local communities wishing to conduct non-sectarian prayers in their public schools should be able to do so. We favor a constitutional amendment to achieve this end.

We propose consolidating federal categorical grant programs into block grants and turning the money over to the states to use in accordance with their own needs and priorities and with minimum bureaucratic controls. A single program must preserve the funding that is directed at the needs of such special groups as the handicapped and the disadvantaged.

Responsibility for education, particularly on the elementary and secondary levels, belongs to local communities and parents. Intrusion by the federal government must be avoided. Bureaucratic control of schools by Washington has the potential for destruction of our educational system by taking more and more decisions away from parents and local school authorities. Financial dependence on the federal government inevitably leads to greater centralization

of authority. We believe, therefore, that a study should be authorized concerning funding of elementary and secondary education, coupled with a study regarding return to the states of equivalent revenue to compensate for any loss in present levels of federal funding.

Unless steps are taken immediately, soaring prices will restrict a college education to the rich and those poor enough to qualify now for government aid. Federal higher education policy should continue to focus on financial aid for needy individuals, but because the financial ability to go to college is fast slipping out of the grasp of middle income families, more realistic eligibility guidelines for student aid are essential.

Government interference in the management of colleges and universities must be stopped. Federal support to assist in meeting the grave financial problems of higher education should be forthcoming, but such funds should never be used as devices for imposing added controls.

Diversity in education has great value. Public schools and non-public schools should share in education funds on a constitutionally acceptable basis. Private colleges and universities should be assisted to maintain healthy competition and to enrich diversity. The cost of expanding public campuses can be kept down if existing private institutions are helped to accommodate our student population.

We favor continued special federal support for vocational education.

HEALTH

Every American should have access to quality health care at an affordable price.

The possibility of an extended illness in a family is a frightening prospect, but, if it does happen, a person should at least be protected from having it wipe out lifetime savings. Catastrophic expenses incurred from major illnesses and accidents affect only a small percentage of Americans each year, but for those people, the financial burden can be devastating. We support extension of catastrophic illness protection to all who cannot obtain it. We should utilize our private health insurance system to assure adequate protection for those who do not have it. Such an approach will eliminate the red tape and high bureaucratic costs inevitable in a comprehensive national program.

The Republican Party opposes compulsory national health insurance.

Americans should know that the Democrat Platform, which offers a government-operated and financed "comprehensive national health insurance system with universal and mandatory coverage," will increase federal government spending by more than $70 billion in its first full year. Such a plan could require a personal income tax increase of approximately 20 percent. We oppose this huge, new health insurance tax. Moreover, we do not believe that the

federal government can administer effectively the Democrats' cradle-to-grave proposal.

The most effective, efficient and economical method to improve health care and extend its availability to all is to build on the present health delivery and insurance system, which covers nine out of every ten Americans.

A coordinated effort should be mounted immediately to contain the rapid increase in health care costs by all available means, such as development of healthier life styles through education, improved preventive care, better distribution of medical manpower, emphasis on out-of-hospital services and elimination of wasteful duplication of medical services.

We oppose excessive intrusions from Washington in the delivery of health care. We believe in preserving the privacy that should exist between a patient and a physician, particularly in regard to the confidentiality of medical records.

Federal health programs should be consolidated into a single grant to each state, where possible, thereby allowing much greater flexibility in setting local priorities. Our rural areas, for example, have different health care delivery needs than our cities. Federal laws and regulations should respect these differences and make it possible to respond differently to differing needs. Fraud in Medicare and Medicaid programs should be exposed and eliminated.

We need a comprehensive and equitable approach to the subject of mental health. Such a program should focus on the prevention, treatment and care of mental illness. It should cover all aspects of the interrelationships between emotional illness and other specific disabilities.

The Republican Party applauds the enlightened programs that address mental retardation, cerebral palsy, epilepsy, and other developmental disabilities that seek to remove us from the dark ages in these areas.

Alcoholism and drug abuse, growing problems in America today, should receive the utmost attention.

While we support valid medical biological research efforts which can produce life-saving results, we oppose any research on live fetuses. We are also opposed to any legislation which sanctions ending the life of any patient.

CHILD NUTRITION

Every child should have enough to eat. Good nutrition is a prerequisite of a healthy life. We must focus our resources on feeding *needy* children. The present school lunch programs provide a 20 percent subsidy to underwrite the meals of children from middle- and upper-income families.

The existing 15 child nutrition programs should be consolidated into one program, administered by the states, and concentrated on those children truly in need. Other federal programs should insure that low-income people will be able to purchase a nutritionally adequate food supply.

EQUAL RIGHTS AND ENDING DISCRIMINATION

Roadblocks must be removed that may prevent Americans from realizing their full potential in society. Unfair discrimination ibly weighs morally, economically and politically upon a free nation.

While working to eradicate discriminatory practices, every citizen should be encouraged to take pride in and foster the cultural heritage that has been passed on from previous generations. Almost every American traces ancestry from another country; this cultural diversity gives strength to our national heritage.

There must be vigorous enforcement of laws to assure equal treatment in job recruitment, hiring, promotion, pay, credit, mortgage access and housing. The way to end discrimination, however, is not by resurrecting the much discredited quota system and attempting to cloak it in an aura of new respectability. Rather, we must provide alternative means of assisting the victims of past discrimination to realize their full worth as American citizens.

Wiping out past discrimination requires continued emphasis on providing educational opportunities for minority citizens, increasing direct and guaranteed loans to minority business enterprises, and affording qualified minority persons equal opportunities for government positions at all levels.

Women

Women, who comprise a numerical majority of the population, have been denied a just portion of our nation's rights and opportunities. We reaffirm our pledge to work to eliminate discrimination in all areas for reasons of race, color, national origin, age, creed or sex and to enforce vigorously laws guaranteeing women equal rights.

The Republican Party reaffirms its support for ratification of the Equal Rights Amendment. Our Party was the first national party to endorse the E.R.A. in 1940. We continue to believe its ratification is essential to insure equal rights for all Americans. In our 1972 Platform, the Republican Party recognized the great contributions women have made to society as homemakers and mothers, as contributors to the community through volunteer work, and as members of the labor force in careers. The Platform stated then, and repeats now, that the Republican Party "fully endorses the principle of equal rights, equal opportunities and equal responsibilities for women." The Equal Rights Amendment is the embodiment of this principle and therefore we support its swift ratification.

The question of abortion is one of the most difficult and controversial of our time. It is undoubtedly a moral and personal issue but it also involves complex questions relating to medical science and criminal justice. There are those in our Party who favor complete support for the Supreme Court decision which permits abortion on demand. There are others who share sincere convictions that the Supreme Court's decision must be changed by a constitutional amendment

prohibiting all abortions. Others have yet to take a position, or they have assumed a stance somewhere in between polar positions.

We protest the Supreme Court's intrusion into the family structure through its denial of the parents' obligation and right to guide their minor children. The Republican Party favors a continuance of the public dialogue on abortion and supports the efforts of those who seek enactment of a constitutional amendment to restore protection of the right to life for unborn children.

The Social Security System, our federal tax laws, and unemployment and disability programs currently discriminate against women and often work against married couples as well. These inequities must be corrected. We recognize that special support must be given to the increasing number of women who have assumed responsibility as the heads of households while also being wage earners. Programs for job training, counseling and other services should be established to help them attain their dual role in society.

We reiterate the pledges elsewhere in this platform of support for child care assistance, part-time and flexible-time work that enables men and women to combine employment and family responsibilities, estate tax reform, small business assistance for women, rape prevention and elimination of discriminatory housing practices.

Ethnic Americans

Ethnic Americans have enriched this nation with their hard work, self-reliance and respect for the rights and needs of others. Ethnic groups reaching our shores at various times have given our country its unique identity and strength among the nations of the world. We recognize and value the contributions of Ethnic Americans to our free and democratic society.

Hispanic-Americans

When language is a cause of discrimination, there must be an intensive educational effort to enable Spanish-speaking students to become fully proficient in English while maintaining their own language and cultural heritage. Hispanic-Americans must not be treated as second-class citizens in schools, employment or any other aspect of life just because English is not their first language. Hispanic-Americans truly believe that individual integrity must be paramount; what they want most from government and politics is the opportunity to participate fully. The Republican Party has and always will offer this opportunity.

Indians and Alaska Natives

We have a unique commitment to Native Americans; we pledge to continue to honor our trust relationship with them, and we reaffirm our federal Indian policy of self-determination without termination. This means moving smoothly and quickly away from federal domination to effective participation and communication by Indians in the political process and in the planning,

content and administration of federal programs. We shall pursue our joint effort with Indian leaders to assist in the orderly development of Indian and native-owned resources and to continue to attack the severe health, education and unemployment problems which exist among Indians and Alaska Natives.

Puerto Rico, The District of Columbia and the Territories

The principle of self-determination also governs our positions on Puerto Rico and the District of Columbia as it has in past platforms. We again support statehood for Puerto Rico, if that is the people's choice in a referendum, with full recognition within the concept of a multicultural society of the citizens' right to retain their Spanish language and traditions; and support giving the District of Columbia voting representation in the United States Senate and House of Representatives and full home rule over those matters that are purely local.

We will continue to negotiate with the Congress of Micronesia on the future political status of the Trust Territories of the Pacific Islands to meet the mutual interests of both parties. We support a plebiscite by the people of American Samoa on whether they wish to elect a territorial governor. We favor whatever action is necessary to permit American citizens resident in Guam, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands to vote for President and Vice President in national elections. With regard to Guam and the Virgin Islands, we urge an increased degree of self-sufficiency and support maximum broadening of self-government.

Responsibilities

Finally, the most basic principle of all: Achievement and preservation of human rights in our society is based on the willing acceptance by millions of Americans of their responsibilities as free citizens. Instead of viewing government programs with ever increasing expectations, we must readily assume the obligations of wage-earners, taxpayers and supporters of our government and laws. This is often forgotten, and so it is appropriate to remind ourselves in this Platform that this is why our society works.

HANDICAPPED CITIZENS

Handicapped persons must be admitted into the mainstream of our society.

Too often the handicapped population of the nation — over 30 million men, women and children — has been denied the rights taken for granted by other citizens. Time after time, the paths are closed to the handicapped in education, employment, transportation, health care, housing, recreation, insurance, polling booths and due process of law. National involvement is necessary to correct discrimination in these areas. Individual incentive alone cannot do it.

We pledge continued attention to the problems caused by barriers in architecture, communication, transportation and attitudes. In addition, we realize that to deny education and employment simply because of an existing disability runs counter to our accepted belief in the free enterprise system and forces the handicapped to be overly dependent on others. Similarly, the denial of equal access to credit and to acquisition of venture capital on the basis of a handicap or other disability conflicts with Republican philosophy. We advocate the elimination of needless barriers for all handicapped persons.

WORKING AMERICANS

Free collective bargaining remains the best way to insure that American workers receive a fair price for their labors.

The special problems of collective bargaining in state and local government should be addressed at those levels. Washington should not impose its standards on local governments. While we oppose strikes by public employees, we recognize that states have the right to permit them if they choose.

Union membership as a condition of employment has been regulated by state law under Section 14(b) of the Taft-Hartley Act. This basic right should continue to be determined by the states. We oppose strikes by federal employees, the unionization of our military forces and the legalization of common-situs picketing.

Employees of the federal government should not engage in partisan politics. The Civil Service System must remain non-partisan and non-political. The Hatch Act now protects federal employees; we insist that it be uniformly administered.

Among the rights that are the entitlement of every American worker is the right to join a union — large, small or independent; the right to be protected against racial discrimination and misuse of dues; the right to union elections that are fair and democratic; and the right to be assured of ultimately receiving his or her promised pension benefits.

Safe and healthful working conditions are goals of utmost importance. We should expect the Occupational Safety and Health Administration to help employers, particularly in small businesses, comply with the law, and we will support legislation providing on-site consultation.

There should be considerable concern over the presence of several million illegal aliens in the country who fill jobs that otherwise would be available to American workers. We support increased efforts to deal more effectively with this problem and favor legislation prohibiting employers from knowingly hiring illegal aliens. The Democrat leaders in Congress have systematically killed every attempt to debate this legislation in recent years.

Increased part-time and flexible-hour work should be encouraged wherever feasible. In keeping with our belief in family life, we want to expand more

opportunities for men and women to combine family responsibilities and employment.

WELFARE REFORM

The work of all Americans contributes to the strength of our nation, and all who are able to contribute should be encouraged to do so.

In every society there will be some who cannot work, often through no fault of their own. The measure of a country's compassion is how it treats the least fortunate.

We appreciate the magnificent variety of private charitable institutions which have developed in the United States.

The Democrat-controlled Congress has produced a jumble of degrading, dehumanizing, wasteful, overlapping and inefficient programs failing to assist the needy poor. A systematic and complete overhaul of the welfare system should be initiated immediately.

The following goals should govern the reform of the welfare system: (1) Provide adequate living standards for the truly needy; (2) End welfare fraud and prevent it in the future with emphasis on removing ineligible recipients from the welfare rolls, tightening food stamp eligibility requirements, and ending aid to illegal aliens and the voluntarily unemployed; (3) Strengthen work requirements, particularly directed at the productive involvement of able-bodied persons in useful community work projects; (4) Provide educational and vocational incentives to allow recipients to become self-supporting; (5) Better coordinate federal efforts with local and state social welfare agencies and strengthen local and state administrative functions. We oppose federalizing the welfare system; local levels of government are most aware of the needs of their communities. Consideration should be given to a range of options in financing the programs to assure that state and local responsibilities are met. We also oppose the guaranteed annual income concept or any programs that reduce the incentive to work.

Those features of the present law, particularly the food stamp program, that draw into assistance programs people who are capable of paying for their own needs should be corrected. The humanitarian purpose of such programs must not be corrupted by eligibility loopholes. Food stamp program reforms proposed by Republicans in Congress would accomplish the twin goals of directing resources to those most in need and streamlining administration.

We must never forget that unemployment compensation is insurance, not a welfare program. It should be redesigned to assure that working is always more beneficial than collecting unemployment benefits. The benefits should help most the hard-core unemployed. Major efforts must be encouraged through the private sector to speed up the process of finding jobs for those temporarily out of work.

OLDER AMERICANS

Older Americans constitute one of our most valuable resources.

Families should be supported in trying to take care of their elderly. Too often government laws and policies contribute to the deterioration of family life. Our tax laws, for example, permit a deduction to the taxpayer who gives a contribution to a charitable institution that might care for an elderly parent, but offer little or no incentive to provide care in the home. If an elderly parent relinquishes certain assets and enters a nursing home, the parent may qualify for full Medicaid coverage, but if parents live with their children, any Supplemental Security Income benefit for which they are eligible may be reduced. Incentives must be written into law to encourage families to care for their older members.

Along with loneliness and ill health, older Americans are deeply threatened by inflation. The costs of the basic necessities of life — food, shelter, clothing, health care — have risen so drastically as to reduce the ability of many older persons to subsist with any measure of dignity. In addition to our program for protecting against excessive costs of long-term illness, nothing will be as beneficial to the elderly as the effect of this Platform's proposals on curbing inflation.

The Social Security benefits are of inestimable importance to the well-being and financial peace of mind of most older Americans. We will not let the Social Security system fail. We will work to make the Social Security system actuarially sound. The Social Security program must not be turned into a welfare system, based on need rather than contributions. The cost to employers for Social Security contributions must not be raised to the point where they will be unable to afford contributions to employees' private pension programs. We will work for an increase in the earned income ceiling or its elimination so that, as people live longer, there will not be the present penalty on work. We will also seek to correct those provisions of the system that now discriminate against women and married couples.

Such programs as Foster Grandparents and Senior Companions, which provide income exempt from Social Security limitations, should be continued and extended to encourage senior citizens to continue to be active and involved in society. Appropriate domiciliary care programs should be developed to enable senior citizens to receive such care without losing other benefits to which they may be entitled.

We favor the abolition of arbitrary age levels for mandatory retirement.

The Medicare program must be improved to help control inflation in health care costs triggered by present regulations.

Other areas of concern to the elderly that need increased attention are home and outpatient care, adequate transportation, nutrition, day care and homemaker care as an alternative to costly institutional treatment.

A nation should be judged by its ability to help make all the years of life as productive and gainful as possible. This nation still has a job to do.

VETERANS

The nation must never forget its appreciation and obligation to those who have served in the armed forces.

Because they bear the heaviest burdens of war, we owe special honor and compensation to disabled veterans and survivors of the war dead.

We are firmly committed to maintaining and improving our Veterans Administration hospital system.

Younger veterans, especially those who served in the Vietnam conflict, deserve educational, job and housing loan benefits equivalent to those of World War II and the Korean conflict. Because of our deep and continuing concern for those still listed as Prisoners of War or Missing in Action in Vietnam, the Foreign Policy section of this Republican Platform calls for top priority actions.

And we must continue to provide for our veterans at their death a final resting place for their remains in a national cemetery and the costs of transportation thereto.

A NATIONAL URBAN STRATEGY

The decay and decline of communities in this country is not just a physical and economic crisis, but is traceable to the decline of a real "sense of community" in our society. Community development cannot be achieved merely by throwing dollars and mortar at our community problems; what must be developed is a new sense of mutual concern and responsibility among all members of a community for its improvement.

We recognize the family, the neighborhood and the private volunteer sector to be the most basic and vital units within our communities and we recognize their central role in revitalizing our communities. We propose a strategy for urban revitalization that both treats our urban areas as social organisms and recognizes that the family is the basic building block in these organisms.

Effectively helping our cities now requires a coordinated National Urban Policy. The cornerstone of this policy must be to curb inflation. This policy must be based on the principle that the levels of government closest to the cities' problems are best able to respond. Thus federal and state assistance to cities and counties should give the greatest flexibility to those directly on the scene, the local elected officials. Such a policy should replace the welter of confusing and often conflicting federal categorical grant programs — the approach of the Democrat Congress — with block grant programs that allow cities and counties to set their own priorities.

Without an urban policy, the Democrat-controlled Congress has created a hodge-podge of programs which have all but destroyed our once vital cities. At the same time, urban crime rates have skyrocketed and the quality and promise of metropolitan education systems have plummeted. All this has happened during the years that the number of federal urban programs has increased almost tenfold: from 45 in 1946 to 435 in 1968; and expenditures have increased 3000 percent; from $1 billion to $30 billion.

The Republican programs of revenue sharing and block grants for community development and manpower have already helped our cities and counties immensely. We favor extension of revenue sharing and the orderly conversion of categorical grants into block grants. When federal assistance programs for general purpose local governments are administered through the states, there should be direct pass-through and effective roles for cities and counties in the planning, allocation and use of the funds.

Federal, state and local government resources combined are not enough to solve our urban problems. The private sector must be the major participant. Economic development is the best way to involve business and industry; government support should emphasize capital formation and technical assistance for small and minority businesses.

We can bring about a new birth of freedom by following the example of those individuals, organizations and community leaders who have successfully solved specific undesirable conditions and problems through private efforts. Government officials should be aware of these successes in developing new approaches to public problems.

Financial institutions should be encouraged to participate in the financial requirements of urban development. Each institution should recognize its responsibility in promoting and maintaining economic growth and stability in the central cities.

Our urban policies should encourage families and businesses to improve their neighborhoods by means of participation in neighborhood self-help groups, improving and rehabilitating their homes and businesses, and investing in and managing local businesses. We support the revision of federal business assistance programs to encourage joint efforts by local merchants' associations.

We need a comprehensive approach to plan, develop and implement a variety of programs which take into account the many diverse needs of each neighborhood. The establishment of a National Neighborhood Policy will signal a commitment to the improvement of the quality of our life in our neighborhoods.

We call for an expansion of the President's Committee on Urban Development and Neighborhood Revitalization to include representatives of elected state and local officials and the private sector.

Taken together, the thrust of the proposals in this section and in such related areas as housing, transportation, safety and taxes should contribute

significantly to making our cities again pleasant places to live. The Republican National Urban Strategy has been formed in the realization that when the bell tolls for the cities it tolls for all of America.

HOUSING

In the United States today we are the best housed nation in the history of world civilization. This accomplishment was achieved by a private enterprise system using free market concepts.

All of our citizens should be given the opportunity to live in decent, affordable housing.

We believe that we should continue to pursue the primary goal of expanding housing opportunities for all Americans and we should pursue the companion goal of reducing the degree of direct federal involvement in housing.

To most Americans the American dream is a home of their own. The time has come to face some hard realities, primarily that the greatest impediment to decent and affordable housing is inflation. It logically follows that one effective housing program would be simply to elect a Republican Congress which would balance the federal budget.

To meet the housing needs of this country there must be a continuous, stable and adequate flow of funds for the purpose of real estate mortgages at realistic interest rates.

To continue to encourage home ownership, which now encompasses 64 percent of our families, we support the deductibility of interest on home mortgages and property taxes.

We favor the concept of federal revenue sharing and block grants to reduce the excessive burden of the property tax in financing local government.

We are concerned with the excessive reliance of financing welfare and public school costs primarily by the property tax.

We support inflation-impact studies on governmental regulations, which are inflating housing costs.

Current economic problems and environmental concerns must be balanced in each community by a policy of "Sensible Growth."

We oppose discrimination in housing, whether by individuals or by institutional financing policies.

We urge continued incentives to support the development of low and moderate income housing in order to assure the availability of adequate shelter for the less fortunate.

Rehabilitation and preservation of existing housing stock should be given high priority in federal housing policy.

We urge the continuation of the self-help restoration of housing, such as urban homesteading, which is providing housing for low-income families.

TRANSPORTATION

The federal government has a special responsibility to foster those elements of our national transportation system that are essential to foreign and interstate commerce and national defense. In other transportation systems that primarily support local needs, the federal government's responsibility is to encourage the greatest possible decision-making and flexibility on the part of state and local governments to spend funds in ways that make the best sense for each community. Thus all levels of government have an important role in providing a balanced and coordinated transportation network.

In keeping with national transportation goals, the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976 has begun the task of removing regulatory constraints of the Interstate Commerce Commission on America's ailing railroads. Now we should carefully assess the need to remove many of the regulatory constraints imposed on the nation's airlines and motor carriers. Consumers pay too high a price for the artificial fare and rate structures imposed by federal regulations.

The great Interstate Highway System, initiated by President Eisenhower, has brought new freedom of travel to every American and must be completed and maintained. Our road network should always stress safety through better design as well as bridge maintenance and replacement.

We must also have a safe and efficient aviation system capable of responding to the air transportation needs of the future and of reducing exposure to aircraft noise. This includes airport development, navigational and safety facilities, and the design and adequate staffing of advanced air traffic control systems. In airplane use as in other modes of transportation, the impact on the physical environment must always be a basic consideration in federal decisions and such decisions should also include appraisals of impact on the economy. We deplore unfair treatment of United States airlines under foreign landing regulations.

Research must be continued to find safe, more fuel-efficient automobile engines and airplanes; safer, faster rail service; and more convenient, less expensive urban transportation. Tax policies should be considered which would stimulate the development and installation of new energy sources in transportation, such as railroad electrification.

The disorganization of a Democrat-controlled Congress frustrates the coordination of transportation policy. Currently there are more that 50 congressional subcommittees with independent jurisdiction in the transportation field. This hopelessly disjointed and disorganized approach must be reformed.

In keeping with the local goal setting in transportation, the Republican Party applauds the system under which state and local governments can divert funds from interstate highway mileage not essential to interstate commerce or national defense to other, more pressing community needs, such as urban mass transit.

We support the concept of a surface transportation block grant which would include the various highway and mass transit programs now in existence. This will provide local elected officials maximum flexibility in selecting and implementing the balanced transportation systems best suited to each locality. It will encompass both capital and operating subsidies for urban mass transit. It will eliminate red tape and over-regulation. We regret that the Democrat-controlled Congress has not adopted such reform.

ENERGY

In 1973, Americans were shocked to discover that a plentiful supply of energy could no longer be assumed. Unfortunately, the Democrat majority in Congress still has not responded to this clear and urgent warning. The United Sates is now consuming more imported oil than it was three years ago and our dependence on foreign sources has continued to increase to the point where we now import more than 40% of our oil.

One fact should now be clear: We must reduce sharply our dependence on other nations for energy and strive to achieve energy independence at the earliest possible date. We cannot allow the economic destiny and international policy of the United States to be dictated by the sovereign powers that control major portions of the world's petroleum supplies.

Our approach toward energy self-sufficiency must involve both expansion of energy supply and improvement of energy efficiency. It must include elements that insure increased conservation at all levels of our society. It must also provide incentives for the exploration and development of domestic gas, oil, coal and uranium, and for expanded research and development in the use of solar, geothermal, co-generation, solid waste, wind, water, and other sources of energy.

We must use our non-renewable resources wisely while we develop alternative supplies for the future. Our standard of living is directly tied to a continued supply of energy resources. Without an adequate supply of energy, our entire economy will crumble.

Unwise government intervention in the marketplace has caused shortages of supply, unrealistic prices and increased dependence on foreign sources. We must immediately eliminate price controls on oil and newly-discovered natural gas in order to increase supply, and to provide the capital that is needed to finance further exploration and development of domestic hydrocarbon reserves.

Fair and realistic market prices will encourage sensible conservation efforts and establish priorities in the use of our resources, which over the long run will provide a secure supply at reasonable prices for all.

The nation's clear and present need is for vast amounts of new capital to finance exploration, discovery, refining, and delivery of currently usable forms of energy, including the use of coal as well as discovery and development of new sources. At this critical time, the Democrats have characteristically resorted to political demagoguery seeking short-term political gain at the expense of the long-term national interest. They object to the petroleum industry making any profit. The petroleum industry is an important segment of our economy and is entitled to reasonable profits to permit further exploration and development.

At the height of the energy crisis, the Republican Administration proposed a strong, balanced energy package directed at both expansion of supply and conservation of energy. The response from the Democrats in Congress was to inhibit expanded production through artificially set price and allocation controls, thereby preventing market forces from working to make energy expansion economically feasible.

Now, the Democrats propose to dismember the American oil industry. We vigorously oppose such divestiture of oil companies — a move which would surely result in higher energy costs, inefficiency and undercapitalization of the industry.

Democrats have also proposed that the federal government compete with industry in energy development by creating a national oil company. We totally oppose this expensive, inefficient and wasteful intrusion into an area which is best handled by private enterprise.

The Democrats are playing politics with energy. If they are permitted to continue, we will pay a heavy price in lost energy and lost jobs during the decades ahead.

Immediate removal of counter-productive bureaucratic redtape will eliminate hindrances to the exploration and development of hydrocarbons and other energy resources. We will accelerate development of oil shale reserves, Alaskan petroleum and the leasing of the Outer Continental Shelf, always within the context of preserving the fullest possible protection for the environment. We will reduce complexity and delays involved in siting, licensing and the regulatory procedures affecting power generation facilities and refineries.

Coal, America's most abundant energy resource, is of inestimable value to the American people. It can provide the energy needed to bridge the gap between oil and gas and nuclear and other sources of energy. The uncertainties of governmental regulations regarding the mining, transportation and use of coal must be removed and a policy established which will assure that governmental restraints, other than proper environmental controls, do not prevent the use of coal. Mined lands must be returned to beneficial use.

Uranium offers the best intermediate solution to America's energy crisis. We support accelerated use of nuclear energy through processes that have been proven safe. Government research on the use of nuclear energy will be expanded to include perfecting a long-term solution to the problems of nuclear waste.

Among alternative future energy sources, fusion, with its unique potential for supplying unlimited clean energy and the promise of new methods of natural resource recovery, warrants continued emphasis in our national energy research program, and we support measures to assure adequate capital investment in the development of new energy sources.

ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

A clean and healthy natural environment is the rightful heritage of every American. In order to preserve this heritage, we will provide for proper development of resources, safeguards for clean air and water, and protection and enhancement of our recreation and scenic areas.

As our environmental sophistication grows, we must more clearly define the role of the federal government in environmental protection.

We believe that it is a national responsibility to support scientific and technological research and development to identify environmental problems and arrive at solutions.

We are in complete accord with the recent Supreme Court decision on air pollution that allows the level of government closest to the problem and the solution to establish and apply appropriate air quality standards.

We are proud of the progress that the current Republican Administration has made toward bringing pollution of water, land and air under control. We will meet the challenges that remain by stepping up efforts to perfect our understanding of pollutants and the means for reducing their effects. Moreover, as the nation develops new energy sources and technologies, we must insure that they meet safe environmental standards.

We renew our commitments to the development of additional water supplies by desalinization, and to the more efficient use and re-use of waters currently available.

We are determined to preserve land use planning as a unique responsibility of state and local government.

We take particular pride in the expanded use of the National Park system in recent years, and will provide for continued improvement of the national parks and historic sites.

We support establishment of a presidential panel, including representatives of environmental groups, industry, the scientific community and the public to assist in the development of national priorities on environmental and energy issues. This panel will hear and consider alternative policy recommendations set forth by all of the interested groups, and then develop solutions that represent the overall public interest on environmental and energy matters.

One of this nation's greatest assets has been our abundant natural resources which have made possible our strong economic and strategic role in the world.

We still have a wealth of resources, but they are not of infinite quantity. We must recognize that our material blessings stem from what we grow in the soil, take from the sea, or extract from the ground. We have a responsibility to future generations to conserve our non-renewable natural resources. Consistent with our needs, conservation should remain our national policy.

The vast land holdings of the federal government — approximately one-third of our nation's area — are the lands from which much of our future production of minerals must come. Public lands must be maintained for multiple use management where such uses are compatible. Public land areas should not be closed to exploration for minerals or for mining without an overriding national interest.

We believe Americans want their resources developed properly, their environment kept clean and their recreational and scenic areas kept intact. We support appropriate measures to achieve these goals.

We also believe that Americans are realistic and recognize that the emphasis on environmental concerns must be brought into balance with the needs for industrial and economic growth so that we can continue to provide jobs for an ever-growing work force.

The United States possesses the most productive softwood forests in the world, as well as extensive hardwood forests. Demands for housing, fuel, paper, chemicals and a multitude of other such needs require that these renewable resources be managed wisely on both public and private forest lands — not only to meet these needs, but also to provide for soil conservation, wildlife habitats and recreation.

Recognizing that timber is a uniquely renewable resource, we will use all scientifically sound means to maximize sustained yield, including clear-cutting and replanting where appropriate. We urge the Congress to strengthen the National Forest Service so that it can realize its potential in becoming an effective participant in the reforestation program.

We will support broader use of resource recovery and recycling processes through removal of economic disincentives caused by unnecessary government regulation.

One of the important issues at stake in the United Nations Law of the Sea Conference is access to the mineral resources in and beneath the sea. Technology, developed by United States industry, is at hand which can unlock resources of petroleum, manganese, nickel, cobalt, copper and other minerals. We will safeguard the national interest in development and use of these resources.

SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

Every aspect of our domestic economy and well-being, our international competitive position, and national security is related to our past and present leadership in basic and applied research and the development of our technology.

But there can be no complacency about our continued commitment to maintain this leadership position.

In the past, most of these accomplishments have been achieved through a unique partnership between government and industry. This must continue and be expanded in the future.

Because our society is so dependent upon the advancement of science and the development of technology, it is one of the areas where there must be a central federal policy. We support a national science policy that will foster the public-private partnership to insure that we maintain our leadership role.

The national space program plays a pioneer role in exploring the mysteries of our universe and we support its expansion.

We recognize that only when our technology is fully distributed can it be assimilated and used to increase our productivity and our standard of living. We will continue to encourage young Americans to study science and engineering.

Finally, we support new initiatives to utilize better the recoverable commodities from solid waste materials. We can no longer afford the luxury of a throw-away world. Recycling offers environmental benefits, economic expansion, resource conservation and energy savings. We support a policy which will reward recycling and economic incentives which will encourage its expansion.

ARTS AND HUMANITIES

The arts and humanities offer an opportunity for every American to become a participant in activities that add fullness, expression, challenge and joy to our daily lives. We Republicans consider the preservation of the rich cultural heritages of our various ethnic groups as a priority goal.

During our bicentennial year we have celebrated our anniversary with cultural activities as varied and colorful as our cultural heritage. The Republican Party is proud of its record of support to the arts and humanities during the last eight years. We are committed to steadily increase our support through the National Endowments for the nation's museums, theaters, orchestras, dance, opera and film centers as well as for individual artists and writers.

This upward trend in funding for the National Arts and Humanities Endowments deserves to continue. But Washington's presence should never dominate; it must remain limited to supporting and stimulating the artistic and cultural lives of each community.

We favor continued federal assistance to public broadcasting which provides us with creative educational and cultural alternatives. We recognize that public broadcasting is supported mainly through private sector contributions and commend this policy as the best insurance against political interference.

In 1976, we have seen vivid evidence that America's history lives throughout the nation. We support the continued commemoration throughout

the bicentennial era by all Americans of those significant events between 1776 and 1789 which contributed to the creation of this nation. We support the efforts of both the public and private sectors, working in partnership, for the historic preservation of unique and irreplaceable historic sites and buildings.

We propose safeguarding the rights of performing artists in the copyright laws, providing tax relief to artists who contribute their own talents and art works for public enjoyment, and encouraging the use of one percent of the cost of government buildings for art works.

Much of the support of the arts and humanities comes from private philanthropy. This generosity should be encouraged by government policies that facilitate charitable donations.

FISCAL RESPONSIBILITY

As Republicans, we are proud that in this Platform we have urged tax reductions rather than increased government spending. With firm restraint on federal spending this Platform pledges that its proposals for tax changes — reductions, structural adjustments, differentials, simplifications and job-producing incentives — can all be achieved within the balanced federal budgets we also demand as vital to the interests of all Americans. Without such spending restraint, we cannot responsibly cut back taxes. We reaffirm our determination that any net reduction of revenues must be offset by reduced government spending.

FOREIGN POLICY, NATIONAL DEFENSE AND INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC POLICY

Prologue

The foreign policy of the United States defines the relationships we seek with the world as a whole, with friends and with adversaries. Our policy must be firmly rooted in principle and must clearly express our goals. Our principles cannot be subject to passing whim; they must be true, strong, consistent and enduring.

We pledge a realistic and principled foreign policy designed to meet the needs of the nation in the years ahead. The policies we pursue will require an informed consensus; the basis of that consensus will be the American people, whose most cherished desire is to live in freedom and peace, secure from war or threat of war.

The United States is a world power with world-wide interests and responsibilities. We pledge the continuation of efforts to revitalize our traditional alliances and to maintain close consultation with our friends. International cooperation and collaboration is required because we can achieve neither our most important objectives nor even our own security in the type of "splendid isolation" which is urged upon us by so many strident voices. The regrettable

emergence of neo-isolationism often expressed in Congress and elsewhere is detrimental, we believe, to a sound foreign policy.

The branches of government can and should work together as the necessary prerequisite for a sound foreign policy. We lament the reckless intrusion of one branch into the clear constitutional prerogative of another. Confronted by so many challenges and so many crises, the United States must again speak with one voice, united in spirit and in fact. We reject partisan and ideological quarrels across party lines and urge Democrats to join with us to lay the foundations of a true bipartisan spirit. Let us speak for this country with one voice, so that our policies will not be misunderstood by our allies or our potential adversaries.

Effective policy must rest on premises which are understood and shared, and must be defined in terms of priorities. As the world has changed in a dynamic fashion, so too have our priorities and goals, and so too have the methods of debating and discussing our objectives. When we assumed Executive office eight years ago, we found the national security and foreign policy machinery in shambles. Last minute reactions to crises were the practice. The National Security Council, so effective under President Eisenhower, had fallen into disuse. As an important first step, the National Security Council machinery was streamlined to cope with the problems of the moment and long-range planning. This restored process allows once again for exhaustive consideration of all the options from which a President must choose. Far from stifling internal debate and dissent as had been the practice in the past, Republican leadership now invites and stimulates evaluation of complex issues in an orderly decision-making process.

Republican leadership has also taken steps to report comprehensively its foreign policy and national security objectives. An annual "State of the World" message, designed to increase communication with the people and with Congress, has become a permanent part of Presidential practice.

A strong and effective program of global public diplomacy is a vital component of United States foreign policy. In an era of instant communications, the world is infinitely and forever smaller, and we must have the capacity to communicate to the world — to inform, to explain and to guard against accidental or willful distortion of United States policies.

Interdependence has become a fact of international life, linking our actions and policies with those of the world at large. The United States should reach out to other nations to enrich that interdependence. Republican leadership has demonstrated that recognition of the ties that bind us to our friends will serve our mutual interests in a creative fashion and will enhance the chances for world peace.

Morality in Foreign Policy

The goal of Republican foreign policy is the achievement of liberty under law and a just and lasting peace in the world. The principles by which we act to

achieve peace and to protect the interests of the United States must merit the restored confidence of our people.

We recognize and commend that great beacon of human courage and morality, Alexander Solzhenitsyn, for his compelling message that we must face the world with no illusions about the nature of tyranny. Ours will be a foreign policy that keeps this ever in mind.

Ours will be a foreign policy which recognizes that in international negotiations we must make no undue concessions; that in pursuing *detente* we must not grant unilateral favors with only the hope of getting future favors in return.

Agreements that are negotiated, such as the one signed in Helsinki, must not take from those who do not have freedom the hope of one day gaining it.

Finally, we are firmly committed to a foreign policy in which secret agreements, hidden from our people, will have no part.

Honestly, openly, and with firm conviction, we shall go forward as a united people to forge a lasting peace in the world based upon our deep belief in the rights of man, the rule of law and guidance by the hand of God.

National Defense

A superior national defense is the fundamental condition for a secure America and for peace and freedom for the world. Military strength is the path to peace. A sound foreign policy must be rooted in a superior defense capability, and both must be perceived as a deterrent to aggression and supportive of our national interests.

The American people expect that their leaders will assure a national defense posture second to none. They know that planning for our national security must be a joint effort by the President and Congress. It cannot be the subject of partisan disputes. It should not be held hostage to domestic political adventurism.

A minimum guarantee to preserve freedom and insure against blackmail and threats, and in the face of growing Soviet military power, requires a period of sustained growth in our defense effort. In constant dollars, the present defense budget will no more than match the defense budget of 1964, the year before a Democrat Administration involved America so deeply in the Vietnam War. In 1975 Soviet defense programs exceeded ours in investment by 85 percent, exceeded ours in operating costs by 25 percent, and exceeded ours in research and development by 66 percent. The issue is whether our forces will be adequate to future challenges. We say they must be.

We must always achieve maximum value for each defense dollar spent. Along with the elimination of the draft and the creation, under a Republican President, of all-volunteer armed services, we have reduced the personnel requirements for support functions without affecting our basic posture. Today

there are fewer Americans in the uniformed services than at any time since the fall of 1950. Substantial economies have been made in weapons procurement and we will continue to act in a prudent manner with our defense appropriations.

Our national defense effort will include the continuation of the major modernization program for our strategic missile and bomber forces, the development of a new intercontinental ballistic missile, a new missile-launching submarine force and a modern bomber — the B-1 — capable of penetrating the most sophisticated air defenses of the 1980's. These elements will comprise a deterrent of the first order.

We will increase our army to 16 divisions, reinforce our program of producing new tanks and other armored vehicles, and support the development of new, highly accurate precision weapons.

Our Navy, the guarantor of freedom of the seas, must have a major shipbuilding program, with an adequate balance between nuclear and non-nuclear ships. The composition of the fleet must be based on a realistic assessment of the threat we face, and must assure that no adversary will gain naval superiority.

An important modernization program for our tactical air forces is under way. We will require new fighters and interceptor aircraft for the Air Force, Navy and Marines. As a necessary component of our long-range strategy, we will produce and deploy the B-1 bomber in a timely manner, allowing us to retain air superiority.

Consistent with our total force policy, we will maintain strong reserve components.

Our investments in military research and development are of great importance to our future defense capabilities. We must not lose the vital momentum.

With increasing complexity of weapons, lead times for weapons systems are often as long as a decade, requiring careful planning and prudent financial decisions. An outstanding example of this process is the development and deployment of the cruise missile, which incorporates pinpoint precision by means of sophisticated guidance systems and is an exceptionally economical weapon to produce.

Security assistance programs are important to our allies and we will continue to strengthen their efforts at self-defense. The improvement of their capabilities can help to ensure that the world balance is not tipped against us and can also serve to lessen chances for direct U.S. involvement in remote conflicts.

As a vital component of our overall national security posture, the United States must have the best intelligence system in the world. The effectiveness of the intelligence community must be restored, consonant with the reforms instituted by President Ford. We favor the creation of an independent oversight function by Congress and we will withstand partisan efforts to turn any part of

our intelligence system into a political football. We will take every precaution to prevent the breakdown of security controls on sensitive intelligence information, endangering the lives of United States officials abroad, or affecting the ability of the President to act expeditiously whenever legitimate foreign policy and defense needs require it.

NATO and Europe

Fundamental to a stable, secure world is the continuation of our traditional alliances. The North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO), now approaching the end of its third decade, remains healthy and vigorous.

The threat to our mutual security by a totalitarian power bent on expansion brought 15 nations together. The expression of our collective will to resist resulted in the creation and maintenance of a military deterrent which, while not without occasional strains, has served our vital interests well. Today that threat continues.

We have succeeded in extending our cooperation within NATO and have taken bold new steps in economic cooperation with our partners. Faced with a serious crisis in the energy field following the imposition of the oil boycott, we demonstrated that it was possible to coordinate our joint activities with the other NATO nations.

The economic strength of Western Europe has increased to the point where our NATO partners can now assume a larger share of the common defense; in response to our urging, our allies are demonstrating a greater willingness to do so. This is not the time to recommend a unilateral reduction of American military forces in Europe. We will, however, pursue the balanced reduction of forces in both Western and Eastern Europe, based on agreements which do not jeopardize the security of the Alliance. With our Alliance partners, we affirm that a strong NATO defense, based on a United States military presence, is vital to the defense of Western Europe.

Some of our NATO allies have experienced rapid and dynamic changes. We are encouraged by developments in the Iberian peninsula, where both Portugal and Spain now face more promising futures. Early consideration should be given to Spain's accession to NATO.

At the same time we would view with concern any political developments elsewhere in Europe which are destabilizing to NATO interests. We support the right of all nations to choose their leaders. Democracy and freedom are best served by ensuring that those fundamental rights are preserved and extended for future generations to choose in freedom.

The difficult problem of Cyprus, which separates our friends in Greece and Turkey, should be addressed and resolved by those two countries. The eastern flank of NATO requires restored cooperation there and, eventually, friendly relations between the two countries.

Republican leadership has strengthened this nation's good relations with the European Economic Community (EEC) in an age of increasing competition and potential irritations. We will maintain and strengthen the excellent relations we have achieved with the EEC.

In the final analysis, the NATO Alliance will be as effective as our will and determination, as well as that of our allies, to support it. The function of collective security is to deter wars and, if necessary, to fight and win those wars not successfully deterred. Our vigilance is especially required during periods of prolonged relaxation of tensions with our adversaries because we cannot permit ourselves to accept words and promises as a substitute for deeds. We are determined that the NATO Alliance shall not be lulled into a false sense of security. It can and must respond vigorously when called upon to act.

Asia and the Pacific

The United States has vital interests in the entire Pacific Basin and those interests lie foremost in Asian tranquility and stability.

The experience of ending direct American involvement in a difficult and costly war initiated during Democrat Administrations has taught us a great deal about how we ought to define our interests in this part of the world. The United States is indisputably a Pacific power. We have sought to express our interests in the area through strengthening existing friendly ties and creating new ones.

Japan will remain the main pillar of our Asian policy. We have helped to provide the framework, over the course of thirty years, for the development of the Japanese economy, which has risen to second place among free world nations. This nation, without natural resources, has maximized its greatest resource, the Japanese people, to achieve one of the world's most significant economic advances. We will continue our policy of close consultation and cooperation with this valued friend. We have succeeded in establishing an exceptional relationship with Japan. Our long-range goals of stability and economic cooperation are identical, forming the essential strength of a relationship which both countries seek actively to deepen.

With respect to the Republic of Korea, a nation with which we have had traditionally close ties and whose economy has grown rapidly in recent years, we shall continue our policy of military and economic assistance. United States troops will be maintained in Korea so long as there exists the possibility of renewed aggression from North Korea. Time has not dimmed our memories of the sudden assault against South Korea. We reaffirm the commitment of the United States to the territorial integrity and the sovereignty of the Republic of Korea. Simultaneously we encourage the Governments of South Korea and North Korea to institute domestic policy initiatives leading to the extension of basic human rights.

When Republicans assumed executive office in 1969, we were confronted with a war in Vietnam involving more than 500,000 United States troops, and to which we had committed billions of dollars and our national honor and

prestige. It was in the spirit of bipartisan support for Presidential foreign policy initiatives, inaugurated in the postwar era by Senator Arthur Vandenberg, that most Republicans supported the United States commitment to assist South Vietnam resist Communist-sponsored aggression. The human cost to us was great; more than 55,000 Americans died in that conflict, and more than 300,000 were wounded.

A policy of patient, persistent and principled negotiations extricated the United States from that ill-fated war with the expectation that peace would prevail. The refusal of the Democrat-controlled Congress to give support to presidential requests for military aid to the beleaguered nations of South Vietnam, Cambodia and Laos, coupled with sustained military assaults by the Communists in gross violation of the Paris Peace Accords, brought about the collapse of those nations and the subjugation of their people to totalitarian rule.

We recognize that there is a wide divergence of opinion concerning Vietnam, but we pledge that American troops will never again be committed for the purpose of our own defense, or the defense of those to whom we are committed by treaty or other solemn agreements, without the clear purpose of achieving our stated diplomatic and military objectives.

We must achieve the return of all Americans who may be held in Southeast Asia, and a full accounting for those listed as Missing in Action. We strongly urge continued consultation between the President and the National League of Families of American Prisoners and Missing in Southeast Asia. This country owes at least this much to all of these courageous people who have anguished so long over this matter. To this end, and to underscore our top priority commitment to the families of those POW's and MIA's, we recommend, among other actions, the establishment of a presidential task force headed by a special presidential representative.

We condemn the inhumane and criminal retributions which have taken place in Cambodia, where mass executions and forced resettlements have been imposed on innocent civilians.

The important economic developments taking place in Singapore, Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines and other Asian countries, will lead to much improved living standards for the people there. We reaffirm our friendship with these nations. Equally, our relationships with Australia and New Zealand are historic and important to us; they have never been better and provide a firm base on which to build.

United States–Chinese Relations

A development of significance for the future of Asia and for the world came to fruition in 1972 as our communications were restored with the People's Republic of China. This event has allowed us to initiate dialogue with the leaders of a quarter of the earth's population, and trade channels with the People's Republic have been opened, leading to benefits for each side.

The People's Republic of China can and will play an increasingly important role in world affairs. We shall seek to engage the People's Republic of China in an expanded network of contacts and trade. Such a process cannot realistically proceed at a forced or incautious pace; the measured but steady growth of our relations best serves our interests. We do not ignore the profound differences in our respective philosophies, governmental institutions, policies and views on individual liberty, and we are hopeful that basic human rights will be extended to the Chinese people. What is truly fundamental is that we have established regular working channels with the People's Republic of China and that this process can form an important contribution to world peace.

Our friendly relations with one great power should not be construed as a challenge to any other nation, large or small. The United States government, while engaged in a normalization of relations with the People's Republic of China, will continue to support the freedom and independence of our friend and ally, the Republic of China, and its 16 million people. The United States will fulfill and keep it commitments, such as the mutual defense treaty, with the Republic of China.

The Americas

The relations of the United States with the Americas are of vital and immediate importance. How we conduct our affairs with our neighbors to the North and South will continue to be a priority.

In the recent past our attention has at times been diverted to more distant parts of the world. There can be no sensible alternative to close relationships and understanding among the nations of this hemisphere.

It is time for a series of new departures in our relations with Canada. Canada is our most important trading partner, and we are hers. We, as Americans, feel a deep affinity for our Canadian friends, and we have much at stake in the development of closer relationships based on mutual understanding and complete equality.

To our neighbors in Mexico, Central America and South America, we also say that we wish the opportunity to expand our dialogue. The needs of our friends are great, but this must not serve as an obstacle for a concerted effort to work together more closely. The United States has taken steps to adjust tariffs so as to maximize access to our markets. We recognize that our neighbors place no value on complex and cumbersome aid schemes; they see self-help, modernization, and expanded trade as the main sources of economic progress. We will work with them to define specific steps that we can take to help them achieve greater economic strength, and to advance our mutual interests.

By continuing its policies of exporting subversion and violence, Cuba remains outside the Inter-American family of nations. We condemn attempts by the Cuban dictatorship to intervene in the affairs of other nations; and, as long as such conduct continues, it shall remain ineligible for admission to the Organization of American States.

We shall continue to share the aspirations of the Cuban people to regain their liberty. We insist that decent and humane conditions be maintained in the treatment of political prisoners in the Cuban jails, and we will seek arrangements to allow international entities, such as the International Red Cross, to investigate and monitor the conditions in those jails.

The present Panama Canal Treaty provides that the United States has jurisdictional rights in the Canal Zone as "if it were the sovereign." The United States intends that the Panama Canal be preserved as an international waterway for the ships of all nations. This secure access is enhanced by a relationship which commands the respect of Americans and Panamanians and benefits the people of both countries. In any talks with Panama, however, the United States negotiators should in no way *cede, dilute, forfeit, negotiate or transfer any rights, power, authority, jurisdiction, territory or property that are necessary for the protection and security of the United States and the entire Western Hemisphere.*

We reaffirm our faith in the ability of the Organization of American States, which remains a valuable means of inter-American consultation.

The Middle East

The preservation of peace and stability in the Middle East is a paramount concern. The efforts of two Republican Administrations, summoning diplomatic and political skills, have been directed toward reduction of tensions and toward avoiding flashpoints which could serve as an excuse for yet another round of conflict between Israel and the Arab countries.

Our commitment to Israel is fundamental and enduring. We have honored and will continue to honor that commitment in every way — politically, economically and by providing the military aid that Israel requires to remain strong enough to deter any potential aggression. Forty percent of all United States' aid that Israel has received since its creation in 1948 has come in the last two fiscal years, as a result of Republican initiatives. Our policy must remain one of decisive support for the security and integrity of Israel.

An equally important component of our commitment to Israel lies in continuing our efforts to secure a just and durable peace for all nations in that complex region. Our efforts have succeeded, for the first time since the creation of the state of Israel, in moving toward a negotiated peace settlement which would serve the interests and the security of all nations in the Middle East. Peace in the Middle East now requires face-to-face, direct negotiations between the states involved with the recognition of safe, secure and defensible borders for Israel.

At the same time, Republican Administrations have succeeded in reestablishing communication with the Arab countries and have made extensive progress in our diplomatic and commercial relations with the more moderate Arab nations.

As a consequence of the Middle East conflict of 1973, the petroleum producing states imposed an embargo on the export of oil to most of the advanced industrial countries. We have succeeded in creating numerous cooperative mechanisms to protect ourselves, working in concert with our allies, against any future embargoes. The United States would view any attempt to reimpose an embargo as an essentially hostile act. We will oppose discriminatory practices, including boycotts of any type.

Because we have such fundamental interests in the Middle East, it will be our policy to continue our efforts to maintain the balance of power in the Mediterranean region. Our adversaries must recognize that we will not permit a weakening of our defenses or any attempt to disturb valued Alliance relationships in the Eastern Mediterranean.

We shall continue to support peace initiatives in the civil war in Lebanon. United States envoys engaged in precisely such an initiative were murdered, and we express our sorrow for their untimely deaths and for all other dedicated government employees who have been slain elsewhere while in service to their country. In Lebanon, we stand ready to provide food, medical and other humanitarian assistance.

Africa

The United States has always supported the process of self-determination in Africa. Our friendship for the African countries is expressed in support for continued peaceful economic development, expansion of trade, humanitarian relief efforts and our belief that the entire continent should be free from outside military intervention. Millions of Americans recognize their historical and cultural ties with Africa and express their desire that United States policy toward Africa is a matter of great importance.

We support all forces which promote negotiated settlements and racial peace. We shall continue to deplore all violence and terrorism and to urge all concerned that the rights of tribal, ethnic and racial minorities be guaranteed through workable safeguards. Our policy is to strengthen the forces of moderation recognizing that solutions to African problems will not come quickly. The peoples of Africa can coexist in security, work together in freedom and harmony, and strive together to secure their prosperity. We hope that the Organization of African Unity will be able to achieve mature and stable relationships within Africa and abroad.

The interests of peace and security in Africa are best served by the absence of arms and greater concentration on peaceful development. We reserve the right to maintain the balance by extending our support to nations facing a threat from Soviet-supplied states and from Soviet weapons.

United States–Soviet Relations

American foreign policy must be based upon a realistic assessment of the Communist challenge in the world. It is clear that the perimeters of freedom

continue to shrink throughout the world in the face of the Communist challenge. Since 1917, totalitarian Communism has managed through brute force, not through the free electoral process, to bring an increasingly substantial portion of the world's land area and peoples under its domination. To illustrate, most recently South Vietnam, Cambodia, and Laos have fallen under the control of Communist dictatorships, and in that part of the world the Communist pressure mounts against Thailand, the Republic of China, and the Republic of Korea. In Africa, Communist Cuban forces, brazenly assisted by the Soviet Union, have recently imposed a Communist dictatorship upon the people of Angola. Other countries in Africa and throughou the world generally await similar fates. These are the realities of world power in our time. The United States is thoroughly justified in having based its foreign policy upon these realities.

Thirty years ago relations between the United States and the Soviet Union were in a phase of great difficulty, leading to the tensions of the Cold War era. Although there have been changes in this crucial superpower relationship, there remain fundamental and profound differences between us. Republican Presidents, while acknowledging the depth of the gulf which separates our free society from Soviet society, have sought methodically to isolate and develop those areas of our relations which would serve to lessen tension and reduce the chance of unwanted conflict.

In a world beset by countless opportunities for discord and armed conflict, the relationship between the United States and the Soviet Union is critically important; on it rests the hopes of the world for peace. We offer a policy that maintains our fundamental strength and demonstrates our steadfast determination to prevent aggressive use of Soviet power.

The role of a responsible, participating Congress in maintaining this diplomatic and military posture is critical to success. The United States must remain a loyal and dependable ally, and must be prepared to carry out commitments and to demonstrate a willingness to act. Resistance to open aggression, such as the Soviet-sponsored Cuban intervention in Angola, must not be allowed to become the subject of a partisan debate, nor can it be allowed to become an unchallenged and established pattern of international behavior, lest our credibility and deterrent strength be greatly diminished.

Soviet military power has grown rapidly in recent years, and while we shall prevent a military imbalance or a sudden shift in the global balance of power, we shall also diligently explore with the Soviet Union new ways to reduce tensions and to arrive at mutually beneficial and self-enforcing agreements in all fields of international activity. Important steps have been taken to limit strategic nuclear arms. The Vladivostok Agreement of November, 1974 placed a ceiling on the strategic forces of both the United States and the Soviet Union. Further negotiations in arms control are continuing. We shall not agree for the sake of agreement; on the contrary, we will make sure that any agreements yield fundamental benefits to our national security.

As an example of hard-headed bargaining, our success in concluding agreements limiting the size of peaceful nuclear explosions and nuclear weapons tests will, for the first time, permit the United States to conduct on-site inspections in the Soviet Union itself. This important step can now be measured in practical terms. All such agreements must stand the test of verification. An agreement that does not provide this safeguard is worse than no agreement at all.

We support the consolidation of joint efforts with our allies to verify that our policies regarding the transfer of technology to the Soviet Union and its allies are in concert and that consultation will be designed to preclude the sale of those technology-intensive products to the Soviet Union by the United States and our allies which will directly or indirectly jeopardize our national security.

Our trade in non-strategic areas creates jobs here at home, substantially improves our balance-of-payments position, and can contribute to an improved political climate in the world. The overseas sale of our agricultural products benefits American farmers and consumers. To guard against any sudden shift in domestic prices as the consequence of unannounced purchases, we have instituted strict reporting procedures and other treaty safeguards. We shall not permit concessional sales of agricultural products to the Soviet Union, nor shall we permit the Soviet Union or others to determine our agricultural export policies by irregular and unpredictable purchases.

The United States and the Soviet Union remain ideological competitors. We do not shrink from such a challenge; rather, we welcome the opportunity to demonstrate that our way of life is inherently preferable to regimentation and government-enforced orthodoxy. We shall expect the Soviet Union to implement the United Nations Declaration on Human Rights and the Helsinki Agreements, which guarantee the conditions for the free interchange of information and the right to emigrate, including emigration of Soviet Jews, Christians, Moslems and others who wish to join close relatives abroad. In this spirit we shall expect the immediate end of all forms of harassment, including imprisonment and military service, aimed at preventing such emigration. America must take a firm stand to bring about liberalization of emigration policy in countries which limit or prohibit free emigration. Governments which enjoy the confidence of their people need have no fear of cultural, intellectual or press freedom.

Our support for the people of Central and Eastern Europe to achieve self-determination will continue. Their ability to choose their future is of great importance to peace and stability. We favor increasing contacts between Eastern and Western Europe and support the increasing economic ties of all the countries of Europe. We strongly support the continuation of the Voice of America, Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty with adequate appropriations. Strict reciprocity must govern our diplomatic relations with the Soviet Union. We express our concern for the safety of our diplomatic representatives in the Soviet Union, and we insist that practices such as microwave transmissions directed at the United States Embassy be terminated immediately.

Thus our relations with the Soviet Union will be guided by solid principles. We will maintain our strategic and conventional forces; we will oppose the deployment of Soviet power for unilateral advantages or political and territorial expansion; we will never tolerate a shift against us in the strategic balance; and we will remain firm in the face of pressure, while at the same time expressing our willingness to work on the basis of strict reciprocity toward new agreements which will help achieve peace and stability.

International Cooperation

Strong support for international cooperation in all fields has been a hallmark of United States international policy for many decades. Two Republican Administrations have strengthened agencies of international cooperation not only because of our humanitarian concern for others, but also because it serves United States interests to be a conscientious member of the world community.

The political character of the United Nations has become complex. With 144 sovereign members, the U.N. experiences problems associated with a large, sometimes cumbersome and diverse body. We seek to accommodate to these changes in the spirit of friendly concern, but when the United Nations becomes arrayed against the vital interest of any of its member states on ideological or other narrow grounds, the very principles of the organization are threatened. The United States does not wish to dictate to the U.N., yet we do have every right to expect and insist that scrupulous care be given to the rights of all members. Steamroller techniques for advancing discriminatory actions will be opposed. Actions such as the malicious attempt to depict Zionism as a form of racism are inconsistent with the objectives of the United Nations and are repugnant to the United States. The United States will continue to be a firm supporter and defender of any nation subjected to such outrageous assaults. We will not accept ideological abuses of the United States.

In the many areas of international cooperation which benefit the average American — elimination of terrorism, peacekeeping, non-proliferation of nuclear weapons, termination of the international drug trade, and orderly use of ocean resources — we pledge to build new international structures of cooperation. At the same time, we shall seek to insure that the cost of such new structures, as well as the cost of existing structures, are more equitably shared among participating nations. In the continued tradition of American concern for the quality of human life everywhere, we shall give vigorous support to the non-political work of the specialized agencies of the United Nations which deal with such areas as nutrition and disaster relief for the world's poor and disadvantaged.

The United States should withdraw promptly from the International Labor Organization if that body fails to stop its increasing politicization.

Eight years ago we pledged to eliminate waste and to make more business-like the administration of United States foreign aid programs. We have endea-

vored to fulfill these pledges. Our foreign economic assistance programs are now being operated efficiently with emphasis on helping others to help themselves, on food production and rural development, on health programs and sound population planning assistance, and on development of human resources.

We have sought to encourage others, including the oil-producing countries, to assume a larger share of the burden of assistance. We shall continue our efforts to secure adequate sources of financing for economic projects in emerging countries.

The world's oceans, with their vast resources, must become areas of extended cooperation. We favor a successful conclusion to the Law of the Sea Conference provided it will suitably protect legitimate national interests, freedom of the seas and responsible use of the seas. We are determined to maintain the right of free and unmolested passage for ships of all nations on the high seas and in international waterways.

We favor an extension of the territorial sea from three to twelve miles, and we favor in principle the creation of a 200-mile economic zone in which coastal states would have exclusive rights to explore and develop natural resources.

We strongly condemn illegal corporate payments made at home and abroad. To eliminate illegal payments to foreign officials by American corporations, we support passage of President Ford's proposed legislation and the OECD Declaration on Investment setting forth reasonable guidelines for business conduct.

The growth of civilian nuclear technology, and the rising demand for nuclear power as an alternative to increasingly costly fossil fuel resources, combine to require our recognition of the potential dangers associated with such developments. All nations must work to assure that agreements and treaties currently governing nuclear technology and nuclear exports are carefully monitored. We shall work to devise new multilateral policies governing the export of sensitive nuclear technologies.

International Economic Policy

The tumultuous events of the past several years in the world economy were an enormous challenge to our creativity and to our capacity for leadership. We have emerged from this difficult period in a new position in the world, and we have directed and guided a sound recovery.

To assure the permanence of our own prosperity, we must work with others, demonstrating our leadership and the vitality of our economy. Together with the industrial democracies, we must ensure steady, non-inflationary growth, based on expanded international cooperation.

The Republican Administration will cooperate fully in strengthening the international trade and monetary system, which provides the foundation for our prosperity and that of all nations. We shall bargain hard to remove barriers to an open economic system, and we shall oppose new restrictions to trade. We shall

continue to represent vigorously our nation's economic interests in the trade negotiations taking place in Geneva, guard against protectionism, and insist that the principles of fair trade be scrupulously observed. When industries and jobs are adversely affected by foreign competition, adjustment assistance under the Trade Act of 1974 is made available. This Act must be under continuous review to ascertain that it reflects changing circumstances.

The Republican Party believes that cooperation in the energy field is indispensable to international stability. Most of the industrial democracies and the less developed countries are increasingly dependent on imported oil, which causes them to be politically, economically and strategically vulnerable. Through the establishment of the International Energy Agency, steps have been taken to expand consumer cooperation. We shall also continue the dialogue with the oil producing countries.

We shall continue to work closely with the less-developed countries to promote their economic growth. Those countries will be encouraged to enter into mutually beneficial trade relationships with us that contribute to world peace. To achieve this, we must strengthen the confidence of the major industrial countries as they take part in discussions with less-developed countries. There is no reason for us to be defensive; our combined assets can be used in a coordinated strategy to make our influence effective. We will not yield to threats or confrontational politics.

While we shall support a global increase of investment in natural resources of all types, we shall also oppose the replacement of the free market mechanism by cartels, price-fixing arrangements or commodity agreements. We shall continue policies designed to assure free market consumers abroad that the United States will remain a dependable supplier of agricultural commodities.

CONCLUSION

The American people can be proud of our nation's achievements in foreign policy over the past eight years.

We are at peace.

We are strong.

We re-emphasize the importance of our ties with the nations of the Americas.

Our relations with allies in the Atlantic community and with Japan have never been closer.

Significant progress has been made toward a just and durable settlement in the Middle East.

We have sought negotiation rather than confrontation with our adversaries, while maintaining our strategic deterrent.

The world economic recovery, led by the United States, is producing sustainable growth.

In this year of our nation's bicentennial, the American people have confidence in themselves and are optimistic about the future.

We, the Republican Party, proudly submit our record and our Platform to you.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Now we will have the benediction.

BENEDICTION

BY

JACK PAUL

Minister of Church of Christ, Overland Park, Kansas

Will you pray with me, please. Dear Father in heaven, how great Thou art. For the 200 years of blessings that You have showered upon us, we are indeed grateful.

We thank Thee, Father, at this time that You have allowed this nation of people a real and viable choice in the selection of these men and women who would aspire to the great task of leading this nation.

We pray, Father, that You will give these delegates the wisdom needed to nominate the man who can best serve this nation. We know the job as President of the United States is a lonely job, and how lonely indeed it would be, Father, for a President not to have You as a partner.

Help us, therefore, Father, to elect leaders bold enough to lead, yet humble enough to pray. Father, help us always to strive to be the nation of people You would have us to be. Help us to improve the moral climate, to build great homes and be people of great integrity, and help us to realize, Lord, that we, the people, are the government of this great land and that there is no free lunch.

Give us the courage to match with our sweat and commitment the blood that has been shed by so many that we might preserve this great heritage.

Father, implant in our minds the fact that we are not an old nation running down but a very young nation just beginning to explore our resources.

As a united nation, under God, we can overcome every challenge. Help us to know that we shall overcome.

Father, forgive us our sins, not only as individuals but as a nation, and keep us strong. In the words of that immortal song, God bless America. In Jesus' name we pray. Amen.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair recognizes the Delegate from Maryland, Louise Gore.

MS. GORE. — Mr. Chairman, I move this convention be adjourned until 7:00 p.m. tomorrow evening, Wednesday, August 18, 1976.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Delegate from Maryland moves that the convention adjourn until tomorrow evening, Wednesday, August 18, 1976, at 7:00 p.m. central daylight time.

You have heard the motion we adjourn until tomorrow at 7:00 p.m. All in favor signify by saying aye; opposed, no.

The ayes have it and the convention stands adjourned until tomorrow.

(Whereupon, at 2:00 a.m., the 1976 Republican National Convention was adjourned, to reconvene at 7:00 p.m. on Wednesday, August 18, 1976.)

FOURTH SESSION

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 17, 1976

The fourth session of the convention started at 7:00 p.m. The Bicentennial Convention Orchestra, led by Manny Harmon, played while the Delegates, Alternates and Guests mingled and located their assigned seats. During this time, Lee Bowman was the Master of Ceremonies.

CALL TO ORDER

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The fourth session of the 1976 Republican National Convention will please come to order.

PRESENTATION OF THE COLORS

(The Colors were presented by the ROTC Color Guard of the University of Kansas.)

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Tonight we will be led in the Pledge of Allegiance by one of our national heroes who has been awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor, two Silver Stars, and other awards for valor, a prisoner of war in Vietnam from 1967 to 1973, presently the Chairman of the South Dakota Republican State Central Committee, Air Force Colonel Leo K. Thorsness. (Applause.)

COLONEL THORSNESS. — Congressman Rhodes, ladies and gentlemen, having lived under Communism and other forms of government for several years, I can guarantee each of you here tonight that yet tonight there is still no other nation in the entire world that even approaches the greatness of our two-party republic. (Applause.)

And I hope each of us realizes the opportunity we have here in Kansas City this week to strengthen or weaken that two-party republic.

Ladies and gentlemen, would you join me in the sincere pledge to the finest nation in the world.

(Colonel Thorsness led the Delegates, Alternates and guests in the Pledge of Allegiance to the flag.)

THE NATIONAL ANTHEM

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The National Anthem will be sung by the lovely television star and recording artist, Gloria Loring of California.

(The National Anthem was sung by Gloria Loring.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The invocation will be offered by the Reverend James O. Leffingwell, Executive Secretary, Intercity Church Agency of Kansas City, Missouri.

INVOCATION

BY

REVEREND JAMES O. LEFFINGWELL
Executive Secretary, Intercity Church Agency
of Kansas City, Missouri

Eternal Spirit, in the midst of this exciting and important evening we pause not to express an opinion but to seek a presence.

We pray for these whose decision tonight may shape our destiny and for those who are disenfranchised by our political and social system.

We pray for our systems of law and order and for those who suffer injustice. We pray for our complex system of business and industry and for those who are unable to find work.

We pray for our institutions of international peace and understanding, and for those who are this day subjected to the pain and death of war.

We ask these things with some desperation and some hope and some faith. Amen.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — As a graduate of Kansas State University, it gives me great pleasure to thank the Kansas University ROTC Color Guard for the fine performance.

Ladies and gentlemen, I would like to have your attention for a very solemn moment. Last night the life of the wife of United States Senator Jake Garn of Utah was snuffed out by a very tragic automobile accident. I would like all of us now, if we will, to observe a moment of silence in memory of Mrs. Garn.

Please stand.

I thank you very much.

REPORT OF THE REPUBLICAN GOVERNORS ASSOCIATION BY THE HONORABLE ARCH A. MOORE, JR.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Now it will be my pleasure to introduce a very old and very dear friend, a former member of the House of Representatives, for the purpose of making a very important report.

The Governor of West Virginia served in the House of Representatives six terms, from 1957 until 1968, when he was elected Governor. He was a fine Congressman who served his State well. As Governor, that service to his State continued and expanded, and he was rewarded with reelection in 1972.

He is now the Chairman of the Republican Governors Association. A good friend of many of us in this hall, a great Republican, the Honorable Arch A. Moore, Jr., Governor of the State of West Virginia. (Applause.)

GOVERNOR MOORE. — Chairman Rhodes, delegates of this great Republican Convention, my fellow Americans, it is indeed a great privilege of mine to speak here tonight for and on behalf of the Republican Governors of this great Nation, an outstanding group of public servants whose vision and leadership have contributed immeasurably to the quality of life in these United States

Our forefathers built a foundation in America in which this great republic was dedicated to the sovereignty of our individual States.

The relationship between state governments and federal governments over the last several decades has undergone a system of severe erosion. Much change has occurred throughout the history of our Nation in regard to that relationship.

At this time in our Nation's Bicentennial, as we begin the third 100 years of our Nation's life, it is indeed appropriate to point out that the sovereignty of our states, which has indeed been eroding, is being regained by physically-sound and performance-oriented state governments.

As Republicans, we can take a great deal of pride in the fact that this is occurring in many of the States of our Union under the leadership of Republican Governors.

State government is providing, despite a continuous default in our rising expectations, the ability and the talent to provide the best government possible that can be found among our sovereign states.

The state capitals of America represent the best hope to regain citizen support for a belief in government. The state capitals of America represent the heartbeat of our political system. The state capitals of America are our party's last best hope to enlarge our base, and to build again, and add to its strength across this land.

It seems to me that we, therefore, must exert every effort to build and to battle for the state capitals of the various states.

The strength of our party nationwide can only benefit from additions to the strength of our Nation, as represented by the two-party system in our states.

Two departing Governors in this convention assembled have made profound contributions to the lives of the individuals of their states and, therefore, significant contributions to our Nation's well-being — Dan Evans of the State of Washington, retiring after three terms as Governor in that State; James Holshouser of the State of North Carolina, an outstanding Governor in the South.

While certainly each of them will be missed by our party and our party leadership, the foundation in this part of our country remains strong and fortified by the continued presence of individual and outstanding Governors across the country — Governors like Bob Ray of Iowa, doing an excellent job in that respect. (Applause.)

Governors like Bill Milliken of Michigan, adding great leadership to that state; Governor James Rhodes of Ohio, moving that state forward; and, indeed a great gentleman and party leader, Governor Mills Godwin of Virginia; Governor Jim Edwards of South Carolina we heard the other evening, a tremendous American; Governor Bob Bennett of the great State of Kansas, our host here today; Governor Jay Hammond offering exemplary leadership to the State of Alaska.

These great Republican Governors need our help. While they will continue to provide the leadership in their states, their numbers from other states must be increased.

Republican Governors, ladies and gentlemen, are not willing to see the sovereignty of our state governments diminished and will not consent to the ever-increasing oppression of the federal government.

We have seen for far too long the tendency to surrender to Washington the rights, the responsibilities, and the obligations of our states, a trend which is encouraged by the Democratic leadership of this Nation.

My fellow Republicans, we have every reason to be encouraged this year. We have an excellent Republican group of candidates throughout this Nation to lead us in our respective states.

I respectfully call to your attention Governor Christopher Bond of the State of Missouri. (Applause.)

Governor Bond seeks reelection as Governor. Kit has and did begin his governorship with a complete reorganization of state government in Missouri. He has provided Missouri with quality leadership for four years, and his fellow citizens will reaffirm their approval of his abilities in November. Kit Bond has earned another term as Governor of Missouri. (Applause.)

Governor Otis Bowen of Indiana, seeking reelection to the Hoosier State. His acceptability as Governor by the citizens of his state has remained high throughout the course of his administration. The confidence of citizens of Indiana in his leadership has been sustained because of his performance and outstanding dedication to good government. Doc Bowen will see that confidence reaffirmed in November in Indiana as he is reelected. (Applause.)

Governor Meldrim Thomson of the State of New Hampshire seeks reelection. His fellow citizens will support this man who is a strong voice in behalf of State responsibility. He has succeeded in making State government reflective of personal need.

In my home State of West Virginia, Cecil Underwood, a former Republican Governor, has an excellent opportunity to be elected the Chief Executive of West Virginia. We West Virginians are proud of our recent accomplishments, and we are determined to build upon our successes and to continue West Virginia's advancement under the Republican banner in 1976.

Our chances are excellent to capture governorships which are held by the opposition party in states where a gubernatorial contest will take place this fall.

In the State of Delaware, the Republican Party there is well served by the outstanding candidacy of Pete duPont, a member of the United States Congress. Pete will win in November on his record of service in the Congress of the United States and his desire to create a more responsive government in Delaware.

In the State of Illinois, our candidate is Jim Thompson, a former United States District Attorney, who is well known for his effectiveness in cleaning up machine politics in Illinois.

His opponent has been the hand-picked candidate of the Chicago machine, representing only one faction of one party in one city in the State of Illinois.

His efforts have been well received by his fellow citizens. They will elect a Republican Governor in Illinois in 1976. (Applause.)

The citizens of Montana will have a choice between Republican Bob Woodall, the State's Attorney General, and an incumbent Governor whose campaign is floundering because of numerous ambiguities concerning past campaigns. We can and will elect Bob Woodall in Montana in 1976.

As Republicans we have excellent prospects in the States of Utah, Vermont, and Rhode Island. The State of Utah will be having its primary election next month. We have two excellent candidates seeking our party's nomination, and there is every indication in Utah that our candidates are now running ahead of the opposition by as much as two to one. Utah will come back in the Republican column in the governorship in 1976.

In September the citizens of the State of Vermont, long in Republican history, will be casting their ballots for their nominees for Governor. In this instance we have two outstanding candidates for Governor of Vermont.

Vermont is high on the priority list of Republicans in 1976. We have every reason to believe and every reason to count upon Vermont coming back into the Republican column in 1976.

In the State of Rhode Island, our candidate, Jim Taft, the Mayor of Cranston, represents our party extremely well. He is the senior elected Mayor in Rhode Island and a seasoned public servant, with experience at every level of government. A former State Senator, Minority Leader of the Legislature, he has demonstrated an ability to respond effectively to the challenges of Rhode Island citizens. Jim Taft is an electable Republican in Rhode Island in 1976.

The State of North Dakota: Our candidate in North Dakota will face an incumbent, an administration, which has been consistently indecisive. With

proper care, strong campaigning, North Dakota can come into the Republican column as far as the governorship is concerned in 1976. This is a priority State for us as Republicans, and we expect to win in North Dakota this year.

In the State of Washington, there is a late September primary. Our individual party membership will come out of that primary united, and it will keep the State of Washington characteristically in the Dan Evans tradition in the Republican column.

In the State of North Carolina our party will present a program to the citizens of that State of North Carolina that will be compatible with their needs, based upon the outstanding leadership of the present Republican Governor, Jim Holshouser. We intend, Jim, to keep North Carolina, with your help, in the Republican column in 1976.

Arkansas represents another challenge for Republicans and Republican Governor hopefuls. In Leon Griffin, of Pine Bluff, we have a good solid candidate, with a chance, excellent for victory. Leon will bring solid fiscal responsibility to the management of that state and responsible leadership to the State of Arkansas.

My fellow delegates, tonight we will select a man who will serve our party as our Republican nominee for the Presidency of the United States of America.

As we undertake this challenge, let us remember that we must not only be attentive to the continuous needs of providing effective leadership to this Nation of ours, but we must continue to support the foundation of our great republic where the battleground of political in-fighting takes place, in the states of this great union.

That is where the two-party system will survive, and that is where we have the opportunity in our races for governor this year to bring new vitality into the party structure as we look to the challenging years ahead.

My fellow delegates, my fellow Americans, we must elect these Republican Governors and Republican Governor candidates in 1976. We must do it if state government is to have any real meaning in America today. With your help it can be done, our party strengthened and victory immeasurably added to. Thank you very much. (Applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — May we have order, please? There will be time for tooting of horns and other noisemakers later on, but this is not the time. We hve important business to conduct. I hope that I will have the indulgence and the cooperation of each and every delegate and our guests in the galleries.

I am about to introduce a very important member of the House of Representatives who has a message which should be heard by all of us.

No one feels more strongly than I do about the subject to be covered by our next speaker, "The 95th Congress — Make it Republican" and ladies and gentlemen, please make it Republican.

If anyone can make that possible, it is my colleague, the distinguished gentleman from Michigan, who has served in Congress since 1966 with honor and distinction, the Honorable Guy Vander Jagt, Chairman of the National Republican Congressional Committee. Congressman Vander Jagt.

THE 95TH CONGRESS — MAKE IT REPUBLICAN
THE HONORABLE GUY VANDER JAGT, CHAIRMAN NATIONAL REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE AND MEMBER OF CONGRESS, 9TH DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN

MR. VANDER JAGT. — Thank you very, very much. My fellow Republicans, fellow Americans in the intense rivalry of this week, this day and this very hour in this evening, it is my most pleasant and yet awesome responsibility to lay upon your hearts a challenge that can unite all of us in this hall, a challenge on which our two great presidential candidates are in total agreement, a challenge on which Ford and Reagan supporters can lock arms and march out of this convention hall together.

We can march out together, united by a cause that is mightier than any of our differences, a cause that is greater even than the presidency of the United States and that cause, my friends, is America's dire, and desperate, and overriding need to change the Congress of the United States from Democrat to Republican control.

As big as that job is, we are already more than halfway home because the American people already want a change in the Congress. We just have to show them that the only way they can get the change they are yearning for is to throw the Democrats out, put the Republicans in, and make John Rhodes the Speaker of the U.S. House of Representatives.

It should not be surprising to anyone that the American people want a change from phony travel vouchers to padded payrolls, to a jammed-through Congressional pay raise, to sneak-through fringe benefits, to secretaries who proudly proclaim, "I can't type, I can't file, why, I can't even answer the telephone."

This Democrat Congress is a disgrace that demands a change.

If ever, if ever there was a time when it was time for a change in the Congress, that time is now. If ever, there was a time when it was time to throw the rascals out, that time is now. If ever, there was a time when it was fine to get a broom and sweep the House of Representatives clean, that time is now.

The arrogant attitude of this Congress is an inevitable result of absolute power by one party, the Democrat Party, over the Congress for twenty-two consecutive years.

In that time, they have grown muscle-bound and self-seeking, far more dedicated to self-preservation than they are to public service. The inattention

that they give to problems like welfare, energy, tax and inflation is exceeded only by the attention that they do give to feathering their own congressional nests.

They have spent so many of your tax dollars telling you what a good job they are doing for you, that they have pushed the cost of Congress to one billion dollars. If you think you have got your money's worth out of this Congress, then you should vote Democrat, because you will get more of the same. If not, vote Republican, because Republicans have fought it every inch of the way.

You know, this Congress is so bad that even the Democrats are running against it. The best-kept secret in America is that this is a Democrat Congress, and has been for almost half a century. The Democrats want to run against the record that they are a part of. And if we Republicans through disunity or the media, through lack of interest, permit them to pull that hoax over the eyes of the American people, that will be the biggest cover-up of all.

My fellow Republicans, people have wanted a change in Washington for a long time, and they have periodically tinkered with changing Presidents, but the Congress remains the same. So Washington remains the same and we find that the same Congress today is giving the same tired old answers that it had back in the 1930's.

What change we have seen! What a swirling of change in America, in the world, in our lives and in the questions that need to be answered. Just think for a moment for me, with me, if you will, of the change that has swirled in our time. A few memorable phrases have captured the changing epochs. Think, for example, of George Romney's famous, "I was brainwashed on Vietnam"; or General Douglas MacArthur, "Old soldiers never die, they just fade away"; or the kids, "Tell it like it is"; or Elvis Presley, "You ain't nothing but a hound dog"; or the Beatles, "I want to hold your hand"; or Neil Armstrong, "The eagle has landed"; the extreme militants, "Burn, baby, burn"; or Martin Luther King, "I have a dream"; and, yes, John F. Kennedy, "Ask not what your country can do for you, ask rather what you can do for your country."

And in the midst of all of this change, there is one thing that hasn't changed, the Congress that is dominated by the Democrats today is dominated by the same party that dominated it forty-four years ago, and it is getting too late to change. We have been inching away from America's precious freedoms until now, and now we are galloping away. The *Washington Post*, which loves this Democrat class of freshmen and wouldn't do anything to hurt them, nevertheless, reported last year that over half of the freshman Democrat class of 67 members believes that the United States of America is a greater threat to peace than Communist Russia.

Somehow, many of them seem to believe the best way to improve the CIA is to destroy the CIA. Many of them are so busy trying to rearrange the golden eggs, that they are strangling and suffocating to death the goose that has been providing them for all of these years.

That isn't just rhetoric. Just for a moment, look at the record of where forty-four years of a Democrat hammerlock of the Congress has brought America. One out of six Americans tonight works for government. One out of every three Americans is dependent for his existence on a check from government.

Last year, the lines crossed for the first time and now we have more people living out of the Federal Treasury than we do working and paying taxes into the Federal Treasury.

Every penny that you pay this year in Federal income tax, you and two-thirds of the American people, will do nothing but pay the interest on this year's national debt.

Think of what tax reform and tax relief we could have. Every person in America that hears my voice on television could have their taxes wiped out, nothing, without curtailing a program, if only America were not burdened down by the wild spending of Democrat Congresses in the past.

And this Democrat Congress is putting a still heavier burden on those who are yet to come. How long, how long, America, can we continue down that road without the whole system collapsing? That is where the Democrats will take us. My friends, they really believe — here we come to the fundamental difference between a Republican and a Democrat. All Republicans, every Republican in this hall, can unite on this difference. A Democrat tells us that America is great because of what government does for people. Republicans say that's nonsense — America is great because of what our government permitted a free people to do for themselves.

That is what it is all about.

But because a Democrat believes that America's greatness lies in government, in tens of thousands of roll calls, over forty-four years, whenever given a choice, they have always voted for more government, more red tape, more bureaucracy, more spending, and more taxing and Republican Congressmen have voted just exactly the opposite.

As much as humanly possible, we Republicans would like to get government from off our backs and government's hand out of the pocketbook of that hard-working, tax-paying, productive, average American citizen, and that is what this election is all about. My friends, the time has come when we realize that.

I am sure that the American people are beginning to realize what we Republicans offer is what this country needs. As I have had the privilege of traveling from the Canadian Border down to the Gulf of Mexico, and the Atlantic to the Pacific for Republican candidates, I have sensed that there is a new wind a-blowing across America, there is a new tide a-riding across our land.

It is so obvious that Democrat Governors from California to Massachusetts are beginning to sing our Republican songs. The problem is the Democrat

Congress can't learn the words to the music, and if they could, they wouldn't be able to carry the tune. They are knee-jerk spenders, and they can't stop.

Asking a Democrat Congressman to stop spending is like asking an alcoholic to stop drinking. He just can't do it. He will start talking about it in this election year, but he won't really do it. And why? You can sympathize with them that they can't kick that spending habit. Harry Hopkins told them and promised them over four decades ago, tax and tax and spend and spend and elect and elect, and for forty-four years, they have lived by that powerful idea, and it has worked.

It has worked so well that they are now convinced that nobody will ever shoot the bartender as long as all those drinks are on the house.

Yet, I think the American people have awakened to the fact that they just can't afford those free drinks the Democrat Congresses have been giving them any longer, and that they may have to choose between a free lunch and a free society. When they make that choice, they are going to choose our free American system. It has been pretty good to us. It has produced more abundance for more people and put down more ladders of upward mobility than any economic system in the history of the world.

So that tonight, with all of our problems and imperfections, we in America can say that we have more energy per capita, more food per mouth, more clothes per body, more homes per family, more cars per driver, more freedom per individual, and more opportunities for dreams than any people and any country in the history of the world.

I believe that that system is worth preserving and that is what the Republican Party is all about.

So we have a very simple profound truth for the American people. But like so many simple, profound truths, it is so obvious that people have overlooked it for too long. But our message to the American people this year is simply this: No President ever spent one penny that was not appropriated by the Congress. No President ever has hired a bureaucrat or promulgated a rule or a regulation not authorized by the Congress. And for forty of the last forty-four years, and twenty of the last consecutive years, that Congress has been dominated, lock, stock and barrel, by the Democrat Party.

If people want a change in Washington — and I know that they do, there is only one way on the face of this earth to bring that change about, and that is to change the Congress of the United States from Democrat to Republican control.

That message is so important that in closing, I have one favor to ask of each and every one of you as you proceed to the nominating process. And it is this:

Will you be affirmative and positive, so that we can stay a united party? Will you not do like the Democrats do with our American system so often and that is tearing down, criticizing and finding fault? Instead, will you speak proudly of your guy, not against the other guy?

Build up, don't tear down because we've got two of the greatest guys in America competing for this.

Will you take with you into the rest of this convention the spirit that is captured with this poem, with which I will close?

"I saw them tearing a building down, a gang of men in a dusty town, With a yo, heave, ho, and a lusty yell, they swung a beam and the side wall fell; I asked the foreman if these men were as skilled as the men he would hire if he were to build. He laughed and said, 'Oh, no indeed. Common labor is all I need, for these men can destroy in a day or two, what builders have taken years to do.'

"I ask myself as I wend my way, which kind of role am I to play? Am I the builder who builds with care, measuring life by rule and square, or am I the wrecker who walks around, content with the role of just tearing down?"

Republicans are builders. Let's in this convention build a united Republican Party that will win in November, and, if we do, we will give to the American people the biggest and best Bicentennial birthday present that any Bicentennial Convention could ever give to its people and that is a Republican Congress that believes in the system that built America, so that together with the American people, we can build again a freer, greater, and better America.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and gentlemen, will you please take your seats? Time for demonstrations has not yet arrived. We still have business to perform. The chair asks the indulgence of the delegates; asks them to please remain in their seats, be quiet until the business of the convention has proceeded.

Will our guests in the galleries please take their seats and remain quiet? We are very happy to have you as guests. We hope that you will help us to perform the job which we came here to do.

It has been pointed out to the chair that there are some persons sitting in the seats of delegates who are not delegates or alternates taking the place of delegates. Would such persons kindly retire to their proper seats? It is important that from now on out, the persons occupying seats in the delegate section, be either delegates or alternates who are sitting in for delegates.

RATIFICATION OF REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE

In other conventions, one of the business details has been to elect the National Committeeman and National Committeewoman, nominated by the States. Last night, the rules were adopted anew. The rule concerning the new National Committee now calls for ratification by the convention of the election of new members.

The chair now recognizes the delegate and National Committeewoman from Florida, Paula Hawkins.

PAULA HAWKINS. — Mr. Chairman.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The delegate from Florida, Mrs. Paula Hawkins is recognized for the purpose of offering a resolution. Mrs. Hawkins.

PAULA HAWKINS. — Mr. Chairman, the mike is not on. The mike is not on. Mr. Chairman.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Mrs. Hawkins.

PAULA HAWKINS. — Mr. Chairman, RESOLVED —

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — May we please have order.

PAULA HAWKINS. — that those elected as members of the National Committee by the delegates from each State, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, are hereby declared duly ratified to serve as members of the Republican National Committee until the meeting of the successor committee to be ratified by the next National Committee.

Mr. Chairman, I move the adoption of this resolution.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — You have heard the resolution. Is there a second? There is a second.

Those in favor of the resolution, signify by saying aye (Chorus of ayes); those opposed, no (No response).

In the opinion of the chair, the ayes have it. The resolution is adopted.

The members of the National Committee for the next four years are now duly elected and ratified.

Without objection, the reading of the names will be dispensed with and the names of those elected, including the State Chairmen who automatically become members of the National Committee, under Rule 19(b), adopted by the Convention, will be printed in the proceedings of this Convention.

Is there objection? The chair hears none and it is so ordered.

MEMBERS OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE RATIFIED BY THE NATIONAL CONVENTION

Alabama	Perry O. Hooper
	Jean Sullivan
Alaska	Clifford J. Groh
	Edith Holm
Arizona	Ralph E. Staggs
	Mary Crisp
Arkansas	John P. Hammerschmidt
	Leona A. Troxell
California	Michael Curb
	Virginia Rice
Colorado	Keith L. Brown
	Jo Anne Gray

Connecticut	John Alsop
	Mary H. Boatwright
Delaware	Thomas B. Evans, Jr.
	Priscilla B. Rakestraw
District of Columbia	Robert S. Carter
	Cecil G. Grant
Florida	William C. Cramer
	Paula F. Hawkins
Georgia	Carl Gillis
	Roena Moseley
Guam	Edward M. Calvo
	Ramona T. Perez
Hawaii	Edward Brennan
	Carla W. Coray
Idaho	David Little
	Orriette Sinclair
Illinois	Harold B. Smith, Jr.
	Crete B. Huddleston
Indiana	John C. Hart
	Margaret C. Hill
Iowa	John C. McDonald
	Mary Louise Smith
Kansas	McDill (Huck) Boyd
	Marynell D. Reece
Kentucky	Edwin G. Middleton
	Nelda L. Barton
Louisiana	John H. Cade, Jr.
	Betty Heitman
Maine	Cyril M. Joly, Jr.
	Henrietta Page Crane
Maryland	Lawrence J. Hogan
	Louise Gore
Massachusetts	Bruce Crane
	Paula (Polly) Logan
Michigan	Peter B. Fletcher
	Ranny Riecker
Minnesota	Rudy Boschwitz
	Iantha LeVander
Mississippi	Clarke Reed
	Lillian O. Todd
Missouri	Jewett Fulkerson
	Eyvon Mendenhall
Montana	William R. Mackay, Sr.
	Jean G. Birch
Nebraska	William E. Morrow, Jr.
	Pat Smith

Nevada	William M. Laub
	Lucie Humphrey
New Hampshire	Robert P. Bass, Jr.
	Victoria Zachos
New Jersey	Bernard M. Shanley
	Noel L. Gross
New Mexico	Robert C. Davidson
	Frances Shipman
New York	George L. Hinman
	Dorothy McHugh
North Carolina	John P. East
	Betty Lou Johnson
North Dakota	Peter B. Wold
	Gerridee Wheeler
Ohio	Ray C. Bliss
	Martha C. Moore
Oklahoma	Clarence E. Warner
	Grace Boulton
Oregon	George P. Stadelman
	Dorotha Moore
Pennsylvania	Andrew L. (Drew) Lewis, Jr.
	Elsie H. Hillman
Puerto Rico	Jaime Pieras, Jr.
	Sarita G. Gonzalez
Rhode Island	Frederick Lippitt
	June N. Gibbs
South Carolina	Raymond A. Harris
	Beverly J. Ebner
South Dakota	William F. Lenker
	Nora Hussey
Tennessee	Mark C. Hicks, Jr.
	Jeanne K. Geraghty
Texas	Ernest Angelo, Jr.
	Betty Andujar
Utah	Jon M. Huntsman
	Amy Y. Valentine
Vermont	Roland Q. Seward, Sr.
	Madeline B. Harwood
Virginia	William H. Stanhagen
	Judy Peachee
Virgin Islands	Henry E. Rohlsen
	Meredith P. Clark
Washington	Dennis Dunn
	Bernece (Bunny) Bippes
West Virginia	Arch A. Moore, Jr.
	Priscilla Humphreys

Wisconsin	Ody J. Fish
	Elizabeth J. Pfeifer
Wyoming	David B. Kennedy
	Margaret (Margie) Kelly

State Chairmen Who Became Members of The National Committee Under Rule 19(b) Adopted by this Convention

Alabama	Edgar Welden
Alaska	John B. Coghill
Arizona	James H. Colter
Arkansas	A. Lynn Lowe
California	Paul R. Haerle
Colorado	Carl M. Williams
Connecticut	Frederick K. Biebel
Delaware	Herman C. Brown
District of Columbia	Paul Hays
Florida	Bill Taylor
Georgia	Mack Mattingly
Guam	Paul M. Calvo
Hawaii	George Henrickson
Idaho	Vern Ravenscroft
Illinois	Don W. Adams
Indiana	Thomas S. Milligan
Iowa	Thomas H. Stoner
Kansas	Jack Ranson
Kentucky	Lee R. Nunn
Louisiana	James H. Boyce
Maine	John R. Linnell
Maryland	David R. Forward
Massachusetts	Gordon M. Nelson
Michigan	William F. McLaughlin
Minnesota	Charles A. Slocum
Mississippi	Charles W. Pickering
Missouri	Lowell McCuskey
Montana	Florence S. Haegen
Nebraska	Anne S. Batchelder
Nevada	Frank J. Fahrenkopf, Jr.
New Hampshire	Gerald P. Carmen
New Jersey	Webster B. Todd
New Mexico	Jack Stahl
New York	Richard M. Rosenbaum
North Carolina	Robert G. Shaw
North Dakota	Allan C. Young
Ohio	Kent B. McGough
Oklahoma	Paula Unruh

Oregon ..... Stephen A. Young
Pennsylvania ..... Richard C. Frame
Puerto Rico ..... Luis A. Ferré
Rhode Island ..... Americo Campanella
South Carolina ..... Daniel I. Ross
South Dakota ..... Leo K. Thorsness
Tennessee ..... Dortch Oldham
Texas ..... Ray Hutchison
Utah ..... Richard Richards
Vermont ..... Walter L. Kennedy
Virginia ..... George N. McMath
Virgin Islands ..... Raymond J. Smith
Washington ..... Ross E. Davis
West Virginia ..... George S. Sharp
Wisconsin ..... George Parker
Wyoming ..... Tom Stroock

MEETING OF NEWLY ELECTED NATIONAL COMMITTEE

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The chair now recognizes the delegate from Ohio, the senior member of the Republican National Committee, which has just been ratified, the Honorable Ray C. Bliss for the purpose of making an announcement.

RAY BLISS. — Mr. Chairman.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Mr. Bliss.

RAY BLISS. — In accordance with the rules adopted by this convention, it is my duty as the senior member in time of service to call the first meeting of the Republican National Committee. Therefore, a breakfast meeting will be held on Friday, August 20, 1976, at 8:00 a.m., Central Daylight Time, Grand Ballroom of the Radisson Muehlbach Hotel, for the purpose of organizing the new committee.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — I thank the distinguished delegate from the State of Ohio.

ADDRESS BY THE HONORABLE JACOB K. JAVITS UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM NEW YORK

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — My fellow delegates, when you consider the introduction of the senior Senator from New York, you find that his career is so filled with achievements and honors, there is not enough time to mention all of them. Suffice it to say, he is a distinguished man, respected in both Houses of the Congress. He is a leader of our party, a leader of the great State of New York, a great legislator, the Honorable Jacob K. Javits, the United States Senator from the State of New York.

SENATOR JAVITS. — Thank you, very much, Chairman Rhodes.

National Chairman Mary Louise Smith, my beloved friends and fellow delegates from New York who greeted me so warmly, ladies and gentlemen of the convention, the delegates and alternates, and ladies and gentlemen of the United States: I am very pleased at this opportunity to speak, especially at this particular moment in our Republican nominating convention.

Before I begin, I have a personal message which I would like to share with my fellow delegates and with the people of the country. I wish to thank this convention for adopting a strong anti-terrorism plank, which you did in the Party's platform.

Last week, a young man died a senseless death at the airport in Istanbul. Hal Rosenthal was a member of my staff who was on his way to a conference on the problems of the Middle East when he lost his life in a terrorist attack as one of a number of helpless people who were killed or injured in that attack. He was 29 years of age.

That blow, that extinction of a young life puts into sharp and agonizing focus so that all may see what we all too frequently forget. Politics is about people, about individuals with individual problems, individual hopes and individual aspirations and individual agonies.

And politicians must be dedicated to people. It is our duty, our reason for offering ourselves for office, our reason for offering our Party as a way — the best way — to govern our country.

I speak as a fellow Republican who has been successful in running with progressive views in New York, the second largest state of our nation with a two-to-one Democratic registration and, including the City of New York, long a Democratic Party bastion.

Our challenge is to broaden the base of support among the people of the United States and to give the people the reasons why they should vote Republican in November; and although in 1976, the Republican voice may be conservative in impulse and tone, we are about to face a national election in which we must bespeak the aspirations and the will of millions of Americans who are Democrats and independents, if we are to keep a Republican Administration in the White House. This will not be done with rhetoric, but it can be done with reason.

Men and women in public life nowadays have every reason to be uneasy about surveys which show widespread disenchantment with the United States political process. We Republicans, in particular, must be concerned with other surveys which indicate that our Party is the declared Party of only one-fifth to one-quarter of the American people.

We need to — and we can — forge a Republican majority of the American people as we give them reason to understand that our party is their party, that we are a people's party. This is not only for ourselves, but also for the two-party

system which is so essential to our freedom; for our two-party system can hardly be sustained if the party division gets too lopsided.

We have always prided ourselves on being the party of equal opportunity for the individual and the party that is dedicated to the right of the individual, as much as possible to live his or her own life, but we Republicans, who have had many achievements at home and abroad, have not yet cracked the way to deal with human vicissitudes and human catastrophes with the aid of government, but based upon Republican principles.

Cancer, stroke and heart disease always are expected to strike other people, not someone you know or I know. It is always someone else who is expected to be unemployed. It is always someone else who needs a day care center to care for her child so that she can hold a job, or someone else whose parents need housing or long-term medical care. It is always someone else, or it is a number of someone elses, or a class, or a headline!

Well, the headlines don't cry the tears of individual hurt and individual need. When the television cameras leave the supermarket, the prices are still too high for elderly people on fixed incomes who are deprived, or bewildered, and they need their Social Security and they need their Medicare; and when there is a recession and millions are laid off, the unemployed still suffer agonies.

That, my fellow Republicans, is what politics is all about. It is about helping those who can't help themselves and it is about making sure that every citizen has an opportunity to help himself or herself. It is about easing the burden of people, real people with real problems. It is about enabling them to make decisions about the kind of people they wish to be and the kind of country they wish to live in; and the kind of world they wish to shape.

The principles we Republicans expound and the measures we take must ring true. They must be and they must appear to be responsive to the will and the needs of our fellow citizens. Political programs must give practical answers to the problems and aspirations of people. They are not ends in themselves.

Politicians worry about the jobless, about how to carry the welfare burden; they decry the crime rate; are alarmed by inadequate productivity; and feel the dangers of decay and bankruptcy also in our great older cities.

But behind every discussion of the jobless is an individual, suffering the pain and the shame of being unable to provide for himself or his family. Behind the rising crime rate are individual people who have been hurt, maimed, robbed or murdered; and whole families destroyed by a member who is an addict or a juvenile felon. Behind every food stamp and every school lunch program is a life-giving potential for undernourished and hungry children. Behind inadequate productivity is inadequate capital investment and lowered worker morale.

There are remedies and they can be Republican remedies. They can range from a strengthened private pension system which we have now and which is beginning to get started under the new Federal Pension Reform Law, to stock

ownership by workers, and cooperative programs with business for internal employment and manpower training and education, especially of the recession-type unemployed; from enhanced welfare payments as an option in lieu of revenue sharing, to government business projects for the rehabilitation of felons and addicts. Our opportunities are great and indeed they are infinite.

The point is — this is the critical matter to be emphasized to you — that we must accept our role, that we must find solutions and that Republican solutions are practicable and can be superior to the simplistic application of government money and bureaucratic administration of the Democrats to the depression created nostrums of the thirties. They have either been long since completed or their purpose is completely out of date. (During Senator Javits' speech there was considerable noise and distraction on the floor.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and gentlemen, will you please be seated? Ladies and gentlemen, we have important business to conduct. Fellow delegates, I love you and I love your spirit; I will love it a lot more in about one hour. Will you please be quiet? Will you please sit down? Will you please let us continue the convention business?

Will our guests in the galleries please sit down, conceal your signs, stop your whistles, let us continue with the business of the convention before I get hoarse and lose my voice? Please, ladies and gentlemen, will you allow us to continue with the business of the convention?

We came here to nominate the next President and Vice President of the United States. We cannot proceed to that job until we have completed the work of the convention. The work of the convention right now does not include blowing horns, waving signs. All of that will come later and there will be ample time for it.

So now may we now please quit acting like a Democratic convention? Sit down, let us act like Republicans and get the job done. That is what we are telling the country we can do. Now let's do it.

SENATOR JAVITS. — Ladies and gentlemen —

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Will the delegates please take your seats? Will the delegates please take your seats? Will the members of the gallery please take your seats? Will somebody please take his seat?

Thank you.

Ladies and gentlemen, we are here for a very important purpose and we are coming closer to the minute that we begin the process of nominating the next President of the United States. With your kind indulgence, within a very few minutes, we will be able to do it.

SENATOR JAVITS. — Mr. Chairman, the Republican Party is committed to private enterprise in the public interest, for the American economic system is the mechanism by which more people have been able to do more to help themselves to a better life than anywhere else on earth, ever. That is why our

duty as Republicans is to try to serve the many millions of Americans who intend to keep it that way.

The Republican Party must take advantage of that intention. If we are to win, we must forge a coalition of common interests among the many millions of Americans who operate the levers of production in firms small and large, as workers, managers and professionals, and those who service their efforts, the shop steward and the shop foreman, the second-rank executive, as well as the working men and women whose personal vision of the future is linked to the success of the private enterprise system to which they are committed. These are all part of the American public to which the Republican Party must appeal.

We have every right to make that appeal on the basis of our principles, of our record of what we are capable of accomplishing for the people. We have a President who has restored a sense of integrity to the nation's highest office; we have an economy recovering its vitality; more people are on more jobs and inflation is being abated. Our foreign policy has been featured by extraordinary major successes, and beyond everything else we are at peace.

The United States economic system makes and government takes, but government can be the essential guarantor that the public interest will be dominant in our economic system. It is the Republican Party that can best implement that concept. Ours is the Party to make the system work. Ours is the party to make the country work.

Ladies and gentlemen of the Republican Convention, there is no reason for us to be behind in this election. If we are the underdog, it is because we have not yet sent the American people the message that they want to hear.

The Republican Party is the newer Party. It wants to conserve the best of the past and it is committed to pursuing the best for the future; and its founding principles are more compatible with the inner feelings of the American people than the principles of the opposition party.

My friends, as we are on the threshold of balloting for the most powerful and influential office on earth — notwithstanding the turbulence of the convention floor — let us seek a moment of inner contemplation and reflection on our duty, for as we here act, so may very well go the peace, the prosperity, the health of the American people.

My fellow delegates, I close with a biblical injunction which applies so precisely to our condition: "Behold you have been given a good doctrine. Forsake it not."

Thank you, very much.

CALL OF THE ROLL OF STATES

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and gentlemen, I would like very much to have your attention because the Chair is about to make a very important

announcement. This has to do with the reason we came here, that reason being to nominate the next President of the United States.

The Chair would like to remind all the delegates of the procedures which we shall follow as we proceed to the business of nominating our candidate for the presidency of the United States. The first step will be to call the roll of the states to determine which states intend to place a name in nomination.

Before I ask the Secretary of the convention to call the roll of the States for the purpose of determining which states wish to place a name in nomination, I want to remind the delegates of the provisions of Rule 16, as amended by the convention when the report of the Committee on Rules was adopted.

As amended, Rule 16 requires that before a name can be placed in nomination, such person must, and I quote, "demonstrate majority support from each of five state delegations." That is the end of the quote. That is the rule under which we shall be operating.

Therefore, when the Secretary calls the roll of the states, in order to determine which one wishes to place a name in nomination, I shall ask the Chairman of each delegation indicating a desire to make a nomination, to state that his or her delegation will cast a majority of its votes for the candidate it will nominate.

Ladies and gentlemen, may we please have order. There are delegates who cannot hear this pronouncement, and it is an important pronouncement. It has to do with the procedure for the nomination of the candidates for President. Will you please indulge the Chair until I have been able to explain the ground rules under which we will operate?

Therefore, when the Secretary calls the roll of the states in order to determine which one wishes to place a name in nomination, I shall ask the Chairman of each delegation indicating a desire to make a nomination to state that his or her delegation will cast a majority of its votes for the candidate it will nominate.

If the Chairman's answer is in the affirmative, I will then ask the Chairman to identify the other four state delegations which are prepared to support the candidate for nomination with a majority of their votes.

If those states which are identified, support the statement of the Chairman of the delegation preparing to make a nomination, such name may properly, under Rule 16, be placed in nomination.

Following the completion of this call, the Chair will recognize those states which indicated an intention to place a name in nomination. Under Rule 16 of the convention, the total time for nominating speeches and seconding speeches for any candidate for President shall not exceed fifteen minutes.

When the names of candidates have been placed in nomination, the Chair will ask the Secretary to call the roll of states for the purpose of voting.

Under Rule 16 of the convention, once the Secretary has begun to call the roll, it cannot be dispensed with for any reason. Therefore, all States will be called. If any State desires to pass at this time, it may, of course, do so. At the conclusion of the first call of the roll, the Secretary will proceed to call the names of those states which passed.

No delegation will be recognized to change its vote until all delegations which passed have been given a second opportunity to vote. This is in accord with Rule 18(b).

Finally, the Chair wishes the delegates to be aware of Rule 17, which states, and I quote, "When it appears at the close of the roll call that any candidate for the nomination for President or Vice President has received a majority of the votes entitled to be cast in the convention, the chairman of the convention shall announce the question to be: 'Shall the nomination of the candidate be made unanimous?"

Now, if the delegates will please take their seats and clear the aisles, we are now ready to begin the very important business of nominating the next President of the United States.

Before I ask the Secretary to call the roll of the states, the Chair has an important announcement to make. It has been customary in past conventions to permit the Chair to recognize non-delegates for nominating and seconding speeches. Is there objection to that procedure at this convention?

The Chair hears none, and it is so ordered.

The state that desires to place a name in nomination will so indicate when the name of the state is called. The Secretary will proceed with the call of the roll of the states, after the aisles have been cleared of delegates and alternates who should be in their seats, and of persons who are not legally in the hall.

Will all of those persons who are not legally in the hall please retire to another place. Will all of the delegates and alternates please be in their seats.

At this point, the Chair recognizes the Secretary of the Convention, Mrs. Mary Crisp, the National Committeewoman from the great State of Arizona, who will call the roll of the states. Mrs. Crisp.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION (Mary Crisp of Arizona). — Mr. Chairman, delegates, alternates, I shall now proceed to call the roll.

Alabama.

GUY HUNT of Alabama. — Madam Secretary, Alabama, the state opposed to amnesty to draft dodgers under any circumstance, yields to our great western State of Nevada for the nomination of a presidential candidate.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Thank you. May I have your attention, please.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — May I have the attention of the Chairman of the Nevada Delegation, The Chairman of the Nevada Delegation. Mr.

Chairman, can you assure the convention that a majority of the members of your delegation will support the candidate whose name you are about to place in nomination?

The Chair recognizes the delegate from the State of Nevada for the purpose of making a statement.

SENATOR PAUL LAXALT of Nevada. — Mr. Chairman, the great State of Nevada wishes to place in nomination the name of Ronald Reagan. (Cheers and applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — May we have order. Fellow delegates, may we please have order. Will the delegates please take their seats. There will be time for demonstration later.

Delegates, may we now have order so the Chairman of the Nevada Delegation can answer the question I asked him a while ago. Will the delegates please be seated. May we proceed with the business of the convention.

Will the delegates please be seated so we may proceed with the nomination of the next President of the United States? The Chair awaits the pleasure of the people in the gallery. Will the people on my left please be seated. There will be other time for demonstration. Will the delegates to my right please be seated. There will be other time for demonstration.

Ladies and gentlemen, may we have order so we may proceed with the calling of the roll call. May we please have order, ladies and gentlemen. Will the people to my left please be seated. Will the Chairman of the Nevada Delegation give the Chair his attention. Will the Chairman of the Nevada Delegation please announce the names of the other four state delegations which will support the nominee of Nevada. Will the Chairman of the Nevada Delegation, Senator Laxalt, please give the Chair the names of four States which will support the nominee of Nevada under the rules of the convention.

SENATOR LAXALT. — Mr. Chairman.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Senator Laxalt.

SENATOR LAXALT. — The names of the supporting states are the great State of California, the great State of Texas, the great State of Georgia, and the great State of Missouri.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — I thank the delegates. It is now necessary for the chairman of the delegation from the States of California, Texas, Georgia and Missouri to confirm the support of a majority of those delegations for the candidate the State of Nevada is about to nominate.

The Chair recognizes for that purpose the Chairman of the delegation from the State of California.

ROBERT D. NESEN of California. — Mr. Chairman, California, yes, 167 times.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair recognizes the chairman of the delegation from Texas.

RAY BARNHART of Texas. — Mr. Chairman, the 100 delegates from Texas concur.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair understands that a majority of the delegates from Texas will support the candidate to be nominated by Nevada.

The Chair now recognizes the chairman of the delegation from the State of Georgia.

SAM TATE of Georgia. — Mr. Chairman.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The delegate is recognized.

SAM TATE — In the State of Georgia, the vote is unanimous.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Will the delegate from Georgia affirm that a majority of the delegates from his state will support the nominee of the State of Nevada.

Will the Chairman give me his attention. Will the Chairman affirm that a majority of the delegates from his state will support the nominee of the State of Nevada. I need to get an answer to comply with the rules of the convention which we adopted yesterday.

SAM TATE. — Mr. Chairman, are you speaking to the State of Georgia?

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — I am speaking to the State of Georgia. The Chairman did not answer the Chair's question.

SAM TATE. — The great State of Georgia does have a majority of its delegates supporting the nomination of Ronald Reagan.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — I thank the delegate.

The Chair now recognizes the chairman of the delegation of the State of Missouri.

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Mr. Chairman, this is the Vice Chairman of the Missouri Delegation, and the State of Missouri, by an almost two-to-one majority favors Governor Ronald Reagan.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — If the delegates will be in order, the Clerk will now continue the call of the roll of the States.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Alaska.

JOHN B. COGHILL of Alaska. — Madam Secretary, in the belief that the people of our Nation's hunger for better government will not be satisfied by settling for peanuts, the great State of Alaska yields to the home state of one whom we believe provides much better fare. Though they be but one-tenth the size of Alaska, they have admittedly provided ten times the amount of decibels of disruption to this convention; the tiny sovereign State of Michigan.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair recognizes the chairman of the delegation of the State of Michigan.

WILLIAM F. MCLAUGHLIN (a delegate from Michigan). — Mr. Chairman, Michigan proudly, and with enthusiasm, will cast a majority of its votes and place in nomination the name of the President of the United States. (Cheers and applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Will the delegates please be seated. Will the delegates please be seated so that we may continue with the business of the convention. Will those in the galleries please be seated so that we may continue with the convention. Will those to my right, or those to my left, either one, or both, please be seated so that we may continue with the convention. What about the ones in the center.

May we please have order so that the convention may continue. The Chair has some very important questions to put to the Michigan Delegation. The business of the convention cannot continue until those questions are answered. There is no way that the Chair can make itself heard or allow the delegates to hear the answers of the Michigan Delegation unless we be quiet and sit down. I request that the delegates take their seats.

May the Chair have the attention of the Chairman of the Michigan Delegation. Is the Chairman of the Michigan Delegation prepared to give the Chair the name of four States, a majority of which delegations will vote for the nominee of the State of Michigan?

WILLIAM F. MCLAUGHLIN. — Mr. Chairman, the following states will cast a majority vote for the man who will be placed in nomination by the State of Michigan. They are the great State of New York, the great State of Pennsylvania, the great State of Wisconsin, and the great State of Kansas.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — I thank the Chairman.

For the purpose of verifying the condition of the vote in the states names, the Chair now recognizes the chairman of the delegation from the State of New York. I hope New York has a telephone. (Laughter and applause.)

RICHARD M. ROSENBAUM of New York. — Mr. Chairman.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The delegate from the State of New York.

RICHARD M. ROSENBAUM. — The great State of New York, the Empire State, will cast an overwhelming majority of its votes for the President of the United States. (Applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes the chairman of the delegation of the State of Pennsylvania.

SENATOR HUGH SCOTT of Pennsylvania. — Mr. Chairman.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The delegate is recognized.

SENATOR HUGH SCOTT. — The great Keystone Commonwealth — not State — Commonwealth of Pennsylvania will cast a majority, an overwhelming majority, a very big majority, for President Ford.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair thanks the chairman of the delegation from the great Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and accepts the amendment of Senator Scott.

The Chair now recognizes the chairman of the delegation from the State of Wisconsin.

GOVERNOR WARREN P. KNOWLES of Wisconsin. — Mr. Chairman, Governor Knowles speaking for the delegates of the State of Wisconsin, who unanimously cast 45 of their votes unanimously for President Ford.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Would the Chairman of the Wisconsin Delegation state whether or not that is more than a majority of your delegation?

GOVERNOR KNOWLES. — Mr. Chairman, that constitutes all of the delegates from Wisconsin; 45 total.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes the chairman of the delegation from the great State of Kansas, Governor Bennett.

GOVERNOR ROBERT F. BENNETT of Kansas. — Mr. Chairman, the sovereign State of Kansas is happy to advise the Chair that a decisive majority of our delegates will vote in favor of President Ford for the presidency.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The delegates will be in order, and the Secretary will continue the call of the roll of the States.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Arizona. Could I hear from the Chairman of Arizona, Mr. Colter? Does Arizona pass?

JAMES H. COLTER of Arizona — Madam Secretary, the Grand Canyon State of Arizona passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Thank you. Arkansas.

JUDY C. PETTY of Arkansas. — Arkansas, the land of opportunity, passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — California. California.

ROBERT D. NESEN of California. — California passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Thank you. Colorado.

MICHAEL SOUTH of Colorado. — Colorado passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Connecticut.

FREDERICK K. BIEBEL of Connecticut. — Madam Secretary, Connecticut passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Delaware.

HERMAN C. BROWN of Delaware. — Madam Secretary, Delaware passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — The District of Columbia.

HENRY A. BERLINER, JR. of the District of Columbia. — The District of Columbia passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Florida.

BILL TAYLOR of Florida. — Madam Secretary, Florida passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Georgia.

SAM TATE of Georgia. — Madam Secretary, Georgia passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Guam. Guam.

PAUL M. CALVO of Guam. — Madam Chairman, Guam passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Hawaii.

SENATOR HIRAM L. FONG of Hawaii. — Madam Chairman, Hawaii passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Idaho.

WAYNE L. KIDWELL of Idaho. — Madam Chairman, the State of Idaho passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Illinois.

RICHARD B. OGILVIE of Illinois. — Illinois passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Indiana.

THOMAS S. MILLIGAN of Indiana. — Indiana passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Iowa.

GOVERNOR ROBERT D. RAY of Iowa. — Iowa passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Kansas.

GOVERNOR ROBERT F. BENNETT of Kansas. — Kansas passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Kentucky.

M. G. (GENE) SNYDER of Kentucky. — Madam Secretary, the Commonwealth of Kentucky passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Louisiana.

JOHN H. CADE, JR. of Louisiana. — Madam Chairman, Louisiana passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Maine.

JOHN R. LINNELL of Maine. — Madam Secretary, the State of Maine agrees with the State of Michigan and passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Maryland.

ARIS T. ALLEN (a delegate from Maryland). — Mr. Chairman, the great free State of Maryland, located on the beautiful Chesapeake Bay, passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Massachusetts.

SENATOR EDWARD W. BROOKE of Massachusetts. — Madam Chairman, Massachusetts passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Minnesota.

ANCHER NELSEN of Minnesota. — Minnesota passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Mississippi.

CLARKE REED of Mississippi. — Madam Secretary, Mississippi passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Missouri.

THOMAS B. CURTIS of Missouri. — Missouri passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Montana.

STAN STEPHENS of Montana. — Madam Chairman, the great State of Montana, where agriculture is still number one, passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Nebraska.

MILAN D. BISH of Nebraska. — Madam Chairman, Nebraska passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Nevada.

SENATOR PAUL LAXALT of Nevada. — Madam Chairman, Nevada passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — New Hampshire.

JAMES C. CLEVELAND of New Hampshire. — Madam Chairman, the Granite State of New Hampshire passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — New Jersey.

SENATOR CLIFFORD P. CASE of New Jersey. — Madam Chairman, New Jersey passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — New Mexico.

JAMES P. "CORKY" MORRIS of New Mexico. — Madam Secretary, the State of New Mexico passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — New York. New York.

RICHARD M. ROSENBAUM of New York. — New York passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — North Carolina. North Carolina. North Carolina.

TOM ELLIS of North Carolina. — North Carolina passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Ohio.

KENT B. MCGOUGH of Ohio. — Ohio passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Oklahoma.

SKIP HEALEY of Oklahoma. — Oklahoma passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Oregon.

SENATOR MARK O. HATFIELD of Oregon. — Madam Secretary, the State of Oregon passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Pennsylvania.

SENATOR HUGH SCOTT of Pennsylvania. — Pennsylvania passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Puerto Rico.

LUIS A. FERRÉ of Puerto Rico. — Madam Chairman, the next state of Puerto Rico passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Rhode Island.

VINCENT A. CIANCI, JR. of Rhode Island. — Rhode Island passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — I have to back up. North Dakota. Forgive me; I am sorry. What is your response, please?

ALLAN C. YOUNG of North Dakota. — To your being sorry or —

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — I am sorry; I didn't hear you.

MR. YOUNG. — Thank you. North Dakota thanks you for the opportunity and passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Thank you. My apology. South Carolina.

GOVERNOR JAMES B. EDWARDS of South Carolina. — South Carolina passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — South Dakota.

DELEGATE from South Dakota. — Madam Chairman, South Dakota passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Tennessee.

JAMES H. QUILLEN of Tennessee. — Madam Chairman, Tennessee passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Texas.

RAY BARNHART of Texas. — Texas quietly passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Utah.

RICHARD RICHARDS of Utah. — Utah passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Vermont.

WALTER L. KENNEDY of Vermont. — Madam Chairman, Vermont, the Green Mountain State, reluctantly passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — The Virgin Islands.

MELVIN H. EVANS of the Virgin Islands. — Madam Chairman, the Virgin Islands, constituting St. Croix, St. Thomas and St. John, passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — I have done it again. Excuse me. I overlooked the State of Virginia. My apologies.

May I hear from Virginia, please?

BONNIE L. PAUL (a delegate from Virginia). — Madam Chairman, the Commonwealth of Virginia, home of Thomas Jefferson in this Bicentennial year, passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Thank you. Washington.

WARREN MCPHERSON of Washington. — Madam Secretary, the State of Washington, the apple capital of the world, passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — West Virginia.

GOVERNOR ARCH A. MOORE, JR. of West Virginia. — Madam Chairman, West Virginia passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Wisconsin.

WARREN P. KNOWLES of Wisconsin. — Wisconsin having seconded the nomination of President Ford now passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Wyoming.

SENATOR CLIFFORD P. HANSEN of Wyoming. — Wyoming passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Did I neglect to call any other state? If not, Mr. Chairman, this concludes the call of the roll.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The State of Alabama having yielded to the State of Nevada, the Chair now recognizes the Chairman of the Nevada Delegation, the United States Senator from Nevada, The Honorable Paul Laxalt. Senator Laxalt. (Applause.)

THE HONORABLE PAUL LAXALT DELEGATE AND UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM THE STATE OF NEVADA, NOMINATING THE HONORABLE RONALD REAGAN FOR PRESIDENT

SENATOR LAXALT. — Mr. Chairman, members of this convention, I am here proudly to nominate Ronald Reagan for the office of President of the United States. (Cheers and applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Senator and I would both be very grateful if the delegates would remain seated and listen to the very important words which he is about to utter. Senator Laxalt.

SENATOR LAXALT. — May we have some quiet, please. It would be appreciated.

May I say this on behalf of Governor Reagan and myself at the outset: We are both extremely interested, of course, in the candidacy. But we are first both Republicans. (Applause.)

And let me assure you tonight that regardless of how these cards fall tonight, that Ronald Reagan and Paul Laxalt will work firmly behind the ticket. (Applause.)

Let me tell you for a moment or two why I support Ronald Reagan and have from the beginning. I first met this man in 1964 in the Goldwater campaign and was greatly impressed by his speech, which was one of the great political masterpieces of our time. (Applause.)

I then observed as a neighboring Governor this man running as a citizen-politician for the Governorship of the State of California. He took over the most complex set of problems that anybody could ever conceive, and I appreciated that, particularly being a Governor myself.

He took over a state that was debt ridden. He took over a state that was hopelessly morassed in welfare problems. He took over a state in which the campuses were in total turmoil.

Very quickly upon taking office he brought into Sacramento businessmen and people throughout California qualified to answer and analyze government, and took appropriate action. Within eight years this man returned to the people of the State of California billions of dollars in tax rebates; and believe me, that is refreshing these days. (Applause.)

During that same period, he instituted a comprehensive welfare program, drastically reduced the welfare rolls in California, yet benefiting increasingly those who needed it, establishing a model in this country that all the States wished to copy, and the Congress should as well. (Applause.)

He left his successor, Jerry Brown, a surplus of some $500 million. In fact, he left the State of California in such good shape that Jerry Brown has been hassling Jimmy Carter all this year, and that is not all bad. (Applause.)

And I must admit, although I observed this firsthand, I didn't truly appreciate Ronald Reagan until I came here to Washington. I had a suspicion that the real pros, the real heavyweights in this business lived and worked along the banks of the Potomac. But boy, was I mistaken. (Applause.)

I found in Washington a bureaucracy that runs the affairs of the people of this country, and not the Congress, and not the Cabinet, and not even the presidency. I am the type of fellow who believes that the people of this country through the elected representatives should run the affairs of this country and not an unelected bureaucracy. (Applause.)

I found bureaucrats regulating the small businesses of this country who had never met a payroll and who didn't have the least idea of knowing how to regulate a small business. (Applause.)

I found no real appreciation in all of Washington that the real strength of this country lies not in big government but lies in the private enterprise sector of the United States. (Applause.)

I found nobody in Washington who is better capable of running our schools in this country than the representatives within the local school districts. (Applause.)

I saw fiscal insanity that is absolutely mind-boggling. I have been told that a $700 billion deficit is no great problem, and yet I wonder what we are doing to the generations that follow.

What I am saying is this: The more that I saw in Washington, the more I appreciated Ronald Reagan. (Applause.)

Ronald Reagan, in addition to qualification, brings an essential ingredient to his candidacy. He is independent of the Washington scene. (Applause.)

He has the type of independence that is going to permit him to come to that town, trim back that bureaucracy, and, more important, whip that irresponsible Congress into line. (Applause.)

An essential consideration of all of us as Republicans should be which of the candidates is more electable. (Applause.)

In my opinion, there is no more effective political campaigner in this country than Ronald Reagan. (Applause.)

Now when I say that, that is not merely rhetoric. We have a track record to establish it. Several months ago he took on the incumbency and the White House and the whole bit. We had within our camp in the whole Congress some nine people out of 535. We had hardly anybody in the National Committee; hardly anybody in elected office throughout the country. But we did have the people, and that made the difference and that is why we are here. (Applause.)

Let me tell you this: I have been with Ron and Nancy Reagan for these last several months all over this country, and I would venture to say that nobody who has ever campaigned for President of the United States worked harder and more effectively than Ron and Nancy Reagan. (Applause.)

There has been a great deal of discussion during the last few weeks about presidential debates and presidential debates there will be. And I would dearly love to see Ronald Reagan debate Jimmy Carter. (Applause.)

I will bet you this, that after about one round of debating with Ron Reagan, Jimmy Carter would go back shucking peanuts, if that is what you do with peanuts. (Applause.)

Lastly, let me say this: We have a rare opportunity as Republicans tonight. We have the opportunity, in my judgment, to elect and nominate the finest Republican candidate that has hit a Republican Convention in recent years: Ronald Reagan.

(A great demonstration followed this speech, lasting approximately thirty minutes.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Will the delegates please take their seats. Aren't you worn out yet. Will the delegates please take their seats. Will

the delegates and alternates please take your seats so that we may proceed with the business of the convention. Can we go once more around the hall and then sit down.

Will the delegates please take your seats. We have business to conduct in this convention. We cannot conduct the business unless we are in our seats.

Fellow delegates, I am about to introduce a very distinguished citizen from the State of North Carolina to second the nomination of The Honorable Ronald Reagan for President of the United States.

To second this nomination, I now introduce, I recognize the very distinguished Jesse Helms of North Carolina. Will you please be quiet so you can hear Senator Helms' speech.

THE HONORABLE JESSE HELMS
DELEGATE AND UNITED STATES SENATOR
FROM THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF
THE HONORABLE RONALD REAGAN FOR PRESIDENT

SENATOR HELMS. — Mr. Chairman, ladies and gentlemen, may we proceed. Mr. Chairman, will the delegates be seated, please.

Ladies and gentlemen of this convention, Mr. Chairman, fellow Republicans, we are missing prime time on television.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and gentlemen, there is a very distinguished American up here who desires to second the nomination of Ronald Reagan for President of the United States. He is the very distinguished Senator from North Carolina, Jesse Helms. You won't be able to hear him unless you take your seats.

So will the delegates please take your seats. Will our guests — they are guests — in the gallery, please take their seats and allow Senator Helms to address you. He is here to do that.

There is another speaker after him for the purpose of seconding the nomination of Governor Reagan. We need to proceed with the business of the convention. Will you please, please, take your seats. You are acting like a bunch of Democrats. Maybe we will be as successful as they have been in the last Congress.

I think it is time, however, that we sit down and proceed about the business of nominating two great candidates for the presidency of the United States. We can't do it as long as the horns blow and the shouting continues.

Will you please clear the aisles, delegates and alternates. Take your seats. Senator Helms is on the podium. He is asking for permission, for your permission, to speak, and he needs to be heard. So will you please take your seats?

Ladies and gentlemen, take your seats please.

SENATOR HELMS. — Mr. Chairman, I come here tonight on behalf of a great American.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and gentlemen, there is something you should know. An agreement was made between the Chairman of the Arrangements Committee, the Reagan people and the Ford people, to limit demonstrations to fifteen minutes. This demonstration has lasted well over fifteen minutes — almost exactly double the fifteen minutes.

Now I should think that if we do want a united party, and we do, that out of a sense of fair play, you might feel behooved to sit down and allow the next speaker to continue. The next speaker is Jesse Helms, the Senator from North Carolina.

Now out of a sense of fair play, will you please abide by the agreement which was made prior to the time this convention began. Will the people carrying the sign in front of the podium please put it down and take your seats. Now will the delegates to my right who are in the aisles, please take your seats and put your signs down. Will the delegates over on the left please take your seats and put your signs down.

The Chair has been very indulgent with you. The Chair admires your spirit. The Chair admires what you are doing. But you have done enough now. So will you please sit down, stop the noise, take your seats, and listen to a very distinguished American, the Honorable Jesse Helms, Senator from North Carolina. Senator Helms.

SENATOR HELMS. — Mr. Chairman, at this crucial time in our nation's history, when the air is filled with the exhortations of politicians who counsel us to trust them, let me mention only briefly a friend of mine who offers far better advice, advice that has endured the callous aberrations of man for 2,000 years.

My friend's name is Alexander Solzhenitsyn. His advice is that we place our trust in God, and not in politicians, to lift our eyes above selfish and petty personal ambition, and that we dedicate ourselves to total resistance to those at home and abroad who would disturb the very meaning of the miracle of America and who would allow tyranny to march forward under the flag of compromised principle.

I for one am proud that the United States Senate voted unanimously to confer honorary U. S. citizenship upon Alexander Solzhenitsyn. (Applause.)

This was done in recognition of this inspiring man who unhesitatingly put his life on the line to warn all the rest of us about the brutal oppression of Communism.

Now my fellow Republicans, I am ashamed that the Judiciary Committee of the U. S. House of Representatives under Democrat Chairman Peter Rodino has deliberately stalled the proposal to pay America's respects to this great citizen of the world. (Applause.)

When Solzhenitsyn visited me in Washington last year, he said, "Senator, cannot your people perceive the advancing tide of Communism? Can they not somehow be led to act before it is too late?"

Now, ladies and gentlemen, history will remind future generations that welcoming the wisdom of just one Solzhenitsyn would have been far more important to the survival of freedom in the world than a thousand-mile procession of soccer players, monarchs, diplomats, politicians and entertainers who seem unwilling to understand the threat of totalitarianism, let alone try to restrain it. (Applause.)

Now logic tells us, now, this night that we will ignore the warnings of Solzhenitsyn at our own peril and at the peril of generations to come.

I invite you to respond to Solzhenitsyn's question, Solzhenitsyn's challenge. Remember, he asked, "Can the American people not somehow be led to act before it is too late?" And that is the message that Ronald Reagan has been taking to this nation for the past year. (Applause.)

As Ronald Reagan has done, we now must prayerfully and seriously confront specific issues. I ask you, are we really willing to give away the Panama Canal?

DELEGATES. — No.

SENATOR HELMS. — Do Americans want a national defense system that falls short of being number one in the world?

DELEGATES. — No.

SENATOR HELMS. — Are Americans willing to stick their future security on a nuclear arms treaty that doesn't require on-site inspection?

DELEGATES. — No.

SENATOR HELMS. — As a matter of fact, have the Soviets ever kept their word?

DELEGATES. — No.

SENATOR HELMS. — Is America really willing to slam the door on freedom for the captive nations as was done at Helsinki?

DELEGATES. — No.

SENATOR HELMS. — Is America willing to sell her Chinese friends on Taiwan down the river just to curry favoritism with the Communists in Peking?

DELEGATES. — No.

SENATOR HELMS. — How about the decent, hard-working people of this nation, those who daily pray for the restoration of morality and personal responsibility? Will we tonight ignore their yearning for a genuine spiritual rebirth all across this land?

DELEGATES. — No.

SENATOR HELMS. — Are we unwilling to be a political party that has the courage to speak to and for the American people in forthright, precise terms?

DELEGATES. — No.

SENATOR HELMS. — All right. You have given me your answer. Now let the American people have a choice so that they can give their answers to these vital questions. (Applause.)

In this year of political rhetoric and empty promises, emanating from Plains, Georgia, there is one distinguished leader who has stepped forward to talk sense courageously and honestly and forthrightly to the American people.

You know who he is, and I invite you to join me in seconding his nomination, an able, courageous, dedicated American, Ronald Reagan. Thank you very much. (Applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — May we have quiet, please? We have a third speech from a very distinguished lady. She desires to second the nomination of Ronald Reagan for the presidency. She is a delegate from the State of New York, and for the purpose of seconding the nomination of Governor Reagan, I now present Dr. Gloria Toote from the State of New York. Dr. Toote.

DR. GLORIA TOOTE
DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF NEW YORK
SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF
THE HONORABLE RONALD REAGAN FOR PRESIDENT

DR. TOOTE. — Mr. Chairman, delegates, distinguished guests, and all Americans: I came to Kansas City as an uncommitted delegate. I was determined to keep an open mind until I had heard the responses of both our candidates to those issues which impact so severely on America today, critical issues such as poverty and particularly the tragically high percentage of unemployment of the young adult who lacks professional skills.

I also sought to ascertain which candidate would best seek the vote of an uncommitted delegate, for they are undoubtedly most representative tonight of the typical voter who has yet to decide which candidate or which party will win the vote in November.

If the man we nominate tonight is to be successful in November, he must take no vote for granted. (Applause.)

And he must be capable of articulately and with consistency addressing the issues which concern America today. (Applause.)

Governor Reagan sought the vote of the Black delegates and was willing to definitively discuss issues which have an impact upon the poor and minorities of America. (Applause.)

Without the influence and prestige of the White House, he was capable of fashioning a philosophy and a scope of appeal the Republican Party had never known before. (Applause.)

Of all our national political figures, only one, Ronald Reagan, dealt with issues and action rather than rhetoric. (Applause.)

He has persevered with determination to put in practice what he has preached. America is disenchanted with the politics of old. America is impatient with the promise for tomorrow. America is demanding that those who seek the highest office be capable of relating and responding to their need.

Ronald Reagan offers the voters, all voters, a means of translating ideals and individual and collective thoughts into action. (Applause.)

The role of a delegate at this convention is a significant one, for we have the responsibility to nominate a candidate who not only represents the ideology of our party, but who has the ability to effectively use every communication, every tool, to convey that ideology and be elected in November. (Applause.)

We here, now, tonight, in this convention, have the power to raise the flag around which the majority of Americans, regardless of party, truly wish to rally. (Applause.)

We have the man unique in his freedom from political bosses and Congressional cronies. Unique among candidates, because in his time in office he showed us he has the formula and the strength to make government once more the service of the people. (Applause.)

Ronald Reagan represents an opportunity to match public mood and private man. (Applause.)

He represents the public view that is predominant in America today. Only his bandwagon can overtake the Carter lead. Ronald Reagan must wear our banner. For he will provide the leadership of one who can dream and accomplish the impossible and forge solutions with the varied complexities of our nation.

I proudly second the nomination of Ronald Reagan. (Applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Shall we get on with the business of the convention? The Chair is advised the State of Alaska has yielded to the State of Michigan for the purpose of placing a name in nomination for the Presidency of the United States.

The Chair will now recognize for that purpose the honorable Governor of the State of Michigan, The Honorable William Milliken.

THE HONORABLE WILLIAM G. MILLIKEN, DELEGATE AND GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN, NOMINATING THE HONORABLE GERALD R. FORD FOR PRESIDENT

GOVERNOR MILLIKEN. — Mr. Chairman, ladies and gentlemen, I must say if what we have seen here tonight is any indication of the spirit of the Republican Party, we will do very well in November of 1976. (Applause.)

Ladies and gentlemen, two years ago a man from Michigan was called forward by circumstances to lead this nation. I am here tonight to urge that he

now be called forward by this convention to be our nominee to retain the high position he has so effectively held and to lead a resurgent America.

He already has reestablished our leadership, revived our economy and restored our honor. (Applause.)

He brought strength in time of crisis; order in a time of chaos. Faced with one of our nation's greatest challenges, he responded with wisdom, fairness, compassion, courtesy and integrity.

How fitting it is in this bicentennial year that Republicans should have the opportunity to offer to the people a leader who has already done so much to restore faith in the world's oldest constitutional democracy.

That man is President Ford. (Applause.)

He has demonstrated to all of the world that government can be conducted openly, honestly and successfully. He has shown that the historic American principle of government by the consent of the governed is workable in this modern age of incredibly complex problems.

Millions of Americans who are watching us tonight, and those who will be watching our candidate in the weeks ahead know that there are no simple and superficial solutions to these problems. I suspect that they know, or soon will, that solutions will not come from the "maybe I will; maybe I won't" candidate of the other party. (Applause.)

They know it was President Ford who took charge of a paralyzed government and quickly got it moving again. They know it is the President who is fighting the excessive spending of the Congressional majority which has controlled the Federal budget for the last twenty years. They know it is President Ford who is leading this nation to an economic recovery that many believed would take years to accomplish. That inflation and unemployment have been reduced, and that at long last the national recession is ending. (Applause.)

They know that President Ford is committed to advancing the cause of social justice and equality for all Americans. (Applause.)

They know that we are not at war abroad and that we are at peace with ourselves at home.

President Ford has united this country, and as our candidate he will unite this Party. (Applause.)

We have been through a vigorous and, I believe, essentially healthy primary campaign. We have seen that the Republican Party is, as it should be, a party that embraces a wide spectrum of thought. And in this we reflect America.

We can now best serve America by keeping President Ford right where he is. (Applause.)

We want a candidate who can wage an affirmative campaign and win. (Applause.)

The performance of President Ford speaks far more eloquently of the compelling need for this convention to nominate him than any words from me. This nation awaits our decision. Let us answer that we intend to lead from strength. (Applause.)

Let us give Gerald Ford the nomination that will unite the Republican Party and return him to office. Let us help him finish what he has begun. (Applause.)

He first became President without our nomination and without the American mandate. Now he has earned both.

So that we may give him our nomination, so that the nation may give him its mandate, I do now exercise the honor and the privilege of placing in nomination for the Presidency of the United States of America the name of Gerald R. Ford. (Applause.)

(Following this nomination speech, another great demonstration occurred lasting about the same length of time.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Will the delegates please be seated so that we may continue the business of the convention which is to nominate the next President of the United States.

Will our guests in the gallery please be seated so that the delegates may continue the business of the convention.

The Chair has several delegates to recognize for the purpose of seconding the nomination for the Presidency of the United States of Gerald R. Ford. The Chair will proceed to recognize these people as soon as the Chair can obtain order.

These delegates have a message for the convention. They deserve to be heard. Will the delegates please clear the aisle. Take your seats and be quiet so that we may proceed with the business of the convention. The Chair awaits the pleasure of the delegates and our guests in the gallery.

Will the delegates to my right please be seated. Put your signs at your chairs for the time being and allow the convention to proceed with its business, which is to nominate the next President of the United States of America.

I appreciate the delegates who are taking their seats, and I assume that others will follow suit so that we may proceed with the business of the convention.

The Chair will recognize several delegates who desire to speak briefly for the purpose of seconding the nomination of Gerald R. Ford to be President of the United States.

If I may have the attention of the delegate from New York, Richard M. Rosenbaum, it will be my purpose to recognize him first. I will call on the delegates in this order: Richard M. Rosenbaum, Freddy Hershberger, J. Glenn Beall, Jr., Ramona Perez, Ronald A. Sarasin, Bill Frenzel, Edward W. Brooke,

Mills E. Godwin, Ethel D. Allen, William Cellini, Victor Atiyeh, Virgil Brown, Sherry Martschink, Thomas B. Evans, Jr., Masu K. Dyer of Hawaii, Nancy Lake of North Carolina, William L. Stubbs of New Jersey, William Falstad of Kansas and Naida Pithoud of Washington. (These delegates spoke from the floor at their respective state delegation microphones.)

Each of the persons whose names I have called can consume about twenty-five seconds apiece, so please govern yourselves accordingly. The time for speaking is set by the rules of the convention. There is no time for demonstration set by the rules, but let the Chair comment that the time for speaking was not exceeded by those who spoke for Governor Reagan. We assume that this will be followed by those who will speak for Gerald Ford.

The Chair now recognizes the delegate from New York, the State Chairman of that State, Richard M. Rosenbaum.

RICHARD M. ROSENBAUM
DELEGATE AND STATE CHAIRMAN
FROM THE STATE OF NEW YORK
SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF
THE HONORABLE GERALD R. FORD FOR PRESIDENT

RICHARD ROSENBAUM. — Mr. Chairman, Mr. Vice President, fellow delegates, ladies and gentlemen, I am very proud as chairman of the great delegation from the State of New York, the State which will give the President the largest single bloc of votes of any state in the nation, to second the nomination of the man the American people can trust, the man who will win, the President and the next President of the United States, Gerald R. Ford. (Applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes the delegate from Arizona, Freddy Hershberger.

FREDDY HERSHBERGER
DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF ARIZONA
SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF
THE HONORABLE GERALD R. FORD FOR PRESIDENT

FREDDY HERSHBERGER. — Mr. Speaker, fellow delegates, Arizona is a proud state, proud of its fine representatives in the United States Congress, Republican heroes such as Barry Goldwater, Paul Fannin, the Permanent Chairman of this convention and the future Speaker of the House of Representatives, John Rhodes, as well as our other Congressmen, Sam Steiger and John Conlan.

It is with that same pride that I represent all of the many thousands of Arizona Republicans who support our able, courageous and honorable President, Gerald R. Ford. And in their name I am proud to second his nomination as our party's candidate for President of the United States of America.

Thank you.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes the delegate from Maryland, The Honorable J. Glenn Beall, Jr., a member of the United States Senate.

THE HONORABLE J. GLENN BEALL, JR.
DELEGATE AND UNITED STATES SENATOR
FROM THE STATE OF MARYLAND
SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF
THE HONORABLE GERALD R. FORD FOR PRESIDENT

SENATOR BEALL. — Fellow delegates, two years ago the people of America suffered from the cruelest of all taxes. That tax was runaway inflation, a rate of inflation that reached an alarming twelve percent. That devastating tax hit hardest on the poor, the unfortunate and our elderly citizens.

One man had the courage to fight inflation. One man had the strength to bring it under control. In his two years in office, the rate of inflation has been cut in half, and one man deserves the credit for that. That one man is Gerald R. Ford, and I am proud to second his nomination.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes the delegate from Guam, Ramona Teresita Perez.

RAMONA TERESITA PEREZ
DELEGATE FROM GUAM
SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF
THE HONORABLE GERALD R. FORD FOR PRESIDENT

RAMONA PEREZ. — Mr. Chairman, fellow delegates, greetings from Guam, U.S.A., where America's day begins. We, the people of Guam are a microcosm of America's diverse culture and people. America needs a President who has the sensitivity and understanding to represent and lead all her people. I therefore, with the greatest sense of honor and pleasure, second the nomination of such a man, Gerald R. Ford, for the office of the President of the United States of America.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes a distinguished member of the House of Representatives, The Honorable Ronald A. Sarasin of the State of Connecticut.

THE HONORABLE RONALD A. SARASIN
DELEGATE AND A MEMBER OF CONGRESS
FROM THE STATE OF CONNECTICUT
SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF
THE HONORABLE GERALD R. FORD FOR PRESIDENT

CONGRESSMAN SARASIN. — Mr. Chairman — and I prefer to call you Mr. Speaker, because you shall be — from the State of Connecticut, with thirty-five

solid votes for President Ford, I rise to endorse his nomination as a man of singular competence and ability, a man who distinguished himself as a student of the law at Connecticut's Yale University and further distinguished himself as an author and administrator of the law in as many years of public service as a Member of Congress, as Minority Leader, as Vice President and as President. I heartily and proudly endorse our President, Gerald R. Ford.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes another distinguished member of the House of Representatives, The Honorable Bill Frenzel of the State of Minnesota.

THE HONORABLE BILL FRENZEL
DELEGATE AND A MEMBER OF CONGRESS
FROM THE STATE OF MINNESOTA
SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF
THE HONORABLE GERALD R. FORD FOR PRESIDENT

CONGRESSMAN FRENZEL. — Mr. Chairman, and soon-to-be Mr. Speaker, it was my honor to serve with President Ford during his distinguished service as the Republican Leader in the House of Representatives. I watched him and I worked with him on a close personal basis. I saw firsthand his skills as a conciliator and a mediator. Those skills served our party well in the Congress. And in the past two years they have served the country well, too, bringing us together, uniting us out of a terrible period of disunity.

The gratitude of the American people for that leadership will bring an election victory to the man I now proudly second in the name of my state, President Gerald R. Ford. (Applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes the distinguished Senator from the State of Massachusetts, Edward W. Brooke.

THE HONORABLE EDWARD W. BROOKE
DELEGATE AND UNITED STATES SENATOR
FROM THE STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS
SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF
THE HONORABLE GERALD R. FORD FOR PRESIDENT

SENATOR BROOKE. — Mr. Chairman, my fellow delegates, a man of unquestionable integrity, a head and a heart, abiding faith in this great nation, and a deep commitment and sensitivity to the needs, hopes and aspirations of all Americans, I am proud to second the nomination of Gerald R. Ford for President of the United States.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes the great Governor of the Commonwealth of Virginia, Mills E. Godwin, Jr.

THE HONORABLE MILLS E. GODWIN, JR. DELEGATE AND GOVERNOR OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF THE HONORABLE GERALD R. FORD FOR PRESIDENT

GOVERNOR GODWIN. — Mr. Chairman, ladies and gentlemen of the convention, as Governor of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and as a successor to Thomas Jefferson and Patrick Henry in that great office, I rise to second the nomination of President Ford.

Two years ago in a dark and troubled hour in this nation's history, he became the President of all of the people in this land. His stewardship in this office has brought stability and confidence, economic recovery and a time when peace prevails and no American fights an enemy anywhere on the face of the earth. (Applause.)

He is a living symbol for all mankind to see how our constitutional system functions after 200 years of self government.

He has richly earned the right to be chosen by the people of this great land as their leader for the next four years and thus become, as American Presidents always become, the great hope for free people around the world, and I second the nomination of President Ford.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes the delegate from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Ethel D. Allen.

DR. ETHEL D. ALLEN, DELEGATE FROM THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF THE HONORABLE GERALD R. FORD FOR PRESIDENT

DR. ALLEN. — Mr. Chairman, my fellow delegates, twenty-five seconds will not do justice to the most human and caring President this country has known. The nation shall heed my message. These are times that require a President who seeks the help and asks the advice of all this nation's people and then acts upon it.

Such a man is President Gerald Ford.

Based on my personal knowledge of his concern and respect for each and every American, I am proud to second the nomination of Gerald R. Ford, the next President of the United States.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes the distinguished delegate from the State of Oregon, the Honorable Victor Atiyeh.

VICTOR ATIYEH
DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF OREGON
SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF
THE HONORABLE GERALD R. FORD FOR PRESIDENT

VICTOR ATIYEH. — On July 4, 1976 we began the first year of our third century. In the first year of our first century courageous leaders with an exciting commitment blessed this nation. That courage and commitment is here tonight. Oregon wants a democracy for our children's children in the year 2076. Oregon and the nation wants and needs Gerald Ford to be our Presidential leader into a certain future. I am honored, as is Oregon, to second the nomination of Gerald R. Ford.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes William Cellini of Illinois.

WILLIAM CELLINI
DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF ILLINOIS
SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF
THE HONORABLE GERALD R. FORD FOR PRESIDENT

WILLIAM CELLINI. — Mr. Chairman, as a delegate from Illinois, where the President received his earliest and strongest support, I am proud to stand here.

Threats to the peace of America, like those which happened in Korea today, are an ever-present reminder that we need a strong, and we need a steady hand in the White House.

Our country is not at war, and I am convinced that this President can and will keep peace, and that is reason enough for me to second the nomination of Gerald R. Ford for President of the United States.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes the delegate from the State of Ohio, Virgil E. Brown.

VIRGIL E. BROWN
DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF OHIO
SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF
THE HONORABLE GERALD R. FORD FOR PRESIDENT

VIRGIL BROWN. — Mr. Chairman, my fellow delegates, on behalf of the great State of Ohio, I am proud to second the nomination of President Gerald R. Ford, because he best exemplifies the principles and leadership that I can follow. He is a man of compassion, dedication, integrity and strength. He has earned and deserves the support of this convention and the people across our great land. I urge you to join me in support of Gerald R. Ford for President. (Applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes the delegate from the State of South Carolina, Sherry Shealy Martschink.

SHERRY SHEALY MARTSCHINK
DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF
THE HONORABLE GERALD R. FORD FOR PRESIDENT

SHERRY MARTSCHINK. — Mr. Chairman, I am very proud that we have a man who is not really afraid to say "no" to the high cost of government. He is not afraid to say "no" to the high cost of government, and for that reason, I am very proud and enthusiastically say a big second to the President of the United States, Gerald Ford. (Applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes a future member of the House of Representatives of the United States, the Honorable Thomas B. Evans, Jr., of Delaware.

THE HONORABLE THOMAS B. EVANS, JR.
DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF DELAWARE
SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF
THE HONORABLE GERALD R. FORD FOR PRESIDENT

THOMAS EVANS. — Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

In a year in which the American voter is being asked only to trust rather than think, to repeal the laws of economics and return to the discredited policies of the past, America is fortunate indeed to have in its President the calm, yet superbly strong, leadership of Gerald Ford.

Leadership is what the presidency is all about, and one does not become a leader merely by proclaiming the fact. Leadership is earned through the display of the qualities that comprise it — strength of character, judgment under pressure and the courage to stand fast when it is easier to stand loose.

The United States is fortunate to have such a leader today, and the United States and this world need President Ford for the future.

Thank you. (Applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes the delegate from Hawaii, Masu K. Dyer.

MASU K. DYER
DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF HAWAII
SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF
THE HONORABLE GERALD R. FORD FOR PRESIDENT

MASU DYER. — Mr. Chairman, the President has many times repeated a lesson he learned long ago in a Bible story. The beauty of Joseph's coat is its many colors. He believes that about the American people, too.

It is my great privilege and honor on behalf of the people of Hawaii to second the nomination of President Gerald R. Ford.

Aloha.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes the delegate from North Carolina, Nancy Lake.

NANCY LAKE
DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF
THE HONORABLE GERALD R. FORD FOR PRESIDENT

NANCY LAKE. — Mr. Chairman, my fellow delegates, as an American housewife and concerned mother, I watched Gerald Ford take the oath of office in August of 1974. It was my fervent prayer that he would have the strength to restore honor and trust in the White House for my family, for my children and yours.

He has done just that, and the people of this country will show their appreciation when the President is elected in November.

I gratefully and proudly second the nomination of Gerald Ford for President of the United States. (Applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recongizes the delegate from New Jersey, William L. Stubbs.

WILLIAM L. STUBBS
DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY
SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF
THE HONORABLE GERALD R. FORD FOR PRESIDENT

WILLIAM STUBBS. — Mr. Chairman, as a former CIO labor representative, Chairman of the New Jersey Black Republican Council, it is a distinct pleasure and privilege for me to second the nomination of a man who in two short years has harnessed the so-called runaway economy, has brought more employment to the largest number of Americans in the history of this country.

It is my distinct pleasure at this time to second the nomination of the Honorable Gerald R. Ford. (Applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes the delegate from the Sunflower State of Kansas, William Falstad.

WILLIAM FALSTAD
DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF KANSAS
SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF
THE HONORABLE GERALD R. FORD FOR PRESIDENT

WILLIAM FALSTAD. — Mr. Chairman, I am proud to second the nomination of a great man of courage who leads this nation wisely and well. Such courage is in short supply, and when we find it, we must not turn away from it.

This party will not turn away. We will endorse the candidacy of the courageous man who has done so much for our country.

I proudly second the nomination of President Gerald Ford. (Applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair recognizes for the last seconding speech the delegate from the State of Washington, Naida Pithoud.

NAIDA PITHOUD
DELEGATE FROM THE STATE OF WASHINGTON
SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF
THE HONORABLE GERALD R. FORD FOR PRESIDENT

NAIDA PITHOUD. — Mr. Chairman, I have seen several presidents come and go. I like the one we have now. He knows we need a sound Social Security system, help with big medical bills. We need an economy without inflation, the worst enemy of people of fixed incomes.

I am more than delighted to second the nomination of Gerald R. Ford for another term for President of the United States. (Applause.)

ROLL CALL OF STATES FOR SELECTION OF
A NOMINEE FOR PRESIDENT

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — My fellow delegates, the time has now come for us to call the roll of the states so that we may perform the duty for which we mainly came to this place. Two candidates have been placed in nomination and qualify under the rules of this convention for your consideration as a candidate for the presidency of the United States. They are Ronald Reagan from the State of California and Gerald R. Ford of the State of Michigan.

The Secretary of the Convention will now call the roll of states.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. (Mary Crisp of Arizona) — Alabama, 37 votes.

GUY HUNT of Alabama. — Madam Secretary, Alabama, because it wants to win in November by a mandate of its people, and in support of the free enterprise system, casts all 37 of its votes for Governor Ronald Reagan.

CHIEF READING CLERK (Joe Bartlett). — Alabama, 37 votes for Ronald Reagan.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Alaska, 19 votes.

JOHN B. COGHILL of Alaska. — Madam Secretary, the great State of Alaska, the great land of the last frontier of our union, with a Republican Governor and two-thirds of its congressional delegation as Republicans, needs a Republican in the White House and proudly casts 17 votes for Ford and 2 for Reagan.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Alaska, 2 votes for Reagan, 17 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Arizona, 29 votes.

NONAVIE DYEY (a delegate from Arizona). — Madam Secretary, Arizona, the solar energy state, proudly casts 2 votes for President Ford and enthusiastically and proudly casts 27 votes for the next President of the United States, Ronald Reagan.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Arizona, 27 votes for Reagan, 2 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Arkansas, 27 votes.

JUDY C. PETTY of Arkansas. — Madam Secretary, the great State of Arkansas, reflecting the good judgment of the voters in our primary, casts 10 votes for President Ford and proudly casts 17 votes for Ronald Reagan.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Arkansas, 17 votes for Reagan, 10 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — California, 167 votes.

ROBERT D. NESEN of California. — Madam Secretary, for the next President of the United States, for California's greatest Governor, we cast the largest number of votes at this convention, all 167 for Governor Ronald Reagan.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — California, 167 votes for Reagan.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Colorado, 31 votes.

MICHAEL SOUTH of Colorado. — Mr. Chairman, Colorado, the state that inspired the writing of "America the Beautiful," hopes to inspire this convention by casting 26 votes for Ronald Reagan and 5 votes for Gerald Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Colorado, 26 votes for Reagan, 5 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Connecticut, 35 votes.

FREDERICK K. BIEBEL of Connecticut. — Madam Secretary, Connecticut, the great State of Connecticut, proudly casts a solid 35 votes for the President of the United States, Gerald R. Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Connecticut, 35 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Delaware, 17 votes.

HERMAN C. BROWN of Delaware. — Madam Secretary, Delaware, the home of Senator Bill Roth, Congressman Pete duPont and Tommy Evans, whom you just heard, casts 2 votes for Ronald Reagan, and with a great deal of pride, 15 votes for President Gerald R. Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Delaware, 2 votes for Reagan, 15 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — The District of Columbia, 14 votes.

HENRY A. BERLINER, JR. of the District of Columbia. — Madam Secretary, last night on this floor the Commonwealth of Kentucky proclaimed itself

the home of fast race horses, beautiful women and fine bourbon. The District of Columbia, home of fast women, their Democratic bosses and, thank God, Republican Presidents, casts 14 votes for President Gerald Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — District of Columbia, 14 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Florida, 66 votes.

BILL TAYLOR of Florida. — Mr. Chairman, the Sunshine State, the one Southern State that carried for the President in the primaries, the one that put the vote over last night — we are very happy, Mr. Chairman, Florida casts 23 votes for a great American Governor, Ronald Reagan, and 43 votes for the next President of the United States, Gerald R. Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Florida, 23 votes for Reagan, 43 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Georgia, 48 votes.

SAM TATE of Georgia. — Madam Chairman, the State of Georgia proudly casts all of its 48 votes for Ronald Reagan.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Georgia, 48 votes for Reagan.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Guam, 4 votes.

PAUL M. CALVO of Guam. — Madam Chairman, America's window in the Far East and the last line of defense of the United States in the Far East, casts all 4 solid votes for the President and the next President of the United States, Gerald Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Guam, 4 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Hawaii, 19 votes.

SENATOR HIRAM L. FONG of Hawaii. — Madam Chairman, the great State of Hawaii, the 50th State of the Union, paradise of the Pacific, casts 1 vote for Governor Reagan and 18 votes for President Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Hawaii, 1 vote for Reagan, 18 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Idaho, 21 votes.

WAYNE L. KIDWELL of Idaho. — Madam Secretary, Idaho, the gem State, which gave the largest majority in terms of percentages in the nation to Governor Ronald Reagan, proudly stands before this convention and casts 17 votes for Governor Reagan and 4 for President Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Idaho, 17 votes for Reagan, 4 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Illinois, 101 votes.

RICHARD B. OGILVIE of Illinois. — Illinois, the Bellwether State of the nation, supporting every winning President since 1920, casts its 101 votes as follows: 1 abstention; for Governor Ronald Reagan, 14; for President Ford, 86.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Illinois, 14 votes for Reagan, 86 votes for Ford, 1 not voting.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Indiana, 54 votes.

THOMAS S. MILLIGAN of Indiana. — Madam Secretary, the Indiana report will be given by 7th District Chairman Robert Poor.

ROBERT POOR (a delegate from Indiana). — Madam Chairman, the great Hoosier State of Indiana, the home of the Indianapolis Motor Speedway and the future home for the retirement this year of Senator Vance Hartke, casts 9 votes for Mr. Ford and 45 votes for Mr. Reagan.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Indiana, 45 votes for Reagan, 9 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Iowa, 36 votes.

GOVERNOR ROBERT D. RAY of Iowa. — Madam Secretary, Iowa casts 17 votes for Governor Reagan, 19 votes for President Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Iowa, 17 votes for Reagan, 19 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Kansas, 34 votes.

GOVERNOR ROBERT F. BENNETT of Kansas. — Madam Secretary, the sovereign State of Kansas, the most Republican State in the Union, is proud to cast 4 votes for a great Republican campaigner, Governor Reagan, and 30 votes for a great Republican President, President Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Kansas, 4 votes for Reagan, 30 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Kentucky, 37 votes.

LOUIE B. NUNN of Kentucky. — Madam Secretary, in accordance with the law of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and the "Justice" Rule, as adopted by this convention, Kentucky casts 19 votes for President Ford, 18 votes for Governor Reagan.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Kentucky, 18 votes for Reagan, 19 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Louisiana, 41 votes.

JOHN H. CADE, JR. of Louisiana. — Mr. Chairman, Louisiana's report will be given by Frank Spooner, candidate for Congress in the 5th District.

FRANK SPOONER (a delegate from Louisiana). — Mr. Chairman, would you please leave the microphone open. Delegate William A. Nungesser would like to poll the delegation.

Mr. Chairman, Louisiana proudly casts 36 votes for Governor Ronald Reagan and 5 votes for President Ford.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — If the Chair may have the attention of the Chairman of the Louisiana delegation, did the Chair hear correctly that a delegate desires the delegation to be polled?

JOHN H. CADE, JR. — Yes, sir.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Will the delegate identify himself.

JOHN H. CADE, JR. — Mr. Chairman, the delegate has withdrawn his request that the delegation be polled.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Louisiana, 36 votes for Reagan, 5 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Maine, 20 votes.

JOHN R. LINNELL of Maine. — Madam Secretary, the great and beautiful State of Maine casts 15 "as Maine goes —" votes for President Gerald R. Ford and 5 votes for a great Republican, Governor Ronald Reagan.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Maine, 5 votes for Reagan, 15 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Maryland, 43 votes.

SENATOR J. GLENN BEALL, JR. of Maryland. — Madam Secretary, according to state law and according to the wishes of the people of the state, as expressed in the preferential primary, Maryland, the land of pleasant living, casts 43 votes for President Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Maryland, 43 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Massachusetts, 43 votes.

SENATOR EDWARD W. BROOKE of Massachusetts. — Madam Secretary, the Commonwealth of Massachusetts casts 15 votes for Governor Reagan and 28 votes for President Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Massachusetts, 15 votes for Reagan, 28 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Michigan, 84 votes.

GOVERNOR WILLIAM G. MILLIKEN of Michigan. — Madam Chairman, Michigan casts 29 votes for Governor Reagan, 55 votes for the President of the United States, Gerald R. Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Michigan, 29 votes for Reagan, 55 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Minnesota, 42 votes.

CONGRESSMAN ANCHER NELSEN of Minnesota. — Madam Secretary, Minnesota casts 10 votes for Reagan, and Minnesota casts for our great President Gerald R. Ford, 32 votes.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Minnnesota, 10 votes for Reagan, 32 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Mississippi, 30 votes.

DR. ROLAND BYRD (a delegate from Mississippi). — Mississippi casts 14 votes for Reagan, 16 votes for Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Would the chairman of the delegation please repeat that vote for Mississippi.

DR. ROLAND BYRD. — Mississippi casts 16 votes for Ford, 14 votes for Reagan.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Mississippi, 14 votes for Reagan, 16 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Missouri, 49 votes.

THOMAS B. CURTIS of Missouri. — Madam Chairman, Missouri casts 31 votes for Reagan and 18 votes for Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Missouri, 31 votes for Reagan, 18 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Montana, 20 votes.

STAN STEPHENS of Montana. — Madam Secretary, the Treasury State of Montana, land of the shining mountains, last of the big-time splendors, morally committed and honor-bound, with pride and sincerity, proudly casts all 20 votes for Governor Ronald Reagan.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Montana, 20 votes for Reagan.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Nebraska, 25 votes.

MILAN D. BISH of Nebraska. — Madam Chairman, the great State of Nebraska, who provides food for millions and will provide the number one football team next year, casts 18 votes for Reagan, 7 for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Would the chairman from Nebraska please repeat the vote.

MILAN D. BISH. — 18 votes for Reagan, 7 fford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Nebraska, 18 votes for Reagan, 7 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Nevada, 18 votes.

SENATOR PAUL LAXALT of Nevada. — Madam Secretary, Nevada casts 13 votes for Governor Reagan, 5 votes for President Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Nevada, 13 votes for Reagan, 5 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — New Hampshire, 21 votes.

CONGRESSMAN JAMES C. CLEVELAND of New Hampshire. — Madam Secretary, New Hampshire, the Granite State, where it all began and where New Hampshire voters showed remarkable powers of prediction, proudly casts 18 votes for President Ford and 3 votes for Governor Reagan.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — New Hampshire, 3 votes for Reagan, 18 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — New Jersey, 67 votes.

SENATOR CLIFFORD P. CASE of New Jersey. — Madam Chairman, New Jersey proudly casts 63 votes for President Ford, 4 for Governor Reagan.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — New Jersey, 4 votes for Reagan, 63 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — New Mexico, 21 votes.

JAMES P. MORRIS of New Mexico. — Madam Secretary, the Land of Enchantment, the State of New Mexico, proudly and morally casts their 21 votes for Governor Ronald Reagan.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — New Mexico, 21 votes for Reagan.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — New York, 154 votes.

RICHARD M. ROSENBAUM of New York. — Madam Secretary, the State of New York, the great Empire State, the State that casts the largest bloc of votes at this convention for the President of the United States, casts 1 vote for a fine public servant, Elliot Richardson, 20 votes for an outstanding American, Ronald Reagan, and 133 votes for the greatest President and the next President of the United States, Gerald R. Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — New York, 20 votes for Reagan, 133 votes for Ford, 1 vote for Elliot L. Richardson.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — North Carolina, 54 votes.

TOM ELLIS of North Carolina. — Madam Chairman, my voice is a little difficult to hear tonight because last night your Chairman, Mr. Rhodes, turned off my microphone. He did this knowing that eight states had called for a roll call vote, which is required under Rule 15, on the minority report. This is not justice. This is tyranny. This is what turns people off on politics and politicians.

North Carolina, the State that gave Ronald Reagan his first primary victory, and with 51 delegates on the floor favoring his nomination, is required by State law on the first ballot to cast 29 votes for Ronald Reagan, 25 votes for Gerald Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — North Carolina, 29 votes for Reagan, 25 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — North Dakota, 18 votes.

ALLAN C. YOUNG of North Dakota. — Madam Secretary, the Peace Garden State, North Dakota, 7 votes for Governor Reagan, 11 votes for the President of the United States, Gerald Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — North Dakota, 7 votes for Reagan, 11 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Ohio, 97 votes.

KENT B. MCGOUGH of Ohio. — Madam Secretary, the State of Ohio proudly casts 6 votes for Ronald Reagan and 91 votes for the next President of the United States, Gerald Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Ohio, 6 votes for Reagan, 91 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Oklahoma, 36 votes.

SKIP HEALEY of Oklahoma. — Madam Chairman, Oklahoma, who is number one in agriculture and number one in energy — and Nebraska knows we are number one in football — with great pride casts all 36 votes for Ronald Reagan.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Oklahoma, 36 votes for Reagan.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Oregon, 30 votes.

SENATOR MARK O. HATFIELD of Oregon. — Madam Secretary, Oregon casts 16 votes for President Ford, 14 votes for Governor Reagan.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Oregon, 14 votes for Reagan, 16 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Pennsylvania, 103 votes.

SENATOR HUGH SCOTT of Pennsylvania. — Madam Chairman, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, home of the Phillies and the Pirates, casts 10 votes for Governor Reagan and 93 votes for Gerald Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Pennsylvania, 10 votes for Reagan, 93 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Puerto Rico, 8 votes.

LUIS A. FERRÉ of Puerto Rico. — Puerto Rico, the cultural bridge of understanding and good will between North and South America, casts 8 votes for President Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Puerto Rico, 8 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Rhode Island, 19 votes.

MAYOR VINCENT A. CIANCI, JR. of Rhode Island. — Madam Chairman, the great State of Rhode Island proudly casts all 19 votes for a great American and a great President, Gerald R. Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Rhode Island, 19 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — South Carolina, 36 votes.

GOVERNOR JAMES B. EDWARDS of South Carolina. — Madam Chairman, I would like to allow one of our great Congressmen in America and the greatest in the State of South Carolina, Congressman Floyd Spence of the 2nd District, to announce our vote.

CONGRESSMAN FLOYD D. SPENCE (a delegate from South Carolina). — Madam Secretary, the grand and sovereign State of South Carolina casts 27 votes for a great American and the next President of the United States, Governor Ronald Reagan, and 9 votes for President Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — South Carolina, 27 votes for Reagan, 9 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — South Dakota, 20 votes.

GEORGEANNE SORENSON of South Dakota. — South Dakota, a land of grass roots believes in the preservation of the land of opportunity and joins the majority of Americans who voted in favor of Ronald Reagan. Madam Secretary, South Dakota yields to the Chair to cast South Dakota's vote, in accordance to Rule 14(a).

CHIEF READING CLERK. — In accordance with Rule 18, the Chairman has directed that for South Dakota, 11 votes be cast for Reagan, 9 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Tennessee, 43 votes.

CONGRESSMAN JAMES H. QUILLEN of Tennessee. — Madam Secretary, the beautiful Volunteer State of Tennessee casts 21 votes for the next President of the United States, President Ford, and 22 votes for Governor Reagan.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Tennessee, 22 votes for Reagan, 21 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Texas, 100 votes.

RAY BARNHART of Texas. — Madam Secretary, the delegates from the humble State of Texas, a State that saw an increase of over 300,000 voters in our Republican primary directly as a result of the Ronald Reagan candidacy, and in keeping with our heritage, would like to cast 200 votes for Ronald Reagan but will settle with 100.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Texas, 100 votes for Reagan.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Utah, 20 votes.

RICHARD RICHARDS of Utah. — Madam Secretary, Utah passes on the commercial for fear you will all want to move there, and proudly casts 20 votes for the great American of our generation, the former Governor of California, Ronald Reagan.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Utah, 20 votes for Reagan.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Vermont, 18 votes.

WALTER L. KENNEDY of Vermont. — Madam Chairman, the Green Mountain State of Vermont, which celebrates its bicentennial year in 1977, proudly casts all of its 18 votes for President Gerald R. Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Vermont, 18 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Virginia, 51 votes.

GOVERNOR MILLS E. GODWIN, JR. of Virginia. — Virginia, the Old Dominion State, casts 35 votes for Reagan, 16 votes for President Ford.

HERBERT N. MORGAN (a delegate from Virginia). — Madam Secretary. My name is Herbert N. Morgan. I am a delegate from the 10th District of Virginia. I respectfully request that the delegation be polled.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The delegate from Virginia, Herbert N. Morgan, demands that the Virginia delegation be polled. The Secretary will poll the delegation.

Thereupon the Chief Reading Clerk, Joe Bartlett, called the name of each delegate from Virginia, with the following result:

VIRGINIA

Delegate		
At Large	*Ford*	*Reagan*
Mills E. Godwin, Jr.	1	
John Dalton	1	
George H. McMath		1
William L. Scott		1
William H. Stanhagen		1
Virginia Lampe	1	
Jade C. West		1
David Robertson		1
Harold Williams		1
Peggy Abel		1
Dorothy Meldrum		1
Calvin Smith	1	
Ray W. Edwards	1	
Raymond R. Robrecht		1
Bonnie L. Paul		1
John D. Marsh		1
William Ward Teel		1
Nathan Miller	1	
Vance Wilkins		1
Marie Quinn		1
Boyd Marcus		1
District		
1. Carl P. Croasdale		1
Herman King		1
B. H. Elliott, Jr.		1
2. A. Joseph Canada, Jr.		1
Robert G. Doumar	1	
Paul D. Johnson	1	
3. George Wilson Jones		1
Richard Dudley Obenshain		1
Earl Edgar Patterson		1
4. Willard O. Forbes	1	
James A. Roy		1
Sterling Rives, Jr.		1

District	*Ford*	*Reagan*
5. Gail Bengston		1
James M. Helms, Jr.		1
Judy Peachee		1
6. Ray L. Garland	1	
Lois Kindt	1	
Flo Traywick	1	
7. Alfred B. Cramer III		1
Grant Rush		1
Gordon Lawhorn		1
8. Stanford E. Parris	1	
Wiley F. Mitchell, Jr.	1	
Jelks H. Cabaniss, Jr.		1
Districts		
9. Eliza Sprinkle		1
James E. Crockett	1	
Teddy Bailey	1	
10. Naomi D. Zeavin		1
Herbert N. Morgan		1
Cassandra Riley		1
	16	35

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Virgin Islands, 4 votes.

MELVIN H. EVANS of the Virgin Islands. — The Virgin Islands, the land of the trade winds, sunshine and friendly people, is proud to cast its 4 votes for — and bring him unofficially within 22 votes of victory — President Gerald R. Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Virgin Islands casts 4 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Washington, 38 votes.

WARREN MCPHERSON of Washington. — Madam Secretary, the Evergreen State of Washington, from its Pacific shores to its great inland empire, proudly casts 31 votes for Governor Reagan, 7 votes for President Ford.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Washington, 31 votes for Reagan, 7 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — West Virginia, 28 votes.

GOVERNOR ARCH A. MOORE, JR. of West Virginia. — Madam Chairman, the State of West Virginia, fully mindful of the tremendous tenseness that has gripped this convention at this point, with an even greater appreciation for the mutual respect that all of us have for one another, proudly presents its vote on behalf of our party's candidate for the presidency, 20 votes for Gerald R. Ford and 8 votes for Governor Reagan.

(With this vote the nomination of President Gerald R. Ford was assured and there was great tumult in the convention hall from the floor and the galleries — applause, cheers, waving of signs and general chaos.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair would remind the delegates we have a few things left to do in this convention before we go out and whip the daylights out of the Democrats. Let's go ahead and do it and then we can. (The Permanent Chairman paused here awaiting the attention of the delegates, alternates and guests.)

The Secretary will continue the call of the roll of the states.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — West Virginia, 8 votes for Reagan, 20 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Wisconsin, 45 votes.

WARREN P. KNOWLES of Wisconsin. — Madam Secretary, the great State of Wisconsin proudly casts its 45 votes for Gerald R. Ford, the next president of the United States.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Wisconsin, 45 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Wyoming, 17 votes.

SENATOR CLIFFORD P. HANSEN of Wyoming. — Madam Secretary, the great State of Wyoming, the Equality State, casts 10 votes for Governor Reagan, a great American, 7 votes for the next President of the United States, Gerald R. Ford, and wishes to express its great appreciation to Governor Reagan for the tremendous service he has provided our Republic. And I would like further to say that there will be a big majority of Wyoming people now willing to commit themselves to support Governor Reagan for the Vice Presidency of the United States.

CHIEF READING CLERK. — Wyoming, 10 votes for Reagan, 7 votes for Ford.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Mr. Chairman, this concludes the calling of the roll.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — I thank the Secretary.

Are there any States desiring to change the vote as recorded?

For what purpose does the delegate seek recognition? Would the delegate identify himself and address the Chair.

Are there any other delegations seeking recognition?

The Chair recognizes the chairman of the delegation of South Carolina.

GOVERNOR EDWARDS of South Carolina. — Mr. Chairman, Governor James Edwards, State of South Carolina, moves that we make Gerald R. Ford our nominee by acclamation and unanimous consent.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair will state that under the rules of the convention the motion is not in order. It will be put later under the rules of the convention.

Are there any other states desiring to change the vote count?

The Chair is prepared to announce the vote. The vote is for Gerald R. Ford 1,187 votes, for Ronald Reagan 1,070 votes. There is one vote for Elliot Richardson and one abstention. The Chair declares that the nominee of this convention for the Presidency of the United States is Gerald R. Ford. (Great cheers and applause.)

Under Rule 17 of the convention, there is one more item of business remaining tonight. It states when it appears at the close of the roll call that any candidate for the nomination for President or Vice President has received the majority of the votes entitled to be cast in the convention, the chairman of the convention shall announce the question to be, "Shall the nomination of the candidate be made unanimous?"

All in favor say aye. (Chorus of ayes.)

Opposed, no. (Chorus of noes.)

In the opinion of the Chair, the ayes have it and the nomination is made unanimous.

FINAL TABULATION OF FIRST BALLOT FOR PRESIDENT

State	Votes	Ford	Reagan	Richardson	Abstention
Alabama	37		37		
Alaska	19	17	2		
Arizona	29	2	27		
Arkansas	27	10	17		
California	167		167		
Colorado	31	5	26		
Connecticut	35	35			
Delaware	17	15	2		
District of Columbia	14	14			
Florida	66	43	23		
Georgia	48		48		
Guam	4	4			
Hawaii	19	18	1		
Idaho	21	4	17		
Illinois	101	86	14		1
Indiana	54	9	45		

State	Votes	Ford	Reagan	Richardson	Abstention
Iowa	36	19	17		
Kansas	34	30	4		
Kentucky	37	19	18		
Louisiana	41	5	36		
Maine	20	15	5		
Maryland	43	43			
Massachusetts	43	28	15		
Michigan	84	55	29		
Minnesota	42	32	10		
Mississippi	30	16	14		
Missouri	49	18	31		
Montana	20		20		
Nebraska	25	7	18		
Nevada	18	5	13		
New Hampshire	21	18	3		
New Jersey	67	63	4		
New Mexico	21		21		
New York	154	133	20	1	
North Carolina	54	25	29		
North Dakota	18	11	7		
Ohio	97	91	6		
Oklahoma	36		36		
Oregon	30	16	14		
Pennsylvania	103	93	10		
Puerto Rico	8	8			
Rhode Island	19	19			
South Carolina	36	9	27		
South Dakota	20	9	11		
Tennessee	43	21	22		
Texas	100		100		
Utah	20		20		
Vermont	18	18			
Virginia	51	16	35		
Virgin Islands	4	4			
Washington	38	7	31		
West Virginia	28	20	8		
Wisconsin	45	45			
Wyoming	17	7	10		
	2,259	1,187	1,070	1	1

Ladies and gentlemen, I want to thank you personally for your cooperation tonight. This has been an emotional night. It has been a night which has meant

a lot to this party. It is the beginning of the resurgence of a Republican Party, which will be a majority in this country. And you have helped it happen tonight.

So thank you for your forbearance and for being the kind of great people I know you to be.

And now I would like to call upon John E. Erickson, President of the Fellowship of Christian Athletes, to give the benediction.

BENEDICTION
By
JOHN E. ERICKSON
President, Fellowship of Christian Athletes

Let our bodies and minds be quiet and at rest as we speak with God. Please join me in prayer.

Almighty and everlasting God, hear our prayers this evening as we close this time together, ever mindful of Your presence, Your power and Your word.

Grant to Your servant Gerald Ford, chosen by this convention, a special calling which will enable him to bear witness to Your presence, Your dominion and Your love. Give to him Thy spirit of wisdom, of understanding, of knowledge, and, most of all, the fear of Thee.

And now let us go out from this place with the love of God, the truth of His Son and the power of His spirit, helping the suffering, honoring all men, and, most of all, loving and serving the Lord.

And everyone says, "Amen."

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes the delegate from Hawaii, Edward Brennan.

EDWARD BRENNAN of Hawaii. — Mr. Chairman, I move that this convention adjourn until Thursday, August the 19th, 1976, at 6:30 p.m. Central Daylight Time.

Aloha.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — You have heard the motion that we adjourn until 6:30 p.m. Central Daylight Time. All in favor, signify by saying aye. (Chorus of ayes.) Opposed, no. (No response.)

The ayes have it, and aloha to you, sir.

The ayes have it and the convention stands adjourned until tomorrow.

(Whereupon, at 12:45 a.m., the Republican National Convention was recessed, to reconvene at 6:30 p.m. on Thursday, August 19, 1976.)

FIFTH SESSION

THURSDAY, AUGUST 19, 1976

The final session of the Convention started at 6:30 p.m. As the Delegates, Alternates and guests were assembling, they were entertained by the Bicentennial Convention Orchestra and the Heart of America Barber Shop Choir of Kansas City, Missouri, with Lee Bowman acting as Master of Ceremonies.

CALL TO ORDER

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — This final session of the 1976 Republican National Convention is called to order.

PRESENTATION OF THE COLORS

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Colors will be presented by the Air Force Junior ROTC Squadron of Ruskin High School, Kansas City, Missouri.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Pledge of Allegiance will be led by a man who addressed this convention on Tuesday. He is a veteran of the Vietnamese War, a prisoner of war for several years, decorated for courage and valor, Colonel Raymond Schrump, a delegate from the State of North Carolina.

COLONEL SCHRUMP. — Ladies and gentlemen, as a result of my address the other night I have received a flood of telegrams. I would like to be able to read them all, but there was one that touched me so deeply, I am going to read it tonight.

"Sergeant Timothy Bodin, Illinois, missing 3,360 days in Vietnam, and his family thanks you.

"Only Hanoi knows where I am, dead or alive. My country, America, sent me to Vietnam. Don't let them forget me now.

"I plead a strong commitment now from the President to locate me and all prisoners of war in absence.

"Sergeant Timothy Bodin, missing in action, Laos, January 9, 1967, by Mrs. Dorothy Bodin, Downers Grove, Illinois."

I ask that we make this Pledge of Allegiance in honor of all Americans who, through their personal sacrifices, have made it possible for Old Glory to fly over the home of the brave and the land of the free.

(Whereupon Colonel Schrump led the Delegates, Alternates and guests in the Pledge of Allegiance to the flag.)

THE NATIONAL ANTHEM

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The National Anthem will be sung by that popular entertainer, a delegate from the State of California, Pat Boone. He will be accompanied by Manny Harmon and the Bicentennial Convention Orchestra.

MR. BOONE. — Fellow delegates, Republicans, brothers and sisters, I imagine we are all a little hoarse from yelling for our candidates last night. I am.

But tonight we all have the same candidates, the same party, the same nation, the same anthem. So let's all sing it together with the same kind of enthusiasm we had last night. O.K.? Manny.

(The National Anthem was sung by Pat Boone and the assembled audience.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The invocation will be given by Pastor Cloy Miene of the First Lutheran Church of Mission Hills, Kansas.

INVOCATION
By
PASTOR CLOY MIENE
First Lutheran Church of Mission Hills, Kansas

Let us bow before the Almighty in prayer.

Almighty God, we are deeply conscious as we pause before You this night that You do hold the whole world in Your hands and that You do care for all of Your children, regardless of race or color or creed or political persuasion.

We are aware, too, of the responsibility You have given us to likewise love and care for all mankind.

In the words of that ancient prayer, we, too, would ask, Lord, make each of us instruments of Your peace. Where there is hate, may we bring love. Where there is offense, may we bring pardon. May we bring union in place of discord, truth replacing error, faith where once there was doubt, hope for despair, light where there was darkness, joy to replace sadness. Make us crave not so much to be loved as to love.

Use each of us, we pray, as such an instrument in Your world today.

We are humbly thankful, O God, for our country, for the richness of our resources, for our heritage of freedom and for the privilege of the ballot and the democratic process by which we choose those who would govern over us.

We do remember before You this night and ask Your special blessing for our President, Gerald Ford, for our Vice President, our Senators and Members of Congress, and for all who are in positions of authority and decision-making. Grant them wisdom and courage to lead and govern with honor and integrity and with justice and compassion.

And we also pray, O God, that upon this convention gathering on this historic occasion and upon the chosen candidates of this party and all that will be said and done in the campaign of the weeks and months ahead, that you may add Your guidance and Your blessing.

Amen.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair would like to announce that following the selection of the candidate for President last night, the Chair appointed the following committee to officially notify Gerald R. Ford that he has been chosen the candidate of this convention for the Presidency of the United States. They are: Robert P. Griffin of Michigan, Robert H. Michel of Illinois, Richard M. Rosenbaum of New York, Frederick K. Biebel of Connecticut, Elsie H. Hillman of Pennsylvania, Thomas H. Kean of New Jersey, Richard B. Ogilvie of Illinois, Edgar Weldon of Alabama, Kent B. McGough of Ohio, William F. McLaughlin of Michigan, Thomas S. Milligan of Indiana, Robert Forsyth of Minnesota, Carla W. Coray of Hawaii, Harry S. Dent of South Carolina, Paul Haerle of California.

The committee called on President Ford last night, or I should say, early this morning to convey to him the official action of this convention.

Now I will name a committee to escort the Presidential candidate to the rostrum later this evening. They are: Rogers C. B. Morton of Maryland, Stewart B. McKinney of Connecticut, Daniel J. Evans of Washington, Elly M. Peterson of Michigan, John Tower of Texas, Audrey Rowe Colom of the District of Columbia, James B. Edwards of South Carolina, Nola Haerle of California, Vincent A. Cianci of Rhode Island, Margaret M. Heckler of Massachusetts, Richard L. Herman of Nebraska, Robert List of Nevada, James A. Rhodes of Ohio, Clifford P. Case of New Jersey, Edward J. Derwinski of Illinois, James E. Holshouser of North Carolina, and F. Clifton White of Connecticut.

Will these members please come to the back of the podium at the beginning of the Vice Presidential candidate's acceptance speech.

At the last Republican National Convention, Republican officials for the State of Michigan presented to the Republican Party a permanent gavel made from one of the great oak trees in Jackson, Michigan, where the first convention of Republicans was held. It is fitting that this gavel be used at this last session of the 31st Republican National Convention, held in the bicentennial year of 1976.

It will be returned to the Museum Room of the Headquarters of the Republican National Committee, to be used at succeeding conventions.

INTRODUCTION OF THE PRESIDENT'S CABINET

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Now, ladies and gentlemen, it is a privilege for me this evening to introduce to you one of the finest sets of public servants in American history, the members of President Ford's Cabinet.

They are Secretary of State and Mrs. Henry Kissinger.

The Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Simon.

The Secretary of Defense and Mrs. Rumsfeld.

The Attorney General and Mrs. Levi.

The Secretary of the Interior and Mrs. Kleppe.

The Secretary of Agriculture and Mrs. Earl Butz.

The Secretary of Commerce and Mrs. Richardson.

The Secretary of Labor and Mrs. W. J. Usery.

The Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare, David Mathews.

The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development Carla and Mr. Hills.

The Secretary of Transportation and Mrs. William Coleman.

Counselor and Mrs. Robert Hartmann.

Director of the Office of Management and Budget, James Lynn.

Counselor to the President, John Marsh and Mrs. Marsh.

And the United States Representative to the United Nations and Mrs. William Scranton.

(There was applause as each Cabinet Member was presented).

Ladies and gentlemen, the members of the President's Cabinet are standing outside of the box on the medium level to my immediate right. Would you please give them all a great, big hand? (Applause.)

NOMINATION OF CANDIDATE FOR VICE PRESIDENT

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The next order of business for this convention is to proceed to the selection of the candidate for Vice President of the United States. I will review the procedure, as I did last night for the nomination of the candidate for President.

The Secretary of the Convention will call the roll of the States. Any State wishing to make a nomination shall so indicate. Rule 16(a), requiring an

indication of majority support from each of five State delegations, does not apply in the selection of a Vice Presidential candidate.

Following the completion of this call, the Chair will recognize those States which indicate an intention to place a name in nomination.

Under Rule 16 of the convention, once the Secretary has begun to call the roll, it cannot be dispensed with for any reason. Therefore, all States will be called.

When the names of candidates have been placed in nomination, the Chair will ask the secretary to call the roll of States for the purpose of voting.

Under Rule 16 of the convention, once the Secretary has begun to call the roll, it cannot be dispensed with for any reason. Therefore, all States will be called.

If any State desires to pass at this time, it may, of course, do so. At the conclusion of the first call of the roll, the Secretary will proceed to call the names of those States which passed.

No delegation will be recognized to change its vote until all delegations which have passed have been given a second opportunity to vote. This is in accord with Rule 18(b).

Finally, — and I hope you will listen to this, because there was some confusion about it last night — the Chair wishes the delegates to be aware of Rule 17, which states, and I quote, "When it appears at the close of the roll call that any candidate for the nomination for President or Vice President has received the majority of the votes entitled to be cast in the convention, the Chairman of the Convention shall announce the question to be: 'Shall the nomination of the candidate be made unanimous?' "

And those who favor will be asked to vote aye, and those who oppose will be asked to vote no.

The Secretary of the Convention, Mrs. Mary Crisp, of Arizona, will now call the roll of States to determine those which have a nomination. Mrs. Crisp.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Mr. Chairman, delegates, ladies and gentlemen, I shall now call the roll of the States.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Will the delegates please take their seats. We are about to proceed with the roll call of the States for the purpose of the nomination of the next Vice President of the United States. It would be appreciated if all delegates would be in their seats and only those persons in the delegate section who are entitled to be there, either delegates or persons who are sitting in as alternates or other qualified individuals under the rules of the convention.

Now, if you will please take your seats, be quiet and listen to the secretary as she calls the roll of States.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Alabama.

GUY HUNT of Alabama. — Madam Secretary, due to an accident on the road which had the traffic detained, our bus bearing most of our delegation has not arrived yet, so the State of Alabama passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Alaska.

JOHN B. COGHILL of Alaska. — Madam Chairman, the great State of Alaska would like to yield to the great State of New York.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Arizona.

JAMES H. COLTER of Arizona. — Madam Chairman, the great State of Arizona and the home State of our permanent convention Chairman and Secretary, at this time passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Arkansas.

JUDY C. PETTY of Arkansas — Madam Chairman, Arkansas passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — California.

ROBERT D. NESEN of California. — Madam Chairman, California passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Colorado.

MICHAEL SOUTH of Colorado. — Mr. Chairman, Colorado passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Connecticut.

FREDERICK K. BIEBEL of Connecticut. — Madam Secretary, Connecticut passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Delaware.

HERMAN C. BROWN of Delaware. — Madam Secretary, Delaware passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — District of Columbia. District of Columbia? Florida.

BILL TAYLOR of Florida. — Madam Secretary, Florida passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Georgia.

SAM TATE of Georgia. — Georgia passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Guam.

PAUL M. CALVO of Guam. — Madam Secretary, the beautiful island of Guam passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Hawaii

SENATOR HIRAM L. FONG of Hawaii. — Hawaii passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Idaho.

WAYNE L. KIDWELL of Idaho. — Madam Secretary, the State of Idaho passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Illinois.

RICHARD B. OGILVIE of Illinois. — Illinois passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Indiana.

THOMAS S. MILLIGAN of Indiana. — Madam Chairman, Indiana passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Iowa.

GOVERNOR ROBERT D. RAY of Iowa. — Iowa passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Kansas.

GOVERNOR ROBERT F. BENNETT of Kansas. — Madam Secretary, may I inquire as to whether the State of Alaska yielded to New York?

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Yes.

GOVERNOR ROBERT F. BENNETT. — In that case, Kansas passes, but we will be heard from later.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Kentucky.

LOUIE B. NUNN of Kentucky. — Madam Chairman, Kentucky passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Louisiana.

JOHN H. CADE, JR. of Louisiana. — Madam Chairman, Louisiana passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Maine.

JOHN R. LINNELL of Maine. — Madam Secretary, Maine passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Maryland.

SENATOR J. GLENN BEALL, JR. of Maryland. — Madam Secretary, a delegate from Maryland has a nomination.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Massachusetts.

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Madam Secretary, Massachusetts passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Michigan.

GOVERNOR WILLIAM G. MILLIKEN of Michigan. — Madam Secretary, Michigan, the very proud home of our nominee, the President, Jerry Ford, passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Minnesota.

ANCHER NELSEN of Minnesota. — Madam Secretary, Minnesota passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Mississippi.

CLARKE REED of Mississippi. — Madam Secretary, Mississippi passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Missouri.

THOMAS B. CURTIS of Missouri. — Madam Secretary, Missouri passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Montana.

STAN STEPHENS of Montana. — Madam Secretary, Montana passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Nebraska.

MILAN D. BISH of Nebraska. — Madam Secretary, Nebraska passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Nevada.

SENATOR PAUL LAXALT of Nevada. — Madam Secretary, Nevada passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — New Hampshire.

JAMES C. CLEVELAND of New Hampshire. — Madam Secretary, New Hampshire passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — New Jersey.

SENATOR CLIFFORD P. CASE of New Jersey. — Madam Secretary, New Jersey passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — New Mexico.

JAMES P. "CORKY" MORRIS of New Mexico. — New Mexico passes, Madam Secretary.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — New York.

RICHARD M. ROSENBAUM of New York. — Madam Secretary, New York passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — North Carolina.

TOM ELLIS of North Carolina. — Madam Chairman, a point of order. Do I understand correctly that Rule 16 provides that in the nominations for Vice President, that it only requires the nomination by one delegate to this convention?

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — The gentleman is correct.

MR. ELLIS. — Thank you.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Could I hear your response from North Carolina, please.

MR. ELLIS. — North Carolina passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Thank you. North Dakota.

ALLAN C. YOUNG of North Dakota. — North Dakota passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Ohio.

KENT B. MCGOUGH of Ohio. — Ohio passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Oklahoma.

SKIP HEALEY of Oklahoma. — Oklahoma passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Oregon.

SENATOR MARK O. HATFIELD of Oregon. — Madam Secretary, Oregon passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Pennsylvania.

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Pennsylvania passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Puerto Rico.

LUIS A. FERRÉ of Puerto Rico. — Madam Secretary, Puerto Rico passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Rhode Island.

VINCENT A. CIANCI of Rhode Island. — Madam Secretary, the ocean State that will soon add the name of Governor John Chafee to the list of Republican United States Senators, passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — South Carolina.

GOVERNOR JAMES B. EDWARDS of South Carolina. — South Carolina passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — South Dakota.

GEORGANNE SORENSON of South Dakota. — Madam Secretary, South Dakota passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Tennessee.

JAMES H. QUILLEN of Tennessee. — Madam Secretary, Tennessee passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Texas.

RAY BARNHART of Texas. — Madam Secretary, Texas passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Utah.

RICHARD RICHARDS of Utah. — Madam Secretary, if you will have the Chairman order this aisle cleared, we will make our intention known.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Will the delegates please be seated.

MR. RICHARDS. — Mr. Chairman, it is the press as much as the delegates.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Will those who are not delegates remember you are guests and please not impede the progress of the convention.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Utah.

MR. RICHARDS. — Madam Secretary, I see no progress being made in this aisle.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Vermont.

WALTER L. KENNEDY of Vermont. — Madam Secretary, in honor of the birthday of the United States Senator, George D. Aiken, the State of Vermont passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Virginia.

GOVERNOR MILLS E. GODWIN, JR. of Virginia. — Madam Secretary, the Commonwealth of Virginia passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — The Virgin Islands.

MELVIN H. EVANS of the Virgin Islands. — Madam Secretary, the Virgin Islands pass.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Washington.

WARREN MCPHERSON of Washington. — Madam Secretary, Washington passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — West Virginia.

GOVERNOR ARCH A. MOORE of West Virginia. — West Virginia passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Wisconsin.

WARREN P. KNOWLES of Wisconsin. — Madam Secretary, Wisconsin passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Wyoming.

SENATOR CLIFFORD P. HANSEN of Wyoming. — Wyoming passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — The District of Columbia.

HENRY A. BERLINER, JR. of the District of Columbia. — The District of Columbia passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Utah.

MR. RICHARDS of Utah. — Madam Secretary, there is still no progress on this aisle, but Utah passes.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Thank you.

This, Mr. Chairman, concludes the calling of the roll.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The State of Alaska, having yielded to the State of New York, the Chair now recognizes the Chairman of the delegation from the state of New York to place a name in nomination for the office of Vice President of the United States.

May I please have the attention of the New York Delegation?

MR. ROSENBAUM. — Is the Chair ready?

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair is ready. Is New York ready?

MR. ROSENBAUM. — Our phone is plugged in, Mr. Chairman.

Mr. Chairman, approaching the podium is a great leader of our party, a man whose distinguished service to the Republican Party, to the State of New York, and to America has earned him an enduring place of high honor in the history of our country.

New York's favorite son for the purpose of nominating another great American, I present to you the greatest Vice President of the United States, the dynamic and honorable Nelson A. Rockefeller.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Fellow delegates, ladies and gentlemen, one of the great Republicans of all time, the Vice President of the United States, Nelson A. Rockefeller. (Applause.)

THE HONORABLE NELSON A. ROCKEFELLER VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES NOMINATING THE HONORABLE BOB DOLE FOR VICE PRESIDENT

THE VICE PRESIDENT. — Thanks, Mr. Chairman.

Delegates to the convention, fellow Americans, last night in this hall the Republican Party made history. First, it endorsed the solid achievements of the first person ever to hold the office of President of the United States by appointment. (Applause.)

The man who brought this Nation successfully through one of the gravest constitutional crises, Gerald R. Ford. (Applause.)

Second, in the spirit of spirited contest, it showed everyone how in our society a political party can choose its standard bearer by open balloting with the world watching.

Third, it showed how the contest was resolved. The contenders could meet afterwards with mutual respect and good will and pledge their joint efforts for the party and for the Nation. (Applause.)

I ask you, ladies and gentlemen, where else in the world would the winner go to call on the runner-up? (Applause.)

And in how many places in the world would he be received by the runner-up at all, much less be greeted so graciously as was Gerald Ford last night by Ronald Reagan. (Applause.)

When we came here, it was my hope, and I believe the hope of most Americans, that out of this convention would come a reunited, reinvigorated Republican Party; a party determined to meet the Nation's problems with new solutions, grounded on historic American principles.

A giant step was taken in that direction last night. Tonight we take another such step, for tonight we choose a running mate for our presidential candidate.

And for that, we need to choose first and foremost a person who could serve as President if, God forbid, the President himself could no longer serve. Secondly, a person who is devoted to the principles of the Republican Party and not only the fundamental principles of our American system of government, but also the principles of our unique enterprise system, to our personal liberty, and our individual economic freedoms. Third, a person who can be a partner of our President and our Presidential candidate in this election and an aid to our President in the discharge of his duties.

You and I know such a man. If emergency required, he could serve as our Chief Executive, for he knows the ways of government. He has served local government as a County Attorney for four years. He has served his State as a Legislator. He has served in the Federal Government; first elected as a member

of the House of Representatives, serving for eight years, and thereafter elected as a Senator, a United States Senator, now serving in his second term.

He knows our economic system. He has served in two of the most important committees of the Senate — the new Budget Committee and the Senate Finance Committee.

He understands the complexities of modern economic life. He never loses sight of what really makes our enterprise system tick. He knows what it takes to have a healthy farm economy. (Applause.)

He knows how vital America's farm families and their productivity are to feeding the world. He knows that our founding fathers did not ordain that all wisdom should be derived from the District of Columbia, but that the great driving force of this Nation was to be found in the common people of America — in their cities, in their home towns, and their farms, in our individual enterprise system, in our voluntary efforts.

He has lived this knowledge, not only in his public life but in his civic associations, his professional activities, and in his philanthropic causes.

He is a person of compassion. He has never forgotten the sacrifices of others — our Vietnam POW's, the families of our men missing in action, the handicapped who have no greater champion.

He knows, too, how precious is the gift of freedom. He knows that every generation of Americans must secure that freedom, again and again, by its own sacrifices.

He has lived this knowledge, too, through five and a half years of combat in World War II, twice wounded and twice decorated for heroic achievement.

He has that quality of candor, of openness, of forthrightness, so needed in our times, in the executive posts of our government, in the legislative process, and in our political campaigns and our political candidates.

He is able, articulate, courageous, and decisive. He is a man who can pass the test once put out by that great and beloved Missourian from Independence who said so aptly: "If you can't take the heat, get out of the kitchen." (Applause.)

The man of whom I speak can take the heat, ladies and gentlemen, and if you ask those of us who really know him, he cannot only take it, believe me, he can really dole it out. (Applause.)

I have the honor to nominate as the Republican candidate for the Vice Presidency of the United States the distinguished son of Kansas, Senator Robert J. Dole. (Applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair recognizes the young delegate from Iowa, Peggy Pinder, who will second the nomination of Senator Robert Dole. Peggy. (Applause.)

PEGGY PINDER, DELEGATE FROM IOWA SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF THE HONORABLE BOB DOLE FOR VICE PRESIDENT

MS. PINDER. — I have attended two national conventions this summer primarily concerned with championing the rights of people. The first was the convention of the largest organization of blind people in this country, the National Federal of the Blind. The second is this convention of the Republican Party. (Applause.)

As a blind person, I have long been aware of Senator Dole's support of the aspirations of the blind and other disabled and disadvantaged people in their efforts to become fully participating members of society.

The Senator's own life and his efforts on behalf of the disabled and other minorities in Federal, legislative and executive work showed that he seeks for the blind and for all others what the Federation's president, Dr. Kenneth Jernigan, calls not charity but opportunity, not sympathy but understanding. (Applause.)

Senator Dole has led the way in urging the establishment of a barrier-free environment so that all people can participate fully in all aspects of life. The Senator knows that people should be accepted for what they can do and not for what they can't do. (Applause.)

He knows that the most severe handicaps facing many minorities are not only the physical barriers but the attitudes and prejudices that people have. His insistence that he be accompanied by an interpreter for the deaf is an example of his continuing awareness of the barriers between us.

I am proud this evening to be able to second the nomination of a man whose life and words so emphatically affirm the American tradition of equal opportunity for all, Senator Robert Dole. (Applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — For the final seconding speech, a gentleman who in the last several months has proven to the whole country what many of us who have known him for a long time already knew, that he is one of the most capable men ever to serve in the government of any State or in the Senate of the United States or in the high profession of politics. I refer, of course, to the gentleman who spoke to us so eloquently last evening, the Honorable Paul Laxalt, the United States Senator from Nevada. (Applause.)

THE HONORABLE PAUL LAXALT DELEGATE AND UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM THE STATE OF NEVADA, SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF THE HONORABLE BOB DOLE FOR VICE PRESIDENT

SENATOR LAXALT. — Thank you. My fellow delegates, we know we may not have won, but we fought a good fight. (Applause.)

Let me say first that the Ford-Dole ticket has the enthusiastic support of Governor Reagan and me. (Applause.)

And I would like to personally compliment President Ford on making an excellent choice in selecting Bob Dole to run with him. (Applause.)

Bob was a great National Chairman for the Republican Party. He is a great Senator, and he is going to make a great Vice President. (Applause.)

We are concluding here what I think is the finest, most constructive convention in either party ever. (Applause.)

All day long I have been beseiged by the press who are constantly asking, as Americans must be throughout this country, as to whether or not we as Republicans are going to go out of this hall united. I say we will. (Applause.)

I am very proud and happy to second the nomination of my friend and colleague, Senator Bob Dole. (Applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes a personal friend of Senator Bob Dole, the Honorable Arthur Fletcher, a special assistant to the President and former Assistant Secretary of Labor, Art Fletcher. (Applause.)

THE HONORABLE ARTHUR FLETCHER SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF THE HONORABLE BOB DOLE FOR VICE PRESIDENT

MR. FLETCHER. — Mr. Chairman, fellow delegates, when I was asked to make a seconding statement in support of Senator Bob Dole for the Vice Presidency on the Republican ticket, I decided the time would not allow me to say the things that I would want to say about the Senator, so I called friends across the country and asked them to tell me what they would like for me to say to you about this convention.

And they said to me, "Art, if you can get their attention, if you can get past their subconscious and speak directly to their hearts, I would like for you to say the following." And here is what they said.

"Remind them, if you will, remind them that we should be and are a thankful people — thankful for 200 years of freedom and liberty. Remind them that we should be and we are a thankful people to have a Constitution and a system of government that is self-renewing." (Applause.)

"Remind them that under our system and the 200 years of liberty and freedom, wherever they have made a mistake, they have gone back and corrected it; and in the process of correcting that mistake, made it possible for you to speak to them tonight in support of a candidate for the Vice Presidency of the United States." (Applause.)

"Also remind them that we are a thankful people. We are a thankful people to have a President who can undergo the most thorough investigation any President has ever had to endure before becoming the President of the United

States, and that we are grateful that the Republican Party had such a member in its organization that could endure that, so that he could steady our ship safely home from one of the most difficult periods in the Nation's history."

Let me say that again. I find that there are too few people across the country who really appreciate the extensive investigation that Mr. Ford had to endure before he became the President of these United States. And we should make sure that no one is allowed to forget that; and that because he could endure that, he brought courage, he brought integrity and he brought the capacity to endure and make the lonely decisions that only he could make, that helped to turn our economy around, helped to turn our employment circumstances around, and gives us the opportunity to look forward to a future of four more years of Republicanism with a Bob Dole on the ticket. (Applause.)

Bob Dole has endured much himself. You have heard it said that he has served both in the executive and legislative areas of government and thus knows it thoroughly.

Let me say to you, my delegates, that right now the people are singing our song. They are convinced that the solutions to our problems are not in Washington, D. C.; that if they are to be solved, they will be solved at the city, state and local level.

They are singing our song, which means this, that we should elect the ticket of Ford and Dole so that we can implement the kinds of programs that are a remedy to our problems and continue to lay the foundation that will endure not only 300 years, another 100 years of security and endurance, but will bring the Republican Party back into the fold as one of the major parties.

Finally, let me say that it is important that we have a Republican Party, a strong, powerful Republican Party. We are mindful across this country of the possibility of a one-party system, so there can be no second chances, no second guesses.

I hope that we will all, and I am sure that we will all support the Ford-Dole ticket this fall and maintain control of the White House; put some Republicans into Congress and set this country on the right course for another 100 years. I am proud then to place Robert Dole's name in nomination for the Vice Presidency of the United States. (Applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — May the Chair have the attention of the Chairman of the delegation from Maryland?

SENATOR J. GLENN BEALL, JR. of Maryland. — The Chair has the attention of the Chairman of the delegation.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The State of Maryland has indicated that it has a candidate to be nominated for the office of Vice President. Is the delegation ready to present the name?

SENATOR BEALL. — Congressman Robert Bauman has a nomination, Mr. Chairman, and Congressman Bauman should be at the platform.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — I thank the gentleman.

It is now my pleasure to introduce for the purpose of proposing a name for the nomination of this convention for the Vice President of the United States one of the most capable members of the House of Representatives, a man who is always on the floor and who is called the conscience of the House of Representatives, a worthy successor to the former great member of the Congress from Iowa, Congressman Gross.

And I now take great pleasure in introducing to you the Honorable Robert Bauman, a Congressman from the State of Maryland. (Applause.)

THE HONORABLE ROBERT E. BAUMAN
DELEGATE AND MEMBER OF CONGRESS
FROM THE STATE OF MARYLAND
NOMINATING THE HONORABLE JESSE HELMS
FOR VICE PRESIDENT

MR. BAUMAN. — Mr. Chairman, and my fellow delegates, one of the great things about the Republican Party is you never know what is going to happen next.

I suspect that a few of you are a little bit surprised to know that there is more than just one candidate for Vice President tonight. (Applause.)

I hope some of you are pleased. Now it may be presumptuous for someone from the State of Maryland to offer any advice about the Vice Presidency. (Laughter.)

Nevertheless, it is my intention to suggest to you tonight that there is someone else we ought to consider before we close this convention and go on to victory in November with the Republican ticket.

When I was seven years old, my aunt, who still lives in Baltimore, gave me a book about Abraham Lincoln. The name of that book was "Abraham Lincoln's World." I read that book from cover to cover, three times.

I decided that as a result of that, I was going to become a lawyer, that I was going into politics, and that I was going to be a Republican. And I have never regretted that decision to stand with my party. I stand with it now. (Applause.)

I want to talk to all of you delegates here tonight about our Vice Presidential candidate. I want to talk to the 1,070 people who voted for Ronald Reagan for President last night, because we are here and we are happy that we are here. I want to talk to those who voted for our great President Jerry Ford. I even want to talk to the guy who abstained and the fellow who voted for Elliot Richardson, wherever you are.

We need a ticket that embodies the principles of our party, that can appeal to the workers who live down on the shores of the Chesapeake Bay and in Galveston and in Maine, the farmers and housewives who have to pay the bills once a week, the young people that are turned off from politics.

We need a man who understands both parties. And the man I am talking about tonight is a converted Democrat, and we have got to convert a lot of them.

He is a man who isn't afraid to say where he stands in the Senate of the United States of America, while others tiptoe around the supreme issues, not wanting to get caught.

This man has always let you know, because he speaks from conviction. He speaks from principle. He is a Senator we can admire. (Applause.)

Ladies and gentlemen, there are those that say we need a third party. I say to you what we need is a good second party, and this is it. (Applause.)

In 1960, Barry Goldwater stood at the rostrum in Chicago, and I, as a young member of the staff from the Maryland Delegation, heard him tell me, "Grow up conservative."

We have grown up. The fight here was between two groups of conservatives. And the conservatives will win this year in November. That is progress in our party, ladies and gentlemen. (Applause.)

You have heard, many of you who listened to Governor Reagan on television, say that there was something more important than individuals. He said that Governor Reagans will come and go, that Presidents will come and go. Lord knows, Congressmen come and go, and a lot of them ought to go this November. (Applause.)

But the point that he was making to us is that our party stands for nothing unless it stands for principle. You know what those principles are. And those of us who call ourselves conservatives want our ticket to stand by those principles this November (Applause.)

It is for that reason that I have the great honor to place in nomination for the Vice Presidency of the United States of America the name of a man who in every way embodies principles; the Senator from the great State of North Carolina, Jesse Helms. (Applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair has been advised that the Chairman of the State of California desires to be recognized.

Does the Chairman of the delegation of the State of California seek recognition at this time?

MR. NESEN. — No.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Does the Chairman of the California delegation desire recognition?

MR. NESEN. — We do not, Mr. Chairman.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair has also been advised that the Chairman of the delegation from Texas desires recognition. Does the Chairman of that delegation desire recognition?

May the Chair have the attention of the Chairman of the delegation from Texas?

MR. BARNHART. — Mr. Chairman.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chairman of the delegation from Texas.

MR. BARNHART. — The Texas delegation is proud to second the nomination of Senator Jesse Helms. (Applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair has also been informed that the great Senator from North Carolina, one of the most valuable Americans living today, desires the recognition of the Chair.

The Chair now recognizes the Honorable Jesse A. Helms, the Senator from North Carolina. (Applause.)

REMARKS OF THE HONORABLE JESSE HELMS DELEGATE AND UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

SENATOR HELMS. — Mr. Chairman, thank you very much.

Mr. Chairman, nine days ago I arrived in Kansas City in the hope that I might in some small way participate in some of the judgments and decisions to be made by this convention. In particular, I wanted to emphasize as best I could my strong conviction that in this crucial election year the Republican Party needs to realize more than ever before that if we don't make it on principle, we are not going to make it at all. (Applause.)

I felt specifically that our party, in the light of the bizarre transactions by the Democrats in New York a few weeks ago it was and it still is imperative that this party, the Republican Party, make a covenant with the American people.

I appeared before the distinguished Platform Committee and was graciously and cordially received. And at that time I tried to emphasize that this year perhaps more than any other in the history of the republic it is important that we say what we mean and mean what we say. (Applause.)

And the way to do that was through a firm, forthright and unequivocal platform. Thanks to the tremendous support of countless dedicated delegates, we have an excellent platform that we can proudly take to the American people. (Applause.)

And now we must go to the American people. We must run on that platform. We must not discard it in the name of politics as usual.

The American people are fed up with that sort of thing. Let's make the Democrats defend, if they can, and they can't, the document that they produced. It is at once both vague and frightening. There is a deeper meaning to the awesome challenge facing us — deeper perhaps than we ourselves realize at this moment in the excitement of this occasion.

In fact, what we do here should and can be the prelude to a sort of spiritual rebirth across this land. The American people believe in God, and now is the time for us to show it. (Applause.)

The American people are worried about the forces in our society that seem to be tearing down the moral fabric of our Nation, particularly as it is centered around the family, and they see government as threatening the moral order, and they are concerned about the secularization of education as though God didn't matter in the classroom. They are worried about the textbooks and the Federal Government manipulation of the curriculum.

In other words, our platform, the one we adopted here this week, speaks to the concerns of the American people in these and many other matters. It is our covenant, it is our pledge, and we must live up to it. (Applause.)

And I pledge to you that in my way, small as it is, I will do everything to see that we do.

Mr. Chairman, as a result of my small role in the development of this platform, delegates from a number of States asked me to allow my name to be placed in nomination. I was, of course, humbled by their suggestion, but in a moment I am going to ask that my name be withdrawn from consideration.

While I have been informed that a number of delegates from about 20 to 22 States are prepared to vote for me, and while I am deeply grateful for their expression of support, I would want them to know that Bob Dole is one of my best friends in the United States Senate. (Applause.)

Bob Dole is a fine American; he is a distinguished Senator; and on top of everything else, he had the good judgment to marry a North Carolina girl. (Applause.)

Mr. Chairman, I extend my congratulations and my best wishes to my friend Bob Dole, and I ask that my name be withdrawn from consideration. Thank you very much, ladies and gentlemen. (Applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The distinguished Senator from North Carolina, Jesse Helms, having withdrawn his name, there is only one name before the convention. Nevertheless, the rules of the convention are very plain. They say that under no conditions will roll calls be dispensed with and, therefore, the Secretary of the convention will now call the roll of States for the votes cast for the candidate for Vice President. The Secretary of the convention, the distinguished National Committeewoman from the great State of Arizona, Mrs. Mary Crisp.

ROLL CALL OF STATES FOR SELECTION OF NOMINEE FOR VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Mr. Chairman, delegates, ladies and gentlemen, I shall now read the call of the States.

Alabama, 37 votes.

GUY HUNT of Alabama. — Madam Secretary, Alabama requests that the microphone be left on for a request for a poll of the delegation.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — If the Chair may have the attention of the Chairman of the delegation from Alabama, would he please report the name of the delegate or delegates demanding that the delegation be polled?

MR. HUNT. — Mr. Jimmy Holliman.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Mr. Holliman. The delegate, J. A. "Jimmy" Holliman, demands a poll of the Alabama delegation, and the Secretary of the Convention will poll the delegation.

Thereupon the Assistant Reading Clerk, Robert E. Berry, called the name of each delegate from Alabama with the following result.

At Large:	*Allen*	*Baker*	*Dole*	*Helms*	*Reagan*
Don Collins			1		
Wallace G. Stanfield (Absent)					
W. F. Joseph, Jr. (His Alternate)			1		
Guy Hunt			1		
William G. "Bill" Waldrop					1
Leonard Wilson	1				
G. R. (Robin) Swift, Jr.			1		
Thomas L. Hurt			1		
William M. Acker, Jr.			1		
Sue Mathisen Steele			1		
Beebe R. Frederick, Jr.			1		
Robert B. French			1		
Peggy Noel			1		
Albert Lee Smith, Jr.			1		
George W. Nichols, Jr.			1		
John T. Moss			1		
Frances Wideman			1		
District					
1. Arthur R. Outlaw			1		
Paul Parham, II			1		
John A. Robertson			1		
2. A. Herbert Morton, Jr.				1	
G. B. Phillips			1		
Rudolph E. Shelley			1		
3. Orval Q. Matteson			1		
James M. Sizemore, Jr.			1		
Steven J. "Steve" Allen				1	
4. Brice F. Marsh				1	
Fred W. Abt			1		
Dorthen Wadsworth			1		

District	*Allen*	*Baker*	*Dole*	*Helms*	*Reagan*
5. Terry W. Tarkington		1			
Wrenshall "Wren" McKemy.....			1		
William H. Graham			1		
6. John C. Adams			1		
Robert Thomason			1		
Wayne W. Killion			1		
7. Richard Rhone			1		
J. A. "Jimmy" Holliman .			1		
R. E. "Ed" Robinson			1		
	1	1	30	4	1

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Alaska, 19 votes.

JOHN B. COGHILL of Alaska — Madam Chairman, that great State of Alaska that will have a hotel for sale tomorrow votes 19 votes for Robert Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Alaska casts 19 votes for Senator Dole.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Arizona, 29 votes.

JAMES H. COLTER of Arizona. — Madam Secretary,the home of the number two Phoenix Sons of the National Basketball Association and the number one Sun Devils in football, who defeated Nebraska in the Fiesta Bowl, and the number one U. of A. baseball team, does wish to cast a ballot and a vote. Madam Secretary, Arizona's vote will be cast by a fellow delegate of whom we are most proud, a Mr. Laird Gutterson from the Congressional District No. 2 in Arizona.

This great Arizonian learned the real meaning of American liberty by spending over five years in a Communist North Vietnam prisoner of war camp. Equally important, this is the man who will defeat a leading liberal in Congress, Mr. Mo Udall, in November.

MR. GUTTERSON. — Madam Chairman, I don't want to make a political speech, but I want to tell the delegates here that in January of '77 for the first time since 1955 there is not going to be a liberal Udall in the United States Congress. (Applause.)

And, Madam Chairman, Arizona, the Grand Canyon State, the copper capital of the world, and the natural home of solar energy, is proud to contribute to the unanimity of the Republican Party and a victory in November with 29 votes for Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Arizona casts 29 votes for Senator Dole.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Arkansas, 27 votes.

JUDY C. PETTY of Arkansas. — The great State of Arkansas, which had 14 votes of gratitude for a great Senator, Jesse Helms, now casts its 27 votes in the

following manner: 1 for Senator Baker, 1 abstention, 2 for Senator Schweiker, 4 for Congressman Phil Crane, and 19 for Senator Dole.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Madam Chairman, would you please repeat that for us? Slowly, please.

MS. PETTY. — The vote from Arkansas is 1 for Senator Baker, 1 abstention, 2 for Senator Schweiker, 4 for Congressman Phil Crane, 19 for Senator Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Arkansas casts 19 votes for Senator Dole, 1 for Senator Baker, 2 for Senator Schweiker, 4 for Representative Philip Crane, and 1 abstention.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — California, 169 votes — 167.

ROBERT D. NESEN of California. — Mr. Chairman, you didn't give us 169 last night. (Applause.)

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Mr. Chairman, I beg your pardon. My apologies again, but California has 167 votes.

MR. NESEN. — Mr. Chairman, for the purpose of casting the vote of the State of California, I turn the microphone over to Robert K. Dornan, candidate for Congress from the 27th District of California.

MR. DORNAN. — Madam Chairman, as the Congressional nominee from the outstanding 27th District of California, outstanding because it is the home district of the greatest Governor in the history of the State of California, Ronald Reagan, I announce the following fascinating tally: For a fighting Senator Dole, 80 yes, abstentions 85; for another fighting Senator, Laxalt, 1; and for the incomparable John Sears, 1.

Madam Chairman, a correction. One abstention changed to another great conservative fighter, Senator Jesse Helms of North Carolina.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — California casts 80 votes for Senator Dole, 1 vote for Senator Laxalt, 1 vote for Senator Helms, 1 vote for John Sears, and 84 not voting.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Colorado, 31 votes.

MICHAEL SOUTH of Colorado. — Mr. Chairman, Colorado takes great pride in having as a member of its delegation the youngest delegate at this convention, Mr. Scott Tipton, and I would now like to yield to Scott Tipton to give the Colorado vote.

MR. TIPTON. — Mr. Chairman, the colorful State of Colorado, one of the last strongholds of conservatism in our great country and the home of a great American conservative in Joe Coors, does cast 2 ballots for Helms, 27 for Dole, 1 abstention, and 1 for Bill Buckley.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Colorado casts 27 votes for Senator Dole, 2 votes for Senator Helms, 1 vote for Senator Buckley, and 1 not voting.

MR. TIPTON. — Mr. Chairman, there is one correction. The vote was not for Senator Buckley but for his distinguished brother, William F. Buckley.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Thank you.

Connecticut, 35 votes.

FREDERICK K. BIEBEL of Connecticut. — Madam Secretary, Connecticut casts 34 votes for Bob Dole, 1 abstention.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Connecticut casts 34 votes for Senator Dole, 1 not voting.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Delaware, 17 votes.

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Madam Secretary, it gives me great pleasure to introduce for the purpose of announcing Delaware's vote a prominent Delaware Republican, Basil Battaglia, the next Mayor of the City of Wilmington.

MR. BATTAGLIA. — Madam Secretary, Delaware, the State that started a Nation and which will lead our Nation in a Republican victory this fall, proudly casts 17 votes for Senator Bob Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Delaware casts 17 votes for Senator Dole.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — The District of Columbia, 14 votes.

HENRY A. BERLINER of the District of Columbia. — Madam Secretary, our votes will be cast by the only elected Republican official in the District of Columbia, Councilman at Large, Reverend Jerry Moore.

MR. MOORE. — Madam Secretary, on behalf of the 14 delegates from the District of Columbia, I take great pleasure in casting its 14 votes for Senator Dole.

The 14 delegates from the District of Columbia wish the entire delegation here to know that we are seeking voting representation in the Senate and in the House of Representatives and fiscal control over the affairs of the District of Columbia.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — The District of Columbia casts 17 votes for Senator Dole.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Fourteen.

MR. BERRY. — The District of Columbia casts 14 votes for Senator Dole.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Florida, 66 votes.

BILL TAYLOR of Florida. — Madam Secretary, as Chairman of the Delegation for Florida, I would like to call on our senior Congressman, the Honorable Herb Burke, who will give you the roll.

MR. BURKE. — Madam Secretary, the great State of Florida casts 2 votes for Anne Armstrong, 1 vote for Senator Bill Brock, 9 votes for Congressman Lou

Frey, 19 votes for Dr. John Grady, and for the next Vice President of the United States, 35 votes for Bob Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Florida casts 35 votes for Senator Dole, 2 votes for Mrs. Armstrong, 1 vote for Senator Brock, 9 votes for Representative Frey, and 19 votes for Dr. Grady.

MR. BURKE. — Madam Secretary, that vote is correct.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Georgia, 48 votes.

SAM TATE of Georgia. — Madam Secretary, Representative Virlyn B. Smith, candidate for reelection to the Georgia House District 42, will give Georgia's vote.

MR. SMITH. — Madam Secretary, the great State of Georgia, upon proper reflection of the choices will very likely vote Republican in November, casts 40 votes for Senator Dole, 4 votes Senator Jesse Helms, 2 votes Congressman Phil Crane, 1 vote Governor Jim Edwards, and 1 vote for David Keene.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Georgia casts 40 votes for Senator Dole, 4 votes for Senator Helms, 2 votes for Congressman Crane, 1 vote for Governor Edwards, and 1 vote for David Keene.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Guam, 4 votes.

PAUL M. CALVO of Guam. — Madam Secretary, Guam, the crossroads of the Pacific, casts 1 vote for Helms and 3 votes for Senator Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Guam casts 3 votes for Senator Dole and 1 vote for Senator Helms.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Hawaii, 19 votes.

SENATOR FONG. — Madam Secretary, I wish to yield to Mr. George Henrickson, Chairman of the Republican Party of the State of Hawaii, to announce the tally for Hawaii.

MR. HENRICKSON. — Madam Secretary, the most southern State in the union, is proud to cast 19 votes for Senator Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Hawaii casts 19 votes for Senator Dole.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Idaho, 21 votes.

WAYNE L. KIDWELL of Idaho. — Madam Secretary, the State of Idaho, who has its own favorite son candidate for the Vice Presidency, United States Senator Jim McClure, joins Senator Jim McClure in casting 20 votes for Senator Robert Dole and 1 vote for Jim McClure.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Idaho casts 20 votes for Senator Dole and 1 vote for Senator McClure.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Illinois, 101 votes.

RICHARD B. OGILVIE of Illinois. — Madam Chairman, Illinois, the prairie State, the land of Lincoln, and the home of big Jim Thompson, the next

Republican Governor of our State, casts its 101 votes unanimously for the next Vice President of the United States, Bob Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Illinois, 101 votes for Senator Dole.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Indiana, 54 votes.

THOMAS S. MILLIGAN of Indiana. — Madam Secretary, Indiana's vote will be cast by our great Governor, Otis R. Bowen.

GOVERNOR BOWEN. — Madam Secretary, Indiana, the home of the number one basketball team in the Nation, casts its 54 votes for Senator Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Indiana, 54 votes for Senator Dole.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Iowa, 36 votes.

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Madam Secretary, the State of Iowa, the home of the great Governor Bob Ray that chaired the committee that put together a Republican platform that we can win on in November, casts 36 votes for the Senator from the neighboring State of Kansas, Senator Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Iowa casts 36 votes for Senator Dole.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Kansas, 34 votes.

GOVERNOR ROBERT F. BENNETT of Kansas. — Madam Secretary, this is a proud night for the sovereign State of Kansas, and I can make a 30 minute speech before I cast my vote. But I would like to see America see the candidate that they are about to elect. I am pleased to advise you that the Nation's most Republican State is casting for its rugged individualism 1 abstention, and for a great Vice President and a great Senator, 33 votes for Senator Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Kansas casts 33 votes for Senator Dole and 1 not voting.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Kentucky, 37 votes.

M. G. (GENE) SNYDER of Kentucky. — Madam Secretary, the Bluegrass State, home of the Kentucky Derby, casts 32 votes for Dole, 5 for Reagan.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Kentucky casts 32 votes for Senator Dole and 5 votes for Governor Reagan.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Louisiana, 41 votes.

JOHN H. CADE, JR. of Louisiana. — Mr. Chairman, Louisiana's report will be made by the next Congressman from the Fifth District, Frank Spooner of Monroe.

MR. SPOONER. — Madam Chairman, Louisiana, the State that pioneered jazz and offshore drilling, casts 3 votes for our distinguished Congressman from Louisiana, David Treen, 2 votes for Ronald Reagan, 1 vote for Jesse Helms, 34 for Senator Dole, and 1 abstention.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Louisiana casts 34 votes for Senator Dole, 1 vote for Senator Helms, 2 votes for Governor Reagan, 3 votes for Representative Treen, and 1 not voting.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Maine, 20 votes.

JOHN R. LINNELL of Maine. — Madam Secretary, the State of Maine casts 19 votes for Senator Dole, 1 vote for John Connally.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Maine casts 19 votes for Senator Dole and 1 vote for Governor Connally.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Maryland, 43 votes.

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Madam Secretary, the free State of Maryland is proud to cast 40 votes for its good friend and the next Vice President, the distinguished Senator from Kansas, Bob Dole; 2 votes for our able and articulate Congressman, Bob Bauman, 1 vote for our great, if not the greatest, Secretary of the Treasury, Bill Simon.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Maryland casts 40 votes for Senator Dole, 2 votes for Representative Bauman, and 1 vote for Secretary Simon.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Massachusetts, 43 votes.

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Madam Secretary, Massachusetts proudly casts 38 votes for the next Vice President of the United States, Robert Dole, 2 votes for Mr. Richardson.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Could you please repeat that?

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Massachusetts proudly casts 39 votes for the next Vice President of the United States, Robert Dole, and 2 votes for Elliot Richardson.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Thank you.

Madam Chairman, do you have two non-voters?

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Yes, we do, Madam Secretary.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Massachusetts casts 39 votes for Senator Dole, 2 votes for Secretary Richardson, and 2 not voting.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Michigan, 84 votes.

GOVERNOR WILLIAM G. MILLIKEN of Michigan. — Madam Secretary, Michigan casts 2 votes for William Buckley, 12 votes for Senator Helms, 3 votes abstaining, 67 votes for Senator Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Michigan casts 67 votes for Senator Dole, 12 votes for Senator Helms, 2 votes for William Buckley, and 3 not voting.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Minnesota, 42 votes.

CONGRESSMAN ANCHER NELSON of Minnesota. — Madam Secretary, as Chairman of the Minnesota Delegation, I shall ask my Congressman, Tom Hagedorn, to cast the Minnesota vote.

MR. HAGEDORN. — Madam Secretary, Minnesota, home of the Independent Republican Party, casts 1 abstention, 1 vote for Senator Jesse Helms,

and 40 votes for the friend of the American farmer, the favorite son of Kansas and our next Vice President, Senator Bob Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Minnesota, 40 votes for Senator Dole, 1 vote for Senator Helms, and 1 not voting.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Mississippi, 30 votes.

MALCOLM MABRY of Mississippi. — Madam Secretary, I am Representative Malcolm Mabry, a delegate from the State of Mississippi. Our vote tonight will be announced by Dr. Roland Byrd, the next Congressman from the Second Congressional District of the State of Mississippi.

MR. BYRD. — Madam Secretary, the exhausted Mississippi Delegation announces 30 votes for Bob Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Mississippi, 30 votes for Senator Dole.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Missouri, 49 votes.

THOMAS B. CURTIS of Missouri. — Madam Secretary, I ask that our distinguished Governor, Kit Bond, honorary chairman of the Missouri delegation, cast our vote.

GOVERNOR BOND. — Madam Secretary, the State of Missouri, honored as the host State for the 1976 Republican National Convention, is extremely proud of the hospitality of our good friends of Kansas City and delighted that we can show the people of America that everything, including the Republican Party, is up to date in Kansas City, and we proudly cast 47 votes for our good neighbor and friend, Bob Dole, 1 for Governor Ronald Reagan, and 1 abstention. Thank you.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Missouri, 47 votes for Senator Dole, 1 vote for Governor Reagan, and 1 not voting.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Montana, 20 vores.

STAN STEPHENS of Montana. — Madam Secretary, as Chairman of the Montana delegation, to announce the tally, it is my pleasure to present the next United States Senator from the great State of Montana, our candidate, Stan Burger.

MR. BURGER. — Madam Secretary, Montana, the land of the big sky country and number one in agriculture proudly casts its 20 votes for the next Vice President of the United States, Bob Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Montana, 20 votes for Senator Dole.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Nebraska, 25 votes.

MILAN D. BISH of Nebraska. — The great State of Nebraska, who has an all Republican delegation and this year's number one football team, votes 5 for Helms, 1 for Baker, and 19 for our good friend from Kansas, Bob Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Nebraska casts 19 votes for Senator Dole, 5 votes for Senator Helms, 1 vote for Senator Baker.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Nevada, 18 votes.

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Madam Secretary, Nevada, the proud home State of Senator Paul Laxalt, casts 17 votes for Senator Robert Dole, 1 abstention.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Nevada, 17 votes for Senator Dole, one not voting.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — New Hampshire, 21 votes.

CONGRESSMAN JAMES C. CLEVELAND of New Hampshire. — Madam Secretary, the granite State, the State of New Hampshire, will announce its vote, but before announcing its vote it wishes to inform the convention that the two votes which will be cast for Governor Reagan have not been cast by the members of the New Hampshire delegation that arrived here pledged to Governor Reagan. And it is that wonderful sense of cooperation that is going to lead us all to a great victory in November.

Madam Secretary, the New Hampshire vote will be announced by the Cochairman of the New Hampshire delegation, a distinguished public servant and the Cochairman of the delegation, Vesta Roy.

MS. ROY. — Madam Secretary, New Hampshire proudly casts 2 votes for Ronald Reagan, 19 votes for Robert Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — New Hampshire, 19 votes for Senator Dole, 2 votes for Governor Reagan.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — New Jersey, 67 votes.

SENATOR CLIFFORD P. CASE of New Jersey. — Mr. Chairman, New Jersey, the garden State, the crossroads of the American Revolution, will have its announcement made by our fine candidate for the United States Senate on the Republican ticket, David Norcross.

MR. NORCROSS. — New Jersey proudly casts its 67 votes for the next Vice President of the United States, Robert Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — New Jersey, 67 votes for Senator Dole.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — New Mexico, 21 votes.

JAMES P. "CORKY" MORRIS of New Mexico. — Madam Secretary, New Mexico, the birthplace of the first scientist astronaut on the moon, the enchanted land that will give you in our United States Senate a second Republican Senator, Senator Harrison "Jack" Schmitt, proudly announces that for Senator Bob Dole 17 votes, Senator Jesse Helms 2 votes, William F. Buckley, 1 vote, Senator Pete V. Domenici of New Mexico, 1 vote.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — New Mexico, 17 votes for Dole, 2 votes for Helms, 1 vote for William F. Buckley, and 1 vote for Senator Domenici.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — New York, 154 votes.

RICHARD M. ROSENBAUM of New York. — Madam Secretary, the great western State of New York casts 2 votes for Senator Baker and 152 votes for Senator Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — New York, 152 votes for Dole, 2 votes for Baker.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — North Carolina, 54 votes.

TOM ELLIS of North Carolina. — Madam Chairman, North Carolina would like to cast 54 votes for Senator Jesse Helms. However, in response to Senator Helms' wishes, we cast 54 votes for Senator Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — North Carolina, 54 votes for Dole.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — North Dakota, 18 votes.

ALLAN C. YOUNG of North Dakota. — Madam Chairman, North Dakota, with the dean of the Republicans in the United States Senate, Milton Young, casts for his colleague 18 votes for Robert Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — North Dakota, 18 votes for Senator Dole.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Ohio, 97 votes.

WILLIAM REITZ of Ohio. — Madam Chairman, I am Bill Reitz, an 18-year-old delegate from Ohio. The great Buckeye State of Ohio, a leader in contributing youth to the Republican Party, thus, adding to the growth of this grand old party, casts its 97 votes for our next Vice President of the United States, Senator Bob Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Ohio, 97 votes for Dole.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Oklahoma, 36 votes.

SKIP HEALEY of Oklahoma. — Madam Chairman, Oklahoma was number one in football last night and we still are tonight; proudly casts 15 votes for Crane, 17 votes for Dole, and 4 for Helms.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Oklahoma, 17 for Dole, 4 for Helms, 15 for Crane.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Oregon, 30 votes.

SENATOR MARK O. HATFIELD of Oregon. — Madam Chairman, after four hot summer nights, the Oregon Delegation, in anxious anticipation of its return to the cool, cloudy, mountain and valley greenery of the great State of Oregon, casts 26 votes for Senator Robert Dole, 2 votes for Senator Jesse Helms, 1 vote for Senator Howard Baker, and 1 abstention.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Oregon casts 26 votes for Dole, 2 for Helms, 1 for Baker, and 1 not voting.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Pennsylvania, 103 votes.

SENATOR HUGH SCOTT of Pennsylvania. — Madam Chairman, I yield to Representative Bud Shuster, the first Pennsylvania Congressman to hold both party nominations in 42 years.

CONGRESSMAN BUD SHUSTER of Pennsylvania. — Madam Secretary, the great Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the Keystone State, casts 2 votes for Helms, 3 votes for Reagan, 1 vote for Phil Crane, 1 vote for John Connally and 96 votes for Robert Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Pennsylvania, 96 votes for Dole, 2 for Helms, 3 for Reagan, 1 for Crane and 1 for Connally.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Puerto Rico, 8 votes.

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Madam Chairman, Puerto Rico, the land of sunshine and fun, joins its favorite son for Vice President, Governor Luis Ferré, in casting its 8 votes for that great American, the greatest exponent of Republican philosophy and the man who is going to unmask the Democratic ticket, Senator Bob Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Puerto Rico, 8 votes for Senator Dole.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Rhode Island, 19 votes.

MAYOR VINCENT A. CIANCI, JR. of Rhode Island. — Madam Secretary, Rhode Island, the host of the National Fraternal Order of Police Convention next year, proudly casts 17 votes for the next Vice President of the United States, Senator Robert Dole, 2 not voting.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Rhode Island, 17 votes for Dole, 2 not voting.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — South Carolina, 36 votes.

GOVERNOR JAMES B. EDWARDS of South Carolina. — Madam Chairman, 4 delegates wish to cast their votes for Senator Helms, but Senator Helms, at his request, wishes that they be cast with the majority. Therefore, 36 votes are cast for Senator Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — South Carolina, 36 votes for Dole.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — South Dakota, 20 votes.

GEORGANNE SORENSON of South Dakota. — South Dakota, the State which in 1980 will make Senator George McGovern a full-time news commentator and an ex-Senator, casts 20 ballots for Senator Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — South Dakota, 20 votes for Senator Dole.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Tennessee, 43 votes.

CONGRESSMAN JAMES H. QUILLEN of Tennessee. — Madam Secretary, the beautiful Volunteer State of Tennessee casts 1 vote for Senator Helms, 1 vote for our distinguished Senator, Bill Brock, and 41 votes for the next Vice President of the United States, Senator Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Tennessee, 41 votes for Dole, 1 vote for Helms, and 1 vote for Brock.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Texas, 100 votes.

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Madam Secretary, Texas, the home of rugged individualists, casts the following votes: for Senator Helms, 43; for Governor Reagan, 9; for Senator Dole, 26; for Congressman Crane, 1; for the Honorable Ray Barnhart, 1; for the Honorable George Bush, 2; for Senator Laxalt, 1; for Governor John Connally, 2; for Mrs. Nancy Palm, 1; for the Honorable Anne Armstrong, 4; for State Senator from the great State of Michigan, Jack Welborn, 2; —

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Will the delegates please take their seats so we may continue with the business of the convention. The Secretary will continue with the roll call of the States at this time.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Would the chairman of Texas please cast the remaining 8 votes.

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Madam Secretary, would you like for the first part to be repeated?

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — No. I believe we have those properly recorded. If you would just give me the last 8 remaining votes, please.

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Roger Staubach, 1; Congressman Steve Symms, 1; Congressman Alan Steelman, 3; the Honorable Bill Simon, 1; candidate for Congress from the 4th District of Texas, Frank Glenn, 1; and 1 abstention.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Texas casts 26 votes for Dole, 43 for Helms, 9 for Reagan, 1 for Crane, 1 for Barnhart, 2 for Bush, 1 for Laxalt, 2 for Connally, 1 for Palm, 4 for Armstrong, 2 for Welborn, 1 for Staubach, 1 for Symms, 3 for Steelman, 1 for Simon, 1 for Glenn and 1 not voting.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Utah, 20 votes.

RICHARD RICHARDS of Utah. — Madam Chairman, Utah casts 17 votes for Senator Bob Dole, 3 votes, Helms.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Utah, 17 votes for Dole, 3 for Helms.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Vermont, 18 votes.

WALTER L. KENNEDY of Vermont. — Madam Secretary, in the essence of unity, the Green Mountain State of Vermont, an independent nation for 14 years, proudly casts all its 18 votes for Senator Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Vermont, 18 votes for Dole.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Virginia, 51 votes.

GOVERNOR MILLS E. GODWIN, JR. of Virginia. — Madam Secretary, Virginia casts 41 votes for Dole, 8 votes for Helms, 2 abstaining.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Virginia, 41 votes for Dole, 8 votes for Helms, 2 not voting.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — The Virgin Islands, 4 votes.

MELVIN H. EVANS of the Virgin Islands. — Madam Secretary, the Virgin Islands' vote will be cast by Phil Clark, delegate from St. Croix.

MR. CLARK. — Madam Secretary, devoutly wishing that our people could vote for him in November, wishing him good luck and Godspeed, the Virgin Islands proudly casts its 4 votes for Senator Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Virgin Islands, 4 votes for Senator Dole.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Washington, 38 votes.

WARREN MCPHERSON of Washington. — Madam Secretary, the State of Washington vote will be announced by Delegate Betty Henneman, candidate for the Washington State House of Representatives.

MS. HENNEMAN. — Madam Secretary, from the great Evergreen State of Washington where we have everything, we cast our votes as follows: 5 votes for Jesse Helms, 1 vote for Governor Reagan, and 32 votes for Senator Dole.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Washington, 32 votes for Dole, 5 votes for Helms, 1 vote for Reagan.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — West Virginia, 28 votes.

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Madam Secretary, the West Virginia vote will be announced by the Honorable Cecil H. Underwood, the next Republican Governor of the State of West Virginia, who will continue and build upon the fine record of the past 8 years of Arch A. Moore, Jr.

MR. UNDERWOOD. — Madam Secretary, West Virginia, the State created by proclamation of Abraham Lincoln, casts 27 votes for Senator Dole and 1 vote for Governor Reagan.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — West Virginia, 27 votes for Dole, 1 vote for Reagan.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Wisconsin, 45 votes.

WARREN P. KNOWLES of Wisconsin. — Madam Chairman, the State of Wisconsin casts 44 votes for Senator Robert Dole, 1 vote for Donald Rumsfeld.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Wisconsin, 44 votes for Dole, 1 vote for Rumsfeld.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Wyoming, 17 votes.

SENATOR CLIFFORD P. HANSEN of Wyoming. — Wyoming, Madam Secretary, casts 2 votes for Governor Reagan, 2 votes for Senator Jesse Helms of North Carolina, and 13 votes for the next Vice President of the United States, the Honorable Robert Dole.

Madam Secretary, I ask unanimous consent that the Chair be permitted to invite the great Governor of California, Ronald Reagan, to address this convention. (Applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Will the delegates allow the Chair to make a reply to the request of the delegate? Under the rules of the convention,

while a roll call is in order, there can be no intervening business. We will continue the roll call.

Let the Chair further state that the Chair has been in contact with Mr. Moore, who is an assistant to Governor Reagan, for the purpose of determining whether or not Governor Reagan sought permission to address this convention. The Chair was informed that the answer was in the negative.

If the Governor desires to address this convention at any time that the Chair can recognize him under the rules, he will certainly be recognized.

ASSISTANT READING CLERK. — Wyoming casts 13 votes for Senator Dole, 2 votes for Senator Helms and 2 votes for Governor Reagan.

THE SECRETARY OF THE CONVENTION. — Mr. Chairman, this concludes the calling of the roll.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — May the Chair have the attention of the chairman of the delegation from the great State of Minnesota. It is the Chair's understanding that Minnesota wished to be recognized for a change in its vote.

CONGRESSMAN NELSEN. — Mr. Chairman, the State of Minnesota would like to record two changes in order to cast a unanimous ballot for Senator Bob Dole as the next Vice President of the United States of America. We cast 42 solid votes, Mr. Chairman.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — May I have the attention of the chairman of the Michigan delegation.

GOVERNOR MILLIKEN. — Michigan has 1 vote to change — from 3 abstentions to 2, and from 12 to 13 votes for Senator Helms.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — 12 to 13 votes for Senator Helms. Would the chairman clarify that. The vote must come off of somebody else's total. Would you recapitulate the entire vote.

GOVERNOR MILLIKEN. — Yes, Mr. Chairman. The vote now reads, abstained, 2; William Buckley, 2; Senator Helms, 13; Senator Robert Dole, 67.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — For what purpose does the chairman of the delegation from the Commonwealth of Kentucky seek recognition?

MR. NUNN. — Mr. Chairman, Delegate Evans wishes to switch his vote from Reagan to Dole.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Could the chairman recapitulate the vote of the State.

MR. NUNN. — That would be 33 for Dole, 4 for Reagan.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Are there other States? Will the delegate please advise by waving the State standard so we can tell where he is from.

The delegate from Oklahoma seeks recognition.

MR. HEALEY. — Oklahoma would like to change its vote to 36 unanimous votes for Bob Dole.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — 36 votes for Dole from the State of Oklahoma.

Are there other States desiring to make changes?

The State of Connecticut, the chairman of the State of Connecticut is asking for recognition.

MR. BIEBEL. — Mr. Chairman, Connecticut wishes to make all 35 votes for Senator Bob Dole.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — 35 votes for Dole.

Are there other States seeking to change?

Is the State of Florida seeking recognition?

MR. TAYLOR. — Mr. Chairman?

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The gentleman is recognized.

MR. TAYLOR. — The State of Florida would like to cast a unanimous ballot for Bob Dole for Vice President.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Florida unanimously for Dole.

Are there other States seeking recognition?

If not, it is hoped that the tally — The State of Maryland asks for recognition?

SENATOR BEALL. — Maryland would like to change its vote to cast all 43 votes for Senator Robert Dole.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — 43 votes for Dole, from Maryland.

Are there other delegations seeking recognition for the purpose of change?

Will you please wave the State banner. I can't tell what State you are from.

For what purpose does the chairman of Colorado seek recognition?

MR. SOUTH. — Colorado wishes to change two votes — 1 from Senator Dole to William F. Buckley, and 1 that was previously recorded as an abstention to Harold Stassen.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Would the gentleman from Colorado recapitulate the vote of the State at the present time.

MR. SOUTH. — We are switching 1 vote from Senator Dole to William F. Buckley, Jr., and the previously recorded abstention is being changed to Harold Stassen.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The delegate does not understand the Chair. The Chair would like to have the delegate recapitulate the entire vote of the State of Colorado as he desires it to be recorded.

MR. SOUTH. — The entire vote should now read 26 for Senator Dole, 2 for Senator Helms and 2 for William F. Buckley, Jr.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Are there further States desiring recognition? Does the delegate from New Hampshire seek recognition?

Before I recognize any other States, may I have the attention of the Delegate from Colorado again. The clerks tell me that you are one vote short. Would you please recapitulate the vote of your State.

MR. SOUTH. — Mr. Chairman, let's make that 27 votes for Senator Dole, 2 for Senator Helms and 2 for William F. Buckley, Jr.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Are there other delegates seeking recognition?

The delegate from the State of New Hampshire is recognized.

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Mr. Chairman, the State of New Hampshire, first for independence, respectfully requests the record to show all 21 votes for Senator Robert Dole for Vice President. Thank you.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Are there any other States desiring to change their votes?

Is the delegate from West Virginia seeking recognition?

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — The State of West Virginia desires to cast 28 votes for Senator Dole for Vice President. That is a change from 27 and 1.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Are there further States which desire recognition?

The Chair does not note any delegation now desiring to change. If there are any, will they please vociferously wave their State standards so that the chair may be aware of it.

If I may have the attention of the delegates, I am now ready to announce the results of the polling for the nomination for the office of Vice President of the United States.

Don Rumsfeld, 1; Frank Glenn, 1; Alan Steelman, 3; Steven D. Symms, 1; Roger Staubach, 1; Jack Welborn, 2; William Simon, 1; Nancy Palm, 1; George Bush, 2; Ray Barnhart, 1; Pete Domenici, 1; Elliot Richardson, 2; John B. Connally, 4; David C. Treen, 3; James A. McClure, 1; David Keene, 1; William E. Brock, III, 1; Anne Armstrong, 4; Richard S. Schweiker, 2; James B. Edwards, 1; Philip M. Crane, 8; William F. Buckley, 5; John Sears, 1; Paul Laxalt, 2; Howard H. Baker, Jr., 6; James B. Allen, 1; Ronald Reagan, 23; Jesse A. Helms, 99; Robert Dole, 1,981, Abstentions, 99.

The Chair declares that the nominee for the office of Vice President of this convention is Robert Dole of Kansas. (Applause.)

Under the rules, the question now is, shall the nomination of the candidate be made unanimous? All in favor, say aye. (Chorus of ayes.)

Opposed, no. (Chorus of noes.)

In the opinion of the Chair, the ayes have it and it is so ordered.

TABULATION OF THE BALLOT FOR VICE PRESIDENT

	No. of Delegates	Robert Dole	Jesse A. Helms	Ronald Reagan	James B. Allen	Howard H. Baker, Jr.	Richard S. Schweiker	Philip M. Crane	Paul Laxalt	John Sears	William F. Buckley	Anne Armstrong	William E. Brock, III	Lanis Frey, Jr.	Dr. John Grady	James Edwards	David Keene	James A. McClure	David C. Treen	John Connally	Robert E. Bauman	William Simon	Elliott Richardson	Pete V. Domenici	Ray Barnhart	George Bush	Nancy Palm	Jack Welborn	Roger Staubach	Steven D. Symms	Alan Steelman	Frank Glenn	Donald Rumsfeld	Abstentions
Alabama	37	30	4	1	1	1																												
Alaska	19	19																																
Arizona	29	29																																
Arkansas	27	19				1	2	4																										1
California	167	80	1						1	1																								84
*Colorado	31	27	2								1																							1
*Connecticut	35	34																																1
Delaware	17	17																																
Dist. of Col.	14	14																																
*Florida	66	35										2	1	9	19																			
Georgia	48	40	4					2								1	1																	
Guam	4	3	1																															
Hawaii	19	19																																
Idaho	21	20																																
Illinois	101	101																																
Indiana	54	54																																
Iowa	36	36																																

| | | |

| | | |

COMMITTEE TO NOTIFY THE HONORABLE ROBERT DOLE OF HIS NOMINATION

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair will appoint the following committee to notify the Honorable Robert Dole, United States Senator from Kansas, of his nomination for Vice President and escort him to the podium. It will be appreciated if these persons will report immediately to the ready room back of the podium.

The Honorable Gene Taylor, Member of Congress, 7th District of Missouri; the Honorable Ray C. Bliss, National Committeeman from Ohio; McDill Boyd, National Committeeman, Kansas; Honorable Marjorie S. Holt, Member of Congress from Maryland; Robert G. Shaw, State Chairman of North Carolina; Thomas B. Evans, Jr., candidate for Congress from Delaware; Garner Shriver, Congressman from Kansas; Larry Winn, Congressman from Kansas; Keith Sebelius, Congressman from Kansas; and Joe Skubitz, Congressman from Kansas.

It is now my pleasure to introduce one of the greatest party leaders of all time, a longtime Ohio State Chairman, a former Chairman of the Republican National Committee, the senior member of the National Committee, and a delegate from the State of Ohio, one of the greatest Republicans of the century, my good friend, Ray C. Bliss.

PRESENTATION OF GOLD CONVENTION BADGE TO THE HONORABLE MARY LOUISE SMITH, CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE BY THE HONORABLE RAY C. BLISS, NATIONAL COMMITTEEMAN FROM THE STATE OF OHIO

MR. BLISS. — Mr. Chairman, fellow delegates, alternates and guests of this convention, tonight I have been extended the privilege and honor of presenting a gift of appreciation to our distinguished National Chairman, Mary Louise Smith. (Applause.)

As a former National Chairman, I have had some slight experience with the demands, the frustrations and the heartaches of that position. She is the first woman chairman named by our party.

Although she assumed the helm in very troubled times, her perseverance and her skillful handling of her party responsibilities have earned her the respect and admiration which she so richly deserves.

I am proud to present to you, Chairman Smith, this gold convention badge as a small token of our gratitude. (Applause.)

MARY LOUISE SMITH. — Thank you very much. This is a very high honor indeed, and made even more so, more significant by having it presented by Ray Bliss of Ohio.

I thank Ray personally, and I thank all of you very, very much.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — There are several members of the House and the Senate who are retiring this year after years of service in those bodies. None will be missed by me personally as much as the great Senator from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Hugh Scott.

Senator Scott has been about everything you can be to a political party. He has been the Republican National Chairman. He has been a member of the House, a member of the Senate, and he is now the minority leader of the United States Senate.

It is with great personal sense of loss that I realize that he will no longer be serving in the Senate. I wanted to take this time to thank him personally for all the things which he has done not only for me but also for the party, the Congress of the United States and his country.

I would like to have you join me in a round of applause for a really great Republican, Hugh Scott of Pennsylvania. (Applause.)

TO FILL ANY VACANCY ON THE TICKET

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes the delegate from Minnesota for the purpose of offering a resolution. Mr. Slocum of Minnesota.

MR. SLOCUM. — Mr. Chairman, Chuck Slocum, Minnesota. I offer the following resolution for consideration by this body:

> RESOLVED, That the Republican National Committe be and is hereby authorized and empowered to fill any and all vacancies which may occur by reason of death, declination or otherwise in the ticket nominated by this Convention, and that in voting, in said Committee, the Committee members representing any State, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands shall be entitled to cast the same number of votes as said State, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands was entitled to cast in the 1976 Republican National Convention, or that the National Committee in its judgment may call a National Convention for the purpose of filling such vacancies.

Mr. Chairman, I move this resolutions adoption.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — You have heard the resolution. Is there a second?

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Second.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The resolution has been seconded. All in favor, say aye. (Chorus of ayes.)

All opposed, no. (No response.)

The ayes have it and it is so ordered.

PUBLICATION OF CONVENTION PROCEEDINGS

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes the delegate from Pennsylvania, George Bloom, for the purpose of offering a resolution.

MR. BLOOM. — Mr. Chairman, I offer the following resolution:

> RESOLVED, That the secretary of this convention is hereby directed to prepare and publish for the convention a full and complete report of its official proceedings under the direction of the National Committee.

Mr. Chairman, I move the adoption of the resolution.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Is there a second?

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Second.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Having heard a second, you have heard the resolution. All in favor, signify by saying aye. (Chorus of ayes.)

Opposed, no (No response.)

The ayes have it and it is so ordered. The resolution is adopted.

RESOLUTION OF APPRECIATION

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes the delegate from the State of Ohio, Martha Moore, for the purpose of offering a resolution. Miss Moore.

MARTHA MOORE. — Mr. Chairman, I offer the following resolution:

> RESOLVED, That we, the delegates and alternates to the 1976 Republican National Convention, acknowledge with this expression of gratitude and appreciation the excellent performance of the officers of this bicentennial convention, the work of the members and staff of the Arrangements Committee and those in the greater Kansas City area who welcomed us and assisted us, the officials of Kansas City, the Host Committee and the members of the news media, all of whom contributed in their own way to the success of this convention.

Mr. Chairman, I move the adoption of this resolution.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — You have heard the resolution. Is there a second?

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Second.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Second having been heard, the question is on the resolution. All in favor, say aye. (Chorus of ayes.)

Opposed, no. (No response.)

The ayes appear to have it. The ayes have it and the resolution is adopted as read.

INTRODUCTION OF THE HONORABLE ROBERT DOLE UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM KANSAS AND THE VICE PRESIDENTIAL NOMINEE BY THE HONORABLE JAMES B. PEARSON, UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM THE STATE OF KANSAS

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — And now our Vice Presidential candidate will be introduced by the man who serves with the Vice Presidential nominee as a United States Senator from the great State of Kansas, a very capable, a veteran Senator who has made his mark not only in the United States Senate but in the Republican Party. He is the Honorable James B. Pearson, Senior Senator of the State of Kansas.

SENATOR PEARSON. — Mr. Chairman, delegates, ladies and gentlemen, in presenting our Republican candidate for Vice President of the United States, one would most naturally be tempted to recite once again all of those qualities of character, experience and intellect which led President Ford to suggest his candidacy and which found favor in your selection tonight.

Those who offered and endorsed his name spoke of his dedication to public service, his dedication of service to all mankind in both war and peace, to his service in the Congress, and now to this campaign he brings knowledge of rural America and agriculture.

Reminded as we have been throughout this convention that the central issue before the country is the economy, he has brought to the Senate and now brings to this campaign the product of his work on both the Committee of Finance and the Committee of Budget. And parenthetically, I might say that is the only thing he has in common with Fritz Mondale.

A great campaigner, who loves the smoke of battle and who can take a punch as well as give one; a serious man who sees the humor of life; a partisan who places his country first; a good and decent person who, with our help, can bind up the wounds of this party and this country.

Ladies and gentlemen, it is a great honor to present to you the next Vice President of the United States, Senator Bob Dole of Kansas (Applause and Cheers.)

ACCEPTANCE ADDRESS BY THE VICE PRESIDENTIAL NOMINEE THE HONORABLE BOB DOLE

SENATOR DOLE. — Mr. Chairman, fellow Republicans and fellow Americans: I stand before you tonight proud of the confidence our President has shown in me, gratified by your trust, humbled by this new opportunity to serve the Nation we love and determined to work with all my heart to insure four more years of Republican leadership in the White House.

President Ford's Administration began with a prayer, trusting in a just and benevolent God, and in the courage and wisdom and good will of our people. The President accepted stewardship of our Nation in one of the most difficult times in our history.

With the help of God, with the good will of our people, and with his courage, compassion and wisdom, America has weathered the storm.

Today there are those who tell Americans to lower their expectations. American was not built by men and women with limited vision and small hopes and low expectations. It was built by men and women who had tomorrow on their minds. It was built by believers, by those who could look across the broad sweep of a bounteous land of unbounded opportunity and see possibilities none before had ever dreamed of. In their eyes the future gleamed brightly and upon their achievements we live today — with more freedom, more opportunity, more dignity, more wealth and with greater obligations than any people before in history.

My fellow Republicans, we need not ask the American people to lower their expectations. Rather, let us ask them to raise their sights ever higher as they have always done in the past. Let us do so with confidence which comes in the knowledge that we have a President who has met and will continue to meet the highest expectations of the American people.

We have heard much about offering the American people a choice this year. I believe we should. I believe we do. The eyes of the world and the hopes of those who are free and those who wish to be free focus on this country.

Wherever tyranny reigns in this world it reigns through the instruments of government. All history tells us is that to maximize government is to minimize human freedom and I believe that the promise of America is not told, nor shall it be fulfilled, through the oppressive constraints of government.

The question and the purpose of human liberty are not the rights of government, the dignity of government or the future of government. Rather, they are the rights of the individual, the hopes and dreams of the individual, the dignity of the individual, and the future of humanity itself.

We have written a long and noble chapter in the history of human liberty. We have proved that it works, that the power of freedom pushes mankind further toward justice, toward equality, toward prosperity and security than government ever managed to drag humanity in those directions.

So, my fellow Republicans, let us not define ourselves in terms of what we stand against, but in terms of what we stand for.

The wisdom of what we stand for is demonstrated in the record of the great and good man who leads the Nation today. In the wake of Vietnam, many felt that the will of our people was so sorely tried that we would not have the strength to wage peace in the world, to halt aggression before it began, but President Ford understood that a free people are never too tired to defend their

freedom. So when rights and interests have been threatened, he has responded and upon the evidence of America's will to stand fast for what it believes, a structure of peace is being erected in the world.

And in the wake of a continued inflation and recession, there are those who argued the best medicine for a crippled economy was to cripple it further. They advocated the short-term solution for long-term disaster, believing the American people were unwilling to make the necessary sacrifices to restore prosperity to our land.

They were wrong. President Ford knows the way back to prosperity is through persistence and perseverance and, yes, through sacrifices.

The way back to a healthy economy has been difficult and painful. But by refusing to resign us to the seductive panaceas of more government spending, President Ford has persisted. He has persevered and he has prevailed.

He has suffered abuse. He has endured accusations about his concern for the jobless. He has borne with patience those who have questioned his compassion for the poor. And he has put this economy back on the road to good health. The shrill denunciations by those who opposed his economic policies come not from concern that he might fail, but from desperation at the fact that he is succeeding.

And he is succeeding, my friends, because he has placed his faith in the American people and not in the discredited gimmicks of government. My fellow Americans, President Ford has begun the great work of building peace, renewing prosperity, and restoring confidence in the basic institutions of freedom in America.

But there is much more to be done. We are at peace with the world, but the world is not at peace with itself. We live in a dangerous world and the danger for us is lessened only by the fact that those whose ambitions might exceed their common sense know what the President of the United States of America stands for.

Here at home there are still those who believe in government rather than people. We have, for example, a Congress which lurches along in a search for more and more ways to gain control, not merely over the way we live, but over the purposes for which we live which ought to be left to the decisions and the hearts and minds of every single individual.

The freedom and sovereignty of our land count for nothing if they are not matched equally by the freedom and sovereignty of every American.

Today our businesses and industries continue to be burdened by endless confusing government regulations. Certainly we must have laws that govern the private sector in how it conducts itself just as we have laws that govern how our people conduct themselves. But just as we must avoid legislating freedom, creativity and initiative out of the lives of our people, so we must also avoid legislating these virtues out of our system of free enterprise.

And in my opinion we have to free the free enterprise system. Until we get government out of the business sector, we are going to have difficulty getting people back into jobs that are real and productive.

Until we get government out of the credit markets, business will be unable to expand as it ought to and employ more people. Yes, ladies and gentlemen, there is work to be done. Until we break the stranglehold of the party of big government over the Congress of the United States, we are going to have more Federal spending, more Federal control over our private lives and more empty promises that leave our people disillusioned and frustrated.

And let us not be deterred or discomforted by those who interpret the long and hard fought primary campaign as a sign of division in Republican ranks. Let us rather take pride in the fact that we had two such men as President Ford and Governor Reagan to contend for this Nation's leadership.

And let us recall that hard fought battles have never hurt our Party. It was just such a contest in 1952 that gave us Dwight David Eisenhower. And President Eisenhower gave us eight years of prosperity and President Ford will do the same.

You have honored me tonight by giving me the opportunity to help the President continue the work he has begun. I mean to be worthy of that honor. In this Bicentennial year we have the opportunity to restore those principles upon which America was founded 200 years ago. It is for us now to determine whether we shall be the designers of our destiny or the victims of it.

America was founded upon the belief that men and women have the right to be free. Our Republican Party was born in the struggle to preserve and extend freedom. Our task today and tomorrow and the weeks following and the months following is nothing less than to further the principles of freedom upon which our Nation and our Party were established.

So our task today and in the days and weeks ahead must be to insure the election of a President who understands those principles and lives by them and leads this Nation by them.

With your help, with the help of the American people, and with the help of Almighty God, we shall succeed.

And I again thank you very much.

(During the course of Senator Dole's speech he was interrupted frequently by applause and cheers.)

SPECIAL TRIBUTE TO THE FIRST LADY BY CARY GRANT

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and gentlemen, you will not find the next event on your program, but I think that this is a tribute which will become one of the most memorable of our convention. It is my pleasure now to introduce to you Mr. Cary Grant.

MR. GRANT. — Mr. Chairman, distinguished guests, and all you members of this Republican Party, or of any other party that happens to be here; I don't know much about politics and I have only just arrived, but I do hope it is not too late to enter a nomination. (Laughter.)

Because I have a very good one. You see, I am here because I have been permitted the happy privilege of introducing a remarkable woman. I know you have many remarkable women in your party. After all, what is any party without remarkable women? (Applause.)

And in this party, of course, I think of dear Nancy Reagan, Happy Rockefeller, and Elizabeth Dole, among the many. But I am here to talk to you about only one, my own personal nominee; a lady who many of you have met and undoubtedly been, as I have been, enchanted by her quiet, self-effacing manner and infectious good humor.

This lady, our first lady, had the foresight to select — from what must have been many admirers — a good man, a strong man, a man of rare common sense to father her children.

It is a tribute also to her husband's judgment that he chose and courted this woman, this particular woman, to share his life. Indeed, they seem to have found the sort of happiness I too might have found on three or four previous occasions. (Laughter and Applause.)

These two people created three handsome sons — Michael, Jack and Steve — and a very beautiful young daughter, Susan. (Applause.)

Now they are a united family that experiences and understands the strengths of unity. They will now be an example in force not only towards unifying your party but, hopefully, the whole country. (Applause.)

I have had the pleasure of talking with this compassionate and friendly mother, and I know her to be unpretentious and, well, rather shy; yet, always accessible and, as any interviewer can tell you, courageous and truthful. And I can assure you of her sincere love for all people and her hope to further the cause of women's rights. (Applause.)

Women have always been one of my favorite causes, too.

Well, time goes on. Now it is quite understandable that women everywhere wish to be treated as intelligent equals. (Applause.)

As indeed they should be. Now, what wife does not appreciate the value of a relaxed exchange of views between partners at the end of their separate but long, tiring day's work — in the quiet of the night, in the privacy of their own room, pillow talk. (Laughter.)

Yes; undisturbed and in comfort. So I suggest to you that a further four years of such intimate exchanging of thoughts and views can certainly not harm and only be of help to women's aims for equality, whether out in the business world or in the arts or in the contentment of the home and with the children.

This lady, possibly more than any other, can help those aims while at the same time giving support and encouragement to the President toward the attainment of his. So it gives me the greatest pride and pleasure to introduce to you and to the Nation the President's first and our first lady, Betty Ford.

BETTY FORD. — Thank you. And, Mr. Grant, I accept your nomination. After all, what woman could turn down Mr. Cary Grant? (Laughter.)

I know this is going to be a great evening. We have had a great convention, and this is going to bring us together with great pride. And we are going to strive on this road to success, and we are really going to go right down to November 2nd and we are going to win this campaign. (Applause.)

Thank you.

PRESENTATION OF FILM

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — My fellow delegates, there is no human being who could successfully follow Betty Ford, so we are going to have a film. The film is a special feature on our program, and I think you will recognize its purpose as it continues.

(A film was shown with scenes from the life of President Ford, from his early youth through his political career in the United States Congress, his appointment to the office of the Vice President and his succession to the office of the President. In the closing scene President Ford and Mrs. Ford were shown walking on a path at Camp David toward the camera. As the scene faded the President and Mrs. Ford appeared in person at the podium. This film was produced by the President Ford Committee in conjunction with William Carruthers, the President's Adviser on Television, and other members of the White House staff.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — Ladies and gentlemen, the President of the United States and Mrs. Ford.

ACCEPTANCE ADDRESS BY THE PRESIDENTIAL NOMINEE THE HONORABLE GERALD FORD

PRESIDENT FORD. — Delegates and alternates to this Republican convention: I am honored by your nomination — and I accept it. (Applause.)

I accept with pride, with gratitude and with a total will to win a great victory for the American people. (Applause.)

We will wage a winning campaign in every region of the country — from the snowy banks of Minnesota to the sandy plains of Georgia. (Applause.)

We concede not a single state. We concede not a single vote. (Applause.)

This evening I am proud to stand before this convention as the first incumbent President since Dwight D. Eisenhower who can tell the American people: America is at peace. (Applause.)

Tonight I can tell you straight away: This nation is sound. This nation is secure. This nation is on the march to full economic recovery and a better quality of life for all Americans. (Applause.)

I will tell you one more thing. This year the issues are on your side. I am ready. I am eager to go before the American people and debate the real issues face to face with Jimmy Carter. (Applause.)

The people have a right to know first hand exactly where *both* of us stand. (Applause.)

I am deeply grateful to those who stood with me in winning the nomination of the party whose cause I have served all my adult life.

I respect the convictions of those who want a change in Washington. I want a change too. After 22 long years of majority misrule, let's change the United States Congress. (Applause.)

My gratitude tonight reaches far beyond this arena, to countless friends whose confidence, hard work and unselfish support have brought me to this moment.

It would be unfair to single out anyone. But may I make an exception for my wonderful family, Mike, Jack, Steve and Susan — especially my dear wife Betty. (Applause.)

We Republicans have some tough competition. We not only preach the virtues of competition, we practice them. (Applause.)

But tonight we come together, not on a battlefield to conclude a cease-fire, but to join forces on a training field that has conditioned us all for the contest ahead. (Applause.)

Let me say this from the bottom of my heart. After the scrimmages of the past few months it really feels good to have Ron Reagan on the same side of the line. (Applause.)

To strengthen our championship lineup the convention has wisely chosen one of the ablest Americans as our next vice-president, Senator Bob Dole of the great state of Kansas. (Applause.)

With his help, with your help, with the help of millions of Americans who cherish peace, who want freedom preserved, prosperity shared and pride in America we will win this election. (Applause.)

I speak not of a Republican victory, but of a victory for the American people.

You at home, listening tonight — you are the people who pay the taxes and obey the laws. You are the people who make our system work. You are the

people who make America what it is. It is from your ranks that I come and on your side I stand. (Applause.)

Something wonderful happened to this country of ours these past two years. We all came to realize it on the Fourth of July.

Together, out of years of turmoil and tragedy, of wars and riots, assassinations and wrongdoing in high places, Americans recaptured the spirit of 1776. We saw again the pioneer vision of our revolutionary forefathers and of our immigrant ancestors. (Applause.)

Their vision was of free men and free women enjoying limited government and unlimited opportunity. (Applause.)

The mandate I want in 1976 is to make that vision a reality. But it will take the voices and the votes of many more Americans, who are not Republicans, to make that mandate binding and my mission possible.

I have been called an unelected President, an accidental President. We may even hear that again from the other party despite the fact that its elected officials in Congress certified my fitness for our highest office. (Applause.) They voted for me 387 to 35 in the House of Representatives and 92 to 3 in the Senate.

Having become vice-president and President, without expecting or seeking either, I have a special feeling toward these high offices.

To me the presidency and the vice-presidency were not prizes to be won, but a duty to be done. (Applause.)

So tonight it is not the power and glamour of the presidency that leads me to ask another four years. It is something every hard-working American will understand — the challenge of a job well begun but far from finished. (Applause.)

Two years ago, on Aug. 9, 1974, I placed my hand on the Bible that Betty held and took the same constitutional oath that was administered to George Washington. I had faith in our people, in our institutions and in myself.

"My fellow Americans," I said, "our long national nightmare is over." (Applause.)

It was an hour of our history that troubled our minds and tore at our hearts. Anger and hatred had risen to dangerous levels, dividing friends and families. The polarization of our political order had aroused unworthy passions of reprisal and revenge.

Our governmental system was closer to stalemate than at any time since Abraham Lincoln took that same oath of office.

Our economy was in the throes of runaway inflation, taking us headlong into the worst recession since Franklin D. Roosevelt took the same oath.

On that dark day I told my fellow countrymen: "I am acutely aware that you have not elected me as your President by your ballots, so I ask you to confirm

me as your President with your prayers." (Applause.)

On a marble fireplace in the White House is carved a prayer which John Adams wrote. It concludes: "May none but honest and wise men ever rule under this roof."

Since I have resided in that historic house I have tried to live by that prayer. (Applause.)

I faced many tough problems. I probably made some mistakes but on balance America and Americans have made an incredible comeback since August, 1974. (Applause.)

Nobody can honestly say otherwise.

And the plain truth is that the great progress we have made at home and abroad was in spite of the majority who run Congress. (Applause.)

For two years I have stood for all the people against the vote-hungry, free-spending congressional majority. (Applause.)

Fifty-five times I vetoed extravagant and unwise legislation. Forty-four times I made those vetoes stick. (Applause.) Those vetoes have saved Americans billions and billions of dollars.

I am against the big taxspender and for the little taxpayer. (Applause.)

I called for a permanent tax cut coupled with spending reductions to stimulate the economy and relieve hard-pressed middle-income taxpayers. Your personal exemption must be raised from $750 to $1,000. (Applause.)

The other party's platform talks about tax reform, but there's one problem — their own Congress won't act.

I called for reasonable, constitutional restrictions on court-ordered bussing of school children.

The other party's platform concedes that bussing should be a "last resort;" but there's the same problem — their own Congress won't act. (Applause.)

I called for a major overhaul of criminal laws to crack down on crime and illegal drugs.

The other party's platform deplores America's $90-billion cost of crime; there's the problem again — their own Congress won't act. (Applause.)

The other party's platform talks about a strong defense; now here's the other side of the problem — their own Congress did act. They slashed $50 billion from our national defense needs in the past decade.

My friends, Washington is not the problem — their Congress is the problem. (Applause.)

You know the President of the United States is not a magician who can wave a wand, or sign a paper that will instantly end a war, cure a recession, or make a bureaucracy disappear. A President has immense powers under the

Constitution but all of them ultimately come from the American people and their mandate to him.

That is why tonight I come to the American people and ask not only for your prayers but also for your strength and your support . . . for your voice and for your vote. (Applause.)

I come before you with a 2-year record of performance, without your mandate. I offer you a 4-year pledge of greater performance, with your mandate. (Applause.)

As Gov. Al Smith used to say: "Let's look at the record."

Two years ago inflation was 12 percent.

Sales fell off, plants shut down, thousands were being laid off every week.

Fear of the future was throttling down our economy and threatening millions of families.

Let's look at the record since August, 1974.

Inflation has been cut in half.

Payrolls are up, profits are up, production is up, purchases are up.

Since the recession was turned around, almost 4 million of our fellow Americans have found new jobs or got their old jobs back. This year more men and women have jobs than ever before in the history of the United States. (Applause.)

Confidence has returned. We are in the full surge of a sound recovery to steady prosperity.

Two years ago America was mired in withdrawal from Southeast Asia. A decade of Congresses has shortchanged our global defenses and threatened our strategic posture. Mounting tension between Israel and Arab nations made another war seem inevitable.

The whole world watched and wondered where America was going. Did we in our domestic turmoil have the will, the stamina, the unity to stand up for freedom?

Look at the record since August two years ago.

Today America is at peace and seeks peace for all nations. Not a single American is at war on the face of this earth tonight. (Applause.)

Our ties with Western Europe and Japan, economic as well as military, were never stronger. Our relations with Eastern Europe, the Soviet Union and mainland China are firm, vigilant and forward-looking. Policies I have initiated offer sound progress for the peoples of the Pacific, Africa and Latin America.

Israel and Egypt, both trusting the United States, have taken an historic first step that promises an eventual just settlement for the whole Middle East.

The world now respects America's policy of peace through strength. The United States is again the confident leader of the free world. (Applause.)

Nobody questions our dedication to peace, but nobody doubts our willingness to use our strength when our vital interests are at stake. (Applause.)

I called for an up-to-date, powerful Army, Navy, Air Force and Marine Corps that will keep America secure for decades to come. A strong military posture is always the best insurance for peace. (Applause.)

But America's strength has never rested on arms alone. It is rooted in mutual commitment of citizens and leaders to the highest standards of ethics and morality. (Applause.)

Two years ago people's confidence in their highest officials, to whom they had overwhelmingly entrusted power, had twice been shattered. Losing faith in the word of their elected leaders, Americans lost some of their own faith in themselves.

Again, look at the record since August, 1974.

From the start my administration has been open, candid, forthright. (Applause.)

While my entire public and private life was under searching examination for the vice-presidency, I reaffirmed my lifelong conviction that truth is the glue that holds government together — not only government, but civilization itself. (Applause.)

In the 24 years of serving my Michigan neighbors, I learned to listen to them and level with them. As your President, I have met with thousands of citizens from all walks of life, from all 50 states. I have listened to disagreements, to criticisms. I have answered all questions and explained my positions to the nation freely and fully.

I have demanded honesty, decency and personal integrity from everybody in the Executive Branch of the government. The House and the Senate have the same duty. (Applause.) The American people will not accept a double standard in the United States Congress. (Applause.)

Those who make our laws today must not debase the reputation of our great legislative bodies which have given us such giants as Daniel Webster, Henry Clay, Sam Rayburn and Robert A. Taft. (Applause.) Whether in the nation's capital or the state capital or city hall, private morality and public trust must go together. (Applause.)

From August, 1974, to August, 1976, the record shows steady upward progress toward prosperity, peace and public trust.

My record is one of progress, not platitudes.

My record is one of specifics, not smiles.

My record is one of performace, not promises. (Applause.)

It is a record I am proud to run on.

It is a record the American people — Democrats, Independents and Republicans alike — will support on Nov. 2. (Applause.)

For the next four years I pledge to you that I will hold to the steady course we have begun.

But I have no intention of standing on the record alone.

We will continue winning the fight against inflation.

We will go on reducing the deadweight and the impudence of bureaucracy. (Applause.)

We will submit a balanced federal budget by 1978.

We will improve the quality of life at work, at play and in our homes and neighborhoods.

We will not abandon our cities. We will encourage urban programs which assure safety in the streets, create healthy environments and restore neighborhood pride. (Applause.)

We will return control of our children's education to parents and local school authorities. (Applause.)

We will make sure that the party of Lincoln remains the party of equal rights. (Applause.)

We will create a tax structure that's fair for all our citizens, one that preserves the continuity of the family home, the family farm and the family business. (Applause.)

We will ensure the integrity of the Social Security system and improve Medicare so that our older citizens can enjoy the health and happiness they have earned. There is no reason they should have to go broke just to get well! (Applause.)

We will make sure that this rich nation does not neglect citizens who are less fortunate, but provides for their needs with compassion and dignity.

We will reduce the growth and the cost of government, and allow individual breadwinners and businesses to keep more of the money they earn. (Applause.)

We will create a climate in which our economy will provide a meaningful job for everyone who wants to work and a decent standard of life for all Americans.

We will ensure that all of our young people have a better chance in life than we had — an education they can use and career they can be proud of. (Applause.)

We will carry out a farm policy that assures a fair market price for the farmer, encourages full production, leads to record exports, and eases hunger within the human family.

We will never use the bounty of America's farmers as a pawn in international diplomacy. (Applause.) No embargoes! (Applause.)

We will continue our strong leadership to bring peace, justice and economic progress where there is turmoil, especially in the Middle East.

We will build a safer and saner world, through patient negotiations and dependable arms agreements, which reduce the danger of conflict and the horror of thermonuclear war. While I am President we will not return to a collision course that could reduce civilization to ashes. (Applause.)

We will build an America where people feel rich in spirit as well as in worldly goods. We will build an America where people feel proud, about themselves and about their country.

We will build on performance, not promise; experience, not expediency; real progress instead of mysterious plans to be revealed in some dim and distant future. (Applause.)

The American people are wise, wiser than our opponents think. They know who pays for every campaign promise. They are not afraid of the truth. We will tell them the truth. (Applause.)

From start to finish, our campaign will be credible. It will be responsible. We will come out fighting. And we will win! (Applause.)

Yes, we have all seen the polls and the pundits who say our party is dead. I've heard that before. So did Harry Truman. I'll tell you what I think: The only polls that count are the polls the American people can go to on Nov. 2. (Applause.)

And I predict right now that the American people are going to say that night: Jerry, you've done a good job. Keep right on doing it. (Applause.)

As I try, in my imagination, to look into all the homes where families are watching the end of this convention, I can't tell which faces are Republicans, which are Democrats and which are Independents. I cannot see their color or their creed. I see only Americans. (Applause.)

I see Americans who love their husbands, their wives and their children.

I see Americans who love their country for what it has been and what it must become.

I see Americans who work hard but who are willing to sacrifice all they have worked for to keep their children and their country free. (Applause.)

I see Americans who in their own quiet way pray for peace among nations and peace among themselves. We do love our neighbors and we do forgive those who have trespassed against us. (Applause.)

I see a new generation that knows what is right and knows itself — a generation determined to preserve its ideals, its environment, our nation and our world.

My fellow Americans, I like what I see. (Applause.)

I have no fear for the future of this great country. And as we go forward, together, I promise you once more what I promised before: to uphold the Constitution; to do what is right, as God gives me to see the right; and to do the very best I can for America.

God helping me, I will not let you down. (Applause.)

(At the conclusion of President Ford's acceptance speech, he received a standing ovation.)

PRESIDENT FORD. — Everybody in this great auditorium tonight, we are all tremendously pleased and honored to have Ron Reagan and Nancy Reagan come down. (Applause.)

We are all a part of this great Republican family that will give the leadership to the American people to win on November 2.

I would like, I would be honored on your behalf, to ask my good friend, Governor Reagan, to say a few words at this time. (Applause.)

REMARKS OF THE HONORABLE RONALD REAGAN

GOVERNOR REAGAN. — Thank you very much. Mr. President, Mrs. Ford, Mr. Vice President, Mr. Vice President to be — (Applause and laughter.)

— the distinguished guests here, and you ladies and gentlemen: I am going to say fellow Republicans here, but also those who are watching from a distance, all of those millions of Democrats and Independents who I know are looking for a cause around which to rally and which I believe we can give them. (Applause.)

Mr. President, before you arrived tonight, these wonderful people here when we came in gave Nancy and myself a welcome. That, plus this, and plus your kindness and generosity in honoring us by bringing us down here will give us a memory that will live in our hearts forever. (Applause.)

Watching on television these last few nights, and I have seen you also with the warmth that you greeted Nancy, and you also filled my heart with joy when you did that. (Applause.)

May I just say some words. There are cynics who say that a party platform is something that no one bothers to read and it doesn't very often amount to much.

Whether it is different this time than it has ever been before, I believe the Republican Party has a platform that is a banner of bold, unmistakable colors, with no pale pastel shades. (Applause.)

We have just heard a call to arms based on that platform, and a call to us to really be successful in communicating and reveal to the American people the difference between this platform and the platform of the opposing party, which

is nothing but a revamp and a reissue and a running of a late, late show of the thing that we have been hearing from them for the last forty years. (Applause.)

If I could just take a moment; I had an assignment the other day. Someone asked me to write a letter for a time capsule that is going to be opened in Los Angeles a hundred years from now, on our Tricentennial.

It sounded like an easy assignment. They suggested I write something about the problems and issues of the day. I set out to do so, riding down the Coast in an automobile, looking at the blue Pacific out on one side and the Santa Ynez Mountains on the other, and I couldn't help but wonder if it was going to be that beautiful a hundred years from now as it was on that summer day.

Then as I tried to write — let your own minds turn to that task. You are going to write for people a hundred years from now, who know all about us. We know nothing about them. We don't know what kind of a world they will be living in.

And suddenly I thought to myself if I write of the problems, they will be the domestic problems of which the President spoke here tonight; the challenges confronting us, the erosion of freedom that has taken place under Democrat rule in this country, the invasion of private rights, the controls and restrictions on the vitality of the great free economy that we enjoy. These are our challenges that we must meet.

And then again there is that challenge of which he spoke that we live in a world in which the great powers have poised and aimed at each other horrible missiles of destruction, nuclear weapons, that can in a matter of minutes arrive at each other's country and destroy, virtually, the civilized world we live in.

And suddenly it dawned on me, those who would read this letter a hundred years from now will know whether those missiles were fired. They will know whether we met our challenge. Whether they have the freedoms that we have known up until now will depend on what we do here.

Will they look back with appreciation and say, "Thank God for those people in 1976 who headed off that loss of freedom, who kept us now 100 years later free, who kept our world from nuclear destruction"?

And if we failed, they probably won't get to read the letter at all because it spoke of individual freedom, and they won't be allowed to talk of that or read of it.

This is our challenge; and this is why here in this hall tonight, better than we have ever done before, we have got to quit talking to each other and about each other and go out and communicate to the world that we may be fewer in numbers than we have ever been, but we carry the message they are waiting for.

We must go forth from here united, determined that what a great general said a few years ago is true: There is no substitute for victory, Mr. President. (Applause.)

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The time has come to end this convention and to go out and win an election. (Applause.)

The benediction will be offered by His Excellency George K. Fitzsimmons, Auxiliary Bishop of the Diocese of Kansas City and St. Joseph, Missouri.

BENEDICTION

BY
HIS EXCELLENCY GEORGE K. FITZSIMMONS
Auxiliary Bishop of the Diocese of
Kansas City and St. Joseph, Missouri

Let us pray. Lord God Almighty, we praise you, we glorify you, we acknowledge your presence in our midst this night.

As the shepherd leads and guides the sheep to rich pastures and abundant waters, may you lead and bless this nation to use its richness and many gifts to meet the needs of all people, especially those most neglected and forgotten.

We thank you for the gift of freedom we now enjoy and the freedom experienced and shared in this convention. We thank you for the many, many people who worked so long and hard to bring this convention to a fruitful conclusion; Shepherd President Gerald Ford, and shepherd Senator Robert Dole, that they may be men of great faith, to lead the people by their lives of humble service, dedicated to the proper utilization of the resources of this great nation.

Enlighten and inspire all the candidates and workers with great courage, foresight and integrity so that justice, peace and charity will be the basis of the approaching campaign.

In this Bicentennial year, direct us to pursue wholeheartedly the ideals of our founding fathers, the ideals of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. As the shepherd guides and protects the life of the sheep, may we reverence and respect life as the gift of God to be protected and cherished by all the people.

May Almighty God keep you and protect you from all harm as you travel home from this convention to return to your families and your continual labors for the good of all people.

We offer this prayer in the name of the Lord, the Good Shepherd. Amen.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The Chair now recognizes the Senator from Maryland, the Honorable J. Glenn Beall, for the purpose of making a motion to adjourn.

SENATOR BEALL. — Mr. Chairman, having displayed the spirit, the dedication, the unity and the enthusiasm necessary to win the election on November 2nd, and having completed the business of the 31st Republican National Convention, in our Bicentennial year of 1976, I move we adjourn sine die.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — The delegates have heard the motion. Is there a second?

CONVENTION DELEGATE. — Second.

THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN. — All those in favor signify by saying aye. (Chorus of ayes.)

Opposed, no. (No response.)

In the opinion of the Chair, the ayes have it and this motion is carried, and the convention stands adjourned sine die. May God bless every one of us.

(Whereupon, at 11:40 p.m., the 31st Republican National Convention was adjourned sine die.)

CONVENTION ARRANGEMENTS

On September 10, 1973, at a meeting held in Washington, D. C., the Republican National Committee authorized the Chairman of the Republican National Committee to appoint from among the members and officers of the Committee the various committees concerned with the 1976 Republican National Convention (Site, Call, Arrangements, Contests and Rules).

The first committee to be named was the Committee on the Selection of the Site of the 1976 Republican National Convention. Chairman Mary Louise Smith appointed the committee on March 5, 1975. The other committees were named by Chairman Smith in August of 1975.

The names of the members of all of the convention committees as originally appointed, and names of successors to all vacancies or changes, are as follows:

COMMITTEE ON CONVENTION SITE

Mary Louise Smith, Iowa, *Chairman*
Edwin G. Middleton, Kentucky, *Vice Chairman*
John Alsop, Connecticut
Grace Boulton, Oklahoma
Ody J. Fish, Wisconsin
Thelma Rogers, North Carolina
Harry Rosenzweig, Arizona
Ray C. Bliss, Ohio, *Adviser*

COMMITTEE ON CALL

Chairman, Anne Batchelder, Nebraska

Alabama, Edgar Welden
Alaska, Eldon R. Ulmer
Arizona, Harry Rosenzweig
California, Elsa Sandstrom
Colorado, Carl M. Williams
Connecticut, John Alsop
Delaware, Priscilla B. Rakestraw
District of Columbia, Edmund E. Pendleton
Florida, Bill Taylor
Georgia, Nora Allen
Guam, Concepcion Barrett

Hawaii, George Henrickson
Idaho, Robert G. Linville, Jr.
Illinois, Don Adams
Indiana, John C. Hart
Kansas, Marynell Reece
Kentucky, Clyde Middleton
Louisiana, Betty Heitman
Maine, Henrietta Page Crane
Maryland, David R. Forward
Massachusetts, John W. Sears
Michigan, Creighton Holden
Minnesota, Charles A. Slocum
Mississippi, Victor Mavar
Missouri, Lowell McCuskey
Montana, Florence S. Haegen
Nevada, Frank J. Fahrenkopf, Jr.
New Hampshire, Gerald P. Carmen
New Jersey, Webster B. Todd
New Mexico, Jack Stahl
North Carolina, Thelma Rogers
North Dakota, Allan C. Young
Oklahoma, Paula Unruh
Oregon, Dave Green
Puerto Rico, Sarita Gonzalez
Rhode Island, H. James Field, Jr.
South Carolina, Inez Eddings
South Dakota, John Olson
Tennessee, Dortch Oldham
Vermont, Walter L. Kennedy
Virginia, George N. McMath
Virgin Islands, Raymond J. Smith
Washington, Naida Pithoud
West Virginia, Thomas E. Potter
Wisconsin, George Parker
Wyoming, Tom Stroock

COMMITTEE ON CONTESTS

Chairman, John C. McDonald, Iowa

Arkansas, Leona A. Troxell
New York, Dorothy McHugh
Ohio, Martha C. Moore
Pennsylvania, Richard C. Frame
Texas, Ray Hutchison
Utah, Richard Richards

COMMITTEE ON RULES

Chairman, Kent B. McGough, Ohio
Vice Chairman, Carla Coray, Hawaii

Alabama, Perry O. Hooper
Alaska, Edith Holm
Arizona, John H. Haugh
Arkansas, A. Lynn Lowe
California, Paul R. Haerle
Colorado, Jo Anne Gray
Connecticut, Mary H. Boatwright
Delaware, Herman C. Brown
District of Columbia, Alice S. Marriott
Florida, Paula F. Hawkins
Georgia, Mack Mattingly
Guam, Pedro Diaz Perez
Idaho, Orriette Sinclair
Illinois, Hope McCormick
Indiana, Thomas S. Milligan
Iowa, Thomas H. Stoner
Kansas, Jack Ranson, succeeded by Marynell Reece
Kentucky, Nelda L. Barton
Louisiana, John H. Cade, Jr.
Maine, John R. Linnell
Maryland, Louise Gore, succeeded by David R. Forward
Massachusetts, Eunice Howe
Michigan, William F. McLaughlin
Minnesota, Rudy Boschwitz
Mississippi, Clarke Reed
Missouri, Rosemary Ginn, succeeded by Eyvon Mendenhall
Montana, William R. Mackay
Nebraska, William E. Morrow, Jr.
Nevada, Lucie Humphrey
New Hampshire, Victoria Zachos, succeeded by Robert P. Bass, Jr.
New Jersey, Bernard M. Shanley
New Mexico, Robert C. Davidson
New York, Richard M. Rosenbaum
North Carolina, Thomas S. Bennett, succeeded by Robert G. Shaw
North Dakota, Ben J. Clayburgh
Oklahoma, Grace Boulton
Oregon, George P. Stadelman
Pennsylvania, Elsie H. Hillman
Puerto Rico, Jaime Pieras, Jr.
Rhode Island, Frederick Lippitt
South Carolina, James B. Edwards
South Dakota, Nora Hussey

Tennessee, Peggy Spurrier
Texas, Fred J. Agnich
Utah, Myrene Rich Brewer
Vermont, Madeline B. Harwood
Virginia, William H. Stanhagen
Virgin Islands, Henry E. Rohlsen
Washington, Ross E. Davis
West Virginia, Arch A. Moore, Jr.
Wisconsin, Elizabeth J. Pfeifer
Wyoming, Robert F. Gosman

William C. Cramer of Florida, as General Counsel of the Republican National Committee, served as General Counsel to all of the convention committees.

COMMITTEE ON ARRANGEMENTS

Officers

Mary Louise Smith of Iowa, *Chairman*
Ody J. Fish of Wisconsin, *Vice Chairman and Convention Manager*
Mary Crisp of Arizona, *Secretary*
Robert S. Carter of the District of Columbia, *Treasurer*
William C. Cramer of Florida, *General Counsel*
Ray C. Bliss of Ohio, *Adviser to the Committee on Arrangements*

MEMBERSHIP BY SUBCOMMITTEES

Subcommittee on Badges and Tickets

Kenneth R. Nuckolls of Washington, *Chairman*
Virginia Hooper of Mississippi, *Vice Chairman*
Richard M. Allen of Maryland
J. E. Broyhill of North Carolina
Skip Healey of Oklahoma
Priscilla Humphreys of West Virginia
William M. Laub of Nevada
Ranny Riecker of Michigan
Roland Q. Seward, Sr. of Vermont

Subcommittee on Housing

June N. Gibbs of Rhode Island, *Chairman*
Odell Pollard of Arkansas, *Vice Chairman*
Frederick K. Biebel of Connecticut
James H. Boyce of Louisiana
Estelle Carrier of Wyoming
Meredith P. Clark of the Virgin Islands
Jewett Fulkerson of Missouri
Thomas B. McCabe of Pennsylvania
Dorotha Moore of Oregon
Nolan Murrah, Jr. of Georgia

Subcommittee on News Media Operations

McDill Boyd of Kansas, *Chairman*
Katherine K. Neuberger of New Jersey, *Vice Chairman*
Thomas B. Evans, Jr. of Delaware
Margaret C. Hill of Indiana
Cyril M. Joly, Jr. of Maine
David Little of Idaho
Edwin G. Middleton of Kentucky
Cynthia S. Newman of Virginia
Pat Smith of Nebraska
Robert P. Bass, Jr. of New Hampshire, succeeded by Victoria Zachos

Subcommittee on Program Planning

Iantha LeVander of Minnesota, *Chairman*
Keith L. Brown of Colorado, *Vice Chairman*
William S. Banowsky of California, succeeded by Charles C. Reed
Edward Brennan of Hawaii
Bruce Crane of Massachusetts
George L. Hinman of New York
William F. Lenker of South Dakota
Frances Shipman of New Mexico
Jean Sullivan of Alabama
Gerridee Wheeler of North Dakota

Subcommittee on Transportation

George E. Wilson, Jr. of Tennessee, *Chairman*
Isabel C. Moberly of Montana, *Vice Chairman*
Cliffard D. Carlson of Illinois
Paul M. Calvo of Guam
Rita Clements of Texas, succeeded by Patricia M. Archer
John B. (Jack) Coghill of Alaska
Jesse Cooksey of South Carolina, succeeded by Daniel I. Ross
Ellis R. Ivory of Utah
Jose V. Usera of Puerto Rico, succeeded by Luis A. Ferré

Richard D. Obenshain served as an Ex Officio member of the Arrangements Committee during the time he was Co-Chairman of the Republican National Committee. Robert S. Carter, who succeeded him as Co-Chairman, remained on the Committee as the member for the District of Columbia and Treasurer.

Host Committee

Jewett Fulkerson of Missouri, *Chairman*
Rosemary Ginn of Missouri, succeeded by Eyvon Mendenhall
Lowell McCuskey of Missouri

In accordance with Rule 24(b) of the Rules adopted by the 1972 Republican National Convention, the Chairman of the Committee on Contests and the

Chairman of the Committee on Rules served as members of the Arrangements Committee by reason of their office.

John C. McDonald of Iowa, *Chairman*
Kent B. McGough of Ohio, *Chairman*

The Site Selection Committee held an organizational meeting following the adjournment of the meeting of the Republican National Committee on March 5, 1975. A formal meeting was held in Washington, D. C., on April 4–5, 1975, to receive presentations from the various cities interested in having the convention: Cleveland, Ohio; Kansas City, Missouri; Los Angeles, California; Miami Beach, Florida; New Orleans, Louisiana and San Francisco, California. The committee also heard from representatives of the news media concerning their requirements at the convention.

All of the cities were visited at least once by the Site Committee, staff members and representatives of the electronic media. Second visits were made to Miami Beach and Kansas City by the Vice Chairman, the assistant legal counsel, and a staff member to review contractual details.

The Site Committee reported its findings to the Republican National Committee at a meeting in Washington, D. C. on September 8, 1975, and recommended that the convention be held in Kansas City, Missouri, starting August 16,1976. This recommendation was approved by the Republican National Committee.

The Committee on Call drafted the Call for the 1976 Republican National Convention at a meeting on September 8, 1975, and submitted it to the Republican National Committee the following day. The Call was adopted as submitted, and in accordance with the provisions of the Call, the Secretary of the Republican National Committee issued this document on December 5, 1975.

The Committee on Rules met four times prior to meetings of the Republican National Committee, the fourth and final meeting was held in Kansas City the week prior to the start of the National Convention. A report was made to the Republican National Committee. That report as amended and adopted by the Republican National Committee was referred to the Convention Committee on Rules and Order of Business.

The Committee on Arrangements met as a committee of the whole four times prior to National Committee meetings. The Executive Committee of the Arrangements Committee met apart from the whole committee on two separate occasions in the convention city. Frequent reports were made to the National Committee on developments and the progress of arrangements for the convention.

The Committee on Contests met as the need arose. The schedule of this committee was determined by the existence of contests or disputes in the certification of delegates and alternates. A final report of this committee was made to the Republican National Convention in the convention city. Action on this report determined the Temporary Roll of the convention.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE

(Organization following the Convention)

OFFICERS

Chairman

MARY LOUISE SMITH ..... Iowa

Co-Chairman

ROBERT S. CARTER ..... District of Columbia

Vice Chairmen

RAY C. BLISS (Midwest Region) ..... Ohio
RANNY RIECKER (Midwest Region) ..... Michigan
BERNARD M. SHANLEY (Northeastern Region) ..... New Jersey
MARY H. BOATWRIGHT (Northeastern Region) ..... Connecticut
CLARKE REED (Southern Region) ..... Mississippi
PAULA F. HAWKINS (Southern Region) ..... Florida
GEORGE P. STADELMAN (Western Region) ..... Oregon
JO ANNE GRAY (Western Region) ..... Colorado

Secretary

MARY CRISP ..... Arizona

Treasurer

WM. J. McMANUS ..... Maryland

General Counsel

WILLIAM C. CRAMER ..... Washington, D. C.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

(The National Committee authorized the Chairman to appoint the Executive Committee at such time as she desired.)

In addition to the officers of the National Committee shown above, the Republican Leader of the United States Senate, the Republican Leader of the House of Representatives, the Chairman of the Republican Governors Association, the Finance Chairman of the Republican National Committee, the President of the National Federation of Republican Women, the Chairman of the Republican State Chairmen's Advisory Committee, the Chairman of the Young Republican National Federation, the Chairman of the College Republican National Committee, the Chairman of the National Republican Heritage

Groups Council, the Chairman of the National Black Republican Council, the Chairman of the National Conference of Republican Mayors, and the Chairman of the Republican National Hispanic Assembly are ex-officio members of the Executive Committee.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
1976
MEMBERS

STATE	NAME	CITY
ALABAMA	Perry O. Hooper	Montgomery
	Jean Sullivan	Selma
	*Edgar Welden	Birmingham
ALASKA	Clifford J. Groh	Anchorage
	Edith Holm	Fairbanks
	*John B. (Jack) Coghill	Nenana
ARIZONA	Ralph E. Staggs	Phoenix
	Mary Crisp	Scottsdale
	*James H. Colter	Phoenix
ARKANSAS	John P. Hammerschmidt	Harrison
	Leona Troxell	Rose Bud
	*A. Lynn Lowe	Texarkana
CALIFORNIA	Mike Curb	Beverly Hills
	Virginia Rice	Hanford
	*Paul R. Haerle	San Francisco
COLORADO	Keith L. Brown	Denver
	Jo Anne Gray	Denver
	*Carl M. Williams	Denver
CONNECTICUT	John Alsop	Hartford
	Mary H. Boatwright	Stonington
	*Frederick K. Biebel	Hartford
DELAWARE	Thomas B. Evans, Jr.	Wilmington
	Priscilla B. Rakestraw	Newark
	*Herman C. Brown	Dover
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	Robert S. Carter	Washington, D.C.
	Cecil Grant	Washington, D.C.
	*Paul Hays	Washington, D.C.
FLORIDA	William C. Cramer	Miami
	Paula F. Hawkins	Tallahassee
	*Bill Taylor	Jacksonville
GEORGIA	Carl Gillis	Adrian
	Roena Moseley	Decatur
	*Mack Mattingly	Brunswick
GUAM	Edward M. Calvo	Agana
	Ramona T. Perez	Agana
	*Paul M. Calvo	Agana
HAWAII	Edward Brennan	Honolulu
	Carla W. Coray	Honolulu
	*George Henrickson	Honolulu
IDAHO	David Little	Emmett
	Orriette Sinclair	Twin Falls
	*Vern Ravenscroft	Boise
ILLINOIS	Harold B. Smith, Jr.	Chicago
	Crete Huddleston (Harvey)	Sterling
	*Don Adams	Springfield
INDIANA	John C. Hart	Noblesville
	Margaret C. Hill	Bloomington
	*Thomas S. Milligan	Indianapolis
IOWA	John C. McDonald	Dallas Center
	Mary Louise Smith	Des Moines
	*Thomas H. Stoner	Des Moines

STATE	NAME	CITY
KANSAS	McDill (Huck) Boyd	Phillipsburg
	Marynell Reece	Scandia
	*Jack Ranson	Wichita
KENTUCKY	Edwin G. Middleton	Louisville
	Nelda L. Barton	Corbin
	*Lee R. Nunn	Cave City
LOUISIANA	John H. Cade, Jr.	Alexandria
	Betty Heitman	Baton Rouge
	*James H. Boyce	Baton Rouge
MAINE	Cyril M. Joly, Jr.	Waterville
	Henrietta Page Crane	Rockland
	*John R. Linnell	Auburn
MARYLAND	Lawrence J. Hogan	Landover
	Louise Gore	Potomac
	*David R. Forward	Potomac
MASSACHUSETTS	Bruce Crane	Dalton
	Paula (Polly) Logan	Hingham
	*Gordon M. Nelson	North Grafton
MICHIGAN	Peter B. Fletcher	Ypsilanti
	Ranny Riecker	Midland
	*William F. McLaughlin	Lansing
MINNESOTA	Rudy Boschwitz	Minneapolis
	Iantha LeVander	South St. Paul
	*Charles A. Slocum	St. Paul
MISSISSIPPI	Clarke Reed	Greenville
	Lillian Todd	Jackson
	*Charles Pickering	Laurel
MISSOURI	Jewett Fulkerson	Liberty
	Eyvon Mendenhall	St. Louis
	*Lowell McCuskey	Linn
MONTANA	William R. Mackay, Sr.	Roscoe
	Jean G. Birch	Great Falls
	*Mrs. Florence S. Haegen	Buffalo
NEBRASKA	William E. Morrow, Jr.	Omaha
	Pat Smith	Lincoln
	*Anne Batchelder	Omaha
NEVADA	William M. Laub	Las Vegas
	Lucie Humphrey	Reno
	*Frank J. Fahrenkopf, Jr.	Reno
NEW HAMPSHIRE	Robert P. Bass, Jr.	Concord
	Victoria Zachos	Concord
	*Gerald P. Carmen	Manchester
NEW JERSEY	Bernard M. Shanley	Newark
	Noël L. Gross	Saddle River
	*Webster B. Todd	Trenton
NEW MEXICO	Robert C. Davidson	Albuquerque
	Frances Shipman	Santa Fe
	*Jack Stahl	Albuquerque
NEW YORK	George L. Hinman	New York
	Dorothy McHugh	New York
	*Richard M. Rosenbaum	Albany
NORTH CAROLINA	John P. East	Greenville
	Betty Lou Johnson	Raleigh
	*Robert G. Shaw	Raleigh
NORTH DAKOTA	Peter B. Wold	Bottineau
	Gerridee Wheeler	Bismarck
	*Allan C. Young	Devils Lake
OHIO	Ray C. Bliss	Akron
	Martha C. Moore	Cambridge
	*Kent B. McGough	Columbus

STATE	NAME	CITY
OKLAHOMA	Clarence E. Warner	Norman
	Grace Boulton	Oklahoma City
	Paula Unruh	Oklahoma City
OREGON	George P. Stadelman	The Dalles
	Dorotha Moore	Moro
	*Stephen A. Young	Portland
PENNSYLVANIA	Andrew L. Lewis	Plymouth Meeting
	Elsie H. Hillman	Pittsburgh
	*Richard C. Frame	Harrisburg
PUERTO RICO	Jaime Pieras, Jr.	San Juan
	Sarita G. Gonzalez	Bayamon
	*Luis A. Ferré	San Juan
RHODE ISLAND	Frederick Lippitt	Providence
	June N. Gibbs	Middletown
	*Americo Campanella	Providence
SOUTH CAROLINA	Raymond A. Harris	Darlington
	Beverly J. Ebner (Gosnell)	Charleston
	*Daniel I. Ross	Blackville
SOUTH DAKOTA	William F. Lenker	Sioux Falls
	Nora Hussey	Sturgis
	*Leo K. Thorsness	Sioux Falls
TENNESSEE	Mark C. Hicks, Jr.	Jonesboro
	Jeanne K. Geraghty	Signal Mountain
	*Dortch Oldham	Nashville
TEXAS	Ernest Angelo, Jr.	Midland
	Betty Andujar	Fort Worth
	*Ray Hutchison	Austin
UTAH	Jon M. Huntsman	Salt Lake City
	Amy Y. Valentine	Provo
	*Richard Richards	Ogden
VERMONT	Roland Q. Seward, Sr.	East Wallingford
	Madeline B. Harwood	Manchester Center
	*Walter L. Kennedy	Chelsea
VIRGINIA	William H. Stanhagen	Falls Church
	Judy Peachee	Richmond
	*George N. McMath	Accomac
VIRGIN ISLANDS	Henry E. Rohlsen	St. Croix
	Meredith P. Clark	St. Croix
	*Raymond J. Smith	St. Thomas
WASHINGTON	Dennis Dunn	Seattle
	Bernece (Bunny) Bippes	Tekia
	*Ross E. Davis	Tukwila
WEST VIRGINIA	Arch A. Moore, Jr.	Charleston
	Priscilla Humphreys	Huntington
	*George S. Sharp	Charleston
WISCONSIN	Ody J. Fish	Hartland
	Elizabeth J. Pfeifer	Green Bay
	*George Parker	Jamesville
WYOMING	David B. Kennedy	Sheridan
	Margaret (Margie) Kelly	Rawlins
	*Tom Stroock	Casper

*State Chairman entitled to membership under Rule 19 (b)

INDEX

SESSIONS OF THE CONVENTION

First — 1 to 51
Second — 52 to 91
Third — 92 to 363
Fourth — 364 to 424
Fifth — 425 to 482

A

Abortion Amendment to Platform 303-309
Address by:
Allen, Ethel D. 406
Atiyeh, Victor 406
Baker, Howard H., Jr. 82
Bauman, Robert E. 440
Beall, J. Glenn, Jr. 288, 404
Bennett, Robert F. 7
Bliss, Ray C. 463
Bloom, George 464
Bond, Christopher S. 54, 282
Brock, Bill 285
Brooke, Edward W. 405
Brown, Virgil E. 407
Buckley, James L. 81
Carter, Robert S. 26
Cellini, William 407
Cianci, Vincent, Jr. 226
Collins, Joanne 287
Colom, Audrey Rowe 61
Connally, John B. 227
Derwinski, Edward, Jr. 29
Dole, Bob 466, 74
Domenici, Pete 282
Dyer, Masu K. 408
Edwards, James B. 58
Evans, Thomas B., Jr. 408

Falstad, William 409
Fenwick, Millicent 96
Fernandez, Benjamin 33
Fletcher, Arthur 438
Ford, Gerald R. 471
Frenzel, Bill 405
Godwin, Mills E. 406
Goldwater, Barry M., Jr. 65
Goldwater, Barry M., Sr. 66
Grant, Cary 469
Helms, Jesse 396, 442
Hershberger, Freddy 403
Hills, Carla 284
Hutar, Patricia 98
Javits, Jacob K. 379
Kemp, Jack 273
Lake, Nancy 409
Landon, Alf 73
Laxalt, Paul 393, 437
Lucas, Henry, Jr. 31
Martschink, Sherry Shealy 408
Milliken, William G. 400
Moore, Arch A., Jr. 367
Moore, Martha 465
Mueller, Jack 22
Pearson, James B. 466
Perez, Ramona Teresita 404
Pinder, Peggy 437
Pithoud, Naida 410
Reagan, Ronald 479
Rhodes, John J. 276
Rockefeller, Nelson A. 62, 435
Rosenbaum, Richard M. 35, 403
Rove, Karl 24
Sarasin, Ronald A. 404
Schrump, Raymond C. 94
Slocum, Charles 464
Smith, Mary Louise 70
Stevens, Ted 283, 289
Stubbs, William L. 409
Taft, Robert 286
Toote, Gloria 399
Vander Jagt, Guy 370
Wheeler, Charles B., Jr. 5
Wheeler, Gerridee 49
Adjournment of Convention Sine Die 481
Allen, Dr. Ethel D.; seconding nomination of Gerald R. Ford 406
Amendments; procedure for presentation of 19

Antonovich, Mike D.; remarks in opposition to Abortion Amendment ... 307
Arrangements for Convention:
Committee on ... 486
Resolution of Appreciation to ... 465
Ashcroft, The Honorable John; sang National Anthem (1st Sess.) ... 2
Atiyeh, Victor; seconding nomination of Gerald R. Ford ... 406

B

Baker, The Honorable Howard H., Jr.; Keynote Address ... 82
Barry, Donald; elected Assistant Sergeant at Arms ... 22, 272
Bartlett, Joe; elected Chief Reading Clerk ... 22, 272
Bauman, The Honorable Robert E.:
Nomination of Jesse Helms for Vice President ... 440
Remarks in opposition to Abortion Amendment ... 308
Baxter, James; remarks in support of Foreign Policy Amendment ... 311
Beall, The Honorable J. Glenn, Jr.:
Motion to adjourn sine die ... 481
Remarks ... 288
Seconding nomination of Gerald R. Ford ... 404
Beard, The Honorable Robin L.; reading of "The Ragged Old Flag" ... 3
Beckham, The Honorable Robert; remarks in support of the amendment to Rule 16 ... 247
Benedictions (see Prayers)
Bennett, The Honorable Robert F.:
Presentation of gavel to Temporary Chairman ... 80
Welcome on Behalf of the State of Kansas ... 7
Berry, Robert; elected Assistant Reading Clerk ... 22, 272
Biebel, Frederick K.; Committee to Notify Presidential Nominee ... 427
Bliss, Ray C.:
Announcement of Meeting of Newly Elected National Committee ... 379
Committee to Notify and Escort Vice Presidential Nominee ... 463
Presentation of Gold Convention Badge to Mary Louise Smith ... 463
Bloom, George; resolution on publication of Convention Proceedings ... 465
Bond, The Honorable Christopher S.:
Presentation of gavel to Permanent Chairman ... 282
Welcome to the State of Missouri ... 54
Boone, Pat; sang National Anthem (5th Sess.) ... 426
Bowman, Lee; Master of Ceremonies ... 1, 52, 92, 364, 425
Boyd, McDill (Huck):
Committee to Escort Temporary Chairman ... 20
Committee to Notify and Escort Vice Presidential Nominee ... 463
Brennan, Edward; motion to adjourn ... 424
Brock, The Honorable Bill; remarks and introduction of Stan Burger, Alan Steelman, Harrison "Jack" Schmitt, and Robert Taft ... 285
Brooke, The Honorable Edward W.; seconding nomination of Gerald R. Ford ... 405

Brown, Virgil E.; seconding nomination of Gerald R. Ford 407
Buckley, The Honorable James L.; Introduction of Keynote Speaker 81
Butz, Secretary of Agriculture and Mrs. Earl; introduction of 428

C

Cabinet; introduction of 428
Cade, John H., Jr.; resolution to appoint Committee on Credentials 36
Call for the Convention 8
Carrier, Estelle Stacy:
Presentation of Temporary Officers 20
Presentation of Temporary Roll 19
Reads Call for Convention 9
Carter, Robert S.; remarks by 26
Case, The Honorable Clifford P.; Committee to
Escort Presidential Nominee 427
Cellini, William; seconding nomination of Gerald R. Ford 407
Chaplains of Convention, elected 22, 272
Prayer by:
Erickson, John E. 424
Fitzsimmons, His Excellency George K. 481
Leffingwell, Reverend James O. 365
Miene, Pastor Cloy 426
Miller, Rabbi Israel 90
Nessen, Reverend Ted 53
Paul, Jack, Minister 362
Quie, The Honorable Albert H. 93
Towler, Dr. Daniel L. 51
Vogel, Right Reverend Arthur A. 2
Cianci, The Honorable Vincent, Jr.:
Committee to Escort Presidential Nominee 427
Introduction of The Honorable John B. Connally 226
Cleveland, The Honorable James C.; Committee to
Escort Permanent Chairman 273
Coleman, Secretary of Transportation and Mrs. William;
introduction of 428
College Republican National Committee; remarks by Chairman 24
Collins, Joanne; remarks and introduction of The Honorable J. Glenn Beall 287
Colom, Audrey Rowe:
Committee to Escort Presidential Nominee 427
Introduction of Vice President Nelson A. Rockefeller 61
Colors, presentation of:
Air Force Junior ROTC Squadron of Ruskin High School of
Kansas City, Missouri (1st and 5th Sess.) 1, 425
University of Kansas ROTC Color Guard (2nd, 3rd, & 4th Sess.) 52, 92, 364

Colter, James H.; Committee to Escort Permanent Chairman 273
Conable, The Honorable Barber, B., Jr.; presentation of portion of Platform 292
Connally, The Honorable John B.; address by 227
Committees of the Convention:
Announcement of meetings of 49
Arrangements 486
Credentials:
Committee on 39
Report of 102
Resolution to appoint 36
Escorting to Platform:
Bob Dole 20, 463
Gerald R. Ford 427
John J. Rhodes 273
Permanent Organization:
Committee on 41
Report of 272
Resolution to appoint 37
Resolutions:
Committee on 46
Report of (Platform) 289
Resolution to appoint 38
Rules and Order of Business:
Committee on 44
Report of 237
Resolution to appoint 37
To Notify Candidate for President 427
To Notify Candidate for Vice President 463
Coray, Carla:
Committee to Escort Temporary Chairman 20
Committee to Notify Presidential Nominee 427
Remarks in Opposition to Amendment to Rule 16 244
Resolution to appoint Committee on Resolutions 38
Credentials:
Committee on 39
Report of Committee on 102
Resolution to appoint Committee on 36
Crisp, Mary:
Call of Roll of States for nominations for President 385–392
Call of Roll of States for nominations for Vice President 429–434
Call of Roll of States for selection of nominee for President 410–421
Call of Roll of States for selection of nominee for Vice President .. 443–459
Elected Secretary of the Convention 22, 272
Cummings, James C.; resolution to appoint Committee on Rules and Order of Business 37

Curtis, Thomas B.:
In support of Amendment to Rule 16 241
Offer of Amendment to Rule 16 239

D

Dent, Harry S.; Committee to Notify Presidential Nominee 427
Derham, Richard A.; remarks in support of Amendment to Rule 16 249
Derwinski, The Honorable Edward J.:
Committee to Escort Presidential Nominee 427
Remarks by 29
Dole, The Honorable Bob:
Acceptance Speech 466
Address by 74
Committee to Escort to Platform as Temporary Chairman 20
Committee to Notify and Escort to Platform as Nominee for Vice President 463
Elected Temporary Chairman 20
Introduction of as Temporary Chairman 73
Introduction of as Vice Presidential Nominee 466
Presentation of gavel to 80
Presiding Officer of Convention 74
Domenici, The Honorable Pete; remarks and introduction of The Honorable Ted Stevens 282
Dyer, Masu K.; seconding nomination of Gerald R. Ford 408

E

Edwards, The Honorable James B.:
Address by 58
Committee to Escort Presidential Nominee 427
Erickson, John E.:
Elected Chaplain 22, 272
Prayer by 424
Erickson, Lew Ellen; elected Assistant Chief Page 22, 272
Escort Committees:
Dole, Bob; as Nominee for Vice President 463
Dole, Bob; as Temporary Chairman 20
Ford, Gerald R. 427
Rhodes, John J. 273
Evans, The Honorable Daniel J.; Committee to Escort Presidential Nominee 427
Evans, The Honorable Melvin H.; Pledge of Allegiance (3rd Sess.) 92
Evans, Thomas B., Jr.:
Committee to Escort Temporary Chairman 20
Committee to Notify and Escort Vice Presidential Nominee 463
Seconding nomination of Gerald R. Ford 408

F

Falstad, William; seconding nomination of Gerald R. Ford 409
Farrell, Robert E. II; elected Assistant Chief Page 22, 272
Fenwick, The Honorable Millicent; presentation of Bicentennial Certificate 96
Fernandez, Benjamin; remarks by 33
Ferré, The Honorable Luis A.; resolution to dispense with reading of names selected for committee membership 38
Fish, Ody J.:
Presentation of Gold Badge to 56
Remarks by 56
Fitzsimmons, His Excellency George K.:
Elected Chaplain 22, 272
Prayer by 481
Fletcher, Arthur, seconding nomination of Bob Dole for Vice President ... 438
Ford, Betty:
Remarks by 471
Tribute to by Cary Grant 469
Ford, The Honorable Gerald R.:
Acceptance Speech 471
Committee to Escort to Platform 427
Committee to Notify of Nomination 427
Introduction by John J. Rhodes 471
Nominated for President, ballot 410–421
Nominated for President by William G. Milliken 400
Nominated for President, seconding speeches 403–410
Foreign Policy Amendment to Platform 309–314
Forsyth, Robert; Committee to Notify Presidential Nominee 427
Frenzel, The Honorable Bill:
Committee to Escort Permanent Chairman 273
Seconding nomination of Gerald R. Ford 405

G

Gavels, presentation of:
To Bob Dole 80
To John J. Rhodes 282
To Mary Louise Smith 4
George, The Honorable Mary; presentation of portion of Platform 289
Godwin, The Honorable Mills, E., Jr.; seconding nomination of Gerald R. Ford 406
Goldwater, The Honorable Barry M., Jr.; introduction of Barry M. Goldwater, Sr. 65
Goldwater, The Honorable Barry M., Sr.; address by 66
Gore, Louise; motion to adjourn 363

Governors, presentation of candidates 366
Gradison, The Honorable Willis; Committee to Escort Permanent Chairman 273
Grant, Cary; tribute to Betty Ford 469
Green, Sarah Moore; report of Committee on Permanent Organization 272
Griffin, The Honorable Robert P.:
Committee to notify Presidential Nominee 427
Remarks in support of Amendment to Rule 16 250
Gunderson, Dorann H.; remarks in opposition to Amendment to Rule 16 243
Gunn, R. Michael; elected Tally Clerk 22, 272

H

Haerle, Nola; Committee to Escort Presidential Nominee 427
Haerle, Paul; Committee to Notify Presidential Nominee 427
Harmon, Manny; Music Director 1, 52, 92, 364
Hartmann, Counselor and Mrs. Robert; introduction of 428
Hawkins, Paula F:
Committee to Escort Temporary Chairman 20
Resolution to ratify Republican National Committee 374
Heckler, The Honorable Margaret M.:
Committee to Escort Presidential Nominee 427
Resolution to adopt Temporary Rules 29
Helms, The Honorable Jesse A.:
Nominated for Vice President 440
Request that name be withdrawn 442
Seconding nomination of Ronald Reagan for President 396
Herman, Richard L.; Committee to Escort Presidential Nominee 427
Hershberger, Freddy; seconding nomination of
Gerald R. Ford for President 403
Hillman, Elsie H.:
Committee to Notify Presidential Nominee 427
Resolution to appoint Committee on Permanent Organization 37
Hills, The Honorable Carla:
Introduction of as Secretary of Housing and Urban Development .. 428
Remarks and introduction of Bill Brock 284
Holshouser, The Honorable James E.; Committee to Escort
Presidential Nominee 427
Holt, The Honorable Marjorie:
Committee to Notify and Escort Vice Presidential Nominee 463
Presentation of portion of Platform 293
Horton, Richard; Pledge of Allegiance (1st Sess.) 2
Hruska, The Honorable Roman L.:
Presentation of portion of Platform 301
Remarks regarding Foreign Policy Amendment 314

Hutar, Patricia; remarks by 98
Hynes, Robert D., Jr.; elected Assistant Parliamentarian 22, 272

I

Invocations (see Prayers)

J

Javits, The Honorable Jacob K.; address by 379
Johnson, Betty Lou; motion to recess 51
Justice Rule; application of 237

K

Kean, The Honorable Thomas H.; Committee to Notify Presidential Nominee 427
Kemp, The Honorable Jack; introduction of Permanent Chairman 273
Kemper, R. Crosby, Jr.; presentation of gavel to Mary Louise Smith 4
Keynote Address by Howard H. Baker, Jr. 81
Keynote Speaker; introduction of by James L. Buckley 81
Kissinger, Secretary of State and Mrs. Henry; introduction of 428
Kleppe, Secretary of the Interior and Mrs. Thomas; introduction of 428

L

Lake, Nancy; seconding nomination of Gerald R. Ford 409
Landon, The Honorable Alf; Introduction of Temporary Chairman 73
Laxalt, The Honorable Paul:
Nomination of Ronald Reagan for President 393
Seconding nomination of Bob Dole for Vice President 437
Leffingwell, Reverend James O.:
Elected Chaplain 22, 272
Prayer by 365
Leonard, Louise; remarks in support of Foreign Policy Amendment 312
Lessey, S. Kenric; elected Assistant Sergeant at Arms 22, 272
Levi, Attorney General and Mrs. Edward; introduction of 428
List, Robert; Committee to Escort Presidential Nominee 427
Loring, Gloria; sang National Anthem (4th Sess.) 365
Lowe, A. Lynn:
Remarks in opposition to Amendment to Rule 16 245
Resolution to elect Temporary Officers 22
Lucas, Dr. Henry, Jr.; remarks by 31

M

Marsh, Counselor to the President and Mrs. John; introduction of 428
Martschink, Sherry Shealy:
Remarks in opposition to Amendment to Rule 16 247
Seconding nomination of Gerald R. Ford 408
Master of Ceremonies, Lee Bowman 1, 52, 92, 364, 425
Mathews, Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare and Mrs. David; introduction of 428
McDonald, John C.; report of Committee on Credentials 102
McGough, Kent B.:
Committee to Notify Presidential Nominee 427
Report of Committee on Rules and Order of Business 236
McKinney, The Honorable Stewart B.; Committee to Escort Presidential Nominee 427
McRae, Gordon; sang National Anthem (3rd Sess.) 92
Michel, The Honorable Robert H.; Committee to Notify Presidential Nominee 427
Miene, Paster Cloy:
Elected Chaplain 22, 272
Prayer by 426
Miller, Rabbi Israel:
Elected Chaplain 22, 272
Prayer by 90
Milligan, Thomas S.; Committee to Notify Presidential Nominee 427
Milliken, The Honorable William G.; Nomination of Gerald R. Ford for President 400
Milton, Raleigh E.; elected Official Reporter 22, 272
Moore, The Honorable Arch A., Jr.; report of Republican Governors Association 365
Moore, Martha; resolution of appreciation 465
Morris, Virginia; motion to dispense with further reading of the Call 9
Morton, The Honorable Rogers C. B.; Committee to Escort Presidential Nominee 427
Mueller, Jack; remarks by 22
Murray, Hyde H.; elected Assistant Parliamentarian 22, 272
Music:
Ashcroft, John 2
Boone, Pat 426
Harmon, Manny; Director of The Bicentennial Convention Orchestra 1, 52, 92, 364, 425
Loring, Gloria 365
McRae, Gordon 92
Music Ministry of the First Baptist Church of Midland, Texas 92
Princess Pale Moon 53, 57

N

National Anthem, sung by:
Ashcroft, John (1st Sess.) 2
Boone, Pat (5th Sess.) 426
Loring, Gloria (4th Sess.) 365
McRae, Gordon (3rd Sess.) 92
Princess Pale Moon (2nd Sess.) 53
National Black Republican Council; remarks by Chairman 31
National Committee:
List of Officers and Members of Newly-elected Committee 375–379
Notice of Meeting of 379
Ratification 374
National Federation of Republican Women; address by President 98
National Republican Heritage Groups Council; remarks by Chairman 29
Nissen, Reverend Ted:
Elected Chaplain 22, 272
Prayer by 53
Nominating and Seconding (see Speeches)
Nominations:
Resolution to fill vacancies 464
Roll Call for Nominations for President 385–392
Roll Call for Nominations for Vice President 429–434
Rule restricting number and length of speeches making seconding nominations 384
Speeches making and seconding nominations (see Speeches)

O

Obenshain, Richard D.:
Proposal of Foreign Policy Amendment to Platform 309
Remarks in support of Foreign Policy Amendment 310
O'Brien, William Howard; motion to recess 91
Officers of the Convention:
Permanent Election of 272
Resolution of Appreciation to 465
Temporary Election of 22
Official Photograph of Convention 235
Ogilvie, The Honorable Richard B.; Committee to Notify Presidential Nominee 427

P

Parker, Dr. Marjorie; presentation of portion of Platform 295
Paul, Jack:
Elected Chaplain 22, 272
Prayer by 362

Pearson, The Honorable James B.; introduction of Vice Presidential Nominee 466
Peckham, Ann:
Proposal of amendment to Platform 303
Remarks in support of Abortion Amendment 304
Perez, Ramona Teresita; seconding nomination of Gerald R. Ford 404
Perk, The Honorable Ralph J.:
Presentation of portion of Platform 297
Remarks in opposition to Abortion Amendment 306
Permanent Chairman:
Address by 276
Committee to Escort to Platform 273
Election of 272
Introduction of by Jack Kemp 273
Presentation of gavel to 282
Permanent Organization:
Committee on 41
Report of Committee on 272
Resolution to Appoint Committee on 37
Permanent Roll 103
Peterson, Barbara, Miss U.S.A.; Pledge of Allegiance (2nd Sess.) 52
Peterson, Elly M.; Committee to Escort Presidential Nominee 427
Peterson, George B.; remarks in opposition to Abortion Amendment 308
Phelps, The Honorable William C.; presentation of Gold Badge to Ody J. Fish 56
Pickering, The Honorable Charles:
Presentation of portion of Platform 300
Remarks in opposition to Abortion Amendment 305
Pinder, Peggy; seconding nomination of Bob Dole for Vice President 437
Pithoud, Naida; seconding nomination of Gerald R. Ford 410
Platform:
Adoption of 314
Amendments to 303–314
Presentation of portion by Barber B. Conable, Jr. 292
Presentation of portion by Mary George 289
Presentation of portion by Marjorie S. Holt 293
Presentation of portion by Roman L. Hruska 301
Presentation of portion by Marjorie Parker 295
Presentation of portion by Ralph J. Perk 297
Presentation of portion by Charles Pickering 300
Presentation of portion by Robert D. Ray 289
Pledge of Allegiance by:
Evans, Melvin H. (3rd Sess.) 92
Horton, Richard (1st Sess.) 2
Peterson, Barbara (2nd Sess.) 52

Schrump, Raymond (5th Sess.) 425
Thorsness, Leo K. (4th Sess.) 364
Prayers by:
Erickson, John E. 424
Fitzsimmons, His Excellency George K. 481
Leffingwell, Reverend James O. 365
Miene, Pastor Cloy 426
Miller, Rabbi Israel 90
Nissen, Reverend Ted 53
Paul, Jack, Minister 362
Quie, Albert H. 93
Towler, Dr. Daniel L. 51
Vogel, Right Reverend Arthur A. 2
Presentation of:
Badge to Ody J. Fish 56
Badge to Mary Louise Smith 463
Gavel to Bob Dole 80
Gavel to John J. Rhodes 282
Gavel to Mary Louise Smith 4
President:
Acceptance of Nomination 471
Ballot on Nomination 410–421
Committee to Escort Candidate 427
Committee to Notify Candidate 427
Nominating and Seconding Speeches 396–410
Roll Call for Nominations 385–392
Princess Pale Moon:
Entertainment by 57
National Anthem (2nd Sess.) 52

Q

Quie, The Honorable Albert H.:
Elected Chaplain 22, 272
Prayer by 93

R

Ranson, Jack; elected Chief Sergeant at Arms 22, 272
Ray, The Honorable Robert D.; report of Committee on Resolutions 289
Reagan, The Honorable Ronald:
Nominated for President, ballot 410–421
Nominated for President by Paul Laxalt 393
Nominated for President, seconding speeches 396–400
Remarks by 479
Regula, The Honorable Ralph S.; Committee to Escort Permanent Chairman 273
Republican National Committee (see National Committee)

Republican National Hispanic Assembly; remarks by Chairman 33
Republican State Chairmen's Advisory Committee; remarks by Chairman . 35
Resolutions: (also see Platform)
Adoption of Report of Committee on Resolutions 314
Committee on 46
Report of Committee (Platform) 289
Resolution to Appoint Committee on 38
Resolutions relative to Appointment of Committees on:
Credentials 36
Permanent Organization 37
Resolutions (Platform) 38
Rules and Order of Business 37
Resolutions relative to:
Appreciation 465
Dispensing with completion of reading the Call 9
Dispensing with reading names for Committee membership 38
Election of Permanent Officers 272
Election of Temporary Officers 22
Printing of Proceedings of Convention 465
Ratification of Members of National Committee 374
Rules (Permanent) adoption of 257
Rules (Temporary) adoption of 29
Rhodes, The Honorable James A.; Committee to Escort Presidential Nominee 427
Rhodes, the Honorable John J.:
Address as Permanent Chairman 276
Committee to Escort to Platform 273
Elected Permanent Chairman 272
Introduction of by Jack Kemp 273
Presentation of gavel to 282
Presiding Officer of Convention 276–482
Richardson, Secretary of Commerce and Mrs. Elliott; introduction of 428
Ring, Eleanor; remarks in support of Amendment to Rule 16 243
Robinson, Harold; elected Assistant Sergeant at Arms 22, 272
Rockefeller, The Honorable Nelson A.:
Address by 62
Nomination of Bob Dole for Vice President 435
Presentation of Gold Badge to 64
Roll Call of States:
Nomination for President 385–392
Nomination for Vice President 429–434
Selection of Candidate for President 410–422
Selection of Candidate for Vice President 443–459
Rosenbaum, Richard M.:
Committee to Notify Presidential Nominee 427
Remarks by 35
Seconding nomination of Gerald R. Ford 403

Rove, Karl; remarks by 24
Rules of Convention:
Adoption of Report of Committee on Rules and Order of Business. 257
Committee on Rules and Order of Business 44
Report of Committee on Rules and Order of Business 237
Rules for nominating and seconding speeches 384
Temporary Rules, adoption of 29
Rules and Order of Business:
Amendment to Rule 16 239
Committee on 44
Report of Committee on 237
Resolution to Appoint Committee on 37
Roll Call of States on Amendment to Rule 16 251
Rumsfeld, Secretary of Defense and Mrs. Donald; introduction of 428

S

Sarasin, The Honorable Ronald A.; seconding nomination of Gerald R. Ford. 404
Schrump, Colonel Raymond C.:
Address by 94
Pledge of Allegiance (5th Sess.) 425
Scott, The Honorable Hugh; tribute to 464
Scranton, United States Representative to the United Nations and Mrs. William; introduction of 428
Sebelius, The Honorable Keith; Committee to Notify and Escort Vice Presidential Nominee 463
Seconding Speeches for Presidential Candidates:
Gerald R. Ford by Ethel D. Allen 406
Gerald R. Ford by Victor Atiyeh 407
Gerald R. Ford by J. Glenn Beall, Jr. 404
Gerald R. Ford by Edward W. Brooke 405
Gerald R. Ford by Virgil E. Brown 407
Gerald R. Ford by William Cellini 407
Gerald R. Ford by Masu K. Dyer 408
Gerald R. Ford by Thomas B. Evans, Jr. 408
Gerald R. Ford by William Falstad 409
Gerald R. Ford by Bill Frenzel 405
Gerald R. Ford by Mills E. Godwin, Jr. 406
Gerald R. Ford by Freddy Hershberger 403
Gerald R. Ford by Nancy Lake 409
Gerald R. Ford by Sherry Shealy Martschink 408
Gerald R. Ford by Ramona Teresita Perez 404
Gerald R. Ford by Naida Pithoud 410
Gerald R. Ford by Richard M. Rosenbaum 403
Gerald R. Ford by Ronald A. Sarasin 404
Gerald R. Ford by William L. Stubbs 409
Ronald Reagan by Jesse Helms 396

Ronald Reagan by Gloria Toote 399
Seconding Speeches for Vice Presidential Candidates:
Bob Dole by Arthur Fletcher 438
Bob Dole by Peggy Pinder 437
Jesse A. Helms by Ray Barnhart 442
Secretary of the Convention:
Call of Roll of States for nomination for President 385–392
Call of Roll of States for nomination for Vice President 429–434
Call of Roll of States for selection of nominee for President 410–421
Call of Roll of States for selection of nominee for Vice President . 443–459
Elected 22, 272
Secretary of the Republican National Committee 9, 19
Shaw, Robert G.; Committee to Nofity and Escort Vice Presidential Nominee 463
Shriver, The Honorable Garner; Committee to Notify and Escort Vice Presidential Nominee 463
Simon, Secretary of Treasury and Mrs. William; introduction of 428
Skubitz, The Honorable Joe; Committee to Notify and Escort Vice Presidential Nominee 463
Slocum, Charles A.; resolution to fill vacancy on ticket 464
Smith, The Honorable H. Allen; elected Parliamentarian 22, 272
Smith, Mary Louise:
Address by 70
Chairman of Republican National Committee 1
Presentation of gavel to 4
Presentation of Gold Badge to 463
Presiding Officer of Convention 1–52
Speeches:
Acceptance of Candidate for President 471
Acceptance of Candidate for Vice President 466
Nominating Speeches for Presidential Candidates:
Gerald R. Ford by William G. Milliken 400
Ronald Reagan by Paul Laxalt 393
Nominating Speeches for Vice Presidential Candidates:
Bob Dole by Nelson A. Rockefeller 435
Jesse A. Helms by Robert E. Bauman 440
Stevens, The Honorable Ted; remarks and introduction of Carla Hills 283, 289
Storey, Patricia; elected Assistant Sergeant at Arms 22, 272
Stubbs, William L.; seconding nomination of Gerald R. Ford 409

T

Taft, The Honorable Robert, Jr.; Remarks and introduction of Joanne Collins 286
Taylor, Gene; Committee to Notify and Escort Vice Presidential Nominee 463

Temporary Chairman:
Address by 74
Committee to Escort to Platform 20
Election of 20
Introduction of 74
Presentation of gavel to 80
Temporary Officers:
Election of 22
List of 21
Temporary Roll 19
Temporary Rules 29
Thorsness, Leo K.; Pledge of Allegiance (4th Sess.) 364
Toote, Dr. Gloria; seconding nomination of Ronald Reagan 399
Tower, The Honorable John; Committee to Escort Presidential Nominee .. 427
Towler, Dr. Daniel L.:
Elected Chaplain 22, 272
Elected Chief Page 22, 272
Prayer by 51
Trotta, Frank Paul Jr.; elected Assistant Chief Page 22, 272

U

Usery, Secretary of Labor and Mrs. W. J.; introduction of 428

V

Vacancies in nomination 464
Vander, Jagt, The Honorable Guy; "The 95th Congress — Make it Republican" 370
Vice President:
Acceptance of Nomination 466
Ballot on Nomination 443–459
Committee to Notify and Escort Candidate 463
Nominating and Seconding Speeches 437–440
Roll Call for Nominations 429–434
Rule concerning selection of 239–251
Vogel, Right Reverend Arthur A.:
Elected Chaplain 22, 272
Prayer by 2

W

Welcome to Kansas City, Missouri by Mayor Charles B. Wheeler, Jr. 5
Weldon, Edgar; Committee to Notify Presidential Nominee 427
Wheeler, The Honorable Charles B., Jr.; welcome to Kansas City 5
Wheeler, Gerridee; remarks by 49

White, F. Clifton; Committee to Escort Presidential Nominee 427
Wideman, Frances; remarks in opposition to Abortion Amendment 306
Williams, Eula; hand sign interpreter 74, 226
Winn, The Honorable Larry; Committee to Notify and Escort Vice Presidential Nominee 463
Wood, George III; remarks in support of Abortion Amendment 307

Y

Yates, Paul R. S.; elected Tally Clerk 22, 272
Young Republican National Federation; remarks by Chairman 22